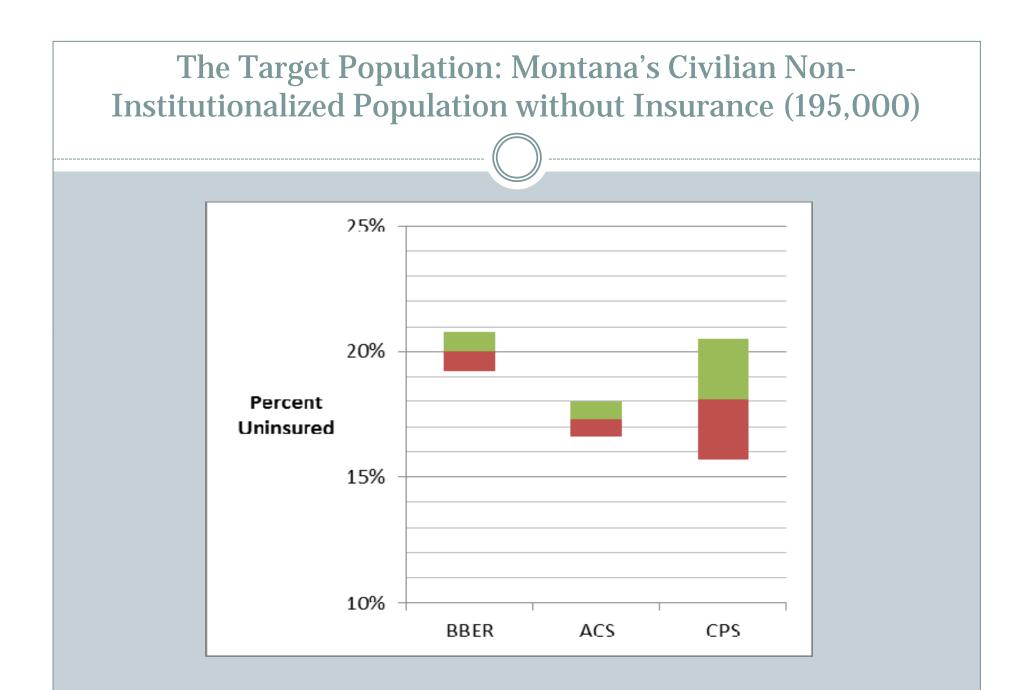
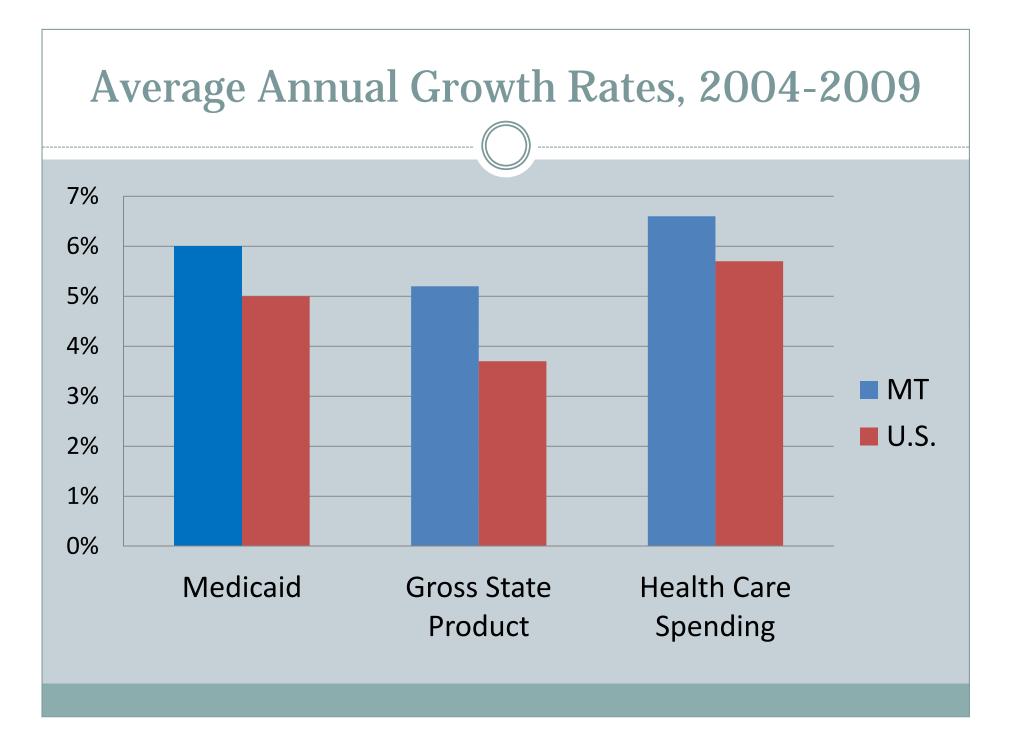
Children, Families, Health, and Human Services Interim Committee August 20, 2012

BUREAU OF BUSINESS AND ECONOMIC RESEARCH THE UNIVERSITY OF MONTANA

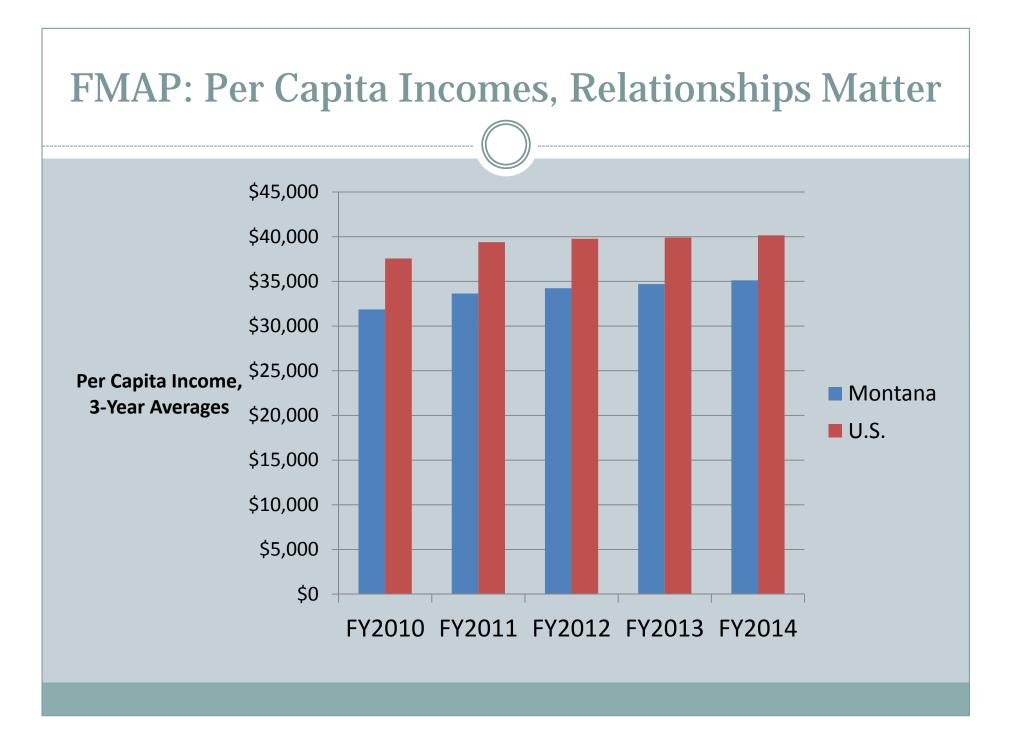


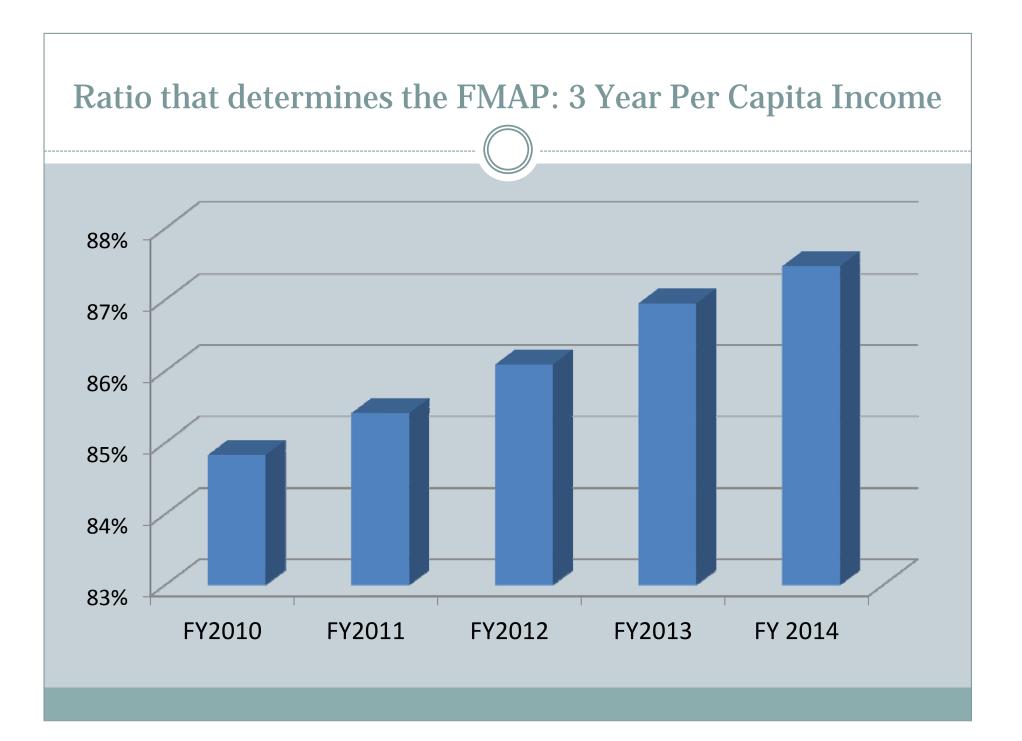


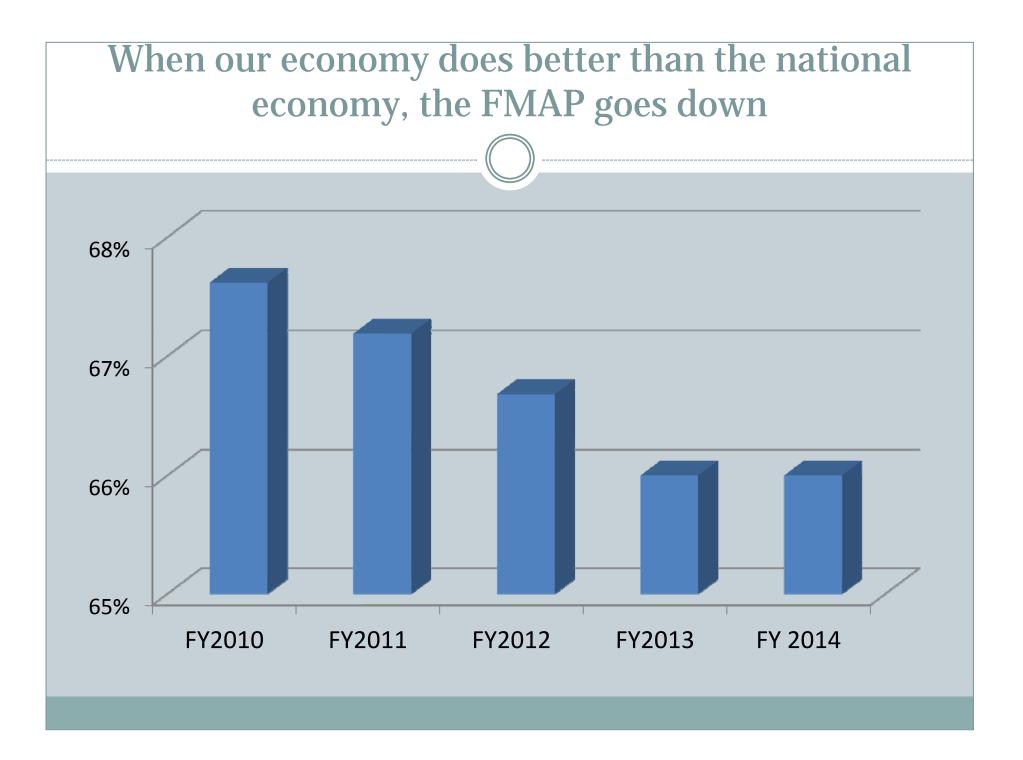
State Medicaid Economics

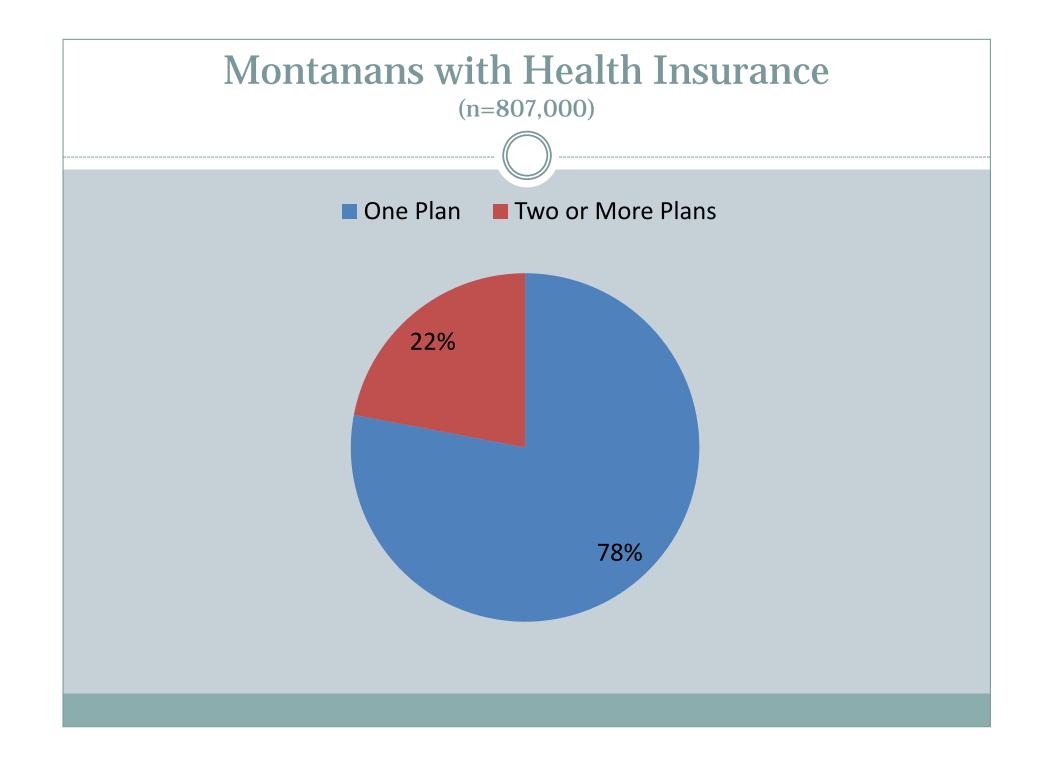
Annually revised FMAP for current beneficiaries

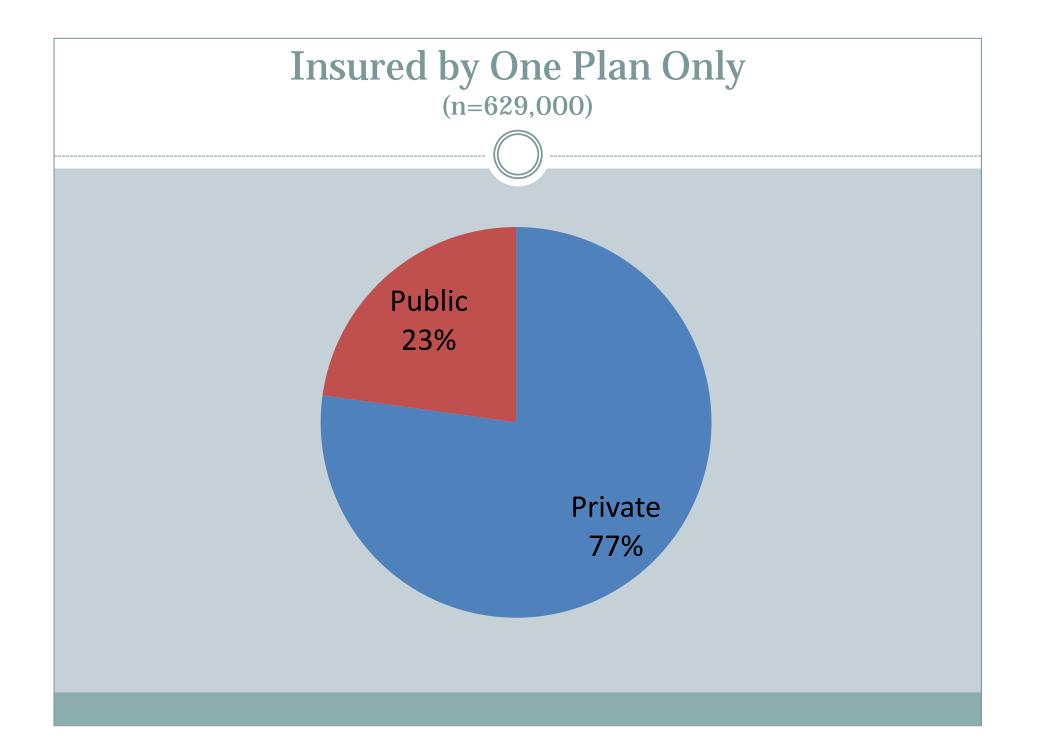
- Expansion FMAP = 100% for first 3 years for those enrolled under new eligibility standards
- Ramps down to 90% by 2020
 \$9.00 in federal funds matched for every \$1.00 in state funds)

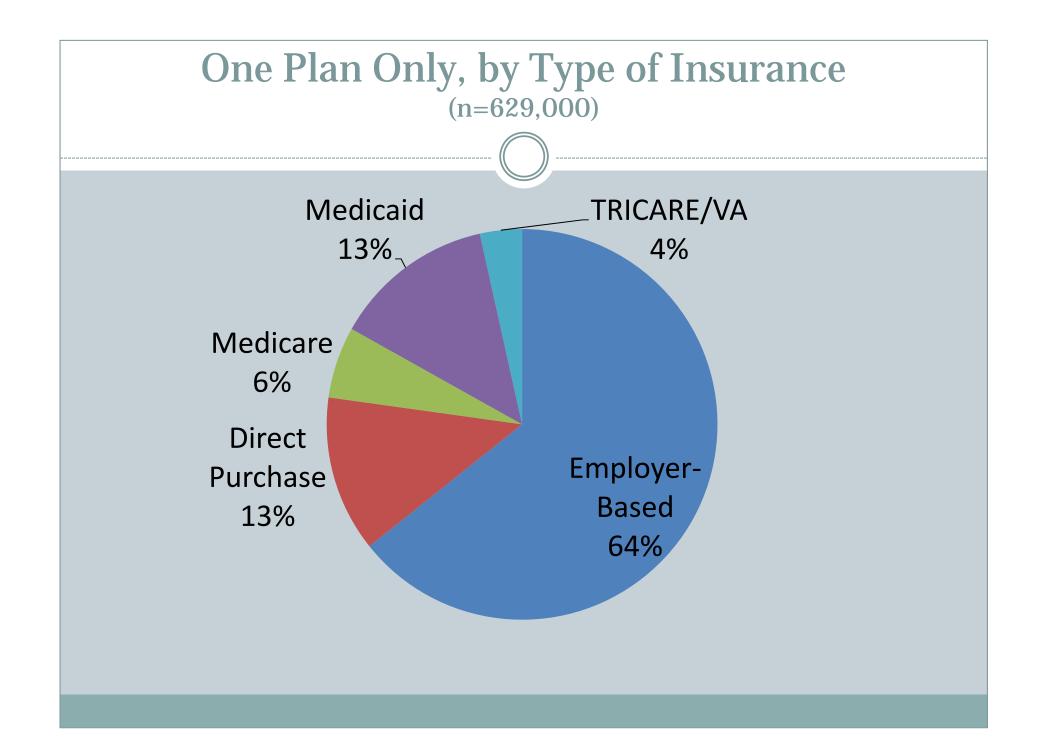


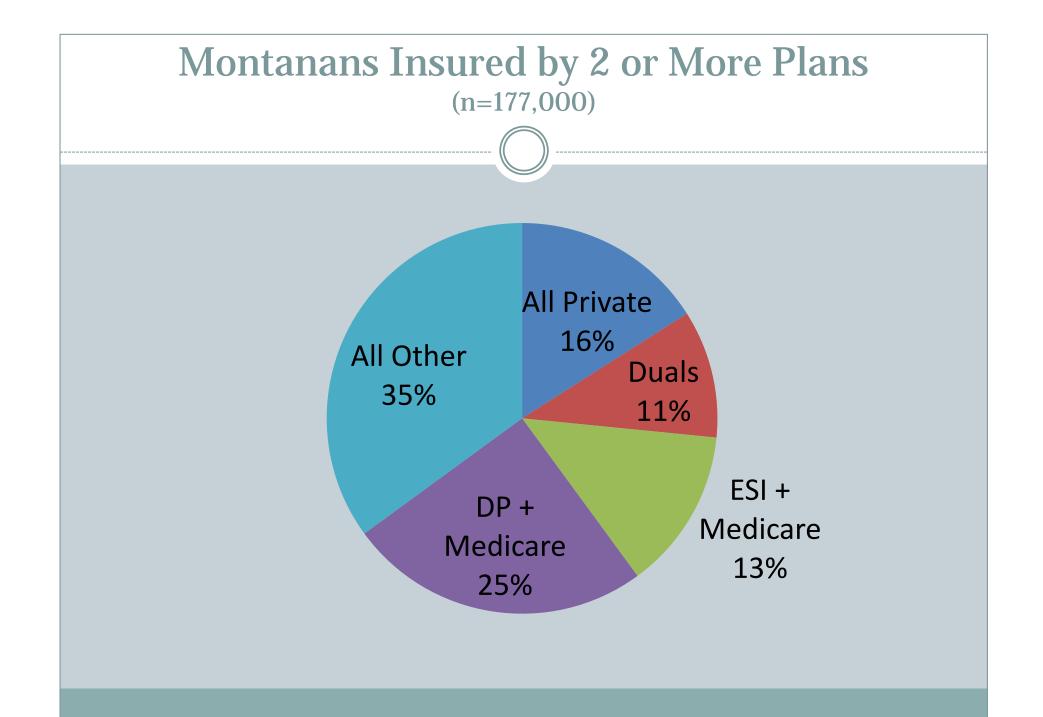






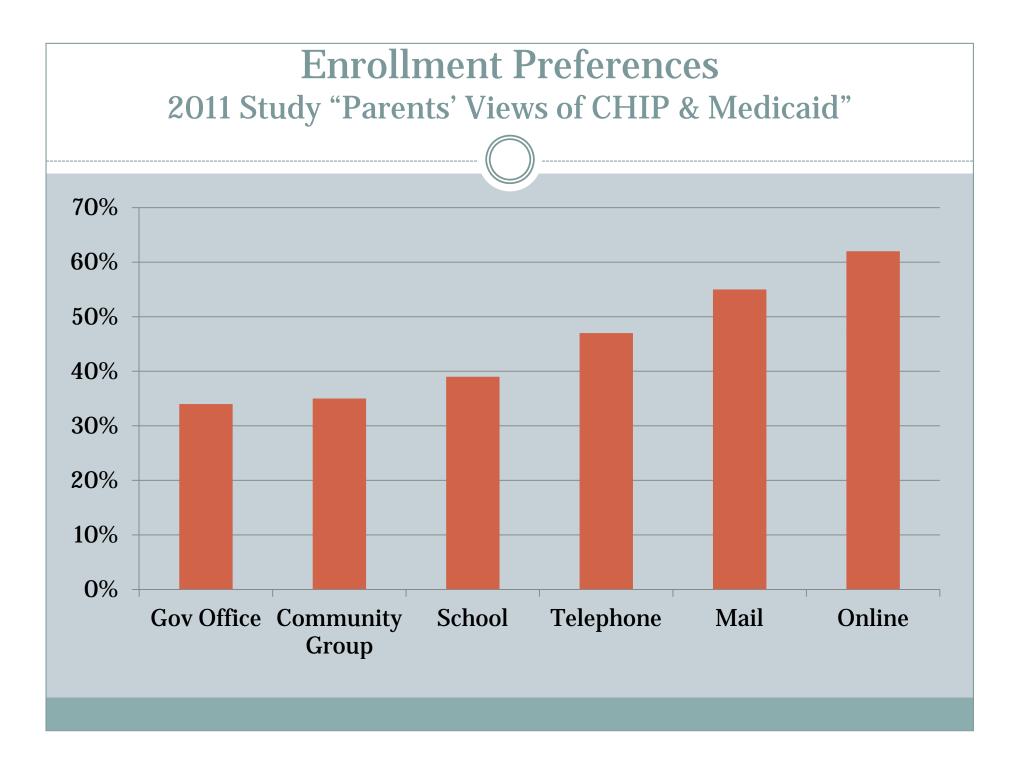


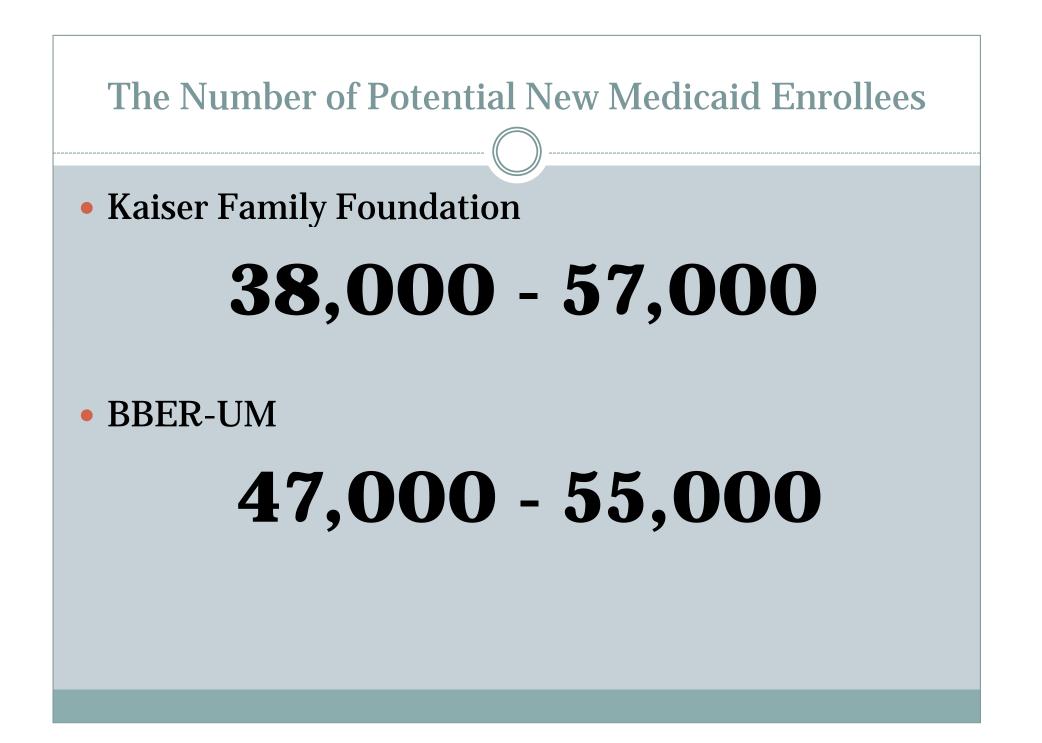




Medicaid Expansion to <138% FPL, How Many?

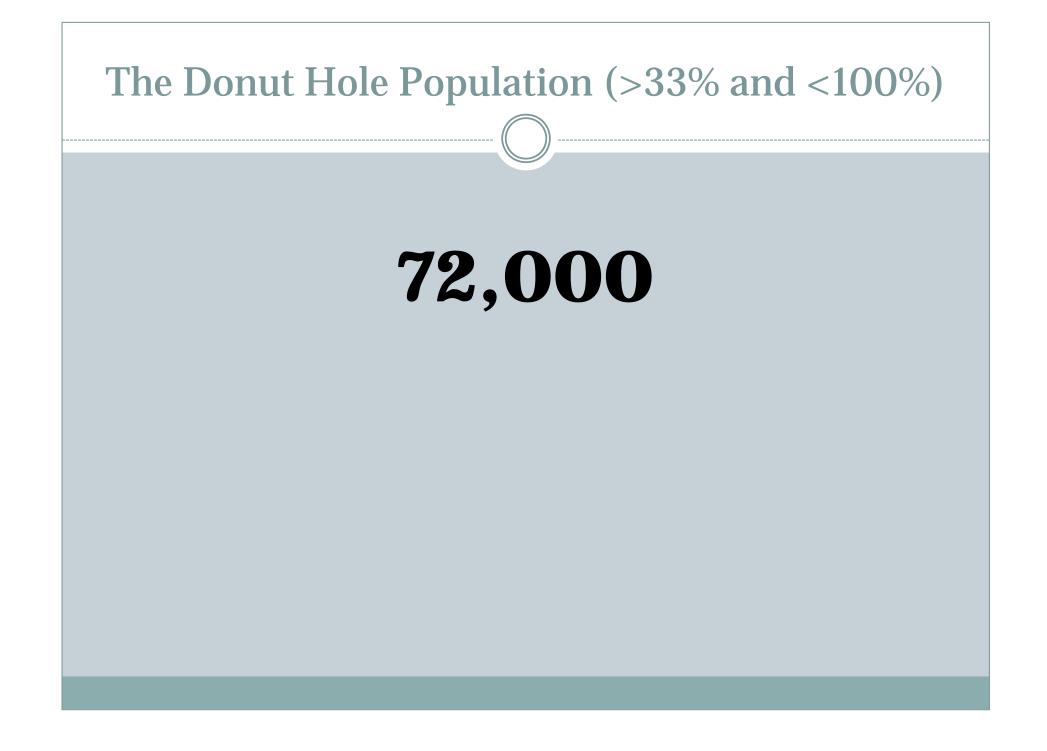
- Use of MAGI for eligibility
- Take-up rates vary significantly among states
- How aggressively will states market expansion?
- "Newly eligible" will be mostly childless adults
- "Woodwork effect" (3,500 previously eligible)
- Young adults stay on parent's policy (17,000)





The Bubble Population (>138% and <150%)

9,700 uninsured 14,000 insured



Income-Health Gradient in Silver Plan					
Eligible for Exchange Credit?	Eligible for Cost Sharing Subsidy (if	ost Uninsured Adults aring absidy (if			
in Silver Plan)?		30-49 Years Old	50-64 Years Old		
Medicaid	Medicaid	32% (26%)	28% (38%)		
Yes	Yes	8% (16%)	30% (29%)		
Yes	No	(11%)	(23%)		
No	No	(9%)	(12%)		
	Eligible for Exchange Credit? Medicaid Yes Yes	Eligible for Exchange Credit?Eligible for Cost Sharing Subsidy (if in Silver Plan)?MedicaidMedicaidYesYesYesNo	Eligible for Exchange Credit?Eligible for Cost Sharing Subsidy (if in Silver Plan)?Fair or Poor Uninsured A30-49 Years Old30-49 Years OldMedicaidMedicaid32% (26%)YesYes8% (16%)YesNo (11%)		

Health Care Resource Utilization

 \bigcirc

	Primary Care Offices	Hospital Outpatient Departments	Hospital Emergency Departments		
Medicaid & CHIP compared to Uninsured	3.9	4.4	2.0		
Medicaid & CHIP compared to Private Insurance	1.3	4.9	3.6		
Uninsured compared to Private Insurance	0.3	1.1	1.8		

Budgetary Impact, **2020**

- Assumptions:
 - Montana Medicaid spending per enrollee (\$9,937 in 2009) inflated to 2020 assuming 6% (2004-2009) annual growth
 - 90% FMAP in 2020 for newly eligible (stays at 90% 2020 and after)
 - 66% FMAP "Others" (\$1.94 in federal funds sent to Montana for every \$1.00 state spending)

• 2011 Medicaid population as estimated by BBER-UM

"Incremental Cost" of New Medicaid Enrollees in 2020

\$101.9 million - \$118.9 million

If brought Medicaid spending per enrollee down to U.S. average

\$70.0 million - \$81.7 million

Estimated Federal Dollars Sent to MT 2020

"Additional" federal dollars sent to Montana in 2020 for newly eligible

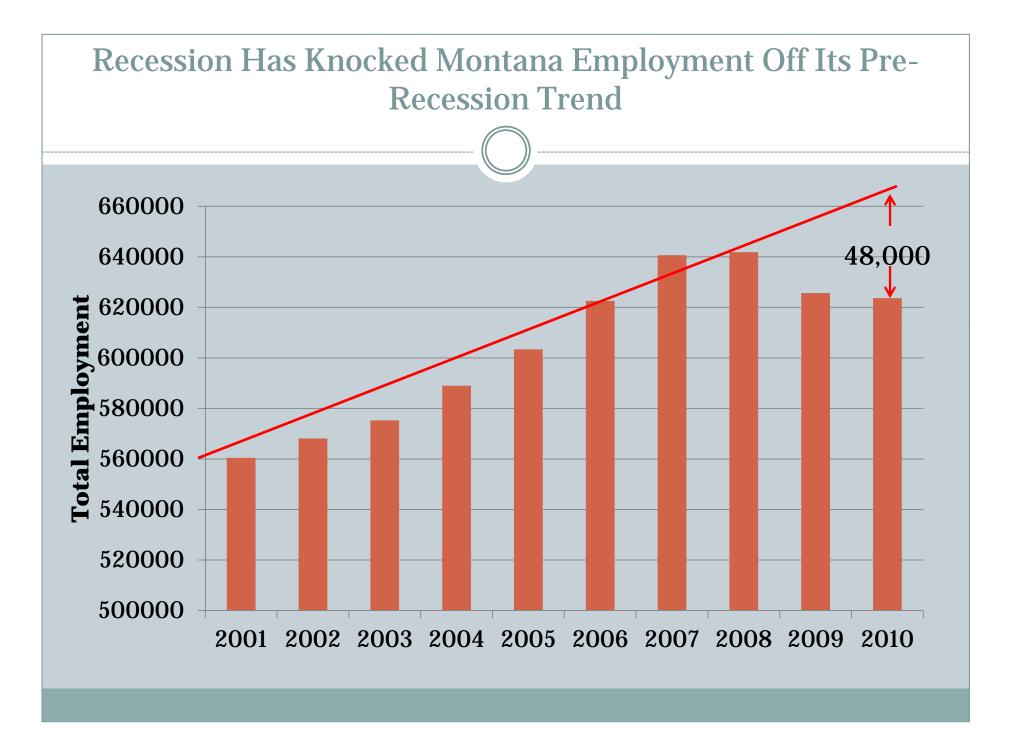
\$757.1 million - \$909.9 million

2010 Study by the Urban Institute

- State by state examination of the Medicaid expansion
- Used 133% FPL instead of 138%
- Older data, different data sources for cost per enrollee, different growth rates
- New enrollees estimated between 57,000 78,000, BBER 47,000 - 55,000
- Examined impact over 2014-2019, excluded 2020
- Incremental state cost =\$100 million \$155 million
- Federal portion of cost estimated at \$2.2 billion \$2.6 billion

What Could Change Estimates?

- Changes to the PPACA
- Take-up rates
- Per enrollee spending
- FMAP in 2020 (depends on Montana economy)
- Number of uninsured
- Accounting for the *under*-insured
- Subpopulations (mental illness and disabilities)
- Dynamics of Montana's health insurance markets





Thank you for your time

Gregg Davis Bureau of Business and Economic Research-The University of Montana gregg.davis@business.umt.edu

406.243.5113