



RBC Regulatory Triggers Defined (cont.)

Company Action Level (CAL)

- 2 times the Authorized Control Level (ACL)
- The insurance company prepares a plan that
 - identifies the conditions that caused the CAL trigger
 - Proposes corrective actions the company will take, and
 - provides financial projections of the next five years (key assumptions, quality of the company's business including assets, risk exposures, use of reinsurance and the mix of business.)

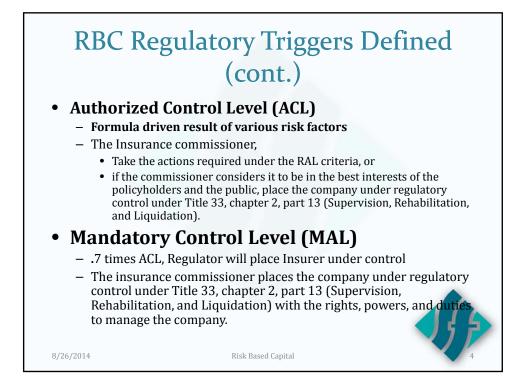
• Regulatory Action Level (RAL)

- 1.5 times ACL
- The Insurance Commissioner
 - Requires the insurer to prepare and submit a plan
 - Examines and analyzes the assets, liabilities, and operations of the company

Issues an order requiring corrective actions

8/26/2014

Risk Based Capital



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	Company Action	Regulatory	Authorized	Mandatory	
	Level	Action Level	Control Level	Control Level	
Private Insurance					
Companies	200%	150%	100%	70%	
Proposed for					1
MSF	400%	200%	100%	70%	
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Montana	State Fi	und*	
Ending MSF Statutory Surplus at June 30, 2013	\$372,277,435		
Various Regulatory Action Levels	Proposed MSF RBC Trigger Measures (Percent Of ACL)	Implied Required Minimum MSF Surplus	
Company Action Level (CAL)	400%	\$205,131,688	
Regulatory Action Level (RAL) Authorized Control Level (ACL)	200%	\$102,565,844 \$51,282,922	
Mandatory Control level (MCL)	70%	\$35,898,045	

Risk Based Capital (RBC) 33-2-1903 (4)

"An excess of capital over the amount produced by the risk-based capital requirements...is desirable in the business of insurance. ...insurers should seek to maintain capital above the RBC levels required by this part. Additional capital is used and useful in the insurance business and helps to secure an insurer against various risks inherent in or affecting the business of insurance and not accounted for or only partially measured by the risk-based capital requirements contained in this

part."

8/26/2014

Risk Based Capital