

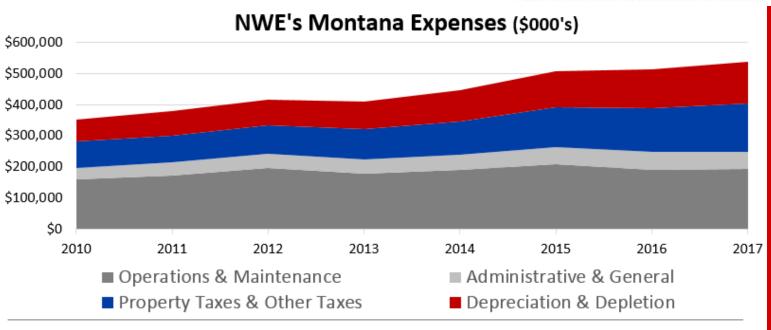
Montana Property Taxes

March 2018





Montana Operating Expenses

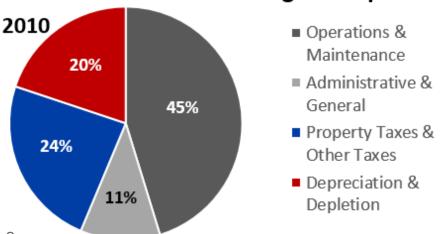


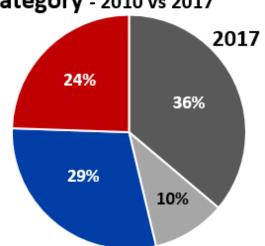
Total Expense increased on average of 6.2% per year since 2010.

Increase of O&M, A&G (Controllable) Expenses was 3.3%

Our controllable expenses (O&M and A&G) as a percentage of total expenses have gone from 56% concentration in 2010 down to 46% in 2017.







NorthWestern' Energy
Delivering a Bright Future



Largest Property Taxpayer in Montana

Total 2017 Centrally Assessed Montana Property Taxes by Company

Rank	Company Name	2017 Taxes ¹ (in Millions)	% of Total	Millions \$0 \$20 \$40 \$60 \$80 \$100 \$120 \$140 \$160
1	NORTHWESTERN ENERGY	150.1	35.7%	00 020 010 000 000 0100 0110 0100
2	BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY	35.9	8.5%	
3	HILAND CRUDE LLC	21.3	5.1%	
4	NORTHERN BORDER PIPELINE COMPANY	13.4	3.2%	
5	QWEST CORPORATION AND OR CENTURY LINK	12.3	2.9%	
6	PUGET SOUND ENERGY	11.8	2.8%	
7	EXPRESS PIPELINE LLC	10.2	2.4%	
8	AVISTA CORPORATION	10.0	2.4%	
9	CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS INC	9.8	2.3%	
10	VERIZON WIRELESS	9.7	2.3%	NWE is the
11	WBI ENERGY	9.6	2.3%	largest tax
12	MONTANA DAKOTA UTILITIES	9.5	2.3%	payer in
13	MONTANA RAIL LINK	9.3	2.2%	Montana,
14	ONEOK BAKKEN PIPELINE LLC	7.9	1.9%	
15	PHILLIPS 66 PIPELINE LLC	7.4	1.8%	paying nearly
16	PORTLAND GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY	6.8	1.6%	36% of all
17	FLATHEAD ELECTRIC COOP INC	5.8	1.4%	centrally
18	PACIFICORP	5.6	1.3%	assessed
19	BISON PIPELINE LLC	5.5	1.3%	property taxes
20	BRIDGER PIPELINE LLC	5.2	1.2%	property taxes
21	NATURENER	4.2	1.0%	
22	CENEX PIPELINE LLC	4.1	1.0%	
23	PLAINS PIPELINE LP	4.0	1.0%	
24	FRONT RANGE PIPELINE LLC	3.9	0.9%	
25	YELLOWSTONE PIPELINE CO	3.7	0.9%	
26-132	All other centrally assessed tax payers in Montana (< \$3.5M individually)	43.0	10.2%	
	Total Centrally Assessed Montana Company 2017 Property Taxes	420.3	100.0%	

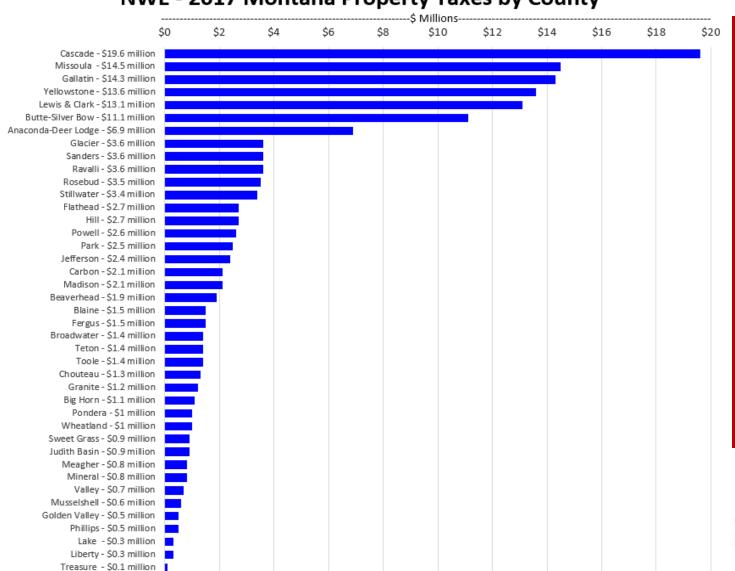
^{1.} Table shows estimated taxes for all companies except NorthWestern Energy. Actual centrally assessed taxes are shown for NorthWestern.



Largest Property Taxpayer in many counties

Reflects diversity of our investments

NWE - 2017 Montana Property Taxes by County



NWE paid over \$150 million in Montana property taxes in 2017, with over \$86 million or 57% of all taxes coming from 6 counties (Cascade, Missoula. Gallatin. Yellowstone, Lewis & Clark and Butte-Silver Bow.

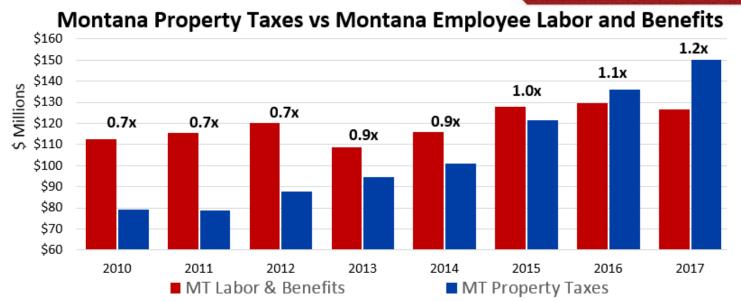


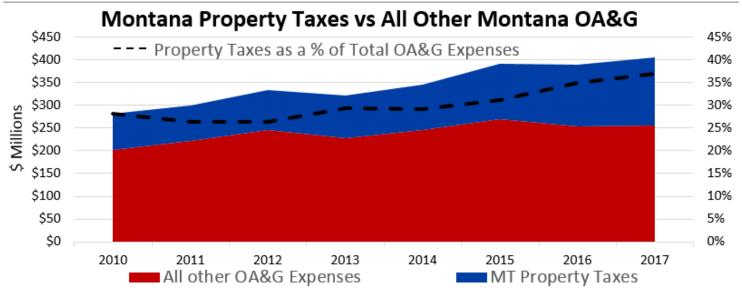
Misc City/Tribal/Well - \$0.6 million



Montana Property Taxes

Growing unsustainably





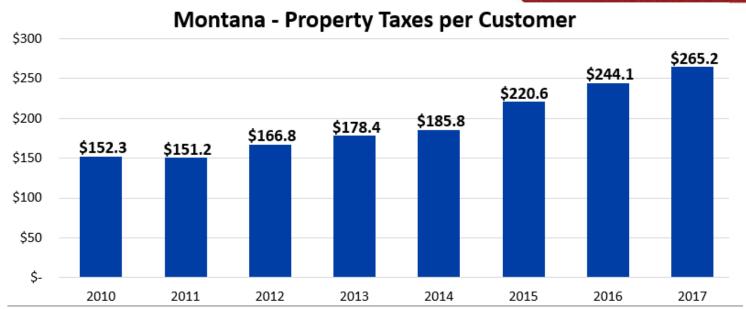
NorthWestern
Energy's property
taxes in Montana as
compared to the
labor and benefits
we pay our Montana
employees have
gone from 0.7 times
in 2010 to 1.2 times
in 2017.

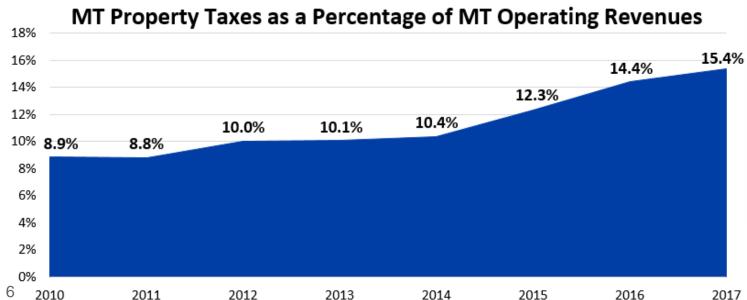
Our MT property
taxes as a
percentage to total
Operating,
Administrative and
General (OA&G)
expenses has gone
from 28% in 2010 to
37% in 2017.





Montana Property Tax Perspective





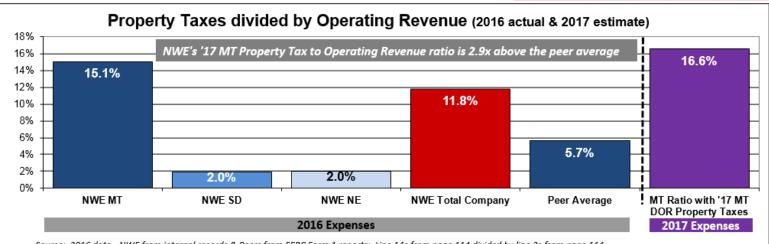
Both NorthWestern
Energy's property
taxes in Montana on
a per customer basis
and also as a
percentage of
Montana Operating
Revenues have
increased by an
average of 8.2%
since 2010.

While NWE's utility bills are below the national average, the high percentage of property taxes is a primary driver of why our utility bills are higher than the regional average.

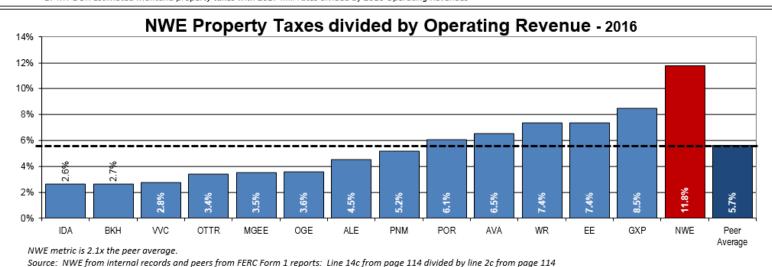




Montana Property Tax Perspective



Source: 2016 data - NWE from internal records & Peers from FERC Form 1 reports: Line 14c from page 114 divided by line 2c from page 114 '17 MT DOR estimated Montana property taxes with 2017 mill rates divided by 2016 Operating Revenues



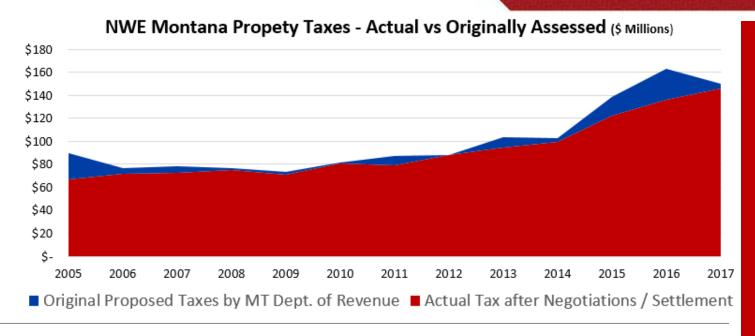
In Montana, our Property Taxes as a percentage of Operating Revenues is 16.6% based on 2017 property tax expenses (purple bar).

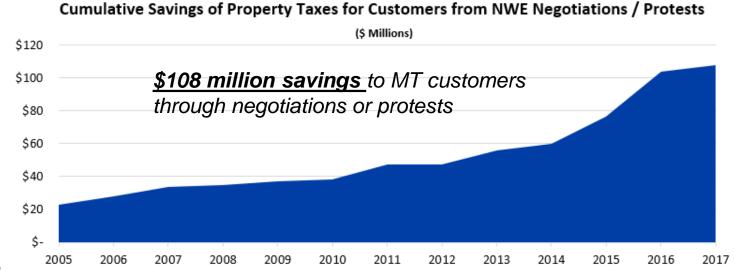
Montana's
16.6% ratio is
2.9 times the
peer average of
5.7% and 2.0
times the next
closest peer –
Great Plains
Energy (GXP)
at 8.5%.





NWE Working to Keep Customer Bills Low



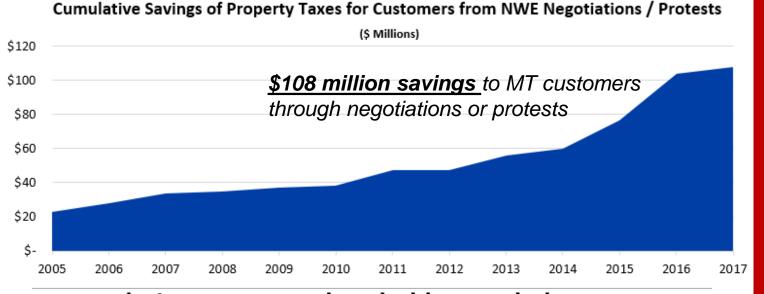


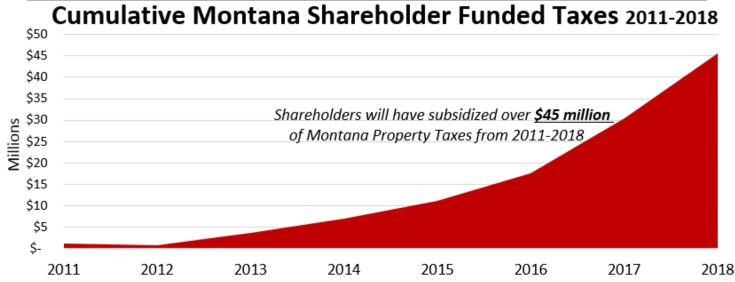
Since 2005, through negotiations and when necessary protests ('05, '06, & '07) and appeals, **NWE** has reduced property tax expense in Montana by nearly \$108 million (\$8.3 million average per year) from the Department of Revenue's original assessment.





NWE Incentivized to Keep MT Property Taxes Low





Since 2005, through negotiations and when necessary, protests ('05, '06, & '07) and appeals, we have saved Montana customers nearly \$108 million in property taxes.

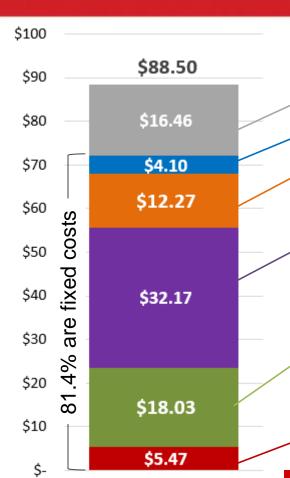
Our 2018
expected
shareholder
burden will be
approximately
\$15 million of
property taxes.



Source: NorthWestern 2011-2018 Tax Tracker

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Make-up of a Typical Residential Bill



Fixed Costs Recovered Through Variable Rates

Variable Supply Costs - fuel (coal/natural gas) to produce the energy. This cost varies throughout the day largely depending on demand

Residential Service Charge – administrative fixed fee

Property Taxes – Montana Centrally Assessed Property Taxes

Generation (fixed costs) - production of energy for our customers— in general, includes fixed cost of physical assets, maintenance, and repairs





Distribution Services - deliveries energy to homes/businesses – in general, includes fixed cost of physical assets, maintenance, and repairs

Transmission System - deliveries energy across our territory – in general, includes fixed cost of physical assets, maintenance, and repairs



NWE MT - 750 kWh per Month

- Transmission Systems
- Property Tax Fees (State & Local)
- Generation (Fixed cost)
- Distribution Services
- Monthly Service Charge
- 10 Variable Supply Costs

Providing utility service is capital intensive. Most costs do not increase or decrease based on customers' volumetric usage.

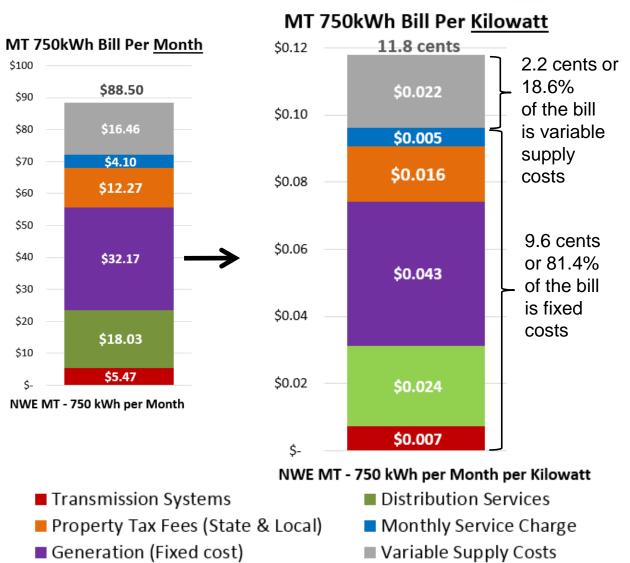
NWE recovers costs through "spinning meters," compared to electric co-ops that rely more on recovery through higher fixed monthly charges.



NorthWestern Energy typical monthly Montana residential rates for 750 kWh per month as of 10/1/2017

Fixed Costs Recovered Through Variable Charges

Typical NWE Residential Electric Bill in MT



Providing utility service is capital intensive. Most costs do not increase or decrease based on customers' volumetric usage.

NWE recovers costs
through "spinning
meters," compared to
electric co-ops that rely
more on recovery through
higher fixed monthly
charges.



Lower Cost of Capital Benefits Customers

Montana Residential Electric - Typical Bill Breakdown

(\$88.50 based on 750 kWh)

Data based on October 2017 rates & includes CU4, DGGS, Spion Kop and Hydro



Cost of Capital = 21.9% of bill

Cost of capital (Debt cost and Equity return) makes up 21.9% of a typical residential bill. Keeping our cost of capital and other costs as low as possible helps keep bills lower than the national average.

