FISCAL NOTE

Bill #: HB550 Title: Earned income tax credit

Primary

Sponsor: Gail Gutcshe Status: Introduced

Sponsor signature			Date		Chuck Swysgood, Budget Director			Date
Fisca	al Sun	nmary			FY2	002	FY2003	
				<u>I</u>	F 1 2 Differe		<u>Difference</u>	
Expenditures: General Fund				\$16,362		362	\$0	
Revenue: General Fund			\$(9,000,000)		000)	\$(9,135,000)		
Net I	mpact	on General Fund Balance:		\$(9	,016,3	662)	\$(9,135,000)	
Yes	No X	Significant Local Gov. Impact	<u>y</u>	Zes X	No		Technical Concerns	
	Λ	Significant Local Gov. Impact		Λ			Technical Concerns	
	X	Included in the Executive Budget		X		Si	gnificant Long-Term Impacts	
	X	Dedicated Revenue Form Attached	d		X	Fa	amily Impact Form Attached	

Fiscal Analysis

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. The Center on Budget and Policy Priorities (Washington, D.C.) has completed a comprehensive study of federal and state earned income tax credits. That study provides an estimate of the cost to states to implement and earned income tax credit (EITC) tied to 10% of the federal credit. That study concludes that the cost to Montana in fiscal 2002 of tying to the federal EITC at a rate of 10% of the federal credit would reduce state income tax liabilities by \$9 million. Inherent in their analysis is the assumption that 85% of the households that claim the federal credit will claim the state credit.
- 2. The federal earned income credit will grow at a rate of 1.5% per year (IRS); Montana's share of the federal credit will remain constant over time.
- 3. The bill provides for a state-level earned income tax credit equal to 10% of the federal credit for tax years 2001 and 2002. This increases to 15% of the federal credit for tax years 2003 and 2004; and to 20% of the federal credit for tax years 2005 and 2006.

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- 4. All of the impact of the credit on tax year liabilities will be felt in full in the subsequent fiscal year.
- 5. Based on the above assumptions this bill will reduce individual income tax revenue (state general fund) by \$9 million in fiscal 2002; and by \$9.135 million in fiscal 2003.
- 6. Administrative expenses increase by \$16,362 in fiscal 2002 to provide for a new line on the income tax form, and for data capture and reporting requirements in the bill.

FISCAL IMPACT:

	FY2002	FY2003
	<u>Difference</u>	<u>Difference</u>
Expenditures: Operating Expenses	\$16,362	\$0
Funding: General Fund (01)	\$16,362	\$0
Revenues: General Fund (01)	\$(9,000,000)	\$(9,135,000)
Net Impact to Fund Balance (Revenue n	ninus Expenditure):	
General Fund (01)	\$(9,016,362)	\$(9,135,000)

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES:

This bill has no impact on county or other local government revenues or expenditures.

LONG-RANGE IMPACTS:

The bill, as introduced, will significantly increase the cost of the credit over time, as the percentage of federal credit allowable increases over time. The following table shows the forecast cost of this proposal in future fiscal years, based on the assumption that the total federal credit grows at an annual rate of 1.5%, and based on the percentage of federal credit allowed in the bill:

	HB550 - Earned Income Tax Credit									
	Montana State State State									
	FY	Federal Credit	Utilization	Percentage	Credit					
ĺ	2002	105,882,353	0.85	10%	9,000,000					
	2003	107,470,588	0.85	10%	9,135,000					
	2004	109,082,647	0.85	15%	13,908,038					
	2005	110,718,887	0.85	15%	14,116,658					
	2006	112,379,670	0.85	20%	19,104,544					
	2007	114,065,365	0.85	20%	19,391,112					
	2008	115,776,346	0.85	20%	19,681,979					
	2009	117,512,991	0.85	20%	19,977,208					
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