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| 1 | SENATE BILL NO. 142 |
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| 2 | INTRODUCED BY MCNUTT |
| 3 | BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION |
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| 5 | A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THAT PUBLICLY HELD INFORMATION MAY BE |
| 6 | WITHHELD FROM DISCLOSURE IF THE RELEASE IS PREEMPTED BY FEDERAL LAW, IF THE |
| 7 | INFORMATION IS CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE INFORMATION, OR IF THE RELEASE WOULD THREATEN |
| 8 | PUBLIC SAFETY OR THE SAFETY OF AN ELECTED PUBLIC OFFICER OR THE PRIVACY OF A PUBLIC |
| 9 | EMPLOYEE WHO HAS ATTEMPTED TO PROTECT THE PRIVACY OF KEEP PRIVATE PERSONAL |
| 10 | INFORMATION IN THE EMPLOYEE'S INDIVIDUAL CAPACITY; DEFINING "CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE |
| 11 | INFORMATION" AND "CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE SYSTEMS"; AMENDING SECTIONS 2-6-101 AND |
| 12 | SECTION 2-6-102, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE." |
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| 14 | WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that there is a compelling state interest in protecting the safety of the |
| 15 | public and individuals; and |
| 16 | WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that society is willing to recognize as reasonable an expectation of |
| 17 | privacy related to critical information relating to the personal safety of certain public officers and employees who |
| 18 | are of primary importance to the continuity of government. |
| 19 | |
| 20 | BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: |
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| 22 | Section 1. Section 2-6-101, MCA, is amended to read: |
| 23 | "2-6-101. Definitions Public writings private writings definitions. (1) Writings are of two kinds: |
| 24 | (a) public; and |
| 25 | (b) private. |
| 26 | (2) As used in this part, the following definitions apply: |
| 27 | (a) (i) "Critical infrastructure information" means public writings containing information related to the |
| 28 | security of critical infrastructure systems, either physical or computer-based, that could be compromised, |
| 29 | interfered with, or incapacitated if the information is misused. |
| 30 | (ii) The term includes but is not limited to any planned or past assessment, projection, or estimate of the |

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| 1 | vulnerability of critical infrastructure systems, including security testing, risk evaluation, risk management |
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| 2 | <u>planning, or risk audit.</u> |
| 3 | (b) "Critical infrastructure systems" means buildings, systems, including telecommunications centers |
| 4 | and computers, power generation plants, dams, bridges, and similar key resources, whether physical or virtual, |
| 5 | so vital to the state that the incapacity or destruction of these systems would have a debilitating impact on |
| 6 | security, the state's economic security, or public health or safety. |
| 7 | <u>(c) (i)</u> Public writings <u>"Public writings"</u> are: |
| 8 | (a)(A) the written acts or records of the acts of the sovereign authority, of official bodies and tribunals, |
| 9 | and of public officers, <u>of the</u> legislative <u>branch, judicial branch</u> , and executive <u>branch</u> , whether of this state, of |
| 10 | the United States, of a sister state, or of a foreign country, except records that are constitutionally protected from |
| 11 | disclosure; |
| 12 | (b)(B) public records, kept in this state, of private writings, including electronic mail, except as provided |
| 13 | in 22-1-1103 and 22-3-807 and except for records that are constitutionally protected from disclosure. |
| 14 | |
| 15 | (a)<u>(A)</u> laws; |
| 16 | (b)<u>(B)</u> judicial records; |
| 17 | (c) <u>(C)</u> other official documents; |
| 18 | (d)(D) public records, kept in this state, of private writings, including electronic mail. |
| 19 | |
| 20 | |
| 21 | Section 1. Section 2-6-102, MCA, is amended to read: |
| 22 | "2-6-102. Citizens entitled to inspect and copy public writings exceptions. (1) Every citizen has |
| 23 | a right to inspect and take a copy of any public writings of this state, except as provided in 22-1-1103, 22-3-807, |
| 24 | or subsection subsections (3) and (4) of this section and as otherwise expressly provided by statute. |
| 25 | (2) Every public officer having the custody of a public writing that a citizen has a right to inspect is bound |
| 26 | to give the citizen on demand a certified copy of it, on payment of the legal fees for the copy, and the copy is |
| 27 | admissible as evidence in like cases and with like has the same effect as the original writing. The certified copy |
| 28 | provision of this subsection does not apply to the public record of electronic mail provided in an electronic format. |
| 29 | (3) Records and materials that are constitutionally protected from disclosure are not subject to the |
| 30 | |
| 50 | provisions of this section. Information that is constitutionally protected from disclosure is information in which |

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| 2 | trade secrets, as defined in 30-14-402, and matters related to individual or public safety. |
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| 3 | (4) A public officer may withhold from public scrutiny information relating to individual privacy, or |
| 4 | individual or public safety, or security of public facilities, including: |
| 5 | (a) jails, correctional facilities, private correctional facilities, and prisons, if release of the information |
| 6 | may jeopardize the safety of facility personnel, the public, or inmates of a facility. Security features that may be |
| 7 | protected under this section include but are not limited to architectural floor plans, blueprints, designs, drawings, |
| 8 | building materials, alarms system plans, surveillance techniques, and facility staffing plans, including staff |
| 9 | numbers and locations. A public officer may not withhold from public scrutiny any more information than is |
| 10 | required to protect an individual privacy interest or safety or security interest. |
| 11 | (b) critical infrastructure information compiled by the state that, if released to the public, would create |
| 12 | a threat to the privacy or: |
| 13 | (I) PUBLIC SAFETY; |
| 14 | (II) physical safety of any person; |
| 15 | (c) publicly held information concerning addresses, travel plans, and security plans that, if released to |
| 16 | the public, would compromise the personal security of: |
| 17 | (i) elected public officers and judges; or |
| 18 | (ii) public employees, who have ELECTED PUBLIC OFFICER OR JUDGE; OR |
| 19 | (III) PRIVACY OF ANY PUBLIC EMPLOYEE WHO HAS attempted to protect the privacy of personal information |
| 20 | in their THE EMPLOYEE'S individual capacity; or |
| 21 | (d)(c) information, the release of which is preempted by federal law. |
| 22 | (5) A public officer may not withhold from public scrutiny any more information than is required to protect |
| 23 | an individual privacy interest, OR individual or public safety, or security in public facilities." |
| 24 | |
| 25 | NEW SECTION. Section 2. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are |
| 26 | severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, |
| 27 | the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications. |
| 28 | |
| 29 | NEW SECTION. Section 3. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval. |
| 30 | - END - |
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there is an individual privacy interest that clearly exceeds the merits of public disclosure, including legitimate