58th Legislature

1		SENATE BILL NO. 280)		
2	INTRODUCED BY E. BUTCHER				
3					
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT	LIMITING THE OFFERIN	IG OF REMEDIAL COURSES TO CERTAIN		
5	UNITS OF THE MONTANA UNIVERSITY SYSTEM; ALLOWING A STUDENT WHO HAS BEEN DENIED				
6	ADMISSION TO A UNIT OF THE MONTANA UNIVERSITY SYSTEM TO ENROLL IN A PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL				
7	IN ORDER TO RETAKE CERTAIN COURSES; REQUIRING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT TO ADMIT THE				
8	STUDENT; ALLOWING THE STUDENT TO BE COUNTED AS ONE-FOURTH PUPIL FOR ANB PURPOSES				
9	PROHIBITING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT	FROM COUNTING THE	STUDENT FOR ANB PURPOSES UNDER		
10	CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES; CLARIFYING THE DEFINITION OF PUPIL; AND AMENDING SECTIONS				
11	20-1-101, 20-5-101, AND 20-9-311, MCA	. ."			
12					
13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURI	E OF THE STATE OF MO	ONTANA:		
14					
15	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Ren	nedial classes authorize	ed at certain units. (1) The board of regents		
16	of higher education may authorize the offering of remedial courses only at the following units of the Montana				
17	university system:				
18	(a) university of Montana-Helena	a college of technology;			
19	(b) Montana tech college of tech	nology of the university o	f Montana;		
20	(c) university of Montana-Missou	Ila college of technology;			
21	(d) Montana state university-Billi	ngs college of technology	/; and		
22	(e) Montana state university-Gre	at Falls college of techno	logy.		
23	(2) For purposes of this section,	the term "remedial cours	es" means any course for which credit may		
24	not be applied toward an academic degree	€.			
25					
26	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Enr	ollment in public high s	chool to retake courses. (1) A student who		
27	has been denied admission to a unit of the Montana university system for academic reasons may apply at a				
28	public high school to retake the courses necessary to achieve admission. A student who applies must be				
29	accepted by the high school.				
30	(2) If the student applies to the	high school from which	n the student graduated and the student's		
	Legislative Services Division	- 1 -	Authorized Print Version - SB 280		

58th Legislature

1	academic record shows a passing grade in the course that the student needs to retake in order to be admitted		
2	to the Montana university system, the school district may not count that student for ANB purposes.		
3			
4	Section 3. Section 20-1-101, MCA, is amended to read:		
5	"20-1-101. Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following		
6	definitions apply:		
7	(1) "Agricultural experiment station" means the agricultural experiment station established at Montana		
8	state university-Bozeman.		
9	(2) "Average number belonging" or "ANB" means the average number of regularly enrolled, full-time		
10	pupils attending the public schools of a district.		
11	(3) "Board of public education" means the board created by Article X, section 9, subsection (3), of the		
12	Montana constitution and 2-15-1507.		
13	(4) "Board of regents" means the board of regents of higher education created by Article X, section 9,		
14	subsection (2), of the Montana constitution and 2-15-1505.		
15	(5) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of higher education created by Article X, section 9,		
16	subsection (2), of the Montana constitution and 2-15-1506.		
17	(6) "County superintendent" means the county government official who is the school officer of the		
18	county.		
19	(7) "District superintendent" means a person who holds a valid class 3 Montana teacher certificate with		
20	a superintendent's endorsement that has been issued by the superintendent of public instruction under the		
21	provisions of this title and the policies adopted by the board of public education and who has been employed		
22	by a district as a district superintendent.		
23	(8) "K-12 career and vocational/technical education" means organized educational activities that have		
24	been approved by the office of public instruction and that:		
25	(a) offer a sequence of courses that provide a pupil with the academic and technical knowledge and		
26	skills that the pupil needs to prepare for further education and for careers in the current or emerging employment		
27	sectors; and		
28	(b) include competency-based applied learning that contributes to the academic knowledge,		
29	higher-order reasoning and problem-solving skills, work attitudes, general employability skills, technical skills		
30	and occupation-specific skills of the pupil.		
	[Lagislative		

- 2 -



1 (9) "Principal" means a person who holds a valid class 3 Montana teacher certificate with an applicable 2 principal's endorsement that has been issued by the superintendent of public instruction under the provisions 3 of this title and the policies adopted by the board of public education and who has been employed by a district 4 as a principal. For the purposes of this title, any reference to a teacher must be construed as including a 5 principal.

(10) "Pupil" means a child who is 6 years of age or older on or before September 10 of the year in which
the child is to enroll or has been enrolled by special permission of the board of trustees under 20-5-101(3) but
has not yet reached 19 years of age and who is enrolled assigned and admitted under the provisions of 20-5-101
in to a school established and maintained under the laws of the state at public expense. For purposes of
calculating the average number belonging pursuant to 20-9-311, the definition of pupil includes a person who
has not yet reached 19 years of age by September 10 of the year and is enrolled under 20-5-101(3) in a school
established and maintained under the laws of the state at public expense.

(11) "Pupil instruction" means the conduct of organized instruction of pupils enrolled in public schoolswhile under the supervision of a teacher.

15 (12) "Regents" means the board of regents of higher education.

(13) "School food services" means a service of providing food for the pupils of a district on a nonprofit
basis and includes any food service financially assisted through funds or commodities provided by the United
States government.

(14) "State board of education" means the board composed of the board of public education and the
board of regents as specified in Article X, section 9, subsection (1), of the Montana constitution.

21 (15) "State university" means Montana state university-Bozeman.

(16) "Superintendent of public instruction" means that state government official designated as a member
 of the executive branch by the Montana constitution.

24 (17) "System" means the Montana university system.

(18) "Teacher" means a person, except a district superintendent, who holds a valid Montana teacher certificate that has been issued by the superintendent of public instruction under the provisions of this title and the policies adopted by the board of public education and who is employed by a district as a member of its instructional, supervisory, or administrative staff. This definition of a teacher includes a person for whom an emergency authorization of employment has been issued under the provisions of 20-4-111.

30

Legislative Services Division

(19) "Textbook" means a book or manual used as a principal source of study material for a given class

SB0280.01

1	or group of students.		
2	(20) "Textbook dealer" means a party, company, corporation, or other organization selling, offering to		
3	sell, or offering for adoption textbooks to districts in the state.		
4	(21) "Trustees" means the governing board of a district.		
5	(22) "University" means the university of Montana-Missoula.		
6	(23) "Vocational-technical education" means vocational-technical education of vocational-technica		
7	students that is conducted by a unit of the Montana university system, a community college, or a tribally		
8	controlled community college, as designated by the board of regents."		
9			
10	Section 4. Section 20-5-101, MCA, is amended to read:		
11	"20-5-101. Admittance of child or adult to school. (1) The trustees shall assign and admit a child to		
12	a school in the district when the child is:		
13	(a) 6 years of age or older on or before September 10 of the year in which the child is to enroll but is		
14	not yet 19 years of age;		
15	(b) a resident of the district; and		
16	(c) otherwise qualified under the provisions of this title to be admitted to the school.		
17	(2) The trustees of a district may assign and admit any nonresident child to a school in the district under		
18	the tuition provisions of this title.		
19	(3) (a) The trustees may at their discretion assign and admit a child to a school in the district who is		
20	under 6 years of age or an adult who is 19 years of age or older if there are exceptional circumstances that merit		
21	waiving the age provision of this section.		
22	(b) The trustees shall assign and admit an adult who is 19 years of age or older who seeks admission		
23	as provided in [section 2].		
24	(4) The trustees shall assign and admit a child who is homeless, as defined in the Stewart B. McKinney		
25	Homeless Assistance Act (Public Law 100-77), to a school in the district regardless of residence. The trustees		
26	may not require an out-of-district attendance agreement or tuition for a homeless child.		
27	(5) Except for the provisions of subsection (4), tuition for a nonresident child must be paid in accordance		
28	with the tuition provisions of this title."		
29			
30	Section 5. Section 20-9-311, MCA, is amended to read:		



1	"20-9-311. Calculation of average number belonging (ANB). (1) Average number belonging (ANB)		
2	must be computed as follows:		
3	(a) compute an average enrollment by adding a count of regularly enrolled full-time pupils who were		
4	enrolled as of the first Monday in October of the prior school fiscal year to a count of regularly enrolled pupils		
5	on February 1 of the prior school fiscal year, or the next school day if those dates do not fall on a school day,		
6	and divide the sum by two; and		
7	(b) multiply the average enrollment calculated in subsection (1)(a) by the sum of the pupil-instruction		
8	and the approved pupil-instruction-related days for the current school fiscal year and divide by 180.		
9	(2) For the purpose of calculating ANB under subsection (1), up to 7 approved pupil-instruction-related		
10	days may be included in the calculation.		
11	(3) When a school district has approval to operate less than 180 school days under 20-9-806, the total		
12	ANB must be calculated in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-805.		
13	(4) Enrollment for a part of a morning session or a part of an afternoon session by a pupil must be		
14	counted as enrollment for one-half day.		
15	(5) In calculating the ANB for pupils enrolled in a program established under 20-7-117(1), enrollment		
16	at a regular session of the program for at least 2 hours of either a morning or an afternoon session must be		
17	counted as one-half pupil for ANB purposes. The ANB for a kindergarten student may not exceed one-half for		
18	each kindergarten pupil.		
19	(6) In calculating the ANB for a student enrolled as provided in [section 2(1)], enrollment must be		
20	counted as one-fourth pupil for each course in which the student is enrolled up to four courses in each semester		
21	with no limit on the number of courses in which the student may enroll.		
22	(6) (7) When a pupil has been absent, with or without excuse, for more than 10 consecutive school days,		
23	the pupil may not be included in the enrollment count used in the calculation of the ANB unless the pupil		
24	resumes attendance prior to the day of the enrollment count.		
25	(7) (8) The enrollment of prekindergarten pupils, as provided in 20-7-117, may not be included in the		
26	ANB calculations.		
27	(8)(9) The average number belonging of the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils for the public schools		
28	of a district must be based on the aggregate of all the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending the schools		
29	of the district, except that when:		
30	(a) (i) a school of the district is located more than 20 miles beyond the incorporated limits of a city or		

- 5 -

Legislative Services Division

town located in the district and at least 20 miles from any other school of the district, the number of regularly
enrolled, full-time pupils of the school must be calculated separately for ANB purposes and the district must
receive a basic entitlement for the school calculated separately from the other schools of the district;

4 (ii) a school of the district is located more than 20 miles from any other school of the district and 5 incorporated territory is not involved in the district, the number of regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the school 6 must be calculated separately for ANB purposes and the district must receive a basic entitlement for the school 7 calculated separately from the other schools of the district;

8 (iii) the superintendent of public instruction approves an application not to aggregate when conditions 9 exist affecting transportation, such as poor roads, mountains, rivers, or other obstacles to travel, or when any 10 other condition exists that would result in an unusual hardship to the pupils of the school if they were transported 11 to another school, the number of regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the school must be calculated separately 12 for ANB purposes and the district must receive a basic entitlement for the school calculated separately from the 13 other schools of the district; or

(iv) two or more elementary districts consolidate or annex under the provisions of 20-6-203, 20-6-205,
or 20-6-208, two or more high school districts consolidate or annex under the provisions of 20-6-315 or 20-6-317,
or two or more K-12 districts consolidate or annex under Title 20, chapter 6, part 4, the ANB and the basic
entitlements of the component districts must be calculated separately for a period of 3 years following the
consolidation or annexation. Each district shall retain a percentage of its basic entitlement for 3 additional years
as follows:

20 (A) 75% of the basic entitlement for the fourth year;

21 (B) 50% of the basic entitlement for the fifth year; and

22 (C) 25% of the basic entitlement for the sixth year.

(b) a junior high school has been approved and accredited as a junior high school, all of the regularly
enrolled, full-time pupils of the junior high school must be considered as high school district pupils for ANB
purposes;

(c) a middle school has been approved and accredited, all pupils below the 7th grade must be
 considered elementary school pupils for ANB purposes and the 7th and 8th grade pupils must be considered
 high school pupils for ANB purposes; or

(d) a school has not been accredited by the board of public education, the regularly enrolled, full-time
 pupils attending the nonaccredited school are not eligible for average number belonging calculation purposes,

Legislative Services Division

nor will an average number belonging for the nonaccredited school be used in determining the BASE funding
 program for the district.

3 (9)(10) The district shall provide the superintendent of public instruction with semiannual reports of
 4 school attendance, absence, and enrollment for regularly enrolled students, using a format determined by the
 5 superintendent."

6

NEW SECTION. Section 6. Codification instruction. (1) [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an
integral part of Title 20, chapter 25, part 3, and the provisions of Title 20, chapter 25, part 3, apply to [section 1].

9 (2) [Section 2] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 20, chapter 5, part 1, and the 10 provisions of Title 20, chapter 5, part 1, apply to [section 2].

11

- END -

