1	SENATE BILL NO. 323
2	INTRODUCED BY GRIMES
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING SCHOOL FINANCE LAWS; PROVIDING FOR ANNUAL
5	INFLATION-RELATED ADJUSTMENTS TO THE BASE FUNDING PROGRAM AMOUNTS FOR SCHOOL
6	DISTRICT BASIC ENTITLEMENTS AND PER-AND ENTITLEMENTS; PROVIDING FOR ANNUAL
7	INFLATION-RELATED ADJUSTMENTS TO THE BASE FUNDING PROGRAM AMOUNTS FOR SCHOOL
8	DISTRICT BASIC ENTITLEMENTS AND PER-ANB ENTITLEMENTS; INCREASING THE BASIC AND TOTAL
9	PER-ANB ENTITLEMENTS FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS FOR SCHOOL FISCAL YEAR 2004 AND SUCCEEDING
10	YEARS; PROVIDING AN ALTERNATIVE WAY TO CALCULATE AND TO MINIMIZE THE EFFECT OF
11	DECLINING ENROLLMENT; CHANGING THE WAY IN WHICH A SCHOOL DISTRICT OR SPECIAL
12	EDUCATION COOPERATIVE CHARGES EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RETIREMENT, SOCIAL
13	SECURITY, AND UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE; REQUIRING THAT TRANSFERS INTO AN INTERLOCAL
14	COOPERATIVE FUND MAY BE MADE ONLY FROM A SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND OR THE STATE
15	SPECIAL EDUCATION GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATION; TERMINATING THE COUNTYWIDE SCHOOL
16	RETIREMENT BLOCK GRANTS; AMENDING SECTIONS 20-9-306, AND 20-9-501, AND 20-9-703, MCA,
17	SECTION 245, CHAPTER 574, LAWS OF 2001, AND SECTION 26, CHAPTER 13, SPECIAL LAWS OF
18	AUGUST 2002; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES, APPLICABILITY DATES, AND A TERMINATION
19	DATE."
20	
21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
22	
23	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Annual inflation-related adjustments to basic entitlement and
24	PER-AND ENTITLEMENTS. (1) BEGINNING IN 2004, THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION SHALL BY OCTOBER
25	1 OF EACH EVEN NUMBERED YEAR CALCULATE THE INFLATION FACTORS FOR THE ENSUING BIENNIUM AS FOLLOWS:
26	(A) FOR THE FIRST FISCAL YEAR OF THE ENSUING BIENNIUM, DIVIDE THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR JULY OF
27	THE PRIOR CALENDAR YEAR BY THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR JULY OF THE YEAR PRIOR TO THE PRIOR CALENDAR
28	<u>YEAR; AND</u>
29	(B) FOR THE SECOND FISCAL YEAR OF THE ENSUING BIENNIUM, DIVIDE THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR JULY
30	OF THE CURRENT CALENDAR YEAR BY THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR JULY OF THE PRIOR CALENDAR YEAR.

1 (2) For the purposes of this section, "consumer price index" means the consumer price index, U.S. 2 CITY AVERAGE, ALL URBAN CONSUMERS, FOR ALL ITEMS, USING THE 1982-84 BASE OF 100, AS PUBLISHED BY THE BUREAU 3 OF LABOR STATISTICS OF THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR. 4 5 NEW SECTION. Section 1. Annual inflation-related adjustments to basic entitlement and 6 PER-ANB ENTITLEMENTS. (1) BEGINNING IN 2006, THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION SHALL BY OCTOBER 7 1 OF EACH EVEN-NUMBERED YEAR CALCULATE THE INFLATION FACTORS FOR THE ENSUING BIENNIUM AS FOLLOWS: 8 (A) FOR THE FIRST FISCAL YEAR OF THE ENSUING BIENNIUM, DIVIDE THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR JULY OF 9 THE PRIOR CALENDAR YEAR BY THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR JULY OF THE YEAR PRIOR TO THE PRIOR CALENDAR 10 YEAR; AND 11 (B) FOR THE SECOND FISCAL YEAR OF THE ENSUING BIENNIUM, DIVIDE THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR JULY 12 OF THE CURRENT CALENDAR YEAR BY THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR JULY OF THE PRIOR CALENDAR YEAR. 13 (2) FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, "CONSUMER PRICE INDEX" MEANS THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX, U.S. 14 CITY AVERAGE, ALL URBAN CONSUMERS, FOR ALL ITEMS, USING THE 1982-84 BASE OF 100, AS PUBLISHED BY THE BUREAU 15 OF LABOR STATISTICS OF THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR. 16 17 **Section 2.** Section 20-9-306, MCA, is amended to read: 18 "20-9-306. Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following definitions apply: 19 20 (1) "BASE" means base amount for school equity. (2) "BASE aid" means: 21 22 (a) direct state aid for 44.7% of the basic entitlement and 44.7% of the total per-ANB entitlement for the 23 general fund budget of a district; and 24 (b) guaranteed tax base aid for an eligible district for any amount up to 35.3% of the basic entitlement, 25 up to 35.3% of the total per-ANB entitlement budgeted in the general fund budget of a district, and up to 40% 26 of the special education allowable cost payment. 27 (3) "BASE budget" means the minimum general fund budget of a district, which includes 80% of the 28 basic entitlement, 80% of the total per-ANB entitlement, and up to 140% of the special education allowable cost 29 payment. 30 (4) "BASE budget levy" means the district levy in support of the BASE budget of a district, which may

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be supplemented by guaranteed tax base aid if the district is eligible under the provisions of 20-9-366 through
 20-9-369.

- (5) "BASE funding program" means the state program for the equitable distribution of the state's share of the cost of Montana's basic system of public elementary schools and high schools, through county equalization aid as provided in 20-9-331 and 20-9-333 and state equalization aid as provided in 20-9-343, in support of the BASE budgets of districts and special education allowable cost payments as provided in 20-9-321.
 - (6) "Basic entitlement" means:

- (a) \$213,819 \$218,095 for each high school district;
- (b) \$19,244 \$19,629 for each elementary school district or K-12 district elementary program without an approved and accredited junior high school or middle school; and
- (c) the prorated entitlement for each elementary school district or K-12 district elementary program with an approved and accredited junior high school or middle school, calculated as follows:
- (i) \$19,244 \$19,629 times the ratio of the ANB for kindergarten through grade 6 to the total ANB of kindergarten through grade 8; plus
- (ii) \$213,819 \$218,095 times the ratio of the ANB for grades 7 and 8 to the total ANB of kindergarten through grade 8.
- (7) "Direct state aid" means 44.7% of the basic entitlement and 44.7% of the total per-ANB entitlement for the general fund budget of a district and funded with state and county equalization aid.
- (8) "Maximum general fund budget" means a district's general fund budget amount calculated from the basic entitlement for the district, the total per-ANB entitlement for the district, and the greater of:
 - (a) 175% of special education allowable cost payments; or
- (b) the ratio, expressed as a percentage, of the district's special education allowable cost expenditures to the district's special education allowable cost payment for the fiscal year that is 2 years previous, with a maximum allowable ratio of 200%.
- (9) "Over-BASE budget levy" means the district levy in support of any general fund amount budgeted that is above the BASE budget and below the maximum general fund budget for a district.
- (10) "Total per-ANB entitlement" means the district entitlement resulting from the following calculations.

 USING THE GREATER OF THE CURRENT YEAR ANB OR 92% OF THE PRIOR YEAR ANB:
- (a) for a high school district or a K-12 district high school program, a maximum rate of \$5,205 \$5,309 for the first ANB is decreased at the rate of 50 cents per ANB for each additional ANB of the district up through



1 800 ANB, with each ANB in excess of 800 receiving the same amount of entitlement as the 800th ANB;

(b) for an elementary school district or a K-12 district elementary program without an approved and accredited junior high school or middle school, a maximum rate of \$3,906 \$3,984 for the first ANB is decreased at the rate of 20 cents per ANB for each additional ANB of the district up through 1,000 ANB, with each ANB in excess of 1,000 receiving the same amount of entitlement as the 1,000th ANB; and

- (c) for an elementary school district or a K-12 district elementary program with an approved and accredited junior high school or middle school, the sum of:
- (i) a maximum rate of \$3,906 \$3,984 for the first ANB for kindergarten through grade 6 is decreased at the rate of 20 cents per ANB for each additional ANB up through 1,000 ANB, with each ANB in excess of 1,000 receiving the same amount of entitlement as the 1,000th ANB; and
- (ii) a maximum rate of \$5,205 \$5,309 for the first ANB for grades 7 and 8 is decreased at the rate of 50 cents per ANB for each additional ANB for grades 7 and 8 up through 800 ANB, with each ANB in excess of 800 receiving the same amount of entitlement as the 800th ANB."

- **Section 3.** Section 20-9-306, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-9-306. Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the followingdefinitions apply:
 - (1) "BASE" means base amount for school equity.
 - (2) "BASE aid" means:
 - (a) direct state aid for 44.7% of the basic entitlement and 44.7% of the total per-ANB entitlement for the general fund budget of a district; and
 - (b) guaranteed tax base aid for an eligible district for any amount up to 35.3% of the basic entitlement, up to 35.3% of the total per-ANB entitlement budgeted in the general fund budget of a district, and up to 40% of the special education allowable cost payment.
 - (3) "BASE budget" means the minimum general fund budget of a district, which includes 80% of the basic entitlement, 80% of the total per-ANB entitlement, and up to 140% of the special education allowable cost payment.
 - (4) "BASE budget levy" means the district levy in support of the BASE budget of a district, which may be supplemented by guaranteed tax base aid if the district is eligible under the provisions of 20-9-366 through 20-9-369.



(5) "BASE funding program" means the state program for the equitable distribution of the state's share of the cost of Montana's basic system of public elementary schools and high schools, through county equalization aid as provided in 20-9-331 and 20-9-333 and state equalization aid as provided in 20-9-343, in support of the BASE budgets of districts and special education allowable cost payments as provided in 20-9-321.

(6) "Basic entitlement" means:

- (a) \$213,819 \$220,276 for each high school district;
- (b) \$19,244 \$19,825 for each elementary school district or K-12 district elementary program without an approved and accredited junior high school or middle school; and
- (c) the prorated entitlement for each elementary school district or K-12 district elementary program with an approved and accredited junior high school or middle school, calculated as follows:
- (i) \$19,244 \$19,825 times the ratio of the ANB for kindergarten through grade 6 to the total ANB of kindergarten through grade 8; plus
- (ii) \$213,819 \$220,276 times the ratio of the ANB for grades 7 and 8 to the total ANB of kindergarten through grade 8.
- (7) "Direct state aid" means 44.7% of the basic entitlement and 44.7% of the total per-ANB entitlement for the general fund budget of a district and funded with state and county equalization aid.
- (8) "Maximum general fund budget" means a district's general fund budget amount calculated from the basic entitlement for the district, the total per-ANB entitlement for the district, and the greater of:
 - (a) 175% of special education allowable cost payments; or
- (b) the ratio, expressed as a percentage, of the district's special education allowable cost expenditures to the district's special education allowable cost payment for the fiscal year that is 2 years previous, with a maximum allowable ratio of 200%.
- (9) "Over-BASE budget levy" means the district levy in support of any general fund amount budgeted that is above the BASE budget and below the maximum general fund budget for a district.
- (10) "Total per-ANB entitlement" means the district entitlement resulting from the following calculations, USING THE GREATER OF THE CURRENT YEAR ANB OR 92% OF THE PRIOR YEAR ANB:
- (a) for a high school district or a K-12 district high school program, a maximum rate of \$5,205 \$5,362 for the first ANB is decreased at the rate of 50 cents per ANB for each additional ANB of the district up through 800 ANB, with each ANB in excess of 800 receiving the same amount of entitlement as the 800th ANB;
 - (b) for an elementary school district or a K-12 district elementary program without an approved and



accredited junior high school or middle school, a maximum rate of \$3,906 \$4,024 for the first ANB is decreased at the rate of 20 cents per ANB for each additional ANB of the district up through 1,000 ANB, with each ANB in excess of 1,000 receiving the same amount of entitlement as the 1,000th ANB; and

- (c) for an elementary school district or a K-12 district elementary program with an approved and accredited junior high school or middle school, the sum of:
- (i) a maximum rate of \$3,906 \$4,024 for the first ANB for kindergarten through grade 6 is decreased at the rate of 20 cents per ANB for each additional ANB up through 1,000 ANB, with each ANB in excess of 1,000 receiving the same amount of entitlement as the 1,000th ANB; and
- (ii) a maximum rate of \$5,205 \$5,362 for the first ANB for grades 7 and 8 is decreased at the rate of 50 cents per ANB for each additional ANB for grades 7 and 8 up through 800 ANB, with each ANB in excess of 800 receiving the same amount of entitlement as the 800th ANB."

Section 4. Section 20-9-501, MCA, is amended to read:

- "20-9-501. Retirement costs and retirement fund. (1) The trustees of a district or the management board of a special education cooperative employing personnel who are members of the teachers' retirement system or the public employees' retirement system or who are covered by unemployment insurance or who are covered by any federal social security system requiring employer contributions shall establish a retirement fund for the purposes of budgeting and paying the employer's contributions to the systems as provided in subsection (2)(a). The district's or the cooperative's contribution for each employee who is a member of the teachers' retirement system must be calculated in accordance with Title 19, chapter 20, part 6. The district's or the cooperative's contribution for each employee who is a member of the public employees' retirement system must be calculated in accordance with 19-3-316. The district's or the cooperative's contributions for each employee covered by any federal social security system must be paid in accordance with federal law and regulation. The district's or the cooperative's contribution for each employee who is covered by unemployment insurance must be paid in accordance with Title 39, chapter 51, part 11.
- (2) (a) The district or the cooperative shall pay the employer's contributions to the retirement, federal social security, and unemployment insurance systems from the retirement fund for the following:
- (i) a district employee whose salary and benefits are IS AND HEALTH-RELATED BENEFITS, IF ANY

 HEALTH-RELATED BENEFITS ARE PROVIDED TO THE EMPLOYEE, ARE paid from the district's general fund STATE OR

 LOCAL FUNDING SOURCES; and



1 (ii) a cooperative employee whose salary and benefits are IS AND HEALTH -RELATED BENEFITS, IF ANY 2 HEALTH-RELATED BENEFITS ARE PROVIDED TO THE EMPLOYEE, ARE paid from the cooperative's interlocal agreement 3 fund IF THE FUND IS SUPPORTED SOLELY FROM DISTRICTS' GENERAL FUNDS AND STATE SPECIAL EDUCATION ALLOWABLE 4 COST PAYMENTS PURSUANT TO 20-9-321; AND 5 (III) A DISTRICT EMPLOYEE WHOSE SALARY IS AND HEALTH-RELATED BENEFITS, IF ANY HEALTH-RELATED BENEFITS 6 ARE PROVIDED TO THE EMPLOYEE, ARE PAID FROM THE DISTRICT'S SCHOOL FOOD SERVICES FUND PROVIDED FOR IN 7 20-10-204. 8 (b) For an employee whose salary and benefits are not paid from the general RETIREMENT fund or the 9 interlocal agreement fund, the district or the cooperative shall pay the employer's contributions to the retirement, 10 federal social security, and unemployment insurance systems from the fund FUNDING SOURCE that pays the 11 employee's salary and benefits. 12 (2)(3) The trustees of a district required to make a contribution to a system referred to in subsection (1) 13 shall include in the retirement fund of the final budget the estimated amount of the employer's contribution. After the final retirement fund budget has been adopted, the trustees shall pay the employer contributions to the 14 15 systems in accordance with the financial administration provisions of this title. 16 (3)(4) When the final retirement fund budget has been adopted, the county superintendent shall 17 establish the levy requirement by: 18 (a) determining the sum of the money available to reduce the retirement fund levy requirement by 19 adding: 20 (i) any anticipated money that may be realized in the retirement fund during the ensuing school fiscal 21 year; 22 (ii) oil and natural gas production taxes; 23 (iii) coal gross proceeds taxes under 15-23-703; 24 (iv) countywide school retirement block grants distributed under section 245, Chapter 574, Laws of 2001; 25 (v) any fund balance available for reappropriation as determined by subtracting the amount of the 26 end-of-the-year fund balance earmarked as the retirement fund operating reserve for the ensuing school fiscal 27 year by the trustees from the end-of-the-year fund balance in the retirement fund. The retirement fund operating 28 reserve may not be more than 35% of the final retirement fund budget for the ensuing school fiscal year and 29 must be used for the purpose of paying retirement fund warrants issued by the district under the final retirement



fund budget.

(vi) any other revenue anticipated that may be realized in the retirement fund during the ensuing school fiscal year, excluding any guaranteed tax base aid.

- (b) notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (8) (9), subtracting the money available for reduction of the levy requirement, as determined in subsection (3)(a) (4)(a), from the budgeted amount for expenditures in the final retirement fund budget.
 - (4)(5) The county superintendent shall:

- (a) total the net retirement fund levy requirements separately for all elementary school districts, all high school districts, and all community college districts of the county, including any prorated joint district or special education cooperative agreement levy requirements; and
- (b) report each levy requirement to the county commissioners on the fourth Monday of August as the respective county levy requirements for elementary district, high school district, and community college district retirement funds.
- (5)(6) The county commissioners shall fix and set the county levy or district levy in accordance with 20-9-142.
- (6)(7) The net retirement fund levy requirement for a joint elementary district or a joint high school district must be prorated to each county in which a part of the district is located in the same proportion as the district ANB of the joint district is distributed by pupil residence in each county. The county superintendents of the counties affected shall jointly determine the net retirement fund levy requirement for each county as provided in 20-9-151.
- (7)(8) The net retirement fund levy requirement for districts that are members of special education cooperative agreements must be prorated to each county in which the district is located in the same proportion as the special education cooperative budget is prorated to the member school districts. The county superintendents of the counties affected shall jointly determine the net retirement fund levy requirement for each county in the same manner as provided in 20-9-151, and the county commissioners shall fix and levy the net retirement fund levy for each county in the same manner as provided in 20-9-152.
- (8)(9) The county superintendent shall calculate the number of mills to be levied on the taxable property in the county to finance the retirement fund net levy requirement by dividing the amount determined in subsection (4)(a) (5)(a) by the sum of:
- (a) the amount of guaranteed tax base aid that the county will receive for each mill levied, as certified
 by the superintendent of public instruction; and



1 (b) the taxable valuation of the district divided by 1,000.

(9)(10) The levy for a community college district may be applied only to property within the district."

Section 4. Section 20-9-703, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-703. District as prime agency. (1) When the prime agency is a district, it is authorized and required to establish a nonbudgeted interlocal cooperative fund for the purpose of the financial administration of the interlocal cooperative agreement. All revenues received, including federal, state, or other types of grant payments in direct support of the agreement and the financial support provided by cooperating agencies, shall be deposited in such fund. All financial Financial support of the agreement contributed by a district designated as the prime agency or by a cooperative agency may be transferred to the interlocal cooperative fund only from any fund maintained by such district by resolution of the trustees a district general fund or the state special education general fund appropriation. Any such transfer to the interlocal cooperative fund shall must be used to finance those expenditures under the agreement which that are comparable to those that are permitted by law to be made out of the fund from which the transfer was made and which are within the final budget for the fund from which the transfer was made and which are within the final budget for the interlocal cooperative fund from the miscellaneous federal programs fund or from any other district fund without the express approval of the superintendent of public instruction.

(2) All expenditures in support of the interlocal cooperative agreement shall <u>must</u> be made from the interlocal cooperative fund <u>or any other fund provided for in 20-7-457(5) that is established by the district which that is the prime agency, except that expenditures in support of such agreement may be made from the miscellaneous federal programs fund when the express approval of the superintendent of public instruction is given."</u>

Section 5. Section 26, Chapter 13, Special Laws of August 2002, is amended to read:

"Section 26. Section 245, Chapter 574, Laws of 2001, is amended to read:

"Section 245. Countywide school retirement block grants. (1) The office of public instruction shall distribute one-half of the amount appropriated for countywide school retirement in November and the remainder in May. The total amount for each county is as follows:

29 FY 2002 FY 2003 FY 2003
30 Elementary High School Elementary High School



1		Payment	Payment	Payment	Payment
2	Beaverhead	\$86,692	\$50,789	\$87,351 <u>\$55,503</u>	\$51,175 <u>\$41,981</u>
3	Big Horn	62,668	36,963	63,144 <u>95,018</u>	37,244 <u>33,837</u>
4	Blaine	61,160	10,193	61,624 <u>46,318</u>	10,271 <u>81,109</u>
5	Broadwater	0	92,686	0	93,390 <u>34,949</u>
6	Carbon	43,451	82,110	43,782 <u>72.602</u>	82,734 <u>58,957</u>
7	Carter	9,751	5,453	9,825 <u>8,478</u>	5,495 <u>6,155</u>
8	Cascade	349,056	192,848	351,709 <u>282,266</u>	194,314 <u>142,282</u>
9	Chouteau	75,384	41,034	75,957 <u>58,455</u>	41,346 <u>29,474</u>
10	Custer	78,925	36,930	79,525 <u>57,608</u>	37,211 <u>32,128</u>
11	Daniels	0	37,994	0	38,283 <u>36,083</u>
12	Dawson	85,568	38,722	86,219 <u>64,693</u>	39,016 <u>24,827</u>
13	Deer Lodge	39,980	17,059	40,284 <u>34,455</u>	17,189 <u>16,807</u>
14	Fallon	0	0	0	0 30,444
15	Fergus	119,028	78,809	119,932 <u>90,464</u>	79,408 <u>55,527</u>
16	Flathead	558,861	296,410	563,108 <u>530,274</u>	298,662 <u>268,731</u>
17	Gallatin	383,035	181,743	385,946 <u>537,244</u>	183,125 <u>107,717</u>
18	Garfield	12,337	10,170	12,431 <u>12,100</u>	10,247 <u>4,620</u>
19	Glacier	79,924	34,016	80,532 <u>106,815</u>	34,275 <u>10,494</u>
20	Golden Valley	0	16,716	0	16,843 <u>14,492</u>
21	Granite	14,074	48,026	14,180 <u>12,523</u>	48,391 <u>30,727</u>
22	Hill	142,867	82,538	143,953 <u>59,593</u>	83,165 <u>35,211</u>
23	Jefferson	116,679	59,523	117,565 <u>143,901</u>	59,976 <u>59,690</u>
24	Judith Basin	6,149	21,359	6,196 <u>4,744</u>	21,521 <u>30,198</u>
25	Lake	173,584	139,990	174,903 <u>156,485</u>	141,054 <u>103,365</u>
26	Lewis & Clark	344,112	211,726	346,728 <u>370,958</u>	213,335 <u>173,847</u>
27	Liberty	20,144	16,786	20,297 <u>3,067</u>	16,914 <u>31,953</u>
28	Lincoln	73,001	98,835	73,556 <u>61,499</u>	99,586 <u>87,710</u>
29	Madison	0	103,163	0 <u>4,891</u>	103,947 <u>19,788</u>
30	Mccone	23,214	15,824	23,390 <u>21,778</u>	15,945 <u>14,004</u>

1	Meagher	13,654	10,678	13,758 <u>9,250</u>	10,759 <u>9,492</u>
2	Mineral	0	32,206	0	32,451 <u>33,292</u>
3	Missoula	487,129	362,756	490,832 <u>587,637</u>	365,513 <u>357,669</u>
4	Musselshell	30,675	21,577	30,908 <u>48,959</u>	21,741 <u>41,250</u>
5	Park	154,192	81,696	155,364 <u>135,256</u>	82,317 <u>78,135</u>
6	Petroleum	0	16,897	0	17,026 <u>9,510</u>
7	Phillips	10,502	95,084	10,582 <u>103,747</u>	95,806 <u>54,728</u>
8	Pondera	79,805	60,307	80,411 <u>18,821</u>	60,765 <u>47,629</u>
9	Powder River	18,815	15,011	18,958 <u>0</u>	15,125 <u>0</u>
10	Powell	69,695	22,666	70,225 <u>71,420</u>	22,838 <u>30,458</u>
11	Prairie	0	26,791	0	26,995 <u>21,945</u>
12	Ravalli	85,333	169,769	85,981 <u>2,062</u>	171,059 <u>40,316</u>
13	Richland	83,671	30,302	84,307 <u>15,500</u>	30,533 <u>26,650</u>
14	Roosevelt	71,090	60,329	71,630 <u>96,278</u>	60,787 <u>61,038</u>
15	Rosebud	359,662	286,411	362,395 <u>475,055</u>	288,588 <u>126,246</u>
16	Sanders	203,863	127,694	205,413 <u>197,286</u>	128,665 <u>14,442</u>
17	Sheridan	0	46,231	0	46,583 <u>47,628</u>
18	Silver Bow	249,821	141,541	251,719 <u>193,304</u>	142,617 <u>119,358</u>
19	Stillwater	91,487	75,926	92,182 <u>91,185</u>	76,503 <u>51,769</u>
20	Sweet Grass	36,996	36,327	37,277 <u>24,214</u>	36,603 <u>12,316</u>
21	Teton	57,760	41,547	58,199 <u>45,217</u>	41,863 <u>40,769</u>
22	Toole	43,323	51,399	43,652 <u>36,109</u>	51,790 <u>73,362</u>
23	Treasure	0	18,947	0	19,091 <u>16,243</u>
24	Valley	15,824	90,532	15,944 <u>10,558</u>	91,220 <u>143,204</u>
25	Wheatland	20,946	12,103	21,105 <u>15,031</u>	12,195 <u>12,109</u>
26	Wibaux	0	14,585	0	14,696 <u>25,103</u>
27	Yellowstone	1,125,488	643,136	1,134,042 <u>1,070,887</u>	648,024 <u>612,203</u>
28	Total	6,269,374	4,650,865	6,317,022 <u>6,139,506</u>	4,686,212 <u>3,723,973</u>

29 (2) The average amount of the block grants in fiscal years 2002 and 2003 must be increased by 0.76%

30 in fiscal year 2004 and in each succeeding fiscal year.""



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2	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Personnel rights preserved. A school district or a cooperative may
3	CONTINUE TO PAY THE EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE RETIREMENT, FEDERAL SOCIAL SECURITY, AND
4	UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE SYSTEMS FROM THE RETIREMENT FUND FOR AN EMPLOYEE WHOSE SALARY IS WHOLLY OR
5	PARTIALLY PAID FROM A FEDERAL FUNDING SOURCE ON [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION] UNTIL THE EMPLOYEE
6	IS NO LONGER PAID FROM A FEDERAL FUNDING SOURCE:
7	
8	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an
9	INTEGRAL PART OF TITLE 20, CHAPTER 9, PART 3, AND THE PROVISIONS OF TITLE 20, CHAPTER 9, PART 3, APPLY TO
10	[SECTION 1].
11	
12	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Effective dates applicability. (1) [SECTION 1] IS EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005
13	$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$ [Section $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ is effective on passage and approval and applies to school budgets for the
14	school fiscal year beginning July 1, 2003.
15	$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$ [Section $\frac{2}{3}$ is effective July 1, 2004, and applies to school budgets for the school fiscal years
16	beginning on or after July 1, 2004.
17	(3)(4) [Sections 3 through 5 and 7 1,4 THROUGH 6, AND 8 3, 4, AND 6 4 THROUGH 6 AND 8 and this section
18	are effective on passage and approval.
19	
20	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Termination. [Section 4-2-12] terminates June 30, 2004.
21	- END -

