58th Legislature SB0479.01

1 SENATE BILL NO. 479 2 INTRODUCED BY J. ELLIOTT 3 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING THAT THE RATE OF THE COAL SEVERANCE TAX 4 5 IS BASED UPON THE STATEWIDE QUANTITY OF COAL MINED DURING THE PERIOD OF THE 6 PRECEDING JULY THROUGH JUNE; PROVIDING THAT IF SUFFICIENT COAL HAS NOT BEEN MINED, THE 7 RATE IS APPROXIMATELY 1.3 TIMES THE EXISTING RATE; AMENDING SECTION 15-35-103, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN APPLICABILITY DATE." 8 9 10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 11 12 **Section 1.** Section 15-35-103, MCA, is amended to read: 13 "15-35-103. (Temporary) Severance tax -- rates imposed. (1) (a) A severance tax is imposed on each 14 ton of coal produced in the state in accordance with the following schedules: 15 (i) if the statewide quantity of coal mined exceeds the threshold in subsection (1)(c): Surface Underground 16 Heating quality 17 (Btu per pound of coal): Mining Mining 18 Under 7,000 10% of value 3% of value 19 7,000 and over 15% of value 4% of value 20 (ii) if the statewide quantity of coal mined does not exceed the threshold in subsection (1)(c): 21 **Heating quality Surface Underground** 22 (Btu per pound of coal): Mining Mining 23 Under 7,000 13% of value 4% of value 24 7,000 and over 20% of value 5.2% of value 25 (b) The rate of taxation for coal that meets the following conditions is one-third the applicable rate set 26 forth in subsection (1)(a), rounded to the nearest 10th of a percent: 27 (i) The coal is used for the production of electricity within the state in an electrical generation facility that 28 was constructed after December 31, 2001, and before January 1, 2008. 29 (ii) The electrical producer agrees to offer, for use within the state, the first one-half of the amount of 30 power that it produces to Montana customers and distribution services providers at a cost to be set by the public

58th Legislature SB0479.01

service commission that reflects the producer's cost of generating the electricity plus a reasonable return on investment.

- (c) (i) Before October 1 of each year, the department shall determine the total number of tons of coal produced in Montana and sold during the period of the preceding July 1 through June 30. If the number of tons sold exceeds 40 million tons, the rate of the coal severance tax is the amount set forth in subsection (1)(a)(i).
- (ii) If any facility that burned Montana coal is not in operation due to mechanical failure or catastrophic act during some portion of the coal sales period provided in subsection (1)(c)(i), the department shall determine the average monthly sales of Montana coal to the facility during its normal operation and substitute that amount times 12 for the actual annual coal usage of the facility.
  - (2) "Value" means the contract sales price.

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- (3) The formula that yields the greater amount of tax in a particular case must be used at each point on the schedule.
- (4) A person is not liable for any severance tax upon 50,000 tons of the coal that the person produces in a calendar year, except that if more than 50,000 tons of coal are produced in a calendar year, the producer is liable for severance tax upon all coal produced in excess of the first 20,000 tons.
- (5) In addition to the exemption described in subsection (4), a person is not liable for any severance tax upon up to 2 million tons of coal that the person produces as feedstock for coal enhancement facilities in a calendar year, except if more than 2 million tons of coal are produced as feedstock for coal enhancement facilities in a calendar year, the producer is liable for severance tax on all coal produced as feedstock for these facilities in excess of the first 2 million tons. (Terminates December 31, 2005--sec. 5, Ch. 318, L. 1995.)
- **15-35-103.** (Effective January 1, 2006) Severance tax -- rates imposed. (1) (a) A severance tax is imposed on each ton of coal produced in the state in accordance with the following schedules:
- 23 (i) if the statewide quantity of coal mined exceeds the threshold in subsection (1)(c):

24	Heating quality	Surface	Underground
25	(Btu per pound of coal):	Mining	Mining
26	Under 7,000	10% of value	3% of value
27	7,000 and over	15% of value	4% of value

- 28 (ii) if the statewide quantity of coal mined does not exceed the threshold in subsection (1)(c):
- 29 <u>Heating quality</u> <u>Surface</u> <u>Underground</u>
  30 (Btu per pound of coal): Mining Mining



58th Legislature SB0479.01

1	<u>Under 7,000</u>	13% of value	4% of value	
2	7,000 and over	20% of value	5.2% of value	
3	(b) The rate of taxation for coal that meets the following conditions is one-third the applicable rate se			
4	forth in subsection (1)(a), rounded to the nearest 10th of a percent:			
5	(i) The coal is used for the production of electricity within the state in an electrical generation facility that			
6	was constructed after December 31, 2001, and before January 1, 2008.			
7	(ii) The electrical producer agree	s to offer, for use within the state, the	first one-half of the amount of	
8	power that it produces to Montana custom	ers and distribution services providers	s at a cost to be set by the public	
9	service commission that reflects the production	ducer's cost of generating the electric	ity plus a reasonable return on	

- (c) (i) Before October 1 of each year, the department shall determine the total number of tons of coal produced in Montana and sold during the period of the preceding July 1 through June 30. If the number of tons sold exceeds 40 million tons, the rate of the coal severance tax is the amount set forth in subsection (1)(a)(i).
- (ii) If any facility that burned Montana coal is not in operation due to mechanical failure or catastrophic act during some portion of the coal sales period provided in subsection (1)(c)(i), the department shall determine the average monthly sales of Montana coal to the facility during its normal operation and substitute that amount times 12 for the actual annual coal usage of the facility.
  - (2) "Value" means the contract sales price.
- (3) The formula that yields the greater amount of tax in a particular case must be used at each point on the schedule.
- (4) A person is not liable for any severance tax upon 50,000 tons of the coal that the person produces in a calendar year, except that if more than 50,000 tons of coal are produced in a calendar year, the producer is liable for severance tax upon all coal produced in excess of the first 20,000 tons."

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Applicability. [This act] applies to coal mined after December 31, 2003, with a rate based upon the statewide quantity of coal mined between July 1, 2002, and June 30, 2003.

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