60th Legislature

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 432
2	INTRODUCED BY B. WISEMAN
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING THAT LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM
5	THE INTRODUCTION OF A GENETICALLY MODIFIED ORGANISM MUST BE ASSUMED BY THE COMPANY
6	THAT HOLDS THE PATENT FOR THE GENETICALLY MODIFIED ORGANISM; AND PROVIDING AN
7	EXEMPTION FROM LIABILITY FOR THE COMPANY THAT HOLDS THE PATENT TO A GENETICALLY
8	MODIFIED ORGANISM WHEN A FARMER KNOWINGLY AND INTENTIONALLY GROWS A GENETICALLY
9	MODIFIED ORGANISM."
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11	WHEREAS, genetic engineering artificially transfers genes at the cellular and molecular level between
12	species that could never naturally breed and is therefore qualitatively different from traditional selective breeding;
13	and
14	WHEREAS, many of the potential effects of genetically modified organisms are unpredictable, long-term,
15	or irreversible; and
16	WHEREAS, the biotechnology companies that invent and manufacture genetically modified organisms
17	are scientific experts with regard to this technology; and
18	WHEREAS, the burden of ensuring that farmers and grain warehouse operators are not harmed by this
19	technology should be placed on the company that holds the patent to the genetically modified organism; and
20	WHEREAS, a genetically modified organism is substantially equivalent to an organism that is not
21	genetically modified in its ability through cross-pollination to transfer its genetic traits, whether they are genetically
22	engineered or not, to other organisms that are not genetically modified; and
23	WHEREAS, in current agronomic science, agricultural practices, and agricultural infrastructure,
24	genetically modified organisms cannot be successfully segregated from organisms that are not genetically
25	engineered; and
26	WHEREAS, the introduction of genetically modified organisms may cause significant harm to domestic
27	and foreign market acceptance and may cause loss of value of Montana's crops, which impacts Montana farmers
28	and Montana's crop-handling and crop-processing industries.
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30 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:



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HB0432.01

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2	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definitions. As used in [sections 1 and 2], the following definitions apply:
3	(1) "Crop contamination" means any transfer of genetic material from a genetically engineered crop, by
4	cross-pollination or other means, to a nongenetically engineered crop.
5	(2) "Farmer" means a person responsible for planting a crop, managing a crop, or harvesting a crop.
6	(3) "Genetically modified organism" means an organism:
7	(a) that is altered at the molecular or cellular level by means that are not possible under natural
8	conditions or processes, including but not limited to:
9	(i) recombinant DNA and RNA techniques;
10	(ii) cell fusion;
11	(iii) microencapsulation;
12	(iv) macroencapsulation;
13	(v) gene deletion and doubling;
14	(vi) introduction of a foreign gene; and
15	(vii) a change in the positions of genes, other than by a means consisting exclusively of breeding,
16	conjugation, fermentation, hybridization, in vitro fertilization, or tissue culture;
17	(b) that is created through sexual or asexual reproduction, or both, involving a genetically modified
18	organism and that has been altered as described in subsection (3)(a) if the organism possesses any of the altered
19	molecular or cellular characteristics of the other genetically modified organism described.
20	(4) "Grain warehouse operator" means a person who owns, operates, or controls a grain warehouse or
21	terminal warehouse.
22	(5) "Person" means an individual, a partnership, a firm, an association, a municipality, a public or private
23	corporation, the state, a subdivision of the state, a trust, an estate, or any other legal entity.
24	(6) "Strict liability" means absolute liability for any damages that result from the use of genetically
25	modified organisms without respect to intention or negligence.
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27	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Liability for damages resulting from introduction of genetically
28	modified organism exemption. (1) Except as provided in subsection (3), the company that holds the patent
29	for a genetically modified organism is subject to strict liability for damages caused to farmers or grain warehouse
30	operators by the use of the genetically modified organism. Damages include but are not limited to:
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(a) loss, due to crop contamination, of any price premium that would have accrued to a farmer or grain
 warehouse operator for nongenetically modified products by contract or other marketing arrangement or that
 would have been otherwise reasonably available to the farmer or grain warehouse operator through ordinary
 commercial channels;

5 (b) any additional transportation, storage, handling, or related charges or costs incurred by the farmer 6 or grain warehouse operator that would not have been incurred in the absence of crop contamination;

(c) any judgment, charge, or penalty for which the farmer or grain warehouse operator is liable because
of breach of contract, including loss of organic certification, for failure to deliver a crop or shipment free of
genetically modified organisms or for delivering a crop or shipment exceeding any contractually agreed tolerances
for the presence of genetically modified organisms; and

(d) market price reductions incurred by farmers resulting from the loss of exports caused by major
 importing countries refusing to accept a genetically engineered crop variety.

(2) A farmer or grain warehouse operator may bring action in the appropriate court against any person
that causes harm under this section. The prevailing plaintiff in an action under this subsection may recover
reasonable attorney fees and other litigation expenses as part of the costs, including those related to appeals.
(3) A farmer who knowingly and intentionally plants a crop that contains a genetically modified organism

may not make a claim for damages that resulted from contamination against the company that holds the patentfor the genetically modified organism.

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20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 3. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 and 2] are intended to be codified 21 as an integral part of Title 80, chapter 5, and the provisions of Title 80, chapter 5, apply to [sections 1 and 2].

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