| 1 | HOUSE BILL NO. 726 |
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| 2 | INTRODUCED BY GALLIK, O'HARA, FRANKLIN, MCALPIN |
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| 4 | A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING THE LAW RELATED TO ANIMAL CRUELTY AND |
| 5 | ANIMAL HUSBANDRY; DIRECTING THE DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS TO DEVELOP A DISASTER |
| 6 | AND EMERGENCY SERVICES PLAN FOR THE HUMANE EVACUATION, TRANSPORTATION, AND |
| 7 | TEMPORARY SHELTERING OF SERVICE ANIMALS AND HOUSEHOLD PETS IN TIMES OF EMERGENCY |
| 8 | OR DISASTER; AND INCLUDING COMPANION ANIMAL HOARDING IN THE DEFINITION OF CRUELTY TO |
| 9 | ANIMALS AND PROVIDING AN ADDITIONAL PENALTY FOR COMPANION ANIMAL HOARDING; AMENDING |
| 10 | SECTION 45-8-211, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES." |
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| 12 | BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: |
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| 14 | NEW SECTION. Section 1. Plan for emergency evacuation of service animals and pets. (1) The |
| 15 | department shall formulate an emergency plan for the humane evacuation, transportation, and temporary |
| 16 | sheltering of service animals and household pets in times of emergency or disaster and act as the primary state |
| 17 | agency for implementation of the emergency plan. |
| 18 | (2) The emergency plan must be developed in consultation with experts in the fields of animal sheltering, |
| 19 | veterinary medicine, and public health and safety and with other professional and technical personnel that the |
| 20 | department considers appropriate. |
| 21 | (3) Elements of the emergency plan must include: |
| 22 | (a) a requirement that persons with a disability, as defined in the federal Americans With Disabilities Act |
| 23 | of 1990, 42 U.S.C. 12102, who use service animals are evacuated, transported, and sheltered with their service |
| 24 | animals and that all facilities that provide emergency shelter to persons with disabilities who are accompanied |
| 25 | by service animals are informed of the legal obligation to provide shelter to both the disabled person and the |
| 26 | service animal; |
| 27 | (b) identification or establishment of emergency shelters that are designed and equipped to accept and |
| 28 | temporarily house household pets and canine search and rescue teams and the development of guidelines for |
| 29 | those shelters, which may include: |
| 30 | —————————————————————————————————————— |



| 1 | (ii) health and safety standards; |
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| 2 | (iii) basic minimum animal care standards regarding nutrition, space, hygiene, and medical needs; and |
| 3 | (iv) protocols and procedures for ensuring adequate sheltering, management, and veterinary staffing; |
| 4 | (c) a method to enable, whenever possible, pet and pet owner evacuations for disabled, elderly, and |
| 5 | special needs residents and for all other residents when those evacuations can be accomplished without |
| 6 | endangering human life; |
| 7 | (d) establishment of an identification system to ensure that pet owners who are separated from their |
| 8 | household pets during an evacuation are provided with all information necessary to locate and reclaim their lost |
| 9 | pets; |
| 10 | (e) authorization for the public transportation of household pets in cages or carriers that safely and |
| 11 | securely confine the animals and that are designed for the containment and transportation of household pets |
| 12 | when public transportation can be accomplished without endangering human life, and a plan to address the |
| 13 | evacuation, transportation, and other needs of household pets that cannot be evacuated by public transportation; |
| 14 | (f) establishment of protocols requiring an animal control, animal sheltering, or animal care agency in |
| 15 | each county to develop a plan for the emergency evacuation of household pets; |
| 16 | (g) a requirement that animal shelters, humane societies, veterinary offices, boarding kennels, pet stores, |
| 17 | zoos, menageries, concentrated animal feeding operations, breeders, grooming facilities, nursing care facilities, |
| 18 | schools, animal testing facilities, and any other business or nonprofit agency that normally houses household pets |
| 19 | or service animals create an emergency evacuation plan for those animals that includes, when applicable, a |
| 20 | method to notify an animal's owner regarding where the animal has been taken for evacuation, file the plan |
| 21 | annually with the department, and make the plan available to the public upon request; |
| 22 | (h) implementation of a program to provide guidance to household pet owners in formulating their own |
| 23 | evacuation plan for their household pets and service animals and to inform household pet owners of the services |
| 24 | available to assist in evacuations; |
| 25 | (i) ensuring that emergency preparedness exercises conducted by the state or a county include animal |
| 26 | rescue, evacuation, and sheltering as part of the exercises. |
| 27 | (4) In creating emergency operation plans pursuant to this section, the department may delegate any |
| 28 | or all of the evacuation, transportation, sheltering, or other functions established in this section to the county |
| 29 | agency with authority over animal control or animal-related issues in that county, which shall serve as the primary |
| 30 | county agency for implementation of this section. The primary county agency may delegate specific functions to |

1 public or private agencies with expertise in the areas of animal control, animal sheltering, or animal care upon

- 2 notification to the department. The department shall work with the public or private agencies regarding the
- 3 agencies' duties relative to the evacuation, transportation, and sheltering of household pets and service animals
- 4 pursuant to this section.
- 5 (5) As used in this section, "household pet" means a domesticated cat, dog, bird, ferret, rabbit, or other
- 6 domesticated animal normally maintained in the residence of the owner or person who cares for the domesticated

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- **Section 1.** Section 45-8-211, MCA, is amended to read:
- "45-8-211. Cruelty to animals -- exceptions. (1) A person commits the offense of cruelty to animals
 if, without justification, the person knowingly or negligently subjects an animal to mistreatment or neglect by:
 - (a) overworking, beating, tormenting, torturing, injuring, or killing the animal;
- (b) carrying or confining the animal in a cruel manner;
 - (c) failing to provide an animal in the person's custody with:
- 15 (i) food and water of sufficient quantity and quality to sustain the animal's normal health;
- (ii) minimum protection for the animal from adverse weather conditions, with consideration given to thespecies;
 - (iii) in cases of immediate, obvious, serious illness or injury, licensed veterinary or other appropriate medical care:
 - (d) abandoning any helpless animal or abandoning any animal on any highway, railroad, or in any other place where it may suffer injury, hunger, or exposure or become a public charge; or
 - (e) promoting, sponsoring, conducting, or participating in an animal race of more than 2 miles, except a sanctioned endurance race; or
 - (f) companion animal hoarding.
 - (2) (a) A person convicted of the offense of cruelty to animals shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$1,000 or be imprisoned in the county jail for a term not to exceed 1 year, or both. A person convicted of a second or subsequent offense of cruelty to animals or of a first or subsequent offense of aggravated animal cruelty shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$2,500 or be sentenced to the department of corrections for a term not to exceed 2 years, or both.
 - (b) If the convicted person is the owner, the person may be required to forfeit any animal affected to the



1 county in which the person is convicted. This provision does not affect the interest of any secured party or other 2 person who has not participated in the offense.

- (c) For the purposes of this subsection (2), when more than one animal is subject to cruelty to animals, each act may comprise a separate offense.
 - (3) In addition to the sentence provided in subsection (2), the court:
- (a) shall require the defendant to pay all reasonable costs incurred in providing necessary veterinary attention and treatment for any animal affected, including reasonable costs of care incurred by a public or private animal control agency or humane animal treatment shelter;
 - (b) may require the defendant to pay all reasonable costs of necessary care of the affected animal that are incurred by a public or private animal control agency or humane animal treatment shelter; and
 - (c) shall prohibit or limit the defendant's ownership, possession, or custody of animals, as the court believes appropriate during the term of the sentence; and
 - (d) may, in a case of companion animal hoarding, order the convicted person to undergo a psychological or psychiatric evaluation and to undergo any treatment, at the person's expense, that the court considers appropriate after considering the results of the evaluation.
- 16 (4) This section does not prohibit:

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- 17 (a) a person humanely destroying an animal for just cause;
- 18 (b) the use of commonly accepted agricultural and livestock practices on livestock;
- (c) rodeo activities that meet humane standards of the professional rodeo cowboys association;
- 20 (d) lawful fishing, hunting, and trapping activities;
- 21 (e) lawful wildlife management practices;
- 22 (f) lawful scientific or agricultural research or teaching that involves the use of animals;
- 23 (g) services performed by a licensed veterinarian;
- 24 (h) lawful control of rodents and predators and other lawful animal damage control activities; or
- 25 (i) accepted training and discipline methods.
- 26 (5) As used in this section, the following definitions apply:
- 27 (a) (i) "Companion IT IS CONSIDERED "COMPANION animal hoarding" means IF ALL OF THE FOLLOWING
 28 ELEMENTS EXIST:
- 29 (i)(A) possession of 10 20 or more companion animals or household pets;
- 30 (ii)(B) failure or inability to provide the necessary care for the animals in violation of subsection (1)(c);



| 1 | (iii)(C) confining the animals in a severely overcrowded environment; and |
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| 2 | (iv)(D) inability to recognize or understand the nature of or having a reckless disregard for the conditions |
| 3 | under which the animals are living and the deleterious impact those conditions have on the health and well-being |
| 4 | of the animals and the owner. |
| 5 | (II) THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE PUREBRED ANIMAL BREEDING FACILITIES OR FACILITIES FOR ANIMALS RELATED |
| 6 | TO SANCTIONED ENDURANCE RACES. |
| 7 | (III) COMPANION ANIMAL HOARDING DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AGGRAVATED ANIMAL CRUELTY AS PROVIDED IN |
| 8 | <u>45-8-217.</u> |
| 9 | (b) "Companion animal or household pet" means a domesticated cat, dog, bird, ferret, rabbit, or other |
| 10 | domesticated animal normally maintained in the residence or on the property of the owner or person who cares |
| 11 | for the domesticated animal." |
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| 13 | NEW SECTION. Section 3. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an |
| 14 | integral part of Title 10, chapter 3, and the provisions of Title 10, chapter 3, apply to [section 1]. |
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| 16 | <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 4. Effective dates. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), [this act] is |
| 17 | effective on passage and approval. |
| 18 | (2) [Section 2] is effective October 1, 2007. |
| 19 | - END - |

