60th Legislature

1	SENATE BILL NO. 222
2	INTRODUCED BY ESP
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REQUIRING A REDUCTION IN SPEED OF AT LEAST 25 20 MILES
5	PER HOUR BELOW THE POSTED SPEED LIMIT IN CERTAIN SITUATIONS WHEN APPROACHING AN
6	EMERGENCY OR POLICE VEHICLE ON A PUBLIC HIGHWAY WITH A POSTED SPEED LIMIT OF 50 MILES
7	PER HOUR OR GREATER; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 61-8-346 AND 61-9-402, MCA."
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9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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11	Section 1. Section 61-8-346, MCA, is amended to read:
12	"61-8-346. Operation of vehicles on approach of authorized emergency vehicles or police vehicles
13	approaching stationary emergency vehicles or police vehicles. (1) Upon the immediate approach of an
14	authorized emergency vehicle making use of audible and visual signals meeting the requirements of 61-9-402
15	or of a police vehicle properly and lawfully making use of an audible signal only, the operator of every other
16	vehicle shall yield the right-of-way and shall immediately drive to a position parallel to, and as close as possible
17	to, the right-hand edge or curb of the roadway clear of any intersection and shall stop and remain in that position
18	until the authorized emergency vehicle or police vehicle has passed, except when otherwise directed by a police
19	officer or highway patrol officer.
20	(2) This section does not relieve the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle or police vehicle from
21	the duty to drive with due regard for the safety of all persons using the highway.
22	(3) Except as provided in subsection (4), Upon upon approaching a stationary authorized emergency
23	vehicle or police vehicle that is displaying visible signals of flashing or rotating amber, blue, red, or green lights,
24	the operator of the approaching vehicle shall:
25	(a) reduce the vehicle's speed, proceed with caution, and, if possible considering safety and traffic
26	conditions, move to a lane that is not adjacent to the lane in which the authorized emergency vehicle or police
27	vehicle is located or move as far away from the authorized emergency vehicle or police vehicle as possible; or
28	(b) if changing lanes is not possible or is determined to be unsafe, reduce the vehicle's speed, proceed
29	with caution, and maintain a reduced speed, appropriate to the road and the conditions, through the area where
30	the authorized emergency vehicle or police vehicle is stopped.
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1	(4) Upon approaching a stationary authorized emergency vehicle or police vehicle that is displaying
2	visible signals of flashing or rotating amber, blue, red, or green lights on a public highway with a posted speed
3	limit of 50 miles per hour or greater, WHEN DRIVING IN A LANE THAT IS DIRECTLY NEXT TO THE EMERGENCY VEHICLE OR
4	POLICE VEHICLE, the operator of the approaching vehicle shall: REDUCE THE VEHICLE'S SPEED BY AT LEAST 20 MILES
5	PER HOUR BELOW THE POSTED SPEED LIMIT.
6	(a) reduce the vehicle's speed by at least 25 miles per hour below the posted speed limit, proceed with
7	caution, and, if possible considering safety and traffic conditions, move to a lane that is not adjacent to the lane
8	in which the authorized emergency vehicle or police vehicle is located or move as far away from the authorized
9	emergency vehicle or police vehicle as possible; or
10	(b) if changing lanes is not possible or is determined to be unsafe, reduce the vehicle's speed by at least
11	25 miles per hour below the posted speed limit, proceed with caution, and maintain a reduced speed by at least
12	25 miles per hour below the posted speed limit, appropriate to the road and the conditions, through the area
13	where the authorized emergency vehicle or police vehicle is stopped."
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15	Section 2. Section 61-9-402, MCA, is amended to read:
16	"61-9-402. Audible and visual signals on police, emergency vehicles, and on-scene command
17	vehicles immunity. (1) A police vehicle must be equipped with a siren capable of giving an audible signal and
18	may be equipped with alternately flashing or rotating red or blue lights as specified in this section.
19	(2) An authorized emergency vehicle must be equipped:
20	(a) with a siren and an alternately flashing or rotating red light as specified in this section; and
21	(b) with signal lamps mounted as high and as widely spaced laterally as practicable that are capable of
22	displaying to the front two alternately flashing red lights located at the same level and to the rear two alternately
23	flashing red lights located at the same level. These lights must have sufficient intensity to be visible at 500 feet
24	in normal sunlight.
25	(3) A bus used for the transportation of school children must be equipped with signal lamps mounted
26	as high and as widely spaced laterally as practicable, displaying to the front two red and two amber alternating
27	flashing lights and to the rear two red and two amber alternating flashing lights. These lights must have sufficient
28	intensity to be visible at 500 feet in normal sunlight. The warning lights must be as prescribed by the board of
29	public education and approved by the department.
30	(4) A police vehicle and an authorized emergency vehicle may, and an emergency service vehicle must,
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1 be equipped with alternately flashing or rotating amber lights as specified in this section.

(5) The use of signal equipment as described in this section imposes upon the operators of other
vehicles the obligation to yield right-of-way or to stop and to proceed past the signal or light only with caution and
at a speed that is no greater than is reasonable and proper under the conditions existing at the point of operation
as provided in 61-8-346 and subject to the provisions of 61-8-209 and 61-8-303.

6 (6) An employee, agent, or representative of the state or a political subdivision of the state or of a fire 7 department who is operating a police vehicle, an authorized emergency vehicle, or an emergency service vehicle 8 and using signal equipment in rendering assistance at a highway crash scene or in response to any other hazard 9 on the roadway that presents an immediate hazard or an emergency or life-threatening situation is not liable, 10 except for willful misconduct, bad faith, or gross negligence, for injuries, costs, damages, expenses, or other 11 liabilities resulting from a motorist operating a vehicle in violation of subsection (5).

12 (7) Blue, red, and amber lights required in this section must be mounted as high as and as widely spaced 13 laterally as practicable and capable of displaying to the front two alternately flashing lights of the specified color 14 located at the same level and to the rear two alternately flashing lights of the specified color located at the same 15 level or one rotating light of the specified color, mounted as high as is practicable and visible from both the front 16 and the rear. These lights must have sufficient intensity to be visible at 500 feet in normal sunlight. Except as 17 provided in 61-9-204(6), only police vehicles as defined in 61-8-102 may display blue lights, lenses, or globes. 18 (8) A police vehicle and authorized emergency vehicle may be equipped with a flashing signal lamp that 19 is green in color, visible from 360 degrees, and attached to the exterior roof of the vehicle for purposes of 20 designation as the on-scene command and control vehicle in an emergency or disaster. The green light must 21 have sufficient intensity to be visible at 500 feet in normal sunlight. Only the on-scene command and control

22 vehicle may display green lights, lenses, or globes.

(9) Only a police vehicle or an authorized emergency vehicle may be equipped with the means to flash
or alternate its headlamps or its backup lights.

(10) A violation of subsection (5) is considered reckless endangerment of a highway worker, as provided
 in 61-8-301(4), and is punishable as provided in 61-8-715."

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