

**Cross-References**

Disability insurance — freedom of choice in selection of practitioners, 33-22-111.  
Dentist participation as provider through health maintenance organization, 33-31-305.

**33-22-1707. Rules.** The commissioner may adopt rules necessary to implement the provisions of this part.

**History:** En. Sec. 7, Ch. 638, L. 1987; amd. Sec. 2, Ch. 413, L. 1997.

**Cross-References**

Adoption and publication of rules, Title 2, ch. 4, part 3.

**Part 18**  
**Small Employer Health Insurance**  
**Availability Act**

**33-22-1801. Short title.** This part may be cited as the "Small Employer Health Insurance Availability Act".

**History:** En. Sec. 22, Ch. 606, L. 1993.

**33-22-1802. Purpose.** (1) This part must be interpreted and construed to effectuate the following express legislative purposes:

- (a) to promote the availability of health insurance coverage to small employers regardless of health status or claims experience;
- (b) to prevent abusive rating practices;
- (c) to require disclosure of rating practices to purchasers;
- (d) to establish rules regarding renewability of coverage;
- (e) to establish limitations on the use of preexisting condition exclusions;
- (f) to provide for the development of basic and standard health benefit plans to be offered to all small employers;
- (g) to provide for the establishment of a reinsurance program; and
- (h) to improve the overall fairness and efficiency of the small employer health insurance market.

(2) This part is not intended to provide a comprehensive solution to the problem of affordability of health care or health insurance.

**History:** En. Sec. 23, Ch. 606, L. 1993.

**33-22-1803. Definitions.** As used in this part, the following definitions apply:

(1) "Actuarial certification" means a written statement by a member of the American academy of actuaries or other individual acceptable to the commissioner that a small employer carrier is in compliance with the provisions of 33-22-1809, based upon the person's examination, including a review of the appropriate records and of the actuarial assumptions and methods used by the small employer carrier in establishing premium rates for applicable health benefit plans.

(2) "Affiliate" or "affiliated" means any entity or person who directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with a specified entity or person.

(3) "Assessable carrier" means all carriers of disability insurance, including excess of loss and stop loss disability insurance.

(4) "Base premium rate" means, for each class of business as to a rating period, the lowest premium rate charged or that could have been charged under the rating system for that class of business by the small employer carrier to small employers with similar case characteristics for health benefit plans with the same or similar coverage.

(5) "Basic health benefit plan" means a health benefit plan, except a uniform health benefit plan, developed by a small employer carrier, that has a lower benefit value than the small employer carrier's standard benefit plan and that provides the benefits required by 33-22-1827.

(6) "Benefit value" means a numerical value based on the expected dollar value of benefits payable to an insured under a health benefit plan. The benefit value must be calculated by the small employer carrier using an actuarially based method and must take into account all health care expenses covered by the health benefit plan and all cost-sharing features of the health benefit plan, including deductibles, coinsurance, copayments, and the insured individual's

maximum out-of-pocket expenses. The benefit value must apply equally to indemnity-type health benefit plans and to managed care health benefit plans, including health maintenance organization-type plans.

(7) "Bona fide association" means an association that:

(a) has been actively in existence for at least 5 years;

(b) was formed and has been maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining insurance;

(c) does not condition membership in the association on a health status-related factor relating to an individual, including an employee of an employer or a dependent of an employee;

(d) makes health insurance coverage offered through the association available to a member regardless of a health status-related factor relating to the member or an individual eligible for coverage through a member; and

(e) does not make health insurance coverage offered through the association available other than in connection with a member of the association.

(8) "Carrier" means any person who provides a health benefit plan in this state subject to state insurance regulation. The term includes but is not limited to an insurance company, a fraternal benefit society, a health service corporation, and a health maintenance organization. For purposes of this part, companies that are affiliated companies or that are eligible to file a consolidated tax return must be treated as one carrier, except that the following may be considered as separate carriers:

(a) an insurance company or health service corporation that is an affiliate of a health maintenance organization located in this state;

(b) a health maintenance organization located in this state that is an affiliate of an insurance company or health service corporation; or

(c) a health maintenance organization that operates only one health maintenance organization in an established geographic service area of this state.

(9) "Case characteristics" means demographic or other objective characteristics of a small employer that are considered by the small employer carrier in the determination of premium rates for the small employer, provided that gender, claims experience, health status, and duration of coverage are not case characteristics for purposes of this part.

(10) "Class of business" means all or a separate grouping of small employers established pursuant to 33-22-1808.

(11) "Dependent" means:

(a) a spouse or an unmarried child under 19 years of age;

(b) an unmarried child, under 23 years of age, who is a full-time student and who is financially dependent on the insured;

(c) a child of any age who is disabled and dependent upon the parent as provided in 33-22-506 and 33-30-1003; or

(d) any other individual defined as a dependent in the health benefit plan covering the employee.

(12) (a) "Eligible employee" means an employee who works on a full-time basis with a normal workweek of 30 hours or more, except that at the sole discretion of the employer, the term may include an employee who works on a full-time basis with a normal workweek of between 20 and 40 hours as long as this eligibility criteria is applied uniformly among all of the employer's employees. The term includes a sole proprietor, a partner of a partnership, and an independent contractor if the sole proprietor, partner, or independent contractor is included as an employee under a health benefit plan of a small employer. The term also includes those persons eligible for coverage under 2-18-704.

(b) The term does not include an employee who works on a part-time, temporary, or substitute basis.

(13) "Established geographic service area" means a geographic area, as approved by the commissioner and based on the carrier's certificate of authority to transact insurance in this state, within which the carrier is authorized to provide coverage.

(14) "Health benefit plan" means any hospital or medical policy or certificate providing for physical and mental health care issued by an insurance company, a fraternal benefit society, or a

health service corporation or issued under a health maintenance organization subscriber contract. Health benefit plan does not include coverage of excepted benefits, as defined in 33-22-140, if coverage is provided under a separate policy, certificate, or contract of insurance.

(15) "Index rate" means, for each class of business for a rating period for small employers with similar case characteristics, the average of the applicable base premium rate and the corresponding highest premium rate.

(16) "New business premium rate" means, for each class of business for a rating period, the lowest premium rate charged or offered or that could have been charged or offered by the small employer carrier to small employers with similar case characteristics for newly issued health benefit plans with the same or similar coverage.

(17) "Premium" means all money paid by a small employer and eligible employees as a condition of receiving coverage from a small employer carrier, including any fees or other contributions associated with the health benefit plan.

(18) "Rating period" means the calendar period for which premium rates established by a small employer carrier are assumed to be in effect.

(19) "Restricted network provision" means a provision of a health benefit plan that conditions the payment of benefits, in whole or in part, on the use of health care providers that have entered into a contractual arrangement with the carrier pursuant to Title 33, chapter 22, part 17, or Title 33, chapter 31, to provide health care services to covered individuals.

(20) "Small employer" means a person, firm, corporation, partnership, or bona fide association that is actively engaged in business and that, with respect to a calendar year and a plan year, employed at least two but not more than 50 eligible employees during the preceding calendar year and employed at least two employees on the first day of the plan year. In the case of an employer that was not in existence throughout the preceding calendar year, the determination of whether the employer is a small or large employer must be based on the average number of employees reasonably expected to be employed by the employer in the current calendar year. In determining the number of eligible employees, companies are considered one employer if they:

- (a) are affiliated companies;
- (b) are eligible to file a combined tax return for purposes of state taxation; or
- (c) are members of a bona fide association.

(21) "Small employer carrier" means a carrier that offers health benefit plans that cover eligible employees of one or more small employers in this state.

(22) "Standard health benefit plan" means a health benefit plan that is developed by a small employer carrier and that contains the provisions required pursuant to 33-22-1828.

History: En. Sec. 24, Ch. 606, L. 1993; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 377, L. 1995; amd. Sec. 65, Ch. 379, L. 1995; amd. Sec. 21, Ch. 416, L. 1997; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 103, L. 1999; amd. Sec. 47, Ch. 472, L. 1999; amd. Sec. 36, Ch. 469, L. 2005.

#### Compiler's Comments

*2005 Amendment:* Chapter 469 in definition of health benefit plan near middle of second sentence after "benefits" inserted "as defined in 33-22-140"; and made minor changes in style. Amendment effective October 1, 2005.

**33-22-1804. Applicability and scope.** (1) This part applies to a health benefit plan marketed through a small employer that provides coverage to the employees of a small employer in this state if any of the following conditions are met:

- (a) a portion of the premium or benefits is paid by or on behalf of the small employer;
- (b) an eligible employee or dependent is reimbursed, whether through wage adjustments or otherwise, by or on behalf of the small employer for any portion of the premium;
- (c) the health benefit plan is treated by the employer or any of the eligible employees or dependents as part of a plan or program for the purposes of section 106, 125, or 162 of the Internal Revenue Code, except a plan or program that is funded entirely by contributions from the employees; or
- (d) all of the premium is paid by the employee who obtains coverage through the employer's group health benefit plan.

(2) This part does not apply to an individual health benefit plan for which the entire premium is paid by an employee through payroll deduction or other means.

(3) Unless prohibited by a written opinion from a federal agency, by final regulations implementing Public Law 104-191, or by a ruling by a court of competent jurisdiction, this part does not apply to an individual health benefit plan if the eligible employee or dependent is directly or indirectly reimbursed, whether through wage adjustments or otherwise, by or on behalf of the small employer for any portion of the premium. However, this part does apply to an individual health benefit plan if the employer making the direct or indirect reimbursement for any portion of the premium has had in place an employer-sponsored group health benefit plan in the 12 months preceding the reimbursement.

History: En. Sec. 25, Ch. 606, L. 1993; amd. Sec. 2, Ch. 377, L. 1995; amd. Sec. 22, Ch. 416, L. 1997; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 403, L. 1999.

**33-22-1805 through 33-22-1807 reserved.**

**33-22-1808. Establishment of classes of business.** (1) A small employer carrier may establish a separate class of business only to reflect substantial differences in expected claims experience or administrative costs that are related to the following reasons:

(a) The small employer carrier uses more than one type of system for the marketing and sale of health benefit plans to small employers.

(b) The small employer carrier has acquired a class of business from another small employer carrier.

(c) The small employer carrier provides coverage to one or more association groups that meet the requirements of 33-22-501(2).

(2) A small employer carrier may establish up to nine separate classes of business under subsection (1).

(3) The commissioner shall adopt rules to provide for a period of transition in order for a small employer carrier to come into compliance with subsection (2) in the case of acquisition of an additional class of business from another small employer carrier.

(4) The commissioner may approve the establishment of additional classes of business upon application to the commissioner and a finding by the commissioner that the action would enhance the fairness and efficiency of the small employer health insurance market.

History: En. Sec. 26, Ch. 606, L. 1993.

**33-22-1809. Restrictions relating to premium rates.** (1) Premium rates for health benefit plans under this part are subject to the following provisions:

(a) The index rate for a rating period for any class of business may not exceed the index rate for any other class of business by more than 20%.

(b) For each class of business, the premium rates charged during a rating period to small employers with similar case characteristics for the same or similar coverage or the rates that could be charged to the employer under the rating system for that class of business may not vary from the index rate by more than 25% of the index rate.

(c) The percentage increase in the premium rate charged to a small employer for a new rating period may not exceed the sum of the following:

(i) the percentage change in the new business premium rate measured from the first day of the prior rating period to the first day of the new rating period; in the case of a health benefit plan into which the small employer carrier is no longer enrolling new small employers, the small employer carrier shall use the percentage change in the base premium rate, provided that the change does not exceed, on a percentage basis, the change in the new business premium rate for the most similar health benefit plan into which the small employer carrier is actively enrolling new small employers;

(ii) any adjustment, not to exceed 15% annually and adjusted pro rata for rating periods of less than 1 year, because of the claims experience, health status, or duration of coverage of the employees or dependents of the small employer, as determined from the small employer carrier's rate manual for the class of business; and

(iii) any adjustment because of a change in coverage or a change in the case characteristics of the small employer, as determined from the small employer carrier's rate manual for the class of business.

- (d) Adjustments in rates for claims experience, health status, and duration of coverage may not be charged to individual employees or dependents. Any adjustment must be applied uniformly to the rates charged for all employees and dependents of the small employer.
- (e) If a small employer carrier uses industry as a case characteristic in establishing premium rates, the rate factor associated with any industry classification may not vary from the average of the rate factors associated with all industry classifications by more than 15% of that coverage.
- (f) A small employer carrier shall:
- (i) apply rating factors, including case characteristics, consistently with respect to all small employers in a class of business. Rating factors must produce premiums for identical groups that differ only by the amounts attributable to plan design and that do not reflect differences because of the nature of the groups. Differences among base premium rates may not be based in any way on the actual or expected health status or claims experience of the small employer groups that choose or are expected to choose a particular health benefit plan.
  - (ii) treat all health benefit plans issued or renewed in the same calendar month as having the same rating period.
- (g) For the purposes of this subsection (1), a health benefit plan that includes a restricted network provision may not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not include a restricted network provision.
- (2) A small employer carrier may not transfer a small employer involuntarily into or out of a class of business. A small employer carrier may not offer to transfer a small employer into or out of a class of business unless the offer is made to transfer all small employers in the class of business without regard to case characteristics, claims experience, health status, or duration of coverage since the insurance was issued.
- (3) The commissioner may suspend for a specified period the application of subsection (1)(a) for the premium rates applicable to one or more small employers included within a class of business of a small employer carrier for one or more rating periods upon a filing by the small employer carrier and a finding by the commissioner either that the suspension is reasonable in light of the financial condition of the small employer carrier or that the suspension would enhance the fairness and efficiency of the small employer health insurance market.
- (4) In connection with the offering for sale of any health benefit plan to a small employer, a small employer carrier shall make a reasonable disclosure, as part of its solicitation and sales materials, of each of the following:
- (a) the extent to which premium rates for a specified small employer are established or adjusted based upon the actual or expected variation in claims costs or upon the actual or expected variation in health status of the employees of small employers and the employees' dependents;
  - (b) the provisions of the health benefit plan concerning the small employer carrier's right to change premium rates and the factors, other than claims experience, that affect changes in premium rates;
  - (c) the provisions relating to renewability of policies and contracts; and
  - (d) the provisions relating to any preexisting condition.
- (5) (a) Each small employer carrier shall maintain at its principal place of business a complete and detailed description of its rating practices and renewal underwriting practices, including information and documentation that demonstrate that its rating methods and practices are based upon commonly accepted actuarial assumptions and are in accordance with sound actuarial principles.
- (b) Each small employer carrier shall file with the commissioner annually, on or before March 15, an actuarial certification certifying that the carrier is in compliance with this part and that the rating methods of the small employer carrier are actuarially sound. The actuarial certification must be in a form and manner and must contain information as specified by the commissioner. A copy of the actuarial certification must be retained by the small employer carrier at its principal place of business.
- (c) A small employer carrier shall make the information and documentation described in subsection (5)(a) available to the commissioner upon request. Except in cases of violations of the

provisions of this part and except as agreed to by the small employer carrier or as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction, the information must be considered proprietary and trade secret information and is not subject to disclosure by the commissioner to persons outside of the department.

(6) The commissioner may not require prior approval of the rating methods used by small employer carriers or the premium rates of the health benefit plans offered to small employers.

History: En. Sec. 27, Ch. 606, L. 1993; amd. Sec. 3, Ch. 377, L. 1995; amd. Sec. 9, Ch. 378, L. 1995; amd. Sec. 23, Ch. 416, L. 1997; amd. Sec. 48, Ch. 472, L. 1999.

**33-22-1810. Renewability of coverage.** (1) A health benefit plan subject to the provisions of this part is renewable with respect to all eligible employees or their dependents, at the option of the small employer, except in any of the following cases:

- (a) nonpayment of the required premium;
- (b) fraud or misrepresentation of the small employer or with respect to coverage of individual insureds or their representatives;
- (c) noncompliance with the carrier's minimum participation requirements;
- (d) noncompliance with the carrier's employer contribution requirements;
- (e) repeated misuse of a restricted network provision;
- (f) election by the small employer carrier to not renew all of its health benefit plans delivered or issued for delivery to small employers in this state, in which case the small employer carrier shall:

(i) provide advance notice of this decision under this subsection (1)(f) to the commissioner in each state in which it is licensed; and

(ii) at least 180 days prior to the nonrenewal of all small employer health benefit plans by the carrier, provide notice of the decision not to renew coverage to all affected small employers and to the commissioner in each state in which an affected insured individual is known to reside. Notice to the commissioner under this subsection (1)(f) must be provided at least 3 working days prior to the notice to the affected small employers.

(g) the commissioner finds that the continuation of the coverage would:

(i) not be in the best interests of the policyholders or certificate holders; or

(ii) impair the carrier's ability to meet its contractual obligations.

(2) If the commissioner makes a finding under subsection (1)(g), the commissioner shall assist affected small employers in finding replacement coverage.

(3) (a) A small employer carrier that elects not to renew all of its health benefit plans under subsection (1)(f) is prohibited from writing new business in the small employer market in this state for a period of 5 years from the date of notice to the commissioner.

(b) The provisions of 33-22-524(3) apply to a small employer carrier that elects to renew only a portion, but not all, of its small employer health benefit plans.

(4) In the case of a small employer carrier doing business in one established geographic service area of the state, the rules set forth in this section apply only to the carrier's operations in that service area.

History: En. Sec. 28, Ch. 606, L. 1993; amd. Sec. 61, Ch. 227, L. 2001.

**33-22-1811. Availability of coverage — required plans.** (1) (a) As a condition of transacting business in this state with small employers, each small employer carrier must have approved for issuance to small employer groups at least two health benefit plans. One plan must be a basic health benefit plan, and one plan must be a standard health benefit plan.

(b) (i) A small employer carrier shall issue all plans marketed under this part to any eligible small employer that applies for a plan and agrees to make the required premium payments and to satisfy the other reasonable provisions of the health benefit plan not inconsistent with this part.

(ii) In the case of a small employer carrier that establishes more than one class of business pursuant to 33-22-1808, the small employer carrier shall maintain and offer to eligible small employers all plans marketed under this part in each established class of business. A small employer carrier may apply reasonable criteria in determining whether to accept a small employer into a class of business, provided that: