1	HOUSE BILL NO. 166
2	INTRODUCED BY J. ESP
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING WEED CONTROL LAWS; REQUIRING
5	COUNTY APPROVAL OF WEED MANAGEMENT PLANS; CLARIFYING DUTY OF SELLER OR SELLER'S
6	AGENT A PROPERTY OWNER TO INFORM PROPERTY BUYER THE OWNER'S AGENT AND THE
7	PURCHASER OF WEED INFESTATIONS AND MANAGEMENT; REVISING FUNDING OPTIONS; AMENDING
8	SECTIONS 7-4-2711, 7-22-2103, 7-22-2109, 7-22-2116, 7-22-2120, 7-22-2121, 7-22-2126, 7-22-2141,
9	7-22-2142, 7-22-2153, AND 80-7-814, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
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11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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13	Section 1. Section 7-4-2711, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"7-4-2711. County attorney to be legal adviser of county and other subdivisions. (1) The county
15	attorney is the legal adviser of the board of county commissioners. The county attorney shall attend their meetings
16	when required and shall attend and oppose all claims and accounts against the county that are unjust or illegal
17	The county attorney shall defend all suits brought against the county.
18	(2) The county attorney shall:
19	(a) give, when required and without fee, an opinion in writing to the county, district, and township officers
20	on matters relating to the duties of their respective offices;
21	(b) act as counsel, without fee, for fire districts and fire service areas in unincorporated territories, towns
22	or villages within the county;
23	(c) when requested by a conservation district pursuant to 76-15-319, act as counsel, without fee;
24	(d) when requested by a weed district pursuant to 7-22-2103 7-22-2109, act as counsel, without fee; and
25	(e) when requested by a county hospital board pursuant to 7-34-2115, act as counsel, without fee, unless
26	the legal action requested involves the county commissioners."
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28	Section 2. Section 7-22-2103, MCA, is amended to read:
29	"7-22-2103. District weed board appointment commissioner powers. (1) The commissioners
30	shall appoint a district weed board subject to the provisions of 7-1-201 through 7-1-203.

1 (2) Upon a recommendation from the weed board, the commissioners may appoint a weed coordinator. 2 (3) The commissioners shall approve, approve with revisions, or reject a weed management plan 3 submitted pursuant to 7-22-2121. 4 (2) The board may call upon the county attorney for legal advice and services as it may require." 5 6 Section 3. Section 7-22-2109, MCA, is amended to read: 7 "7-22-2109. Powers and duties of board -- use of inmates in county jail work program. (1) In 8 addition to any powers or duties established in the resolution creating a district weed board, the board may: 9 (a) employ supervise a coordinator and other employees as necessary and provide for their 10 compensation; 11 (b) purchase chemicals, materials, and equipment and pay other operational costs that it determines 12 necessary for implementing an effective noxious weed management program. The costs must be paid from the 13 noxious weed fund. 14 (c) determine what chemicals, materials, or equipment may be made available to persons controlling 15 weeds on their own land. The cost for the chemicals, materials, or equipment must be paid by the person and 16 collected as provided in this part. 17 (d) enter into agreements with the department for the control and eradication of any new exotic plant 18 species not previously established in the state that may render land unfit for agriculture, forestry, livestock, 19 wildlife, or other beneficial use if the plant species spreads or threatens to spread into the state; 20 (e) enter into agreements with the county sheriff for the use of inmate labor for weed management under 21 this part through a county jail work program that is authorized under 7-32-2225 through 7-32-2227; 22 (f)(e) enter into cost-share agreements for noxious weed management; (g)(f) enter into agreements with commercial applicators, as defined in 80-8-102, for the control of 23 24 noxious weeds; 25 (g) request legal advice and services from the county attorney; and 26 (h) perform other activities relating to weed management. 27 (2) The board shall: 28 (a) administer the district's noxious weed management program; 29 (b) establish management criteria for noxious weeds on all land within the district; and

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(c) make all reasonable efforts to develop and implement a noxious weed management program

1 covering all land within the district owned or administered by a federal agency."

Section 4. Section 7-22-2116, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-22-2116. Unlawful to permit noxious weeds to propagate -- notice required in sale. (1) It is unlawful for any person to permit any noxious weed to propagate or go to seed on the person's land, except that any person who adheres to the noxious weed management program of the person's weed management district or who has entered into and is in compliance with a noxious weed management agreement is considered to be in compliance with this section.

- (2) When property is offered for sale, the person who owns the property seller or the seller's agent PERSON WHO OWNS THE PROPERTY shall notify the owner's agent and THE OWNER'S AGENT AND the purchaser or the purchaser's agent of:
 - (a) the existence of noxious weeds weed infestations on the property offered for sale; and
- (b) the seller's compliance with EXISTENCE OF a noxious weed management program or a noxious weed management agreement as provided in subsection (1)."

Section 5. Section 7-22-2120, MCA, is amended to read:

- "7-22-2120. Funding -- reporting requirements -- emergency exemption. (1) (a) Before a district is eligible to receive from applies to the state for any state funding or federal funding, the district shall provide the department with a comprehensive weed management plan, as provided in 7-22-2121, and with a copy of the resolution creating the board.
- (b) Upon receipt of the district's comprehensive weed management plan by the department, the district may apply for and receive state funding.
- (c)(b) A After the initial submission of the weed management plan, the district's comprehensive weed management plan must be updated and submitted to the department every 2 years.
- (d)(c) The department may adopt rules and procedures necessary to implement this section. The rules may not impair the ability of the district to meet its responsibilities.
- (2) The department may exempt a district from the requirements of subsection (1) if a noxious weed emergency is declared by the governor as provided in 80-7-815."

Section 6. Section 7-22-2121, MCA, is amended to read:



"7-22-2121. Weed management program. (1) The noxious weed management program must be based on a plan approved by the board <u>and the commissioners</u>.

(2) The noxious weed management plan must:

- (a) specify the goals and priorities of the program;
- (b) review the distribution and abundance of each noxious weed species known to occur within the district and specify the locations of new infestations and areas particularly susceptible to new infestations;
- (c) specify pesticide management goals and procedures, including but not limited to water quality protection, public and worker safety, equipment selection and maintenance, and pesticide selection, application, mixing, loading, storage, and disposal; and
 - (d) estimate the personnel, operations, and equipment costs of the proposed program;
- 11 (e) develop a compliance plan or strategy; and
- 12 (f) incorporate cooperative agreements established pursuant to 7-22-2151.
 - (3) The board shall provide for the management of noxious weeds on all land or rights-of-way owned or controlled by a county or municipality within the confines of the district. It shall take particular precautions while managing the noxious weeds to preserve beneficial vegetation and wildlife habitat. Where at all When possible, methods for such control shall management must include cultural, chemical, and biological methods.
 - (4) The board may establish special management zones within the district. The management criteria in such those zones may be more or less stringent than the general management criteria for the district."

Section 7. Section 7-22-2126, MCA, is amended to read:

- **"7-22-2126. Embargo.** (1) The board may establish embargo programs to reduce the spread of noxious weeds within the district or the introduction of noxious weeds into the district.
- (2) The board shall establish a special embargo program for the movement of forage, as defined in 80-7-903, into or out of the county. The board may implement an embargo upon confirmation of a violation, based upon complaint investigations, requests for investigation by the department, or through county investigations, if the forage has not been certified by the state and is being sold as noxious weed seed free, as defined in 80-7-903.
- (3) A person in possession of the forage that is not in compliance with Title 80, chapter 7, part 9, may not move transport or dispose of the forage as noxious weed seed free that is subject to embargo until written permission is obtained from the board. If the forage that is subject to embargo is found to have met all of meets



1 the requirements of the state certification program and the department verifies compliance with the program, the

- board shall release the embargo. The board may also release the forage may also be released if the board under
 the following conditions:
 - (a) verification of verifies the guaranteed delivery back to the original producer, as defined in 80-7-903;
 - (b) approves burning or disposal of the forage in a manner acceptable to the board; or
 - (c) <u>approves</u> other alternatives approved by the board.
 - (4) The board shall report all embargoes issued and the final resolution of an embargo imposed pursuant to a violation of Title 80, chapter 7, part 9, to the department within 48 hours.
 - (5) The person in possession of forage subject to embargo shall comply with the conditions approved by the board within 30 days. If resolution is not accomplished, the board may condemn the forage and implement through its employees any of the conditions set forth in this section. If the board proceeds with correction of these conditions after 30 days, all actual expenses incurred and documented by the board are payable by the producer unless the person in possession of the forage also has an interest in the forage."

- **Section 8.** Section 7-22-2141, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-22-2141. Noxious weed fund authorized. (1) The commissioners of each county in this state shall create a noxious weed management fund, to be designated the "noxious weed fund" to be used only for purposes authorized by this part.
- (2) This fund shall be kept separate and distinct by the county treasurer The fund must be maintained by the county treasurer in accordance with 7-6-2111."

- **Section 9.** Section 7-22-2142, MCA, is amended to read:
- "7-22-2142. Sources of money for noxious weed fund. (1) The commissioners may provide sufficient money in the noxious weed fund for the board to fulfill its duties, as specified in 7-22-2109, by:
- (a) appropriating money from the general fund of the county any source in an amount of not less than \$100,000 or an amount equivalent to 1.6 mills levied upon the taxable value of all property; and
- (b) subject to 15-10-420 and at any time fixed by law for levy and assessment of taxes, levying a tax of not less than 1.6 mills on the taxable value of all taxable property in the county-or by contributing an equivalent amount from another source of not less than the amount received from all county sources in fiscal year 2000 or, for first-class counties, as defined in 7-1-2111, the greater of the amount received from all county sources in fiscal



1 year 2000 or \$100,000. The tax levied under this subsection must be identified on the assessment as the tax that
2 will be used for noxious weed control.

- (2) The proceeds of the noxious weed control tax or other contribution must be used solely for the purpose of managing noxious weeds in the county and must be deposited in the noxious weed fund.
- (3) Any proceeds from work or chemical sales must revert to the noxious weed fund and must be available for reuse within that fiscal year or any subsequent year.
- (4) The commissioners may accept any private, state, or federal gifts, grants, contracts, or other funds to aid in the management of noxious weeds within the district. These funds must be placed in the noxious weed fund.
- (5) The Subject to 15-10-420, the commissioners may impose a tax for weed control within a special management zone as provided in 7-22-2121(4). For the purposes of imposing the tax, the special management zone boundaries must be established by the board and approved by a majority of the voters within the special management zone. The Pursuant to an election held in accordance with 15-10-425, the amount of the tax must be approved by a majority of the voters within the special management zone, and approval of the zone and the tax may occur simultaneously. Revenue received from a special management zone tax must be spent on weed management projects within the boundaries of the special management zone."

Section 10. Section 7-22-2153, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-22-2153. Voluntary agreements Agreements for control of noxious weeds along roads -liability of landowner who objects to weed district control measures -- penalties. (1) Any person may
voluntarily seek to enter into an agreement for the management of noxious weeds along a state or county
highway or road bordering or running through the person's land. The coordinator may draft a voluntary agreement
upon the request of and in cooperation with the person. However, the agreement must, in the board's judgment,
provide for effective weed management. The board may enter into an agreement with a landowner that allows
the landowner to manage noxious weeds along a state or county highway or road that borders or bisects the
landowner's property.

- (2) The weed management agreement must be signed by the person landowner and, upon approval of the board, by the board's presiding officer. An agreement involving a state highway right-of-way must also be signed by a representative of the department of transportation.
 - (2)(3) The agreement must contain a statement disclaiming any liability of the board and, if applicable,



the department of transportation for any injuries or losses suffered by the person landowner or anyone acting on
behalf of the landowner in managing noxious weeds on the state or county highway right-of-way pursuant to the
agreement. The signed agreement transfers responsibility for managing noxious weeds on the specified section
of right-of-way from the board to the person signing the agreement landowner who signed the agreement.

- (4) If the board later finds that the person landowner has failed to adhere to violates the agreement, the board shall issue an order informing the person landowner that the agreement will be void and that responsibility for the management of noxious weeds on the right-of-way will revert to the board unless the person landowner complies with the provisions of the agreement within a specified time period.
- (3)(5) (a) If a person landowner objects to weed control measures bordering a state or county highway right-of-way along a state or county highway or road that borders or bisects the landowner's property and does not enter a voluntary into an agreement pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) this section and if the board finds that the person has failed to provide alternative weed control, the board shall issue an order informing the person landowner that the management of noxious weeds on the right-of-way will be undertaken by the board unless the person landowner provides to the board an acceptable plan of alternative weed control within 30 days.
- (b) A person who does not provide alternative weed control within the time specified in subsection (3)(a) is guilty of Failing to provide alternative weed control pursuant to subsection (5)(a) is a misdemeanor. and, upon conviction, upon conviction, an offender shall be sentenced pursuant to 46-18-212 and assessed the costs of weed control provided by the board. A second or subsequent conviction is punishable by a fine of not less than \$500 or more than \$2,000, plus the costs of weed control provided by the board."

Section 11. Section 80-7-814, MCA, is amended to read:

- **"80-7-814. Administration and expenditure of funds.** (1) The provisions of this section constitute the noxious weed management program.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in subsection (2)(b), money deposited in the noxious weed management trust fund may not be committed or expended until the principal reaches \$10 million.
- (b) In the case of a noxious weed emergency, as provided in 80-7-815, a vote of three-fourths of the members of each house of the legislature may appropriate principal from the trust fund.
- (c) Interest or revenue generated by the trust fund, excluding unrealized gains and losses, must be deposited in the noxious weed management special revenue fund and may be expended for noxious weed management projects before the principal of the noxious weed management trust reaches \$10 million with a



1 majority vote of each house of the legislature.

- (d) Any grant funds, regardless of the time at which the grant was awarded, that are not fully expended upon termination of the contract or an extension of the contract, not to exceed 1 year, must revert to the department. The department shall deposit any reverted funds into the noxious weed management trust fund as principal.
- (3) The principal of the noxious weed management trust fund in excess of \$10 million may be appropriated by a majority vote of each house of the legislature. Appropriations of the principal in excess of \$10 million may be used only to fund the noxious weed management program.
- (4) The department may expend funds under this section through grants or contracts to communities, weed management districts, or other entities that it considers appropriate for noxious weed management projects.
 A project is eligible to receive funds only if the county in which the project occurs has funded its own weed management program with using one of the following methods, whichever is less:
- (a) a levy in levying an amount of not less than 1.6 mills or an equivalent amount from another source; or
- (b) by appropriating an amount of not less than \$100,000 for first-class counties, as defined in 7-1-2111 from any source.
- (5) The department may expend funds without the restrictions specified in subsection (4) for the following:
- (a) employment of a new and innovative noxious weed management project or the development, implementation, or demonstration of any noxious weed management project that may be proposed, implemented, or established by local, state, or national organizations, whether public or private. The expenditures must be on a cost-share basis with the organizations.
 - (b) cost-share noxious weed management programs with local weed management districts;
- (c) special grants to local weed management districts to eradicate or contain significant noxious weeds newly introduced into the county. These grants may be issued without matching funds from the district.
- (d) administrative expenses of the department for managing the noxious weed management program and other provisions of this part. The cost of administering the program may not exceed 12% of the total program expenses.
 - (e) administrative expenses incurred by the noxious weed management advisory council;
 - (f) a project recommended by the noxious weed management advisory council, if the department



1 determines that the project will significantly contribute to the management of noxious weeds within the state; and

- (g) grants to the agricultural experiment station and the cooperative extension service for crop weed management research, evaluation, and education.
- (6) The agricultural experiment station and cooperative extension service shall submit annual reports on current projects and future plans to the noxious weed management advisory council.
- (7) In making expenditures under subsections (3) through (5), the department shall give preference to weed management districts and community groups.
- (8) If the noxious weed management trust fund is terminated by constitutional amendment, the money in the fund must be divided between all counties according to rules adopted by the department for that purpose."

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 12. Effective date.** [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

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