62nd Legislature HB0275.01

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 275
2	INTRODUCED BY S. REICHNER
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REQUIRING THAT ECONOMIC CONSUMPTION BE DEDUCTED
5	FROM AN AWARD OF DAMAGES IN A MEDICAL MALPRACTICE ACTION; AND PROVIDING AN
6	APPLICABILITY DATE."
7	
8	WHEREAS, the provision of medical services to Montana residents is imperative to their health and
9	happiness; and
10	WHEREAS, it is increasingly difficult for Montana communities to attract and retain qualified medica
11	providers; and
12	WHEREAS, the acquisition of reasonably priced medical malpractice insurance coverage is a factor in
13	attracting medical providers to Montana and in retaining them; and
14	WHEREAS, medical malpractice insurance premium rates are negatively impacted by the lack of a
15	provision requiring deduction of personal consumption expenses from damage awards in survivor actions; and
16	WHEREAS, the Legislature has determined that a shortage of health care providers in the state and ar
17	inability to attract health care providers to the state would pose a serious threat to the health, welfare, and safety
18	of Montanans; and
19	WHEREAS, the number of insurance carriers that provide liability insurance for hospitals, physicians, and
20	dentists has declined significantly in the past decade; and
21	WHEREAS, insurance premiums for liability insurance for health care providers have historically forced
22	physicians and other providers in Montana to consider either curtailing certain medical services or, in the
23	alternative, relocating to other states where premiums are stabilized; and
24	WHEREAS, Montana and its residents have a compelling state interest in ensuring that Montana
25	residents receive quality and reasonably priced health care; and
26	WHEREAS, recently enacted federal health care reform failed to address tort reform measures, defensive
27	medicine costs, and abusive litigation practices; and
28	WHEREAS, in a wrongful death action brought by a person's spouse or heirs under Montana law, a jury
29	awarding damages deducts from the award all the normal, daily expenses a person would have consumed during
30	the person's lifetime; and



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WHEREAS, in a survivor action brought by a person's estate under Montana law, these personal consumption expenses are not deducted from the award, thereby creating an unfair windfall to the estate; and WHEREAS, the Legislature has determined it is an important public policy to treat the deduction of personal consumption expenses the same in both wrongful death and survivor actions in the context of medical malpractice actions; and

WHEREAS, the Legislature declares that it is the policy of the State of Montana to attempt to attract and retain qualified health care providers to care for the residents of Montana and that personal consumption expenses must be deducted from damages relating to survivor actions.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Economic consumption to be deducted from award. If damages are awarded for a malpractice claim, as defined in 25-9-411, for a deceased party's lost future earnings, the deceased party's economic consumption must be deducted from the award. Economic consumption is the part of the projected earnings that the deceased party would have spent on basic necessities and personal expenditures throughout the party's lifetime.

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 25, chapter 9, part 4, and the provisions of Title 25, chapter 9, part 4, apply to [section 1].

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 3. Applicability.** [This act] applies to civil actions filed on or after [the effective date of this act].

23 - END -

