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HOUSE BILL NO. 526

INTRODUCED BY C. EDMUNDS, E. ARNTZEN, K. KERNS, M. MORE, C. SMITH, G. BENNETT,
MCGILLVRAY

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AUTHORIZING AN INTERSTATE HEALTH CARE COMPACT; AND
DIRECTING THE GOVERNOR TO JOIN THE COMPACT."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. **Section 1. Interstate health care compact.** This state enacts into law and enters into
the interstate health care compact with all states that enact the compact in the form substantially contained in
[section 3].

NEW SECTION. **Section 2. Authority to join interstate health care compact.** The governor of the
state of Montana is authorized and directed to enter into the interstate health care compact provided for in
[sections 1 through 3] on behalf of the state with any state that has lawfully joined in the compact in the form
substantially contained in [section 3].

NEW SECTION. **Section 3. Text of compact.** The interstate health care compact referred to in
[sections 1 and 2] reads as follows:

ARTICLE I

FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY

(1) The separation of powers, both between the branches of the federal government and between federal
and state authority, is essential to the preservation of individual liberty.

(2) The United States constitution creates a federal government of limited and enumerated powers and
reserves to the states or to the people those powers not granted to the federal government.

(3) The federal government has enacted many laws that have preempted state laws with respect to
health care ~~even though health care regulation is properly the authority and responsibility of the states.~~ AND

PLACED INCREASING STRAIN ON STATE BUDGETS, IMPAIRING OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES SUCH AS EDUCATION,



1 INFRASTRUCTURE, AND PUBLIC SAFETY.

2 (4) The member states seek to protect individual liberty and personal control over health care decisions
3 and believe that the best method to achieve these ends is by vesting regulatory authority over health care in the
4 states.

5 (5) By acting in concert, the member states may express and inspire confidence in the ability of each
6 member state to effectively govern health care.

7 (6) The member states recognize that the consent of congress may be more easily secured if the
8 member states collectively seek consent through an interstate compact.

9 ARTICLE II

10 DEFINITIONS

11 As used in this compact, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following definitions apply:

12 (1) "Commission" means the interstate advisory health care commission created in Article VII.

13 (2) "Effective date" means the date upon which this compact is effective for purposes of the operation
14 of state and federal law in a member state and is the later of:

15 (a) the date upon which the compact is adopted under the laws of the member state; or

16 (b) the date upon which the compact receives the consent of congress pursuant to Article I, section 10,
17 of the United States constitution, after at least two member states adopt the compact.

18 (3) (a) "Health care" means care, services, ~~or~~ supplies, OR PLANS related to the health of an individual
19 and includes but is not limited to:

20 (i) preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, maintenance, or palliative care and counseling,
21 service, assessment, or procedure with respect to the physical or mental condition or functional status of an
22 individual or that affects the structure or function of the body; ~~and~~

23 (ii) sale or dispensing of a drug, device, equipment, or other item in accordance with a prescription; AND

24 (III) AN INDIVIDUAL OR GROUP PLAN THAT PROVIDES OR PAYS THE COST OF CARE, SERVICES, OR SUPPLIES
25 RELATED TO THE HEALTH OF AN INDIVIDUAL.

26 (b) The term does not apply to ~~goods and services~~ ANY CARE, SERVICES, SUPPLIES, OR PLANS provided by
27 the U.S. department of defense, THE ~~or~~ U.S. department of veterans affairs, OR THE INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE ~~OR~~
28 PROVIDED TO INDIANS.

29 (4) "Member state" means a state that has signed this compact and adopted it under the laws of the
30 state.

1 state's population and for inflation.

2 (b) The adjustment must be calculated by:

3 (i) subtracting the average population of the member state in 2010 from the average population for the
4 current year, dividing the difference by the state's average population for 2010, and adding 1;

5 (ii) dividing the total gross domestic product deflator for the current year by the total gross domestic
6 product deflator in 2010; and

7 (iii) multiplying the federal spending on health care in the state for 2010 by the results calculated in
8 subsection (2)(b)(i) and the quotient calculated in subsection (2)(b)(ii).

9 (c) The average population of a member state is the population as determined by the U.S. census
10 bureau.

11 (d) The total gross domestic product deflator is the deflator as determined by the bureau of economic
12 analysis of the U.S. department of commerce.

13 (3) Congress shall establish a preliminary funding level for each member state. The final funding level
14 must be calculated and reconciled BY THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES based upon reports provided by each
15 member state and audited by the general accounting office.

16 ARTICLE VII

17 INTERSTATE ADVISORY HEALTH CARE COMMISSION

18 (1) The member states create the interstate advisory health care commission.

19 (2) (a) The commission shall consist of members appointed by each member state through a process
20 to be determined by the laws of the member state. No state may appoint more than two members to the
21 commission.

22 (b) A member state may withdraw its members from the commission at any time.

23 (c) Each commission member is entitled to one vote. The commission may not act unless a majority of
24 the members are present.

25 (d) No action is binding on the commission unless approved by a majority of the total members.

26 (3) The commission may elect a chairman from among its members and adopt and publish bylaws and
27 policies that are consistent with this compact. The commission shall meet at least annually and may meet more
28 frequently if the bylaws allow.

29 (4) The commission shall collect information and data to assist the member states in the regulation of
30 health care, including but not limited to assessing the performance of various state health care programs and

1 compiling information on the ~~costs~~ PRICES of health care. The commission shall make the information and data
 2 available to the legislatures of the member states. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION IN THE COMPACT, NO
 3 MEMBER STATE MAY DISCLOSE TO THE COMMISSION THE HEALTH INFORMATION OF ANY INDIVIDUAL, NOR SHALL THE
 4 COMMISSION DISCLOSE THE HEALTH INFORMATION OF ANY INDIVIDUAL.

5 (5) The commission may study issues related to health care regulation of concern to the member states,
 6 including but not limited to the elimination of interstate barriers to the provision of health care. The commission
 7 may make nonbinding recommendations to the member states for consideration by the legislatures of the
 8 member states in determining appropriate health care policy in their respective states.

9 (6) The commission may undertake additional responsibilities and duties if those responsibilities and
 10 duties are conferred upon the commission by the legislatures of the member states in accordance with the terms
 11 of the compact.

12 (7) Member states shall fund the commission as provided by the member states.

13 ARTICLE VIII

14 CONGRESSIONAL CONSENT

15 This compact is effective upon its adoption by ~~the~~ AT LEAST TWO member states and consent of congress
 16 in a form that is consistent with the purposes of this compact to secure:

17 (1) the right of the member states to regulate health care in their respective states ~~and to supersede~~
 18 PURSUANT TO THIS COMPACT AND TO SUSPEND THE OPERATION OF any conflicting federal ~~law~~ LAWS, RULES,
 19 REGULATIONS, AND ORDERS within their states; and

20 (2) federal funding for member states that choose to invoke their authority under this compact pursuant
 21 to the mandatory formula provided for in Article VI.

22 ARTICLE IX

23 AMENDMENTS

24 (1) This compact may be amended by UNANIMOUS agreement among the member states ~~and adoption~~
 25 ~~of the agreement into the laws of the member states.~~ WITHOUT THE PRIOR CONSENT OR APPROVAL OF THE CONGRESS
 26 OF THE UNITED STATES.

27 (2) ~~By consenting to this compact, congress also consents to any amendments that directly or indirectly~~
 28 ~~impact the regulation of health care in the member states.~~ ANY AMENDMENT IS EFFECTIVE UNLESS, WITHIN 1 YEAR,
 29 THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES DISAPPROVES THE AMENDMENT.

30 (3) ~~For all other amendments, further consent of congress is expressly required.~~

1 ~~———— (4) Variations between the states in the funding levels set through Article VI may not prevent this~~
2 ~~compact from acting as an effective, operational agreement among the states. ANY STATE MAY JOIN THE COMPACT~~
3 ~~AFTER THE DATE ON WHICH THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES CONSENTS TO THE COMPACT BY ADOPTING THE~~
4 ~~COMPACT INTO LAW UNDER ITS STATE CONSTITUTION.~~

5 ARTICLE X

6 WITHDRAWAL OR DISSOLUTION

7 (1) Any member state may withdraw from this compact by adopting a law authorizing withdrawal.

8 (2) WITHDRAWAL MAY NOT TAKE EFFECT UNTIL 6 MONTHS AFTER THE GOVERNOR OF THE WITHDRAWING MEMBER
9 STATE HAS GIVEN NOTICE OF THE WITHDRAWAL TO THE OTHER MEMBER STATES.

10 (3) A WITHDRAWING STATE IS LIABLE FOR ANY OBLIGATIONS THAT IT MAY HAVE INCURRED PRIOR TO THE DATE
11 ITS WITHDRAWAL BECOMES EFFECTIVE.

12 ~~(2)(4)~~ This compact is dissolved upon the withdrawal of all but one of the member states.

13
14 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through 3] are intended to be codified
15 as an integral part of Title 50, chapter 4, and the provisions of Title 50, chapter 4, apply to [sections 1 through 3].

16 - END -