1	HOUSE BILL NO. 611
2	INTRODUCED BY R. COOK, L. JONES
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING THE USE OF VARIOUS ACCOUNTS AND
5	FUNDS TO IMPLEMENT PROVISIONS OF THE GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT; REVISING THE
6	ADVANCING AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION IN MONTANA PROGRAM ACCOUNT; PROVIDING
7	INFLATIONARY INCREASES TO THE BASIC ENTITLEMENT, THE PER ANB ENTITLEMENT, AND THE
8	QUALITY EDUCATOR PAYMENT; REVISING THE USE OF THE SCHOOL FACILITY AND TECHNOLOGY
9	ACCOUNT; REVISING THE USE OF THE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACCOUNT TO INCLUDE THE
10	DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE; REVISING THE USE OF THE RESEARCH AND COMMERCIALIZATION
11	ACCOUNT TO INCLUDE THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE; PROVIDING RULEMAKING AUTHORITY
12	AMENDING SECTIONS <u>20-7-334, 20-9-306, AND 20-9-516, AND</u> <u>39-51-409, AND 90-1-203, AND 90-3-1003</u>
13	MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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17	SECTION 1. SECTION 20-7-334, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
18	"20-7-334. Advancing agricultural education in Montana program account. (1) There is an
19	advancing agricultural education in Montana program account in the state special revenue fund provided for in
20	17-2-102.
21	(2) Money in the account and money appropriated by the legislature for the purpose of this section mus
22	be used by the office of public instruction for addressing the stability of and making improvements to Montana's
23	agricultural education programs. The office of public instruction shall adopt rules to implement the national quality
24	program standards.
25	(3) (a) Each agricultural education program in the state that completes the national quality program
26	standard evaluation as adopted by rule and submits a plan of improvement to the office of public instruction's
27	agricultural education specialist must may receive a one-time payment of \$500. An agricultural education program
28	may not receive more than one payment in a school year.
29	(b) Each agricultural education program in the state that submits a detailed budget to increase the quality
30	of its agricultural education program based on the plan of improvement may receive a one-time payment of up

1 to \$1,000. An agricultural education program may not receive more than one payment in a school year.

2 (c) Each school that adds agricultural education to its curriculum and recruits and retains an endorsed agricultural education teacher must receive a one-time payment of up to \$7,500.

(d) Program administrators in Bozeman and Helena must receive a total of \$11,250 annually for the costs of providing a minimum of one onsite visit each year to each participating school."

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Section 2. Section 20-9-306, MCA, is amended to read:

8 <u>"20-9-306. Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following</u>

9 definitions apply:

10 (1) "BASE" means base amount for school equity.

11 (2) "BASE aid" means:

12 (a) direct state aid for 44.7% of the basic entitlement and 44.7% of the total per-ANB entitlement for the

13 general fund budget of a district;

14 (b) guaranteed tax base aid for an eligible district for any amount up to 35.3% of the basic entitlement,

15 up to 35.3% of the total per-ANB entitlement budgeted in the general fund budget of a district, and 40% of the

special education allowable cost payment:

17 (c) the total quality educator payment;

18 (d) the total at-risk student payment;

19 (e) the total Indian education for all payment; and

20 (f) the total American Indian achievement gap payment.

21 (3) "BASE budget" means the minimum general fund budget of a district, which includes 80% of the basic

entitlement, 80% of the total per-ANB entitlement, 100% of the total quality educator payment, 100% of the total

at-risk student payment, 100% of the total Indian education for all payment, 100% of the total American Indian

achievement gap payment, and 140% of the special education allowable cost payment.

25 (4) "BASE budget levy" means the district levy in support of the BASE budget of a district, which may

26 be supplemented by guaranteed tax base aid if the district is eligible under the provisions of 20-9-366 through

27 20-9-369.

28 (5) "BASE funding program" means the state program for the equitable distribution of the state's share

29 of the cost of Montana's basic system of public elementary schools and high schools, through county equalization

30 aid as provided in 20-9-331 and 20-9-333 and state equalization aid as provided in 20-9-343, in support of the



1 BASE budgets of districts and special education allowable cost payments as provided in 20-9-321. 2 (6) "Basic entitlement" means: 3 (a) for each high school district: 4 (i) \$246,085 <u>\$258,284</u> for fiscal year 2010 <u>2012</u>; and 5 (ii) \$253,468 \$262,236 for each succeeding fiscal year; 6 (b) for each elementary school district or K-12 district elementary program without an approved and 7 accredited junior high school, 7th and 8th grade program, or middle school: 8 (i) \$22,141 \$23,238 for fiscal year 2010 2012; 9 (ii) \$22,805 \$23,594 for each succeeding fiscal year; and 10 (c) for each elementary school district or K-12 district elementary program with an approved and 11 accredited junior high school, 7th and 8th grade program, or middle school: 12 (i) for kindergarten through grade 6 elementary program: 13 (A) \$22,141 \$23,238 for fiscal year 2010 2012; and 14 (B) \$22,805 \$23,594 for each succeeding fiscal year; plus 15 (ii) for an approved and accredited junior high school program, 7th and 8th grade program, or middle 16 school: 17 (A) \$62,704 \$65,812 for fiscal year 2010 2012; and 18 (B) \$64,585 \$66,819 for each succeeding fiscal year. 19 (7) "Budget unit" means the unit for which the ANB of a district is calculated separately pursuant to 20 20-9-311. 21 (8) "Direct state aid" means 44.7% of the basic entitlement and 44.7% of the total per-ANB entitlement 22 for the general fund budget of a district and funded with state and county equalization aid. 23 (9) "Maximum general fund budget" means a district's general fund budget amount calculated from the 24 basic entitlement for the district, the total per-ANB entitlement for the district, the total quality educator payment, 25 the total at-risk student payment, the total Indian education for all payment, the total American Indian achievement 26 gap payment, and the greater of: 27 (a) 175% of special education allowable cost payments; or 28 (b) the ratio, expressed as a percentage, of the district's special education allowable cost expenditures to the district's special education allowable cost payment for the fiscal year that is 2 years previous, with a 29 30 maximum allowable ratio of 200%.

1 (10) "Over-BASE budget levy" means the district levy in support of any general fund amount budgeted 2 that is above the BASE budget and below the maximum general fund budget for a district. 3 (11) "Total American Indian achievement gap payment" means the payment resulting from multiplying 4 \$200 times the number of American Indian students enrolled in the district as provided in 20-9-330. 5 (12) "Total at-risk student payment" means the payment resulting from the distribution of any funds appropriated for the purposes of 20-9-328. 6 7 (13) "Total Indian education for all payment" means the payment resulting from multiplying \$20.40 times 8 the ANB of the district or \$100 for each district, whichever is greater, as provided for in 20-9-329. 9 (14) "Total per-ANB entitlement" means the district entitlement resulting from the following calculations 10 and using either the current year ANB or the 3-year ANB provided for in 20-9-311: 11 (a) for a high school district or a K-12 district high school program, a maximum rate of \$6,097 \$6,399 12 for fiscal year 2010 2012 and \$6,280 \$6,497 for each succeeding fiscal year for the first ANB, decreased at the 13 rate of 50 cents per ANB for each additional ANB of the district up through 800 ANB, with each ANB in excess 14 of 800 receiving the same amount of entitlement as the 800th ANB; 15 (b) for an elementary school district or a K-12 district elementary program without an approved and 16 accredited junior high school, 7th and 8th grade program, or middle school, a maximum rate of \$4,763 \$4,999 17 for fiscal year 2010 2012 and \$4,906 \$5,075 for each succeeding fiscal year for the first ANB, decreased at the 18 rate of 20 cents per ANB for each additional ANB of the district up through 1,000 ANB, with each ANB in excess 19 of 1,000 receiving the same amount of entitlement as the 1,000th ANB; and 20 (c) for an elementary school district or a K-12 district elementary program with an approved and 21 accredited junior high school, 7th and 8th grade program, or middle school, the sum of: 22 (i) a maximum rate of \$4,763 \$4,999 for fiscal year 2010 2012 and \$4,906 \$5,075 for each succeeding 23 fiscal year for the first ANB for kindergarten through grade 6, decreased at the rate of 20 cents per ANB for each 24 additional ANB up through 1,000 ANB, with each ANB in excess of 1,000 receiving the same amount of 25 entitlement as the 1,000th ANB; and 26 (ii) a maximum rate of \$6,097 <u>\$6,399</u> for fiscal year 2010 <u>2012</u> and \$6,280 <u>\$6,497</u> for each succeeding 27 fiscal year for the first ANB for grades 7 and 8, decreased at the rate of 50 cents per ANB for each additional ANB 28 for grades 7 and 8 up through 800 ANB, with each ANB in excess of 800 receiving the same amount of 29 entitlement as the 800th ANB. 30 (15) "Total quality educator payment" means the payment resulting from multiplying \$3,036 \$3,042 for



fiscal year 2008 2012 and \$3,042 \$3,089 for each succeeding fiscal year times the number of full-time equivalent 1 2 educators as provided in 20-9-327." 3 4 Section 3. Section 20-9-516, MCA, is amended to read: 5 "20-9-516. School facility and technology account. (1) There is a school facility and technology account in the state special revenue fund provided for in 17-2-102. The purpose of the account is to provide 6 7 money to schools for: 8 (a) major deferred maintenance; 9 (b) improving energy efficiency in school facilities; 10 (c) critical infrastructure in school districts; 11 (d) emergency facility needs; and 12 (e) technological improvements; and 13 (f) state reimbursement for school facilities as provided in 20-9-371. 14 (2) There must be deposited in the account: 15 (a) an amount of money equal to the income attributable to the difference between the average sale value of 18 million board feet and the total income produced from the annual timber harvest on common school 16 17 trust lands during the fiscal year; 18 (b) the mineral royalties transferred from the guarantee account as provided in 20-9-622; and 19 (c) the rental income received from power site leases as provided in 77-4-208." 20 21 Section 4. Section 39-51-409, MCA, is amended to read: 22 <u>"39-51-409. Employment security account. (1) There is an account in the state special revenue fund</u> 23 called the employment security account. 24 (2) Money deposited in the employment security account may be appropriated to the department for 25 payment of: 26 (a) unemployment insurance benefits; 27 (b) expenses incurred in the administration of the unemployment insurance program; 28 (c) expenses incurred in collecting money deposited in the account; 29 (d) expenses incurred for the employment offices established in 39-51-307, including expenses for 30 providing services to the business community;



1	(e) expenses incurred for the apprenticeship and workforce development training program programs;
2	(f) expenses for displaced homemaker programs provided for under 39-7-305;
3	(g) expenses for department research and analysis functions that provide employment, wage, and
4	economic data;
5	(h) expenses for department functions pertaining to wage and hour laws, prevailing wages, and collective
6	bargaining; and
7	(i) principal, interest, and redemption premium on employment security revenue bonds authorized in
8	section 5, Chapter 435, Laws of 2009.
9	(3) Money deposited in the employment security account may be appropriated to the department of
10	commerce for payment of expenses incurred for apprenticeship and workforce development training GRANTS as
11	provided in 90-1-203 39-11-202.
12	(3)(4) Except as provided in sections 6 and 12, Chapter 435, Laws of 2009, the department may transfer
13	funds from the employment security account to the unemployment insurance fund account provided for in
14	39-51-402 upon receiving approval from the budget director that the transfer will not decrease the money in the
15	account below the level appropriated by the legislature to provide for the employment services programs identified account below the level appropriated by the legislature to provide for the employment services programs identified account below the level appropriated by the legislature to provide for the employment services programs identified account below the level appropriated by the legislature to provide for the employment services programs identified account below the level appropriated by the legislature to provide for the employment services programs identified account below the level appropriated by the legislature to provide for the employment services programs identified account below the level appropriated by the legislature to provide for the employment account below the level appropriated by the legislature to provide the level appropriated account below the level appropriated by the legislature the level appropriated account acc
16	in subsection subsections (2) and (3).
17	(4)(5) The department may transfer appropriation authority in employment services programs between
18	the federal special revenue and the state special revenue fund types."
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20	Section 3. Section 90-1-203, MCA, is amended to read:
21	"90-1-203. Types of financial assistance available. (1) The department shall provide for and make
22	grants and loans available to local governments and tribal governments for economic development projects and
23	to certified regional development corporations from the money in the economic development special revenue
24	account provided for in 90-1-205.
25	(2) Subject to appropriation, the department shall provide for expenses incurred for apprenticeship and
26	workforce development, including workforce training and job creation from the money in the employment security
27	account provided for in 39-51-409.
28	(2)(3) A grant or loan may not be used for a project that would result in the transfer or relocation of jobs
29	from one part of the state to another part of the state."



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SECTION 2. SECTION 90-3-1003, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

"90-3-1003. Research and commercialization account -- use. (1) The research and commercialization account provided for in 90-3-1002 is statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, to the board of research and commercialization technology, provided for in 2-15-1819, for the purposes provided in this section.

- (2) The establishment of the account in 90-3-1002 is intended to enhance the economic growth opportunities for Montana and constitute a public purpose.
 - (3) The account may be used only for:
- (a) loans that are to be used for research and commercialization projects to be conducted at research and commercialization centers located in Montana;
- (b) grants that are to be used for production agriculture research, <u>development</u>, and commercialization projects, clean coal research and development projects, or renewable resource research and development projects to be conducted at research and commercialization centers located in Montana;
- (c) matching funds for grants from nonstate sources that are to be used for research and commercialization projects to be conducted at research and commercialization centers located in Montana; or
 - (d) the Montana food and agricultural development program provided for in 80-11-901; or
 - (d)(e) administrative costs that are incurred by the board in carrying out the provisions of this part.
- (4) At least 20% \$195,000 of the account funds approved for research and commercialization projects must be directed distributed on an annual basis to the department of agriculture to support and administer the Montana food and agricultural development program provided for in 80-11-901 toward projects that enhance production agriculture.
- (5) (a) At least 30% of the account funds approved for research and commercialization projects must be directed toward projects that enhance clean coal research and development or renewable resource research and development.
- (b) If the board is not in receipt of a qualified application for a project to enhance clean coal research and development or renewable resource research and development, subsection (5)(a) does not apply.
- (6) An applicant for a grant shall provide matching funds from nonstate sources equal to 25% of total project costs. The requirement to provide matching funds is a qualifier, but not a criterion, for approval of a grant.
- (7) The board shall establish policies, procedures, and criteria that achieve the objectives in its research and commercialization strategic plan for the awarding of grants and loans. The criteria must include:
 - (a) the project's potential to diversify or add value to a traditional basic industry of the state's economy;



(b) whether the project shows promise for enhancing technology-based sectors of Montana's economy or promise for commercial development of discoveries;

- (c) whether the project employs or otherwise takes advantage of existing research and commercialization strengths within the state's public university and private research establishment;
 - (d) whether the project involves a realistic and achievable research project design;
- 6 (e) whether the project develops or employs an innovative technology;
 - (f) verification that the project activity is located within the state;
 - (g) whether the project's research team possesses sufficient expertise in the appropriate technology area to complete the research objective of the project;
 - (h) verification that the project was awarded based on its scientific merits, following review by a recognized federal agency, philanthropic foundation, or other private funding source; and
 - (i) whether the project includes research opportunities for students.
 - (8) The board shall direct the state treasurer to distribute funds for approved projects. Unallocated interest and earnings from the account must be retained in the account. Repayments of loans and any agreements authorizing the board to take a financial right to licensing or royalty fees paid in connection with the transfer of technology from a research and commercialization center to another nonstate organization or ownership of corporate stock in a private sector organization must be deposited in the account.
 - (9) The board shall refer grant applications to external peer review groups. The board shall compile a list of persons willing to serve on peer review groups for purposes of this section. The peer review group shall review the application and make a recommendation to the board as to whether the application for a grant should be approved. The board shall review the recommendation of the peer review group and either approve or deny a grant application.
 - (10) The board shall identify whether a grant or loan is to be used for basic research, applied research, or some combination of both. For the purposes of this section, "applied research" means research that is conducted to attain a specific benefit or solve a practical problem and "basic research" means research that is conducted to uncover the basic function or mechanism of a scientific question.
 - (11) For the purposes of this section:
 - (a) "clean coal research and development" means research and development of projects that would advance the efficiency, environmental performance, and cost-competitiveness of using coal as an energy source well beyond the current level of technology used in commercial service;



1	(b) "renewable resource research and development" means research and development that would
2	advance:
3	(i) the use of any of the sources of energy listed in 69-3-2003(10) to produce electricity; and
4	(ii) the efficiency, environmental performance, and cost-competitiveness of using renewable resources
5	as an energy source well beyond the current level of technology used in commercial service."
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7	COORDINATION SECTION. Section 4. Coordination instruction. If House Bill No. 2 is not passed
8	AND APPROVED, THEN [THIS ACT] IS VOID.
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10	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable
11	from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part
12	remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications.
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14	NEW SECTION. Section 4. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 2011.
15	- END -

