62nd Legislature SJ0020.01

1	SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 20
2	INTRODUCED BY A. WITTICH
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4	A JOINT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF
5	MONTANA REQUESTING A STUDY OF WAYS TO MAKE THE MONTANA MEDICAID PROGRAM MORE
6	COST EFFECTIVE AND EFFICIENT.
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8	WHEREAS, the Montana Medicaid program provides essential health care services for nearly 103,000
9	aged, blind, disabled, or low-income Montanans as of December 2010; and
10	WHEREAS, the number of Montanans qualifying for the Medicaid program has increased substantially
11	in the past 2 years; and
12	WHEREAS, the Medicaid program accounts for 23% of the state's total budget and 14% of general fund
13	spending; and
14	WHEREAS, Medicaid spending is projected to continue increasing in the future; and
15	WHEREAS, the anticipated growth in Medicaid expenditures and the projected expansion of the Medicaid
16	population in 2014 as provided for in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act make it imperative that public
17	policymakers identify ways to improve the cost-effectiveness and efficiency of the Medicaid program; and
18	WHEREAS, the current trends in Montana's Medicaid cost growth are unsustainable in the current budge
19	environment; and
20	WHEREAS, approximately 30 million individuals who are enrolled in Medicaid and the Children's Health
21	Insurance Program are covered by capitated coordinated care programs; and
22	WHEREAS, 36 states currently have capitated coordinated care programs; and
23	WHEREAS, three additional states are planning on moving from fee-for-service Medicaid delivery
24	systems to capitated coordinated care delivery systems; and
25	WHEREAS, capitated coordinated care programs have been successful in both rural as well as urbar
26	areas; and
27	WHEREAS, capitated coordinated care programs bring budget predictability to the state; and
28	WHEREAS, previous studies have shown capitated coordinated care program savings ranging from 0.5%
29	to 20%, as well as a decline in the annual Medicaid cost trend; and
30	WHEREAS, capitated coordinated care programs improve health outcomes and have reduced

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1 out-of-pocket costs for Medicaid beneficiaries.

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3 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE

4 STATE OF MONTANA:

That the Legislative Council be requested to designate an appropriate interim committee, pursuant to section 5-5-217, MCA, to study Montana's Medicaid program and make recommendations on ways to improve the efficiency of the program while maintaining the quality of the services it offers.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the study:

- (1) identify the Medicaid services required under federal law and those that Montana may choose to offer, as well as the costs of providing the services;
- (2) identify services or administrative activities that may be privatized and the costs or cost savings of privatizing the services or activities;
- (3) identify strategies that other rural states have used to improve the cost-effectiveness of their Medicaid programs; and
 - (4) review the effect that strategies used in other states:
 - (a) have had on costs, access to care, and quality of care in those states; and
- 17 (b) may have in Montana if put into effect.
 - BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the committee request participation in the study by the Department of Public Health and Human Services, the Montana Hospital Association, the Montana Medical Association, the Montana Health Care Association, organizations representing Medicaid recipients, members of the public, and other agencies and organizations as appropriate.
 - BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that all aspects of the study, including presentation and review requirements, be concluded prior to September 15, 2012.
- BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the final results of the study, including any findings, conclusions, comments, or recommendations of the appropriate committee, be reported to the 63rd Legislature.

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