67th Legislature

1	BILL NO
2	
3	(Primary Sponsor)
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING IMMUNIZATION LAWS RELATED TO
5	DAY-CARE FACILITIES; ALLOWING THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES TO
6	REQUIRE IMMUNIZATIONS FOR STATE AND FEDERALLY FUNDED DAY-CARE CENTERS; REQUIRING
7	THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES TO RECOGNIZE EXEMPTIONS TO
8	IMMUNIZATION REQUIREMENTS FOR MEDICAL REASONS AND RELIGIOUS AND PERSONAL BELIEFS;
9	ALLOWING FAMILY DAY-CARE HOMES, GROUP DAY-CARE HOMES, AND DAY-CARE CENTERS THAT
10	DO NOT RECEIVE STATE OR FEDERAL FUNDS FOR OPERATION TO DEVELOP THEIR OWN
11	COMMUNICABLE DISEASE STANDARDS AND IMMUNIZATION REQUIREMENTS; REQUIRING THESE
12	FACILITIES TO OFFER IMMUNIZATION EXEMPTIONS FOR MEDICAL REASONS OR RELIGIOUS OR
13	PERSONAL BELIEFS; PROHIBITING LOCAL BOARDS OF HEALTH FROM DEVELOPING IMMUNIZATION
14	REQUIREMENTS FOR DAY-CARE FACILITIES; PROVIDING RULEMAKING AUTHORITY; AMENDING
15	SECTIONS 7-1-111, 50-2-116, 52-2-704, 52-2-721, AND 52-2-735, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE
16	DATES AND A RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATE."
17	
18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
19	
20	Section 1. Section 7-1-111, MCA, is amended to read:
21	"7-1-111. (Subsection (21) effective October 1, 2021) Powers denied. A local government unit with
22	self-government powers is prohibited from exercising the following:
23	(1) any power that applies to or affects any private or civil relationship, except as an incident to the
24	exercise of an independent self-government power;
25	(2) any power that applies to or affects the provisions of 7-33-4128 or Title 39, except that subject to
26	those provisions, it may exercise any power of a public employer with regard to its employees;

(3) any power that applies to or affects the public school system, except that a local unit may impose
an assessment reasonably related to the cost of any service or special benefit provided by the unit and shall



LC 0081

67th Legislature

1 exercise any power that it is required by law to exercise regarding the public school system; 2 (4) any power that prohibits the grant or denial of a certificate of compliance or a certificate of public 3 convenience and necessity pursuant to Title 69, chapter 12; 4 (5) any power that establishes a rate or price otherwise determined by a state agency: 5 (6) any power that applies to or affects any determination of the department of environmental quality 6 with regard to any mining plan, permit, or contract; 7 (7) any power that applies to or affects any determination by the department of environmental quality 8 with regard to a certificate of compliance; 9 (8) any power that defines as an offense conduct made criminal by state statute, that defines an 10 offense as a felony, or that fixes the penalty or sentence for a misdemeanor in excess of a fine of \$500, 6 11 months' imprisonment, or both, except as specifically authorized by statute; 12 (9) any power that applies to or affects the right to keep or bear arms; 13 (10) any power that applies to or affects a public employee's pension or retirement rights as 14 established by state law, except that a local government may establish additional pension or retirement 15 systems: 16 (11) any power that applies to or affects the standards of professional or occupational competence 17 established pursuant to Title 37 as prerequisites to the carrying on of a profession or occupation; (12) except as provided in 7-3-1105, 7-3-1222, or 7-31-4110, any power that applies to or affects Title 18 19 75, chapter 7, part 1, or Title 87; 20 (13) any power that applies to or affects landlords, as defined in 70-24-103, when that power is 21 intended to license landlords or to regulate their activities with regard to tenants beyond what is provided in Title 22 70, chapters 24 and 25. This subsection is not intended to restrict a local government's ability to require 23 landlords to comply with ordinances or provisions that are applicable to all other businesses or residences 24 within the local government's jurisdiction. 25 (14) subject to 7-32-4304, any power to enact ordinances prohibiting or penalizing vagrancy; 26 (15) subject to 80-10-110, any power to regulate the registration, packaging, labeling, sale, storage, 27 distribution, use, or application of commercial fertilizers or soil amendments, except that a local government 28 may enter into a cooperative agreement with the department of agriculture concerning the use and application



67th Legislature

of commercial fertilizers or soil amendments. This subsection is not intended to prevent or restrict a local
 government from adopting or implementing zoning regulations or fire codes governing the physical location or
 siting of fertilizer manufacturing, storage, and sales facilities.

4 (16) subject to 80-5-136(10), any power to regulate the cultivation, harvesting, production, processing,
5 sale, storage, transportation, distribution, possession, use, and planting of agricultural seeds or vegetable
6 seeds as defined in 80-5-120. This subsection is not intended to prevent or restrict a local government from
7 adopting or implementing zoning regulations or building codes governing the physical location or siting of
8 agricultural or vegetable seed production, processing, storage, sales, marketing, transportation, or distribution
9 facilities.

(17) any power that prohibits the operation of a mobile amateur radio station from a motor vehicle,
including while the vehicle is in motion, that is operated by a person who holds an unrevoked and unexpired
official amateur radio station license and operator's license, "technician" or higher class, issued by the federal
communications commission of the United States;

(18) subject to 76-2-240 and 76-2-340, any power that prevents the erection of an amateur radio
antenna at heights and dimensions sufficient to accommodate amateur radio service communications by a
person who holds an unrevoked and unexpired official amateur radio station license and operator's license,
"technician" or higher class, issued by the federal communications commission of the United States;

(19) any power to require a fee and a permit for the movement of a vehicle, combination of vehicles,
load, object, or other thing of a size exceeding the maximum specified in 61-10-101 through 61-10-104 on a
highway that is under the jurisdiction of an entity other than the local government unit;

(20) any power to enact an ordinance governing the private use of an unmanned aerial vehicle in
 relation to a wildfire;

(21) any power to prohibit completely adult-use providers, adult-use marijuana-infused products
 providers, and adult-use dispensaries from being located within the jurisdiction of the local government except
 as allowed in Title 16, chapter 12; or

26

(22) any power to set forth immunization requirements for day-care facilities."

27

28 Section 2. Section 50-2-116, MCA, is amended to read:



- 3 -

1	"50-2-116. Powers and duties of local boards of health. (1) In order to carry out the purposes of
2	the public health system, in collaboration with federal, state, and local partners, each local board of health shall:
3	(a) appoint and fix the salary of a local health officer who is:
4	(i) a physician;
5	(ii) a person with a master's degree in public health; or
6	(iii) a person with equivalent education and experience, as determined by the department;
7	(b) elect a presiding officer and other necessary officers;
8	(c) employ qualified staff;
9	(d) adopt bylaws to govern meetings;
10	(e) hold regular meetings at least quarterly and hold special meetings as necessary;
11	(f) identify, assess, prevent, and ameliorate conditions of public health importance through:
12	(i) epidemiological tracking and investigation;
13	(ii) screening and testing;
14	(iii) isolation and quarantine measures;
15	(iv) diagnosis, treatment, and case management;
16	(v) abatement of public health nuisances;
17	(vi) inspections;
18	(vii) collecting and maintaining health information;
19	(viii) education and training of health professionals; or
20	(ix) other public health measures as allowed by law;
21	(g) protect the public from the introduction and spread of communicable disease or other conditions of
22	public health importance, including through actions to ensure the removal of filth or other contaminants that
23	might cause disease or adversely affect public health;
24	(h) supervise or make inspections for conditions of public health importance and issue written orders
25	for compliance or for correction, destruction, or removal of the conditions;
26	(i) bring and pursue actions and issue orders necessary to abate, restrain, or prosecute the violation
27	of public health laws, rules, and local regulations;
28	(j) identify to the department an administrative liaison for public health. The liaison must be the local



67th Legislature

health officer in jurisdictions that employ a full-time local health officer. In jurisdictions that do not employ a fulltime local health officer, the liaison must be the highest ranking public health professional employed by the
jurisdiction.

4 (k) subject to the provisions of 50-2-130, adopt necessary regulations that are not less stringent than 5 state standards for the control and disposal of sewage from private and public buildings and facilities that are 6 not regulated by Title 75, chapter 6, or Title 76, chapter 4. The regulations must describe standards for granting 7 variances from the minimum requirements that are identical to standards promulgated by the board of 8 environmental review and must provide for appeal of variance decisions to the department as required by 75-5-9 305. If the local board of health regulates or permits water well drilling, the regulations must prohibit the drilling 10 of a well if the well isolation zone, as defined in 76-4-102, encroaches onto adjacent private property without the 11 authorization of the private property owner.

12 (2) Local boards of health may:

13 (a) accept and spend funds received from a federal agency, the state, a school district, or other

14 persons or entities;

(b) adopt necessary fees to administer regulations for the control and disposal of sewage from private
and public buildings and facilities;

17 (c) adopt regulations that do not conflict with 50-50-126, [section 6], or rules adopted by the
18 department:

19 (i) for the control of communicable diseases;

20 (ii) for the removal of filth that might cause disease or adversely affect public health;

21 (iii) subject to the provisions of 50-2-130, for sanitation in public and private buildings and facilities that

22 affects public health and for the maintenance of sewage treatment systems that do not discharge effluent

23 directly into state water and that are not required to have an operating permit as required by rules adopted

24 under 75-5-401;

25 (iv) subject to the provisions of 50-2-130 and Title 50, chapter 48, for tattooing and body-piercing

26 establishments and that are not less stringent than state standards for tattooing and body-piercing

27 establishments;

28

(v) for the establishment of institutional controls that have been selected or approved by the:



1	(A)	United States environmental protection agency as part of a remedy for a facility under the federal
2	Comprehens	sive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq.; or
3	(B)	department of environmental quality as part of a remedy for a facility under the Montana
4	Comprehens	sive Environmental Cleanup and Responsibility Act, Title 75, chapter 10, part 7; and
5	(vi)	to implement the public health laws; and
6	(d)	promote cooperation and formal collaborative agreements between the local board of health and
7	tribes, tribal	organizations, and the Indian health service regarding public health planning, priority setting,
8	information a	and data sharing, reporting, resource allocation, service delivery, jurisdiction, and other matters
9	addressed in	n this title.
10	(3)	A local board of health may provide, implement, facilitate, or encourage other public health
11	services and	functions as considered reasonable and necessary."
12		
13	Sec	tion 3. Section 52-2-704, MCA, is amended to read:
14	"52-	2-704. Duties of department. (1) The department is responsible for planning, implementing, and
15	coordinating	programs under the Montana Child Care Act.
16	(2)	The department shall:
17	(a)	assess child-care needs and resources within the state;
18	(b)	develop a state child-care plan;
19	(c)	coordinate child-care programs administered by all state agencies;
20	(d)	issue licenses to persons to receive children into a day-care center on a regular basis;
21	(e)	prescribe the conditions and publish minimum standards upon which licenses and registration
22	certificates a	are issued consistent with the provisions of this part;
23	(f)	adopt rules for day-care facilities consistent with the purposes provisions of this part;
24	(g)	adopt rules for day-care centers that provide day care on an irregular basis, which includes
25	exceptions r	egarding requirements for immunization records and staffing ratios; and
26	(h)	issue registration certificates to a person or persons to receive children into a family day-care
27	home or gro	up day-care home on a regular basis.
28	(3)	The department may:



67th Legislature

LC 0081

1	(a)	enter into interagency agreements to administer and coordinate child-care programs;	
2	(b)	accept any federal funds made available for the improvement or promotion of child-care services	
3	within the state;		
4	(c)	administer any state and federal funds that may be appropriated for the purposes of the part; and	
5	(d)	issue a license to a person to receive children into a day-care center on an irregular basis if the	
6	person chooses to apply for licensure."		
7			
8	Sec	tion 4. Section 52-2-721, MCA, is amended to read:	
9	"52·	2-721. License required registration required term of license or registration certificate -	
10	- no fee cha	arged. (1) A person, group of persons, or corporation may not:	
11	(a)	establish or maintain a day-care center for children, in which day care is provided on a regular	
12	basis, unles	s licensed to do so by the department;	
13	(b)	operate a family day-care home or group day-care home without first procuring a family day-care	
14	or group day	y-care registration certificate from the department.	
15	(2)	The license and registration certificate must contain the ages and numbers of children for whom	
16	day care may be provided.		
17	(3)	The applicant's own children must be included in the manner provided for in department	
18	regulations	in the total number of children to be cared for under the license or registration certificate.	
19	(4)	The department:	
20	(a)	may issue a license or registration certificate that remains in effect for a period not to exceed 3	
21	years; and		
22	(b)	may not charge a fee to issue a license or registration certificate; and	
23	<u>(c)</u>	may not deny a license or registration certificate solely on the basis that an applicant has provided	
24	or intends to	provide exemptions to immunization requirements as provided in 52-2-735.	
25	(5)	A 3-year license may be issued only to a provider who has not received notice of any deficiencies	
26	on the licen	sing criteria and implementing guidelines that are provided in department rule.	
27	(6)	The department may issue a license to a day-care center in which day care is provided on an	
28	irregular bas	sis if the person operating the center chooses to apply for licensure."	



67th Legislature

LC 0081

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2	Section 5. Section 52-2-735, MCA, is amended to read:		
3	"52-2-735. Health protection certification required <u>for day-care centers</u>. (1) The Except as		
4	provided in subsection (2), the department shall adopt rules for the protection of children in day-care centers		
5	from the health hazards of inadequate food preparation, poor nutrition, and communicable diseases. Rules		
6	adopted by the department must include rules requiring children under 5 years of age to be immunized against		
7	Haemophilus influenza type "b" before being admitted for care in the facility unless an exemption has been		
8	claimed as provided in 20-5-405.		
9	(2) (a) The department may not adopt rules requiring immunizations unless:		
10	(i) the rules include a right to claim a medical exemption as provided in 20-5-405 or an exemption		
11	based on sincerely held religious or personal beliefs on submission of an affidavit by an employee or parent or		
12	guardian of a child for a required immunization; and		
13	(ii) the rules are limited in application to day-care centers that receive state or federal funding for		
14	operations.		
15	(b) For the purposes of this section, payments for eligible children under 52-2-713 are not considered		
16	to be state or federal funding for operations.		
17	(2)(3) Local public health authorities shall arrange to provide training to day-care center providers and		
18	employees regarding health hazards. Upon successful completion of the training the local public health		
19	authorities shall issue certificates to the providers and employees.		
20	(3)(4) In lieu of training, local public health authorities may elect to inspect facilities and issue		
21	certificates of approval to child-care day-care center providers.		
22	(4)(5) Each applicant for a license to operate a day-care center shall submit to the department a		
23	certificate issued pursuant to subsection (2) or (3) (3) or (4) before the department will issue a license.		
24	(5)(6) The local public health authority may charge the applicant a reasonable fee, not to exceed \$25,		
25	for any inspection necessary to issue a certificate of approval, or a fee not to exceed the documented cost for		
26	training it provides under this section.		
27	(7) The local public health authority may not condition the issuance of a certificate of approval on the		
28	existence of immunization requirements.		



1	(8) A licensed or registered family day-care home, a group day-care home, or any day-care center
2	that does not receive state or federal funds for operation may set forth its own standards for prevention of
3	communicable diseases. If the standards include immunization requirements, the day-care facility shall:
4	(a) include a right to claim a medical exemption as provided in 20-5-405 and an exemption based on
5	sincerely held religious or personal beliefs on submission of an affidavit by an employee or parent or legal
6	guardian of a child for any required immunizations;
7	(b) provide notice of the availability of the exemptions described in subsection (8)(a) in all marketing
8	materials and on a website, if applicable; and
9	(c) maintain the privacy of health and medical records and may not permit the department, local
10	public health authorities, or any other external entity to review or copy health and medical records."
11	
12	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Immunization requirements rulemaking and local ordinance
13	prohibition. (1) A local board of health may not establish or continue in effect any regulation, ordinance, or rule
14	that sets forth immunization requirements for a day-care facility.
15	(2) The department may not make any rule that sets forth immunization requirements for a day-care
16	facility that are different from, or in addition to, any requirement under the provisions of this part.
17	
18	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Codification instruction. [Section 6] is intended to be codified as an
19	integral part of Title 52, chapter 2, part 7, and the provisions of Title 52, chapter 2, part 7, apply to [section 6].
20	
21	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Effective dates. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), [this act] is
22	effective on passage and approval.
23	(2) [Section 5] is effective October 1, 2021.
24	
25	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Retroactive applicability. [This act] applies retroactively, within the
26	meaning of 1-2-109, to any regulation, rule, or ordinance adopted by a local board of health or the department
27	of public health and human services before, on, or after [the effective date of this act] that is in violation of
28	[section 6].



