
68th Legislature 2023 HB 698.1

1			HOUSE BILL NO. 698
2	INTRODUCE	D BY	L. HELLEGAARD, B. MITCHELL, A. REGIER, R. MARSHALL, C. HINKLE, J. READ, J.
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5	A BILL FOR AN	I ACT	ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING LAWS GOVERNING THE
6	CERTIFICATIO	N AN	D DECERTIFICATION OF EXCLUSIVE REPRESENTATIVES OF PUBLIC EMPLOYEES;
7	PROVIDING DE	EFINI	TIONS; CLARIFYING THE PETITION ON REPRESENTATION QUESTION;
8	ESTABLISHING	3 THA	T A LABOR ORGANIZATION CANNOT BE AN EXCLUSIVE REPRESENTATIVE
9	UNLESS IT RE	CEIVI	ES A MAJORITY VOTE AFTER A SECRET BALLOT ELECTION; PROVIDING THAT
10	PUBLIC EMPLO	OYEE	S MAY PETITION TO DECERTIFY OR CHOOSE A NEW EXCLUSIVE
11	REPRESENTA	TIVE	12 MONTHS AFTER AN ELECTION; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 39-31-103, 39-31-
12	207, 39-31-208,	, AND	39-31-210, MCA."
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14	BE IT ENACTE	D BY	THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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16	Section	1. S	ection 39-31-103, MCA, is amended to read:
17	"39-31-	103.	Definitions. When used in this chapter, the following definitions apply:
18	(1)	"App	ropriate unit" means a group of public employees banded together for collective bargaining
19	purposes as de	signat	red by the board.
20	(2)	"Boa	rd" means the board of personnel appeals provided for in 2-15-1705.
21	(3)	"Con	fidential employee" means any person found by the board to be a confidential labor
22	relations employ	yee aı	nd any person employed in the personnel division, department of administration, who acts
23	with discretiona	ry aut	hority in the creation or revision of state classification specifications.
24	(4)	"Excl	usive representative" means the labor organization which has been designated by the
25	board as the ex	clusiv	e representative of employees in an appropriate unit or has been so recognized by the
26	public employer	r.	
27	(5)	"Lab	or dispute" includes any controversy concerning terms, tenure, or conditions of
28	employment or	conce	erning the association or representation of persons in negotiating, fixing, maintaining,



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changing, or seeking to arrange terms or conditions of employment, regardless of whether the disputants stand in the proximate relation of employer and employee.

- (6) "Labor organization" means any organization or association of any kind in which employees participate and which exists for the primary purpose of dealing with employers concerning grievances, labor disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours of employment, fringe benefits, or other conditions of employment.
- 6 (7) "Management official" means a representative of management having authority to act for the 7 agency on any matters relating to the implementation of agency policy.
- 8 (8) "Person" includes one or more individuals, labor organizations, public employees, associations, 9 corporations, legal representatives, trustees in bankruptcy, or receivers.
 - (9) "Proof of interest" means a document submitted to the board in support of a petition to certify or decertify a labor organization as the exclusive representative of an appropriate unit of public employees that contains:
- 13 (a) a public employee's:
- 14 (i) name, typed or legibly printed; and
- 15 (ii) signature, dated within 6 months of the date of the filing of the petition; and
- (b) a statement that the public employee designates the named labor organization as the public
 employee's exclusive representative for purposes of collective bargaining with the public employee's public
 employer.
- 19 (9)(10) (a) "Public employee" means:
- 20 (i) except as provided in subsection (9)(b) (10)(b), a person employed by a public employer in any capacity; and
- 22 (ii) an individual whose work has ceased as a consequence of or in connection with any unfair 23 labor practice or concerted employee action.
- 24 (b) Public employee does not mean:
- (i) an elected official;
- 26 (ii) a person directly appointed by the governor;
- 27 (iii) a supervisory employee, as defined in subsection (11) (12);
- 28 (iv) a management official, as defined in subsection (7);



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1	(v)	a confidential employee, as defined in subsection (3);
2	(vi)	a member of any state board or commission who serves the state intermi

- a member of any state board or commission who serves the state intermittently; (vi)
- 3 (vii) a school district clerk;

- 4 (viii) a school administrator;
- 5 (ix) a registered professional nurse performing service for a health care facility;
- 6 a professional engineer; or (x)
- 7 (xi) an engineer intern.

(10)(11) "Public employer" means the state of Montana or any political subdivision thereof, including but not limited to any town, city, county, district, school board, board of regents, public and quasi-public corporation, housing authority or other authority established by law, and any representative or agent designated by the public employer to act in its interest in dealing with public employees. Public employer also includes any local public agency designated as a head start agency as provided in 42 U.S.C. 9836.

(11)(12) (a) "Supervisory employee" means an individual having the authority on a regular, recurring basis while acting in the interest of the employer to hire, transfer, suspend, lay off, recall, promote, discharge, assign, reward, or discipline other employees or to effectively recommend the above actions if, in connection with the foregoing, the exercise of the authority is not of a merely routine or clerical nature but requires the use of independent judgment.

- The authority described in subsection (11)(a) (12)(a) is the only criteria that may be used to (b) determine if an employee is a supervisory employee. The use of any other criteria, including any secondary test developed or applied by the national labor relations board or the Montana board of personnel appeals, may not be used to determine if an employee is a supervisory employee under this section.
- 22 (12)(13) "Unfair labor practice" means any unfair labor practice listed in 39-31-401 or 39-31-402."

24 **Section 2.** Section 39-31-207, MCA, is amended to read:

"39-31-207. Petition on representation question -- investigation by board -- hearing. (1) The board or an agent of the board shall investigate the petition and, if it has reasonable cause to believe that a question of representation exists if the petition is properly before the board, it shall provide for an appropriate hearing upon due notice whenever, in accordance with such rules as may be prescribed by the board, a petition



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has been filed: to determine whether the petition raises a question concerning representation.

- (a) A question concerning representation occurs when:
- (a)(i) by an employee or group of employees a public employee or group of public employees or any labor organization acting in on their behalf alleging that 30% of the employees submits proof of interest showing that 30% of the public employees in an appropriate unit:
- (i)(A) wish to be represented for the purpose of collective bargaining by a labor organization as exclusive representative; or
 - (ii)(B) assert that the labor organization which has been certified or is currently being recognized by the public employer as bargaining representative is no longer the representative of the majority of employees in the unit no longer wish to be represented by the exclusive representative; or
 - (b)(ii) by the public employer alleging a public employer alleges that one or more labor organizations have presented to it a claim to be recognized as the exclusive representative in of an appropriate unit.
 - (2) In this hearing, the board is not bound by common law and statutory rules of evidence."

Section 3. Section 39-31-208, MCA, is amended to read:

- "39-31-208. Representation election at direction of board. (1) If the board or an agent of the board, in the hearing provided for in 39-31-207, finds that there is a question of representation, it shall direct an election by secret ballot to determine whether and by which labor organization the <u>public</u> employees desire to be represented or whether they desire to have no labor organization represent them and shall certify the results thereof.
- (2) Only those labor organizations which have been designated by more than 10% of the <u>public</u> employees in the unit found to be appropriate shall be placed on the ballot.
- (3) The board or an agent of the board shall determine who is eligible to vote in the election and shall establish rules governing the election.
- (4) Unless the majority vote is for no representation by a labor organization and in any election where none of the choices for a representative on the ballot receives a majority, a runoff election shall be conducted, the ballot providing for selection between the two choices receiving the largest and the second largest number of valid votes cast in the election.



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1	(5) A labor organization which receives the majority of the votes cast in an election shall be
2	certified by the board as the exclusive representative.
3	(6) No labor organization shall be certified by the board or recognized by a public employer as the
4	exclusive representative of public employees unless the labor organization receives the majority of votes cast in
5	a secret ballot election conducted by the board in accordance with this section."
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7	Section 4. Section 39-31-210, MCA, is amended to read:
8	"39-31-210. Election in 12-month period following valid election prohibited <u> petition to</u>
8 9	"39-31-210. Election in 12-month period following valid election prohibited <u> petition to</u> <u>decertify or select different labor organization allowed 12 months after election</u> . (1) An election <u>shall-may</u>
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9	decertify or select different labor organization allowed 12 months after election. (1) An election shall may
9 10	decertify or select different labor organization allowed 12 months after election. (1) An election shall-may not be directed in any bargaining unit or in any subdivision thereof within which in the preceding 12-month
9 10 11	decertify or select different labor organization allowed 12 months after election. (1) An election shall-may not be directed in any bargaining unit or in any subdivision thereof within which in the preceding 12-month period a valid election has been held.

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