1	HOUSE BILL NO. 732	
2	INTRODUCED BY S. GALLOWAY, S. GIST, B. MITCHELL, L. SHELDON-GALLOWAY, L. BREWSTER, K.	
3	SEEKINS-CROWE, F. NAVE, R. MARSHALL, E. BUTTREY, J. READ, G. OBLANDER, T. BROCKMAN, T.	
4	MANZELLA, C. FRIEDEL, G. KMETZ, J. ETCHART, R. MINER, B. PHALEN, T. SMITH, E. BUTCHER, N.	
5	HASTINGS	
6		
7	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING LANDLORD-TENANT LAWS;	
8	PROVIDING FOR REMOVAL OF AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON OR TRESPASSER; PROVIDING A	
9	DEFINITION OF "AUTHORIZATION"; REVISING MOBILE HOME LAWS; REVISING LANDLORD DUTIES;	
10	REVISING LAWS FOR DISPOSITION OF ABANDONED PROPERTY; AMENDING SECTIONS 50-52-101, 70-	
11	33-103, 70-33-303, 70-33-430, 70-33-432, 70-33-433, AND 70-33-434, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN	
12	IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."	
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14	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	
15		
16	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Removal of unauthorized person or trespasser. (1) An unauthorized	
17	person or trespasser has no legal right to occupy, enter, or trespass on a premises. A person who cannot	
18	produce authorization allowing the person to occupy a premises is an unauthorized person or trespasser for the	
19	purposes of this section and may be removed from the premises immediately by law enforcement.	
20	(2) As used in this section, "authorization" includes:	
21	(a) a written rental agreement entitling the person to occupy the premises; and	
22	(b) written or verbal authorization actually given from the landlord or a tenant if the person is a	
23	guest of the tenant.	
24		
25	Section 2. Section 50-52-101, MCA, is amended to read:	
26	"50-52-101. Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the	
27	following definitions apply:	
28	(1) "Campground" means a parcel of land available to and principally used by the public for	



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1 camping, where persons can camp, secure tents or cabins, or park trailers for camping and sleeping purposes.

2 (2) "Department" means the department of public health and human services provided for in 2-15-

3 2201.

- 4 (3) "Establishment" means a campground, trailer court, work camp, or youth camp.
- 5 (4) "Parcel of land" means a unit of land all parts of which are contiguous, including contiguous
  6 lots, in the possession of, owned by, or managed by the same person.
- 7 (5) "Person" includes an individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other entity engaged
- 8 in the business of operating, owning, or offering the services of a campground, trailer court, work camp, or

9 youth camp.

(6) "Political subdivision" means any county, city, town, or other legally constituted unit of local
government in this state.

- (7) (a) "Trailer court" means a parcel of land <u>upon-on</u> which two or more spaces are available to
   the public and designated for occupancy by trailers or mobile homes <u>on a month-to-month or longer rental</u>
   agreement for use as residences.
- 15 (b) The term does not include a parcel composed of platted lots, each lot of which:
- 16 (i) is filed with the county clerk and recorder;
- 17 (ii) contains only one trailer space; and
- 18 (iii) is served by a public water supply system and public sewage system that meet the

requirements of rules for systems adopted pursuant to Title 75, chapter 6, part 1, and that are located within the
boundaries of an incorporated city or town.

(8) "Work camp" means a parcel of land on which housing is provided by a person for two or more families or individuals living separately, for the exclusive use of the employees of the person and the families, if any, of the employees. For purposes of this subsection, "housing" includes but is not limited to camping spaces; trailer parking spaces; mobile, modular, or permanent barracks or structures; and any appurtenant water supply and distribution system, sewage collection and disposal system, solid waste collection and disposal system, or food service and dining facilities. Housing does not include shelter provided by an employer for persons who are employed to perform agricultural duties on a ranch or farm.

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(9) (a) "Youth camp" means a parcel of land on which permanent buildings, tents, or other



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1 structures are maintained as living quarters for 10 or more people and that is used primarily for educational or 2 recreational use by minors. The term includes any appurtenant water supply and distribution system, sewage 3 collection and disposal system, solid waste collection and disposal system, or food service and dining facilities. 4 (b) The term does not include any site used solely by the members and their families of a private 5 organization that owns the site." 6 7 Section 3. Section 70-33-103, MCA, is amended to read: 8 **"70-33-103.** Definitions. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, in this chapter, the following 9 definitions apply: 10 (1)"Abandon" means to give up possession of the premises unless the landlord does not accept 11 abandonment or surrender as provided in 70-33-426 or unless the rental agreement has been terminated as 12 provided by law. 13 (2) "Action" includes recoupment, counterclaim, setoff suit in equity, and any other proceeding in 14 which rights are determined, including an action for possession. 15 (3) "Actual and reasonable cost" means the actual amount of expenses and labor incurred or 16 expended and the reasonable amount of expenses and labor estimated to be incurred or expended. 17 (4) "Case of emergency" means an extraordinary occurrence beyond the tenant's control requiring 18 immediate action to protect the premises or the tenant. A case of emergency may include the interruption of 19 essential services, including electricity, gas, running water, and sewer and septic system service, or life-20 threatening events in which the tenant or landlord has reasonable apprehension of immediate danger to the tenant or others. 21 22 (5) "Court" means the appropriate district court, small claims court, justice's court, or city court. 23 (6) "Good faith" means honesty in fact in the conduct of the transaction concerned. 24 "Landlord" means: (7) 25 the owner of: (a) 26 (i) space or land, including a lot, that is rented to a tenant for a mobile home; or 27 (ii) a mobile home park; 28 (b) a person who has written authorization from the owner to act as the owner's agent or assignee



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1	for purposes related to the premises or the rental agreement;		
2	(C)	a manager of the premises who fails to disclose the managerial position; or	
3	(d)	a lessor who has written authorization from the owner of the premises to sublease the	
4	premises.		
5	(8)	"Lot" means the space or land rented and not a mobile home itself.	
6	(9)	(a) "Mobile home" has the same meaning as provided in 15-1-101 and includes manufactured	
7	homes as defined in 15-1-101.		
8	<u>(b)</u>	The term does not include a motor home or a motor vehicle as those terms are defined in 61-1-	
9	<u>101.</u>		
10	(10)	"Mobile home owner" means the owner of a mobile home entitled under a rental agreement to	
11	occupy a lot.		
12	(11)	"Mobile home park" means a trailer court as defined in 50-52-101.	
13	(12)	"Organization" includes a corporation, government, governmental subdivision or agency,	
14	business trust,	estate, trust, partnership, association, two or more persons having a joint or common interest,	
15	and any other	legal or commercial entity.	
16	(13)	"Person" includes an individual or organization.	
17	(14)	"Premises" means a lot and the grounds, areas, and facilities held out for the use of tenants	
18	generally or pr	omised for the use of a tenant.	
19	(15)	"Rent" means all payments to be made to a landlord, including rent, late fees, or other charges	
20	as agreed on i	n the rental agreement, except money paid as a security deposit.	
21	(16)	"Rental agreement" means all agreements, written or oral, and valid rules adopted under 70-	
22	33-311 embodying the terms and conditions concerning the use and occupancy of the premises.		
23	(17)	"Tenant" means:	
24	(a)	a person entitled under a rental agreement to occupy a lot to the exclusion of others; or	
25	(b)	a person who, with the written approval of the landlord and pursuant to the rental agreement,	
26	has a sublease	e agreement with the person who is entitled to occupy the dwelling unit under the rental	
27	agreement.		
28	(18)	"Unauthorized person or trespasser" means a person who:	



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1	(a)	enters or remains after being asked to leave by the landlord and does not receive written
2	permission by t	he landlord to remain on the premises;
3	(b)	is in violation of 45-6-201;
4	(c)	is in violation of 45-6-203; or
5	(d)	is in violation of 70-27-102."
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7	Sectio	n 4. Section 70-33-303, MCA, is amended to read:
8	" <b>70-</b> 33	-303. Landlord to maintain premises agreement that tenant perform duties. (1) A
9	landlord shall:	
10	<del>(a) co</del>	emply with the requirements of applicable building, housing, and health department codes
11	materially affect	ting health and safety at the time of original construction;
12	<del>(b)<u>(a)</u></del>	make repairs and do whatever is necessary to put and keep the premises in a fit and habitable
13	condition except	ot when it is the tenant's responsibility to maintain the dwelling unit pursuant to 70-33-321;
14	<del>(c)</del> (b)	keep all common areas of the premises in a clean and safe condition;
15	<del>(d)<u>(</u>c)</del>	for the premises, maintain in good and safe working order and condition all electrical, plumbing,
16	sanitary, heatir	g, ventilating, air-conditioning, and other facilities and appliances, including elevators, supplied
17	or required to b	e supplied by the landlord;
18	<del>(e)<u>(d)</u></del>	unless otherwise provided in a rental agreement, provide and maintain appropriate receptacles
19	and convenien	ces for the removal of ashes, garbage, rubbish, and other waste incidental to the occupancy of
20	the lot and arra	nge for their removal; and
21	<del>(f)<u>(</u>e)</del>	supply running water at all times unless the lot is not required by law to be equipped for that
22	purpose or the	running water is generated by an installation within the exclusive control of the tenant.
23	<del>(2) If</del>	the duty imposed by subsection (1)(a) is greater than a duty imposed by subsections (1)(b)
24	through (1)(f), a	a landlord's duty must be determined by reference to subsection (1)(a).
25	<del>(3)<u>(2)</u></del>	A landlord and tenant may agree in writing that the tenant is to perform the landlord's duties
26	specified in sub	psections <del>(1)(e)</del> (1)(d) and <del>(1)(f)</del> (1)(e) but only if the agreement is entered into in good faith and
27	not for the purp	ose of evading the obligations of the landlord.
28	<del>(4)<u>(3)</u></del>	A landlord and tenant may agree that the tenant is to perform specified repairs, maintenance



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1	tasks, alteration	ns, or remodeling only if:
2	(a)	the agreement of the parties is entered into in good faith and not for the purpose of evading the
3	obligations of tl	ne landlord and is set forth in a separate writing signed by the parties and supported by
4	adequate cons	ideration; and
5	<del>(b) th</del>	e work is not necessary to cure noncompliance with subsection (1)(a); and
6	<del>(c)</del> (b)	the agreement does not diminish the obligation of the landlord to other tenants."
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8	Sectio	n 5. Section 70-33-430, MCA, is amended to read:
9	"70-33 <sup>.</sup>	-430. Disposition of abandoned personal property. (1) (a) If a tenancy terminates by court
10	order, the perse	onal property is considered abandoned and the landlord may immediately dispose of the
11	personal prope	rty <del>as allowed by law</del> .
12	(b)	If a tenancy terminates in any manner other than by court order, if the landlord reasonably
13	believes that th	e tenant has abandoned all personal property that the tenant has left on the premises, and if at
14	least 48 hours	have elapsed since the occurrence of the events upon which the landlord has based the belief of
15	abandonment,	the landlord may remove the property from the premises.
16	(2)	The landlord shall inventory and store all personal property of the tenant in a place of
17	safekeeping ar	d shall exercise reasonable care for the property. The landlord may charge a reasonable
18	storage and lat	por charge if the property is stored by the landlord, plus the cost of removal of the property to the
19	place of storag	e. The landlord may store the property in a commercial storage company, in which case the
20	storage cost in	cludes the actual storage charge plus the cost of removal of the property to the place of storage.
21	(3)	After complying with subsections (1) and (2), the landlord shall:
22	(a)	make a reasonable attempt to notify the tenant in writing that the property must be removed
23	from the place	of safekeeping;
24	(b)	notify the local law enforcement office of the property held by the landlord;
25	(c)	make a reasonable effort to determine if the property is secured or otherwise encumbered; and
26	(d)	send a notice by certified mail to the last-known address of the tenant and each known party
27	having a lien o	r encumbrance of record, stating that at a specified time, not less than 15 days after mailing the
28	notice, the prop	perty will be disposed of if not removed.

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1 (4) The landlord may dispose of the property after complying with subsection (3) by:

2 (a) selling all or part of the property at a public or private sale; or

3 (b) destroying or otherwise disposing of all or part of the property if the landlord reasonably
4 believes that the value of the property is so low that the cost of storage or sale exceeds the reasonable value of
5 the property.

6 (5) (a) If the tenant, upon receipt of the notice provided in subsection (3), responds in writing to the 7 landlord on or before the day specified in the notice that the tenant intends to remove the property and does not 8 do so within 7 days after delivery of the tenant's response, the tenant's property is conclusively presumed to be 9 abandoned.

(b) If the tenant removes the property, the landlord is entitled to storage costs for the period that
the property remains in safekeeping, plus the cost of removal of the property to the place of storage.
Reasonable storage costs are allowed to a landlord who stores the property, and actual storage costs are
allowed to a landlord who stores the property in a commercial storage company. A landlord is entitled to
payment of the storage costs allowed under this subsection (5)(b) before the tenant may remove the property.

(6) The landlord is not responsible for any loss to the tenant resulting from storage unless the loss
is caused by the landlord's purposeful or negligent act, in which case the landlord is liable for actual damages.

17 (7) A public or private sale authorized by this section must be conducted under the provisions of 30 18 9A-610 or the sheriff's sale provisions of Title 25, chapter 13, part 7.

19 (8)(7) The landlord may deduct from the proceeds of the sale the reasonable costs of notice, storage, 20 labor, and sale and, subject to any prior security interest of record, any delinquent rent or damages owing on 21 the premises. The landlord shall remit to the tenant the remaining proceeds, if any, together with an itemized 22 accounting. If the tenant cannot after due diligence be found, the remaining proceeds must be deposited with 23 the county treasurer of the county in which the sale occurred and, if not claimed within 3 years, must revert to 24 the general fund of the county.

25 (9)(8) The landlord shall ensure that the terms of this section are included in plain and 26 understandable language as a notification upon termination of the lease or rental agreement."

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Section 6. Section 70-33-432, MCA, is amended to read:



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1	"70-33-432	2. Disposition of abandoned mobile home. (1) If a tenancy terminates, if the landlord	
2	reasonably believe	s that the tenant has abandoned a mobile home occupying a mobile home lot, and if at least	
3	5 days have elapse	ed since the occurrence of events upon which the landlord has formed the belief that the	
4	mobile home has b	een abandoned, the landlord may remove the mobile home from the premises or keep the	
5	mobile home stored	d on the premises.	
6	(2) If t	he landlord does not keep the mobile home stored on the premises, the landlord shall store	
7	the mobile home in	a place of safekeeping and in either case shall exercise reasonable care for the mobile	
8	home. The landlord may charge the mobile home owner reasonable removal and storage charges.		
9	(3) Re	gardless of where the landlord stores the mobile home, the landlord shall:	
10	(a) not	tify the local law enforcement office of the storage;	
11	(b) ma	ake a reasonable effort to determine if the mobile home is secured or otherwise encumbered;	
12	and		
13	(c) sei	nd a notice by certified mail to the last-known address of the mobile home owner and to any	
14	person or entity the	e landlord determines has an interest referred to in subsection (3)(b), stating that at a	
15	specified time, not	less than 15 days after mailing the notice, the mobile home will be disposed of if the mobile	
16	home owner does i	not respond and remove the mobile home.	
17	(4) If t	he mobile home owner, within 15 days after receipt of the notice provided for in subsection	
18	(3)(c), responds in	writing to the landlord that the owner intends to remove the mobile home from where it is	
19	stored and does no	ot do so within 20 days after delivery of the owner's response, the mobile home may be	
20	conclusively presur	med to be abandoned. A landlord is entitled to payment of the removal and storage costs	
21	allowed under subs	section (2) before the owner may remove the mobile home.	
22	(5) Th	e landlord may dispose of the mobile home after complying with subsection (3) by:	
23	(a) sel	lling the mobile home at a public or private sale; or	
24	(b) des	stroying or otherwise disposing of the mobile home if the landlord reasonably believes that	
25	the value of the mo	bile home is so low that the cost of a sale would exceed the reasonable value of the mobile	
26	home. Disposal ma	ay include having the mobile home removed to an appropriate disposal site.	
27	<del>(6) A pub</del>	lic or private sale authorized by this section must be conducted under the provisions of 30-	
28	9A-610 or the sheri	iff's sale provisions of Title 25, chapter 13, part 7.	



1 (7)(6) The landlord has a lien on the mobile home and the proceeds of a sale conducted pursuant to 2 subsection (6) for the reasonable costs of removal, storage, notice, sale, or delinquent rent or damages owing 3 on the premises. The sale proceeds are subject to any prior security interest of record. A writing or recording is 4 not necessary to create the lien provided for in this section. In the case of a sheriff's sale, the sheriff shall 5 conduct the sale upon receipt of an affidavit from the landlord stating facts sufficient to warrant a sale under this 6 section. After satisfaction of the lien, the landlord shall remit to the mobile home owner the remaining proceeds, 7 if any. If the owner cannot after due diligence be found, the remaining proceeds must be deposited in the 8 general fund of the county in which the sale occurred and, if not claimed within 3 years, are forfeited to the 9 county."

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Section 7. Section 70-33-433, MCA, is amended to read:

12 "70-33-433. Grounds for termination of rental agreement. (1) If there is a noncompliance by the 13 tenant with the rental agreement or with a provision of 70-33-321, the landlord may deliver a written notice to 14 the tenant pursuant to 70-33-106 specifying the acts or omissions constituting the noncompliance and stating 15 that the rental agreement will terminate upon the date specified in the notice that may not be less than the 16 minimum number of days after receipt of the notice provided for in this section. The rental agreement 17 terminates as provided in the notice for one or more of the following reasons and subject to the following 18 conditions:

(a) nonpayment of rent, late charges, or common area maintenance fees as established in the
 rental agreement, for which the notice period is 7<u>3</u> days;

(b) a violation of a rule other than provided for in subsection (1)(a) that does not create an
immediate threat to the health and safety of any other tenant or the landlord or manager, for which the notice
period is 14 days;

(c) a violation of a rule that creates an immediate threat to the health and safety of any other
 tenant or the landlord or manager, for which the notice period <u>to terminate</u> is 24 hours;

(d) late payment of rent, late charges, or common area maintenance fees, as established in the
 rental agreement, three two or more times within a 12-month 6-month period if written notice is given by the
 landlord after each failure to pay, as required by subsection (1)(a), for which the notice period for termination for



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1	the final late payment is 30 days;		
2	(e) a violation of a rule that creates an immediate threat to the health and safety of any other tenant or		
3	the landlord or manager whether or not notice was given pursuant to subsection (1)(c) and the violation was		
4	remedied as provided in subsection (3), for which the notice period is 14 days;		
5	(f)(e) two or more violations within a 6-month period of the same rule for which notice has been given		
6	for each prior violation, as provided in subsection (1)(a) <del>,</del> <u>or</u> (1)(b), <del>or (1)(c),</del> for which the notice period for the		
7	final violation is <del>30_3</del> days;		
8	(g)(f) two or more violations of 70-33-321(1)(a) through (1)(e) within a 6-month period, for which the		
9	notice period for the final violation is 44 <u>3</u> days;		
10	(h) any violation of 70-33-321(3), for which the notice period is as provided in 70-33-422(1);		
11	(i)(g) disorderly conduct that results in disruption of the rights of others to the peaceful enjoyment		
12	and use of the premises, for which the notice period is $\neq 3$ days;		
13	$\frac{(i)(h)}{(h)}$ any other noncompliance or violation not covered by subsections (1)(a) through $\frac{(1)(i)}{(1)(g)}$ that		
14	endangers other tenants or mobile home park personnel or the landlord or manager or causes substantial		
15	damage to the premises, for which the notice period is 14 <u>3</u> days;		
16	(k) conviction of the mobile home owner or a tenant of the mobile home owner of a violation of a		
17	federal or state law or local ordinance, when the violation is detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of other		
18	tenants or the landlord or manager or the landlord's documentation of a violation of the provisions of Title 45,		
19	chapter 9, for which the notice period is 14 days;		
20	(I)(i) changes in the use of the land if the requirements of subsection (2) are met, for which the		
21	notice period is 180 days;		
22	(m)(j) any legitimate business reason not covered elsewhere in this subsection (1) if the landlord		
23	meets the following requirements:		
24	(i) the termination does not violate a provision of this section or any other state statute; and		
25	(ii) the landlord has given the mobile home owner or tenant of the mobile home owner a minimum		
26	of 90 days' written notice of the termination.		
27	(2) If a landlord plans to change the use of all or part of the premises from mobile home lot rentals		
28	to some other use, each affected mobile home owner must receive notice from the landlord as follows:		
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1 (a) The landlord shall give the mobile home owner and a tenant of the mobile home owner at least 2 15 days' written notice that the landlord will be appearing before a unit of local government to request permits 3 for a change of use of the premises.

4 (b) After all required permits requesting a change of use have been approved by the unit of local 5 government, the landlord shall give the mobile home owner and a tenant of the mobile home owner 6 months' 6 written notice of termination of tenancy. If the change of use does not require local government permits, the 7 landlord shall give the written notice at least 6 months prior to the change of use. In the notice the landlord shall 8 disclose and describe in detail the nature of the change of use.

9 (c) Prior to entering a rental agreement during the 6-month notice period referred to in subsection 10 (2)(b), the landlord shall give each prospective mobile home owner and any tenant of the mobile home owner 11 whose identity and address have been provided to the landlord written notice that the landlord is requesting a 12 change in use before a unit of local government or that a change in use has been approved.

(3) Subject to the right to terminate in subsections (1)(d) through (1)(k) (1)(h), if the noncompliance
described in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(c) is remediable by repairs, the payment of damages, or otherwise
and the tenant adequately remedies the noncompliance before the date specified in the notice, the rental
agreement does not terminate as a result of that noncompliance.

17 (4) For purposes of calculating the total number of notices given within a <u>12-month 6-month</u> period
18 under subsection (1)(d), only one notice for each violation per month may be included in the calculation."

- 19
- 20 Section 8. Section 70-33-434, MCA, is amended to read:

"70-33-434. Attorney fees -- costs. (1) In an action on a rental agreement or arising under this
 chapter, reasonable attorney fees, together with costs and necessary disbursements, may be awarded to the
 prevailing party notwithstanding an agreement to the contrary.

- 24 (2) If the rental agreement is terminated pursuant to 70-33-433(1)(c), (1)(g), or (1)(h), the tenant
- 25 shall immediately vacate the premises and the mobile home must be removed from the premises within 30
- 26 days of termination of the rental agreement."
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NEW SECTION. Section 9. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an



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1	integral part of Title 70, chapter 33, part 1, and the provisions of Title 70, chapter 33, part 1, apply to [section 1].
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3	NEW SECTION. Section 10. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.
4	- END -