

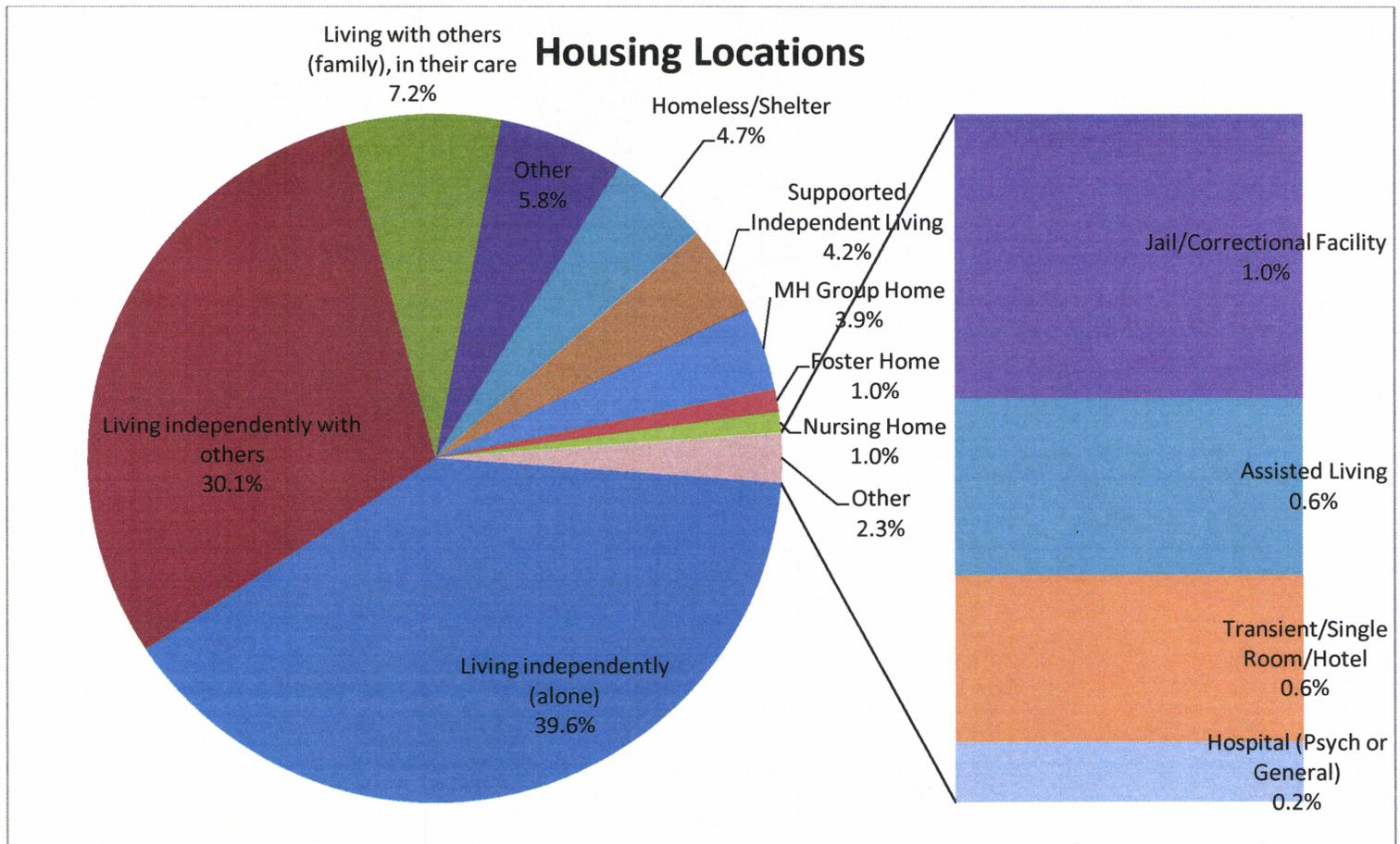
Mental Health Investment Outcome Update

Addictive & Mental Disorders Division

September 14th, 2015

Recovery Marker Information:

Below indicates the 2014 recovery marker records which include a total of 13,358 case management client records.

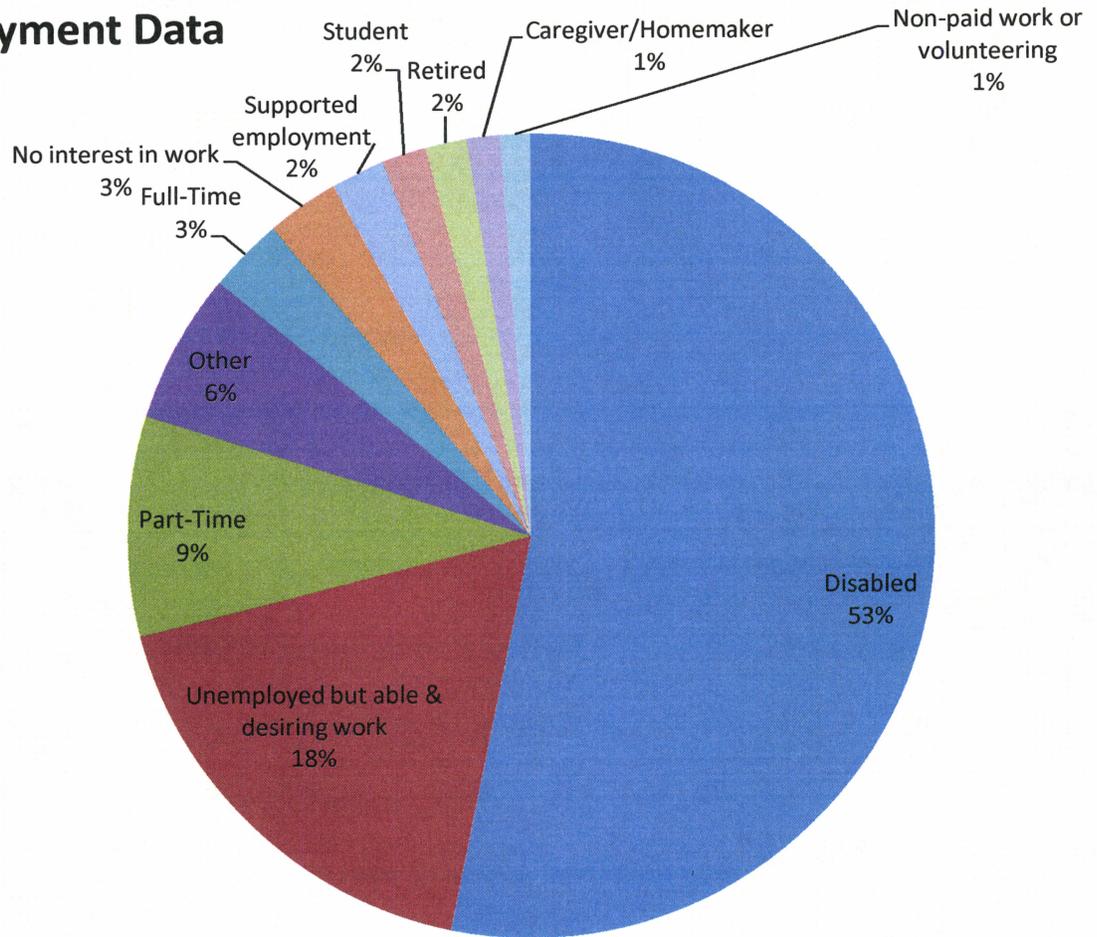


Three-fourths of adult case management clients were living independently (74%). Forty percent lived alone, and 30% lived independently with others, and the remaining 4% were living independently through Supported Independent Living services. Five percent were homeless/transient during one or more quarters of FY2014. Four percent of these clients were MSH inpatients for some time in FY14, and 10% had a recorded criminal justice incident (some involving incarceration). Most of the remaining clients were living in a dependent care situation, including family (7%), nursing home (1%), foster home (1%), and mental health group home (4%)

Housing Changes from FY13 to FY14:

- Living independently alone decreased by 1%
- Living in the care of family increased by 1%

2014 Employment Data

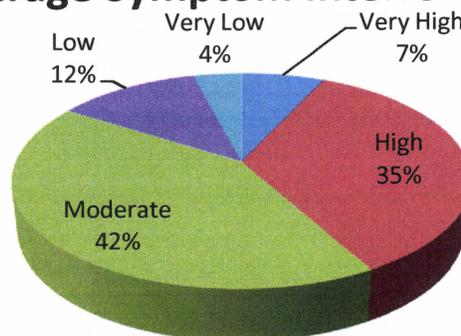


A total of 15% of the clients were employed; 53% of the clients were too disabled to work; 18% were unemployed but able and desiring work; 3% had no interest in working. Six out of 8 providers had a 1%-3% increase in the percent employed compared with FY2013.

Symptom Interference Data:

Note: Data below includes only those case management records with symptom interference data, which includes 6,853 records.

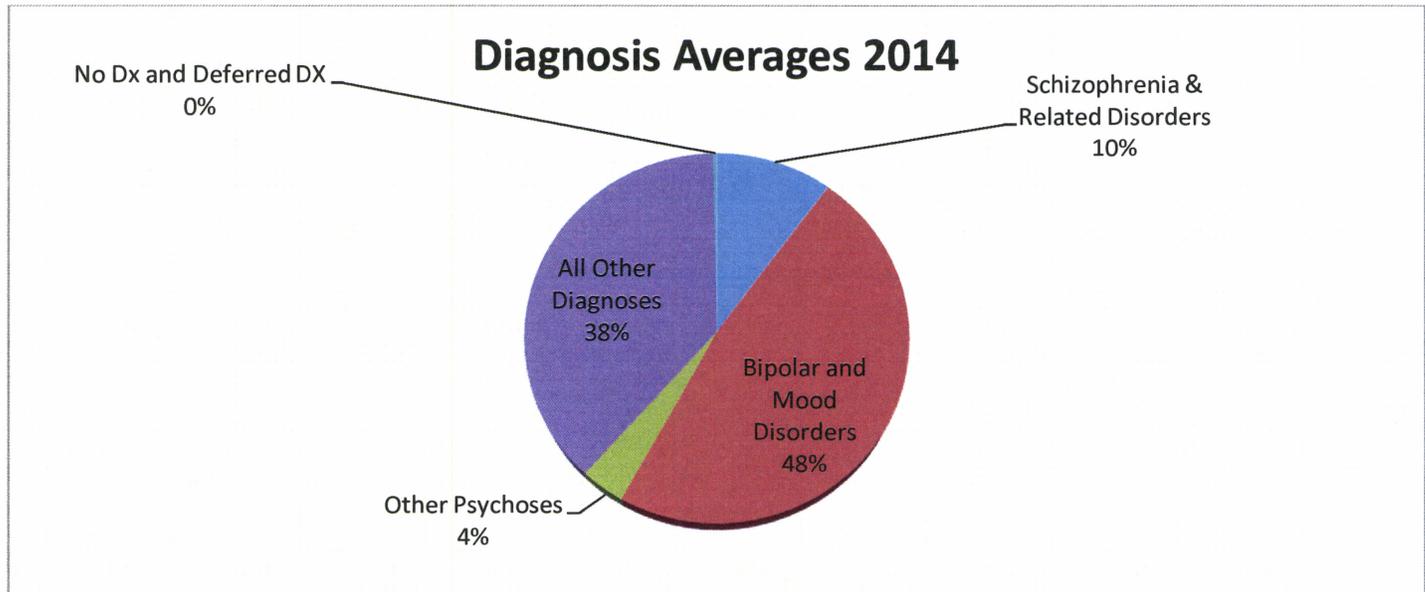
Average Symptom Interference



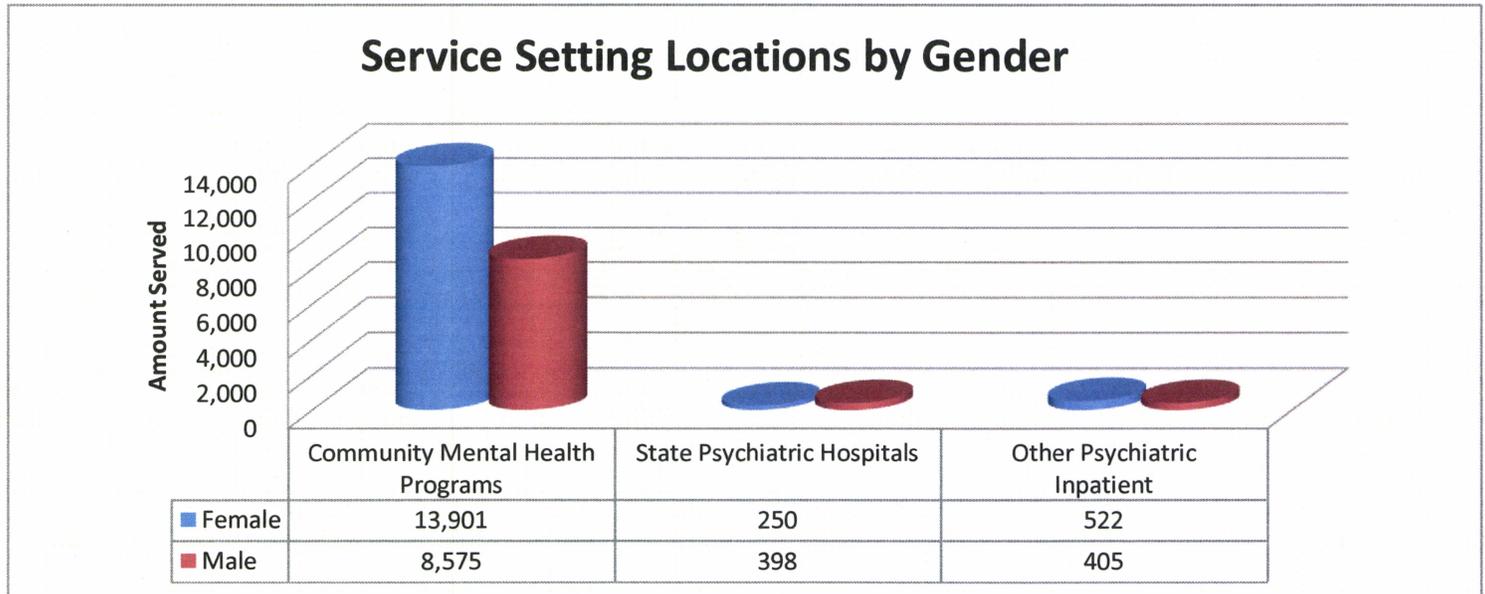
Symptom Interference from FY13 to FY14:

- On average, 7% of the time clients had a very high level of symptom interference, which was a 2% decrease over FY13.
- Four percent of the time clients' average symptom interference was very low, which was a 2% decrease compared with FY13.

Looking at symptom interference by employment status, those with the lowest level of symptom interference were clients who are able to work full-time. Clients with the greatest average symptom interference were those who are too disabled to work or who have no interest in work.



A total of 62% of clients served fit into Schizophrenia, Other Psychoses, and Bipolar/Mood Disorders.



Notes: This includes all those records in 2014 that are under a case management program.

- A total of 93.5% of clients are served in a Community Mental Health Program.
- A total of 2.6% of clients are served in a state psychiatric hospital.
- A total of 3.9% of clients are served in an inpatient psychiatric clinic.
- Females make up 61% of this survey and males are at 39%.