



A REPORT
TO THE
MONTANA
LEGISLATURE

FINANCIAL-COMPLIANCE AUDIT

*Department of Public
Health and Human
Services*

*For the Two Fiscal Years Ended
June 30, 2011*

OCTOBER 2011

LEGISLATIVE AUDIT
DIVISION

11-14

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FINANCIAL-COMPLIANCE AUDITS

Financial-compliance audits are conducted by the Legislative Audit Division to determine if an agency's financial operations are properly conducted, the financial reports are presented fairly, and the agency has complied with applicable laws and regulations. In performing the audit work, the audit staff uses standards set forth by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the United States Government Accountability Office. Financial-compliance audit staff members hold degrees with an emphasis in accounting. Most staff members hold Certified Public Accountant (CPA) certificates.

Government Auditing Standards, the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and OMB Circular A-133 require the auditor to issue certain financial, internal control, and compliance reports. This individual agency audit report is not intended to comply with these reporting requirements and is therefore not intended for distribution to federal grantor agencies. The Legislative Audit Division issues a statewide biennial Single Audit Report which complies with the above reporting requirements. The Single Audit Report for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, was issued March 1, 2010. The Single Audit Report for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, will be issued by March 31, 2012. Copies of the Single Audit Report can be obtained by contacting:

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October 2011

The Legislative Audit Committee
of the Montana State Legislature:

This is our report on the financial-compliance audit of the Department of Public Health and Human Services for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 2011. This report includes issues related to internal controls over federal programs, federal questioned costs, and compliance with state laws and federal regulations.

We thank the director and her staff for the assistance and cooperation provided during the audit.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Tori Hunthausen

Tori Hunthausen, CPA
Legislative Auditor

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | |
|--|----------|
| Figures and Tables..... | iii |
| Appointed and Administrative Officials | iv |
| Report Summary | S-1 |
| CHAPTER I – INTRODUCTION..... | 1 |
| Introduction and Scope of Audit..... | 1 |
| Background..... | 1 |
| Changes in Social Services | 4 |
| Organizational Structure | 4 |
| Questioned Costs..... | 8 |
| Prior Audit Recommendations..... | 8 |
| CHAPTER II– FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS | 9 |
| Transferring Funds Without the Appropriate Authority..... | 9 |
| Foster Care..... | 10 |
| Repayment of Federal Funds..... | 10 |
| Foster Care Tribal Contracts..... | 11 |
| Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) | 12 |
| Contract Monitoring..... | 12 |
| TANF Eligibility..... | 14 |
| Low Income Energy Assistance Program (LIEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) | 15 |
| Subrecipient Monitoring | 15 |
| Benefit Overpayments..... | 16 |
| Period of Grant Availability..... | 17 |
| American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) Contract Requirements | 17 |
| Vocational Rehabilitation..... | 18 |
| Financial Reporting | 18 |
| Use of Program Income..... | 20 |
| Electronic Benefit Card Control | 21 |
| Procurement Controls..... | 21 |
| Sole Source Procurement..... | 22 |
| Physical Inventory of Capital Assets..... | 23 |
| INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT AND DEPARTMENT FINANCIAL SCHEDULES | |
| Independent Auditor’s Report | A-1 |
| Schedule of Changes in Fund Balances & Property Held in Trust for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 | A-3 |
| Schedule of Changes in Fund Balances & Property Held in Trust for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010..... | A-4 |
| Schedule of Total Revenues & Transfers-In for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011..... | A-5 |
| Schedule of Total Revenues & Transfers-In for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010..... | A-6 |
| Schedule of Total Expenditures & Transfers-Out for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011..... | A-7 |

Schedule of Total Expenditures & Transfers-Out
for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010.....A-8
Notes to the Financial Schedules A-9

DEPARTMENT RESPONSE

Department of Public Health and Human Services..... B-1

FIGURES AND TABLES

Figures

| | | |
|----------|---|---|
| Figure 1 | Expenditures by Fund for the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2011 | 2 |
| Figure 2 | Federal Program Expenditures for the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2011 | 3 |
| Figure 3 | Department of Public Health and Human Services Organizational Chart by Bureau | 7 |

Tables

| | | |
|---------|--|---|
| Table 1 | Department of Public Health and Human Services Caseload Analysis for TANF, Medicaid, CHIP, and SNAP | 4 |
| Table 2 | Summary of Questioned Costs | 8 |

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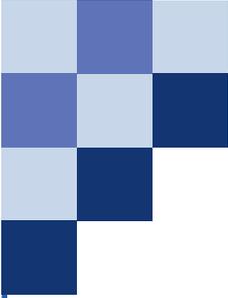
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MONTANA LEGISLATIVE AUDIT DIVISION

FINANCIAL-COMPLIANCE AUDIT

Department of Public Health and Human Services

For the Two fiscal years ended June 30, 2011

OCTOBER 2011

11-14

REPORT SUMMARY

The Department of Public Health and Human Services operates a portfolio of medical, economic assistance, and public health programs to serve Montanans. Many of these programs are counter-cyclical, with increases in demand for services coinciding with downturns in employment, income, and state revenues. We questioned \$285,118 in costs charged to federal grants.

Context

Department expenditures during the past fiscal year included \$1,288,782,706 in federal funds and \$508,777,127 in state matching funds. Thirteen federal programs comprised 92 percent of the federal expenditure total. Medicaid and Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) are the largest of these programs, but Child Health Insurance Program, Low Income Energy Assistance Program (LIEAP), Weatherization, Women, Infants, and Children, Child Care and Development, and Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) each incurred expenditures greater than \$25 million for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 2011. The department received increased federal funding throughout the biennium from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act through increased federal participation rates and direct supplements to grant programs. The department expended \$3.5 billion in the two fiscal years ended June 30, 2011.

The department also operates mental health, developmental disabilities, and long-term care facilities. The department contracts for Medicaid claims processing services and manages a number of information systems to handle eligibility, contractor payments, and other data intensive elements of its programs.

Results

The report includes 15 recommendations to improve controls and enhance compliance with provisions of state law, federal regulations, and state accounting policy. Issues addressed include expending moneys from funds other than those where the costs were incurred to avoid short-term appropriation deficiencies, making payments to federal agencies, and expending general fund before nongeneral fund sources.

The report recommends correcting deficiencies in contract compliance for TANF and Foster Care contracts, limiting LIEAP grant carryforward to the level allowed by federal law, and following state regulations on sole source procurement. The audit also addresses financial reporting controls related to Foster Care and Vocational Rehabilitation federal programs, physical controls over SNAP electronic benefit cards, and the monitoring processes for TANF and LIEAP subgrantees.

The department implemented all of the 14 recommendations made in the previous audit.

(continued on back)

| Recommendation Concurrence | |
|--|----|
| Concur | 15 |
| Partially Concur | 0 |
| Do Not Concur | 0 |
| Source: Agency audit response included in final report. | |

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Report Fraud, Waste, and Abuse to the Legislative Auditor's FRAUD HOTLINE
Call toll-free 1-800-222-4446, or e-mail lad@mt.gov.

Chapter I – Introduction

Introduction and Scope of Audit

We performed a financial-compliance audit of the Department of Public Health and Human Services (department) for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 2011. The objectives of the audit were to:

1. Determine whether the department complied with selected applicable state laws and federal regulations.
2. Obtain an understanding of the department's control systems to the extent necessary to support our audit of the department's financial schedules and, if appropriate, make recommendations for improvements in management and internal controls of the department.
3. Determine the implementation status of prior audit recommendations.
4. Determine whether the department's financial schedules present fairly the results of operations and changes in fund balances and property held in trust for each of the two fiscal years ended June 30, 2011.

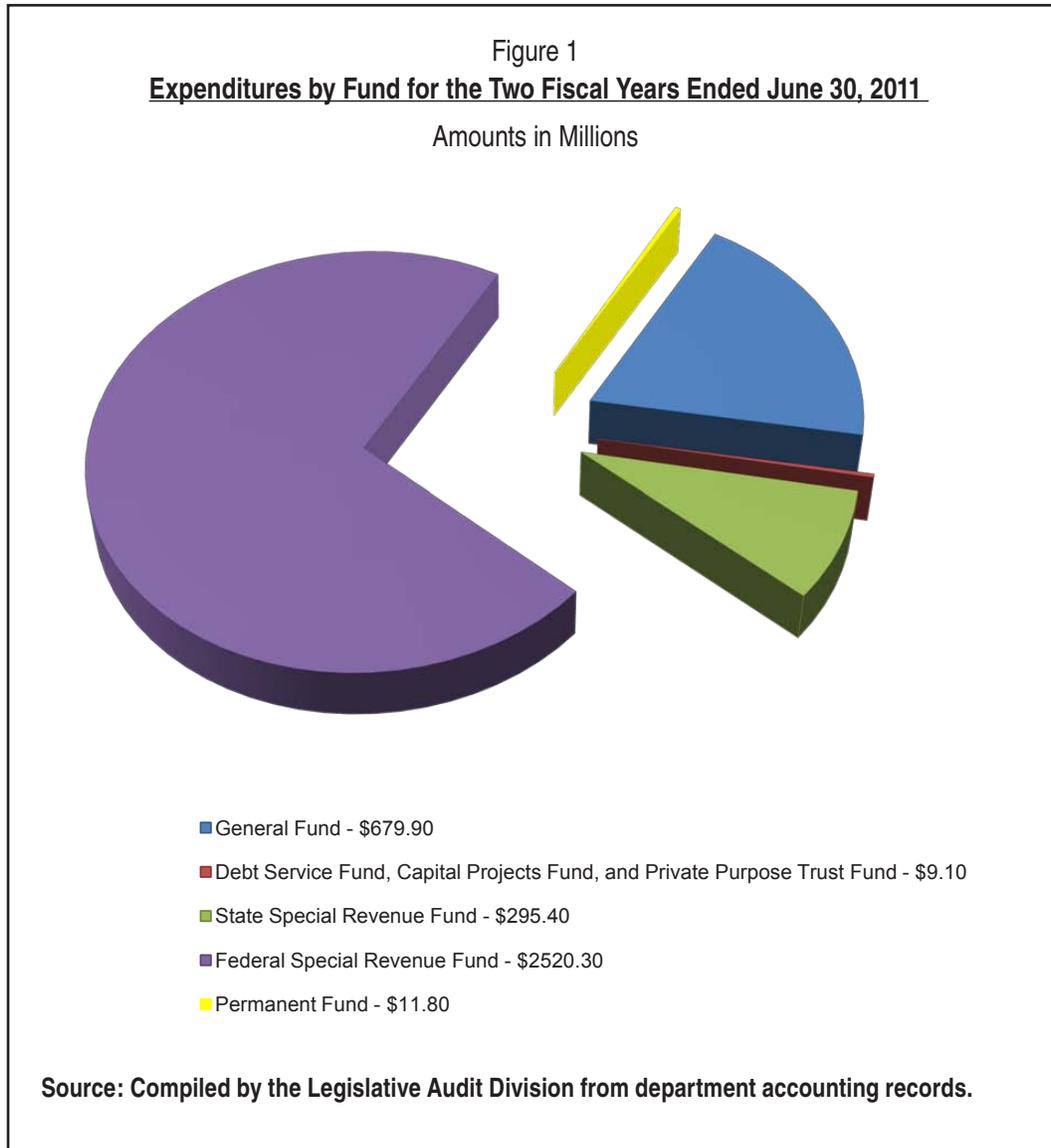
This report contains 15 recommendations to the department. These recommendations address areas where the department can improve internal controls and compliance with state laws and federal regulations. In accordance with §5-13-307(2), MCA, we analyzed and disclosed the cost, if significant, of implementing the recommendations in this report.

Background

The department spent approximately \$1.8 billion in fiscal year 2010-11, and \$1.7 billion in fiscal year 2009-10, administering a wide spectrum of social service and health programs for the state of Montana. The programs include Medicaid, foster care and adoption, nursing home licensing, long term care, aging services, alcohol and drug abuse, mental health services, vocational rehabilitation, disability services, child support enforcement activities, and public health services, including communicable disease control and preservation of public health through chronic disease prevention.

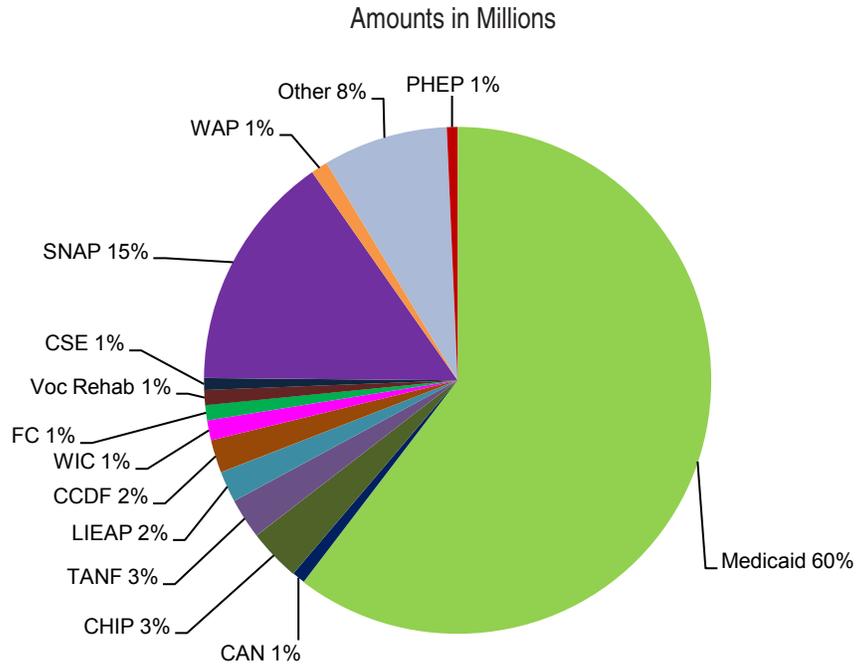
Department facilities, by location, include: Montana State Hospital, Warm Springs; Montana Mental Health Nursing Care Facility, Lewistown; Montana Chemical Dependency Center, Butte; Eastern Montana Veterans Home, Glendive; Montana Veterans Home, Columbia Falls; and Montana Developmental Center, Boulder.

Total expenditures by fund for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, are identified in Figure 1. Benefits and Claims expenditures account for approximately 78 percent of the total expenditures.



Federal regulations provide guidance to define major federal programs for the state of Montana subject to audit. We audited 13 department programs with expenditures ranging between \$17.19 million and \$1,525.78 million for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, as major federal programs. We spent substantial audit effort determining whether these programs are operated in compliance with federal regulations. Figure 2 identifies these programs and the related expenditures recorded on the state's accounting records.

Figure 2
Federal Program Expenditures for the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2011



| | |
|--|-------------------|
| Medicaid | \$1,525.78 |
| Supplemental Nutritional Assistance Program (SNAP) | 382.96 |
| Other NonMajor Federal Programs (Other) | 200.69 |
| Children's Health Insurance Plan (CHIP) | 84.32 |
| Temporary Assistance for Needy Family Program (TANF) | 64.85 |
| Child Care Development Fund (CCDF) | 53.16 |
| Low Income Energy Assistance Program (LIEAP) | 50.35 |
| Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) | 32.02 |
| Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) | 27.38 |
| Foster Care (FC) | 24.40 |
| Vocational Rehabilitation Grant to States (Voc Rehab) | 23.97 |
| Child and Adult Nutrition (CAN) | 21.01 |
| Child Support Enforcement (CSE) | 19.09 |
| Public Health Emergency Preparedness and Response (PHEP) | 17.19 |
| Total | \$2,527.17 |

Source: Compiled by the Legislative Audit Division from department records.

Changes in Social Services

Benefits and claims expenditures totaled \$2.2 billion in the 2009 biennium and \$2.7 billion in the 2011 biennium. This increase of 22.7 percent resulted from growing caseloads and a weaker economy. Table 1 below shows changes in caseloads for selected programs from 2010 to 2011.

Table 1
Department of Public Health and Human Services
Caseload Analysis for TANF, Medicaid, CHIP, and SNAP

| | June 2011 | June 2010 | Percent Change |
|---|-----------|-----------|----------------|
| Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) | 3,400 | 3,748 | -9.28% |
| Medicaid Title 19 (Physical health)-Unduplicated | 99,659 | 91,951 | 8.38% |
| Medicaid Mental Health | 11,577 | 11,384 | 1.70% |
| Childrens Health Insurance Program-Enrolled (CHIP)* | 18,461 | 16,837 | 9.65% |
| Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) | 58,455 | 52,528 | 11.28% |

*Used May data due to a 60 day lag for enrolled CHIP information.

Note: An individual may participate in multiple programs, so the caseloads may be duplicated counts.

Source: Compiled by the Legislative Audit Division from department records.

Organizational Structure

During the two years ended June 30, 2011, the department was organized into 3 branches and 11 divisions. Descriptions of the branches and divisions are provided below. The department's organization chart and employee full-time equivalent position allocations at July 1, 2011, are shown in Figure 3 on page 7.

The Director's Office provides overall policy development and administrative guidance to the department. The Director's Office staff includes legal affairs, public information, human resources executive support, preventive resources center, planning, coordination and analysis, and health policy services. The Native American Advisory Council, and the Montana Health Coalition are administratively attached to the department and the director serves on the Interagency Coordinating Council for State Prevention Programs, which is attached to the Governor's Office.

The Operations Services Branch includes the Office of Fair Hearings. It also includes the following divisions:

- ◆ The Business and Financial Services Division provides services for the department including financial and accounting oversight, department wide

budget monitoring and support, cash management, preparation and filing of federal financial reports, purchasing of supplies and equipment, payroll processing, audit coordination, lease management, mail handling, property and records management, accounts payable, and facility reimbursements.

- ◆ The Quality Assurance Division monitors and ensures the integrity and cost effectiveness of programs administered by the department. Services include: oversight of health and day-care providers; detection and investigation of fraudulent practices affecting Medicaid, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, and Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program; identification of parties responsible for paying client medical expenses; oversight of internal and external independent audits for department programs; and provide hearings for clients and providers participating in department programs.
- ◆ The Technology Services Division provides technological support in areas critical to the implementation of department programs.

The Medicaid and Health Services Branch includes the Medicaid Systems Support Program and Healthy Montana Kids Program. It also includes the following divisions:

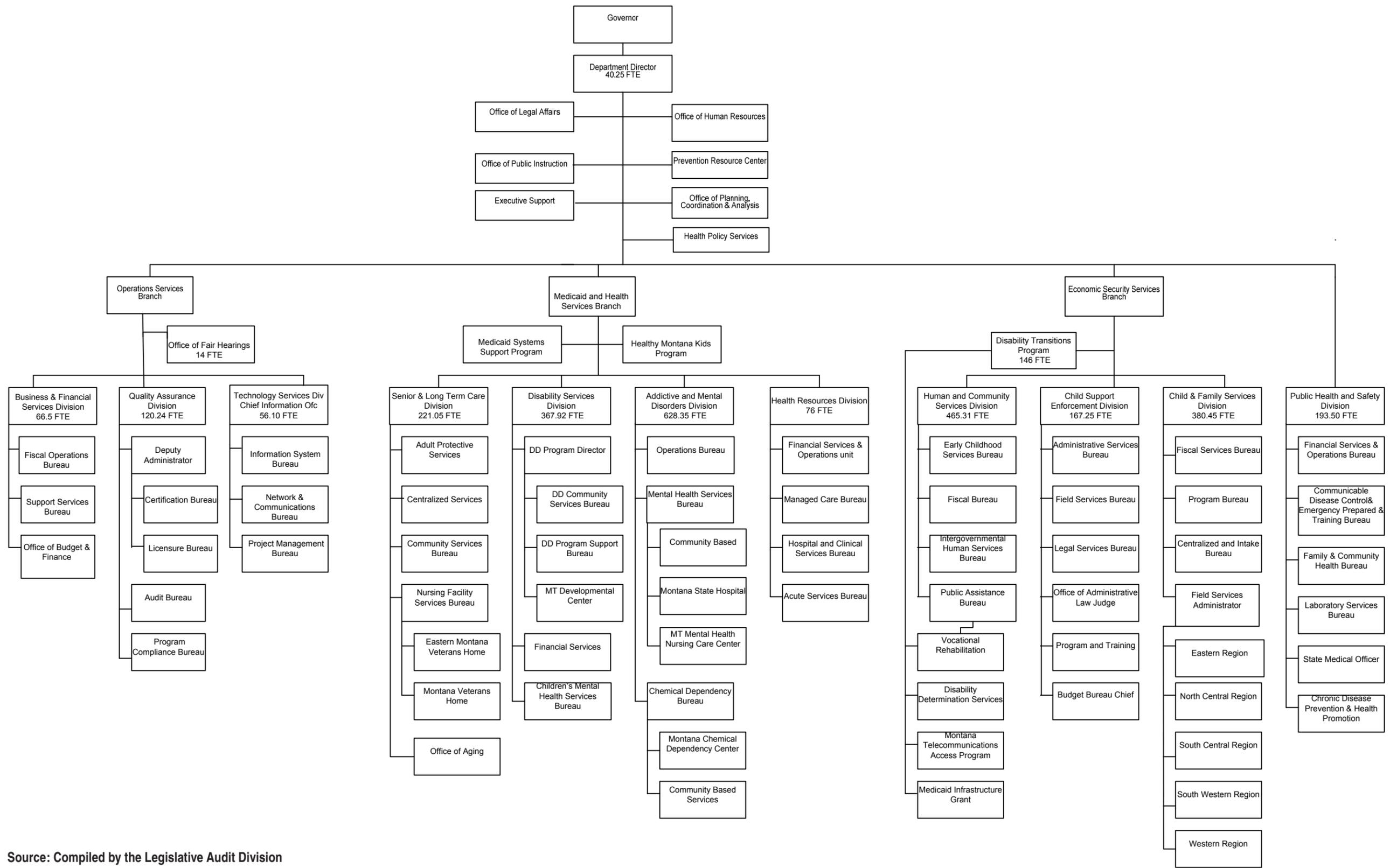
- ◆ The Senior and Long Term Care Division administers and provides publicly-funded long term care for Montana's senior citizens and persons with physical disabilities through programs consisting of the Office on Aging, Medicaid community and nursing services, the state's two veterans' homes, protective services, and supplemental payments for SSI eligible individuals residing in designated residential care facilities.
- ◆ The Disability Services Division provides services that help Montanans with disabilities to live, work, and fully participate in their communities. The division provides or contracts for institutional care, residential services, home-based services to families, case management, children's mental health services, and a variety of employment outcome-related services. The division operates the Montana Developmental Center in Boulder and administers the Developmental Disabilities Program.
- ◆ The Addictive and Mental Disorders Division implements and improves a statewide system of prevention, treatment, care, and rehabilitation for Montanans with mental disorders or addictions to drugs or alcohol. The division achieves this by contracting for chemical dependency and adult mental health services with behavioral health providers. It also provides services in inpatient facilities at Montana State Hospital in Warm Springs, Montana Chemical Dependency Center in Butte, and Montana Mental Health Nursing Care Center in Lewistown. In addition, the Medicaid program funds outpatient and residential chemical dependency treatment for adolescents who are Medicaid recipients.
- ◆ The Health Resources Division administers Medicaid primary care services, the Children's Health Insurance Plan, and Big Sky Rx, to improve and protect the health and safety of Montanans. The division reimburses private and public providers for a wide range of preventive, primary, and acute care services.

The Economic Security Services Branch includes the Disability Transitions Program. It also includes the following divisions:

- ◆ The Human and Community Services Division supports the strengths of families and communities by promoting employment and providing the assistance necessary to help families and individuals meet basic needs and work their way out of poverty. The program provides cash assistance, employment training, Supplemental Nutritional Assistance Program, Medicaid benefits, early childhood care, energy assistance, weatherization, emergency shelter, and distribution of United States Department of Agriculture commodities.
- ◆ The Child Support Enforcement Division obtains medical and financial support for children by establishing, enforcing, and collecting financial support owed by obligated parents. Services include locating absent parents, identifying assets, establishing paternity, and ensuring parents maintain medical health insurance coverage for their dependent children.
- ◆ The Child and Family Services Division provides protective services to children who are abused, neglected, or abandoned. This includes receiving and investigating reports of child abuse and neglect, helping families to stay together or reunite, and finding placements in foster or adoptive homes.

The Public Health and Safety Division oversees the coordination of the public health system in Montana. The division provides a wide range of public health services to individuals and communities that are aimed at prevention of disease and promotion of health. Programs include: clinical and environmental laboratory services, chronic and communicable disease prevention and control, maternal and public health services, public health emergency preparedness, Women's Infants and Child Special Nutrition Program, food and consumer safety, tobacco cessation and prevention programs, and emergency medical services.

Figure 3
Department of Public Health and Services
Organizational Chart by Bureau



Source: Compiled by the Legislative Audit Division

Questioned Costs

In the report sections that follow, we identify, as questioned costs, expenditures of federal assistance that we believe do not comply with regulations of the federal program. Under federal audit requirements, the auditor questions costs associated with an audit finding when the costs result from a violation or probable violation of law or regulation governing the use of federal funds, when the costs are not supported by adequate documentation at the time of the audit, or when the costs incurred appear unreasonable. When federal program personnel resolve the audit issues and set corrective action plans, the federal government may require repayment, reduce the current federal award, or take no financial action on the questioned cost. Table 2 summarizes the federal questioned costs we identify in the report.

| Table 2 Summary of Questioned Costs For the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2011 | | |
|---|----------------------------------|------|
| Grant Title | Amount of Known Questioned Costs | Page |
| Temporary Assistance to Needy Families | \$285,118 | 12 |

Source: Compiled by the Legislative Audit Division.

Prior Audit Recommendations

The department implemented all 14 of the prior audit recommendations.

Chapter II– Findings and Recommendations

Transferring Funds Without the Appropriate Authority

The department temporarily used appropriation authority from nonrelated programs in order to process expenditures through SABHRS.

Article VIII, Section 14 of the Montana Constitution prohibits payment of money from the state treasury without an appropriation made by law. During the general appropriations process, the Legislature authorizes expenditures of federal funds. Approved appropriation authority is entered into the Statewide Accounting, Budgeting and Human Resources System (SABHRS) for each program. SABHRS will not allow an agency to spend more than the approved appropriation authority. If, during the fiscal year, the department estimates expenditures will exceed approved appropriation authority in a program, a Budget Change Document (BCD) is submitted to the approving authority. Section 17-7-139(1), MCA, states the approving authority may approve agency requests to transfer appropriations between programs within each fund type within each fiscal year unless prohibited by law or a condition in the general appropriation act. All program transfers must be completed within the same fund from which the transfer originated.

During fiscal years 2009-10 and 2010-11, we identified the following instances where the department did not follow state law:

- ♦ In fiscal year 2010-11 the department had excess federal funding available in a program with insufficient appropriation authority. The department submitted several BCD's to the approving authority, Office of Budget and Program Planning (OBPP), requesting additional appropriation authority in the affected program. At the time of the requests, OBPP was not approving BCDs due to the Legislative session. OBPP combined similar requests from various agencies into the Supplemental Authority bill for approval by the Legislature. In order to process previous and current federal program expenditures before the supplemental authority was approved, the department initiated approximately \$7,816,930 in temporary (TEMP) journals which paid bills with appropriation authority from another nonrelated federal program.
- ♦ In both fiscal years, the department initiated approximately \$1,202,111 in various TEMP journals to move expenditures from state special revenue funds into federal special revenue funds or the general fund. The movement of expenditures was initiated since the state special revenue funds did not have sufficient appropriation authority. In effect, the general fund and federal special revenue fund paid bills of the state special revenue fund. Movement of the expenditures allowed the expenditures to post in SABHRS until submitted BCDs could be approved by OBPP. Once the BCDs were approved, the TEMP journals were reversed posting the costs in the correct fund.

A department manager said the department used the TEMP journals as a work around to ensure all necessary expenditures posted. The department considered the use of TEMP journals as a viable solution to the appropriation restrictions of SABHRS. Each separate transferring of expenditures did not impact cash in any fund, rather temporarily moved activity from one fund to another, a department official said. However, the validity of the expenditures is contingent upon legislative approval of additional authority. At the time the department expended funds with TEMP journals, it lacked the appropriation authority to do so.

RECOMMENDATION #1

We recommend the department:

- A. *Expend money from the state treasury using appropriation authority approved by law as required by the Montana Constitution.*
 - B. *Charge expenditures to the programs and funds against the appropriation authority approved for the expenditure made.*
-

Foster Care

The department administers foster care services for Montana children. To operate its foster care program, the department received federal assistance of \$11,206,013 and \$13,190,599 in fiscal years 2010-11 and 2009-10, respectively.

Repayment of Federal Funds

Errors in reporting foster care expenditures led to unnecessary repayments to the federal government.

The department submits quarterly financial status reports to the federal grantor agency, identifying both federal and state share disbursed. In tests of data on three of these quarterly reports, we noted errors on two of the reports.

The department recorded foster care expenditures on the state's accounting records for the period ending June 30, 2010, for costs incurred but not billed or paid as of that date. In August 2010, department personnel reduced expenditures for state fiscal year 2009-10 by the amount of the expenditures accrued for the previous fiscal year, then recorded prior year expenditures for those costs when bills were paid. As payments occurred, the department drew cash from the federal grantor for the federal share of the costs. However, when department accountants prepared the federal report for the

quarter ended September 30, 2010, the amount paid in the period for costs incurred in the previous fiscal year was not included. As a result, the department understated expenditures by \$1,325,543 on the quarterly report. After filing the report, department personnel discovered the error and submitted corrections of the December 31, 2010, quarterly report.

In response to the reported understatement, the federal government reduced authority for the grant in the September quarter and requested repayment of the amount by which cash draws exceeded reported expenditures. The department paid the federal government \$1,325,543 as requested in January 2011, even though the department personnel knew the request was based on a reporting error rather than a draw of excess funds by the department. We found that the department did not have a management process to review federal claims prior to payment. Consequently, the federal government held the state general fund money for four months before returning it.

RECOMMENDATION #2

We recommend the department establish procedures for management approval of high dollar repayments to federal assistance programs.

Foster Care Tribal Contracts

The department accepted time and effort documentation other than that specified in its case management contracts.

The department contracts with various Montana tribes for case management services in the Foster Care program. Attachments incorporated into each contract require monthly time samples showing employee activity for five consecutive days for all individuals whose positions receive Title IV-E Foster Care funding. The time samples are used to determine the average amount of time spent providing services to Title IV-E eligible children during the previous year, and the average is then used as the basis for reimbursement for each employee under the tribal contract.

Rather than requiring a time sample for one employee in June 2010, the department accepted an additional week of data for May 2010. For another contractor, we noted department files contained time samples for three months of the 2010-11 fiscal year when nine should have been reported. As a result of the audit observation, the department requested and received the time samples. Department employees indicated

that they view the contract attachments as guides to establish consistencies among the tribes rather than requirements. Under current contracts, the attachment provisions are an integral part of the contract requirements.

RECOMMENDATION #3

We recommend the department obtain time verification for each tribal employee whose position is funded by Title IV-E money as required by foster care case management contracts.

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)

The department expended \$33,328,585 and \$31,728,955 in federal TANF funds in fiscal years 2009-10 and 2010-11 for cash assistance, employment skills training, and other services designed to move families toward economic self sufficiency. To achieve these objectives, the department initiated approximately \$19.8 million and \$12.3 million in contracts to subrecipients in fiscal years 2009-10 and 2010-11, respectively, to provide services to eligible TANF households.

Contract Monitoring

The department did not require subrecipients to prepare written program improvement plans to correct deficiencies documented in annual onsite reviews conducted by the department.

Federal regulations require the department to maintain internal control over the TANF program sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that funds from the TANF award are expended in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements. In addition, federal regulations require the department to monitor the activities of subrecipients as necessary to ensure that TANF awards are used for authorized purposes in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements. The department reviews financial audits submitted by the subrecipients and performs annual fiscal reviews of its subrecipients.

For one subrecipient, the department found problems in two of three annual reviews. Consequently, TANF program staff requested specific procedures be performed at the subrecipient level by the department's Audit Bureau to determine whether certain expenditures charged to the TANF grant were allowable costs under the contract with the subrecipient. The report prepared by the Audit Bureau identified \$285,118

in subrecipient expenditures reimbursed by the department which could not be substantiated as allowable costs under the contract. After reading the report, we concur with the department's identification of these charges as questioned costs.

To determine why unallowable costs continued over a period of four years, we examined the design of the department's annual fiscal reviews. For the three most recent fiscal reviews, two identified potential issues. However, the subrecipient did not submit a corrective action plan after receiving either of these fiscal review reports. The department's contract with the subrecipient stated,

“In the event the review indicates Contractor noncompliance with the terms and conditions of this contract, the Contractor will submit, within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt, a written program improvement plan detailing actions and time lines for correcting the deficiencies causing Contractor noncompliance. The Department shall respond in writing within fifteen (15) days accepting or rejecting the Contractor Program Improvement Plan and establish a date to evaluate progress of the Plan. If satisfactory progress is not made within the allotted time frame, then a formal corrective action amendment to this contract will take place.”

By not enforcing the contract requirement for the subrecipient to submit a written program improvement plan, the department allowed problems identified by their staff to persist and not be corrected. Department staff said that prior management personnel did not enforce the contract requirement for a written program improvement plan. The current manager was not aware that the contract required the subrecipient to submit a plan.

RECOMMENDATION #4

We recommend the department enforce provisions of its contracts with TANF subrecipients regarding submission of a program improvement plan and evaluation of progress in implementing the plan.

TANF Eligibility

The department does not require a review of eligibility information input by the case workers and does not track the recovery of overpayments.

The TANF program provides cash assistance to needy families. Department case workers determine eligibility of applicants for TANF assistance. At the time of application, the case worker obtains evidence of eligibility and enters the information into The Economic Assistance Management System (TEAMS). Edits within TEAMS determine eligibility and calculate the amount of monthly assistance based on the information input by the case worker. Federal regulations require the department to implement control procedures to attain reasonable assurance that the department, as a recipient of federal awards, complies with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements that could have a material effect on each of its federal programs. We found the department no longer requires supervisory reviews of the completeness and accuracy of eligibility information obtained by case workers and input into TEAMS.

One eligibility requirement to receive TANF is for certain individuals to participate in allowable work activities while receiving TANF cash assistance. If a family does not meet participation requirements, and does not have good cause for failing to meet the requirements, they may be disqualified from receiving benefits. This is known as a sanction. We noted two instances from the 29 cases we reviewed where a TANF recipient was sanctioned for not fulfilling the work participation requirement and received benefits that should have been recovered. The recipient received benefits during the sanctioned month while a fair hearing was scheduled. In one case, the recipient did not show up for the fair hearing and in the other case the recipient withdrew the request for the fair hearing. Federal regulations require the department to terminate or reduce the amount of assistance when a family receiving assistance refuses to engage in work. Both instances constitute refusal to engage in work.

Department staff said the policy for two supervisory reviews of files each month on each case worker has been discontinued because of increased workloads in public assistance offices throughout the state. A department staff said fair hearing cases which involve a request for continued benefits occur infrequently, so the requirement to establish an overpayment is not familiar to many case workers.

RECOMMENDATION #5

We recommend the department:

- A. *Reestablish the requirement for reviews of TANF eligibility information input by case workers.*
 - B. *Implement a control to ensure that assistance to the family is reduced or terminated when an individual refuses to engage in required work.*
-

Low Income Energy Assistance Program (LIEAP) and Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP)

The department offers two programs aimed at helping low-income individuals reduce their heating costs. LIEAP provides assistance to pay winter energy bills to those who qualify. The LIEAP program expends approximately \$28 million each fiscal year. WAP helps qualified participants improve the heating efficiencies of their homes, thereby reducing their energy consumption. WAP expended over \$12 million and \$14 million in American Recovery Reinvestment Act funds (ARRA) during fiscal years 2009-10 and 2010-11, respectively. The department contracts with 11 area agencies throughout the state to administer the services funded by these federal programs.

Subrecipient Monitoring

The department did not complete onsite reviews for all area agencies and did not distribute monitoring reports within the required timeframe.

The LIEAP state plan requires the department to conduct onsite monitoring reviews of administering agencies on an annual basis. After completing the onsite visits, WAP regulations require the department to submit a monitoring review report to the administering agency within 30 days. In fiscal year 2009-10, the department did not conduct any onsite monitoring reviews for one administering agency. During both fiscal years, the department submitted 15 monitoring reports to administering agencies, with 14 reports sent more than 30 days after the onsite visit. The 30-day requirement for submitting the report to administering agencies was overlooked, a department manager said. As a standard practice, the department used a 60-day report turnaround period. Of the 15 reports submitted, we noted five reports were submitted more than 60 days after the onsite visit.

RECOMMENDATION #6

We recommend the department:

- A. *Complete the monitoring of administering agencies as required by the state plan.*
 - B. *Submit administering agencies' onsite monitoring reports within the 30 day timeframe required by federal regulations.*
-

Benefit Overpayments

LIEAP benefit overpayments are not recouped by the department.

The department contracts with local administering agencies to assess eligibility of applicants for LIEAP benefits. The department pays the energy provider or the applicant an amount to offset energy costs, based on eligibility assessed by the agencies. During its monitoring visits, department personnel determine whether the agencies properly assess applicant eligibility.

Federal regulations require the department to monitor the activities of subrecipients to ensure that federal awards are used for authorized purposes. The department directs the administering agencies to reimburse the department when overpayments occur due to agency errors as part of a corrective action plan. We reviewed 100 percent of the monitoring reports for fiscal years 2009-10 and 2010-11. Three of eight administering agency monitoring reports contained corrective action plans to repay the department for benefit overpayments caused by agency errors. As of May 2011, the department had not followed up on these corrective action plans, so \$3,541 of unallowable program costs had not been returned to the department.

A program manager said the department's current policy does not require follow-up on repayment corrective actions earlier than the subsequent monitoring visit which usually occurs at least a year later.

RECOMMENDATION #7

We recommend the department implement procedures to recover LIEAP overpayments identified in corrective action plans from its administering agencies.

Period of Grant Availability

The department exceeded the 10 percent limit for carrying grant funding authority forward to the following fiscal year.

Per Federal regulations, at least 90 percent of the LIEAP block grant must be used in the federal fiscal year in which it is appropriated. Up to ten percent of the funds may be carried forward for obligation during the following fiscal year. Funds not obligated by the end of the following fiscal year must be returned.

In federal fiscal year 2009-10, the department received \$27,883,283 in federal LIEAP funds. The maximum carry forward amount was \$2,788,328. However, the department carried forward \$3,110,803 to federal fiscal year 2010-11, \$322,474 more than the federally allowed 10 percent.

According to the department, subgrantee administration obligations were counted twice. Currently, a single individual determines and verifies the amounts obligated. The department does not have a review process to confirm the financial information compiled in the report has been properly calculated. In May, subsequent to audit procedures, the department implemented corrective action to reduce the excess carry forward

RECOMMENDATION #8

We recommend the department implement internal controls over calculating and compiling financial information supporting carryforward to ensure compliance with federal regulations.

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) Contract Requirements

Weatherization contracts with administering agencies did not include federal award identification numbers as required by ARRA.

Federal regulations require ARRA award recipients to identify the federal award number, catalog of federal domestic assistance number, and amount of ARRA funds to each subrecipient at the time the assistance is awarded. The department did not provide the federal award number to its subrecipients of ARRA Weatherization funding.

We tested eleven contracts. None disclosed the federal award number. However, the contracts did include the assistance number and the amount of the award.

Department staff administering the Weatherization program said they rely on the central legal office to provide them with the contract forms and language for all contracts. In addition, the Weatherization program personnel said they were not aware of the ARRA compliance requirement, so they were unable to prevent or detect the noncompliance.

RECOMMENDATION #9

We recommend the department comply with the federal ARRA requirement to disclose the federal grant award number to subrecipients.

Vocational Rehabilitation

The department administers a program to provide vocational rehabilitation for individuals whose disabilities present a barrier to obtaining and holding employment. To finance costs associated with vocational rehabilitation, the department expended federal funding of \$12,863,250 and \$12,561,328 in fiscal years 2009-10 and 2010-11, respectively. The following sections discuss errors in federal financial reporting, lack of written control documentation, and use of program income.

Financial Reporting

The department submitted financial reports for vocational rehabilitation funding later than required by federal regulations and with errors in data.

Federal regulations require the department to submit a financial status report twice a year for each of its current vocational rehabilitation grants. The reports are due 45 days after the end of the reporting period. We noted that the report for the federal fiscal year 2009-10 grant for the period ended September 30, 2010, was submitted June 22, 2011, and the report for the period ended March 31, 2011, had not been submitted as of June 30, 2011. We also noted that the report for the federal fiscal year 2010-11 grant for the period ended March 31, 2011, was submitted within 45 days. A department official said the program analyst position charged with preparing the reports was filled in December 2010 after being vacant for most of the previous five months. In addition, the department did not have written procedures related to grant reporting, making it more difficult for new personnel to master the reporting function.

We tied the September 30, 2010, and March 31, 2011, reports, described above, to support in the state's accounting records. On both reports, the department understated the state resources spent by the department on vocational rehabilitation and made errors in reporting indirect costs charged to the grant. On the September 30, 2010 report, state resource effort was understated by \$597,396. Such an understatement could cause the federal grantor to conclude that the state had not met its obligations under the grant or request return of current grant funds. The department also overstated its share of expenditures connected with committed funds that have not yet been spent by \$57,019, thereby increasing the risk of spending more state money on the program than is actually required. The amount reported for indirect costs exceeded the amount on the accounting records by \$6,583. Subsequent to our work, the department filed an amended version of this report correcting these errors. On the March 31, 2011 report, the department claimed \$20,394 less in state resource effort than was recorded on the state's accounting records. The department also omitted three entries describing the department's indirect cost allocation plan. In addition to unfamiliarity with the financial data reported, caused by turnover, we found department personnel had not used the most recent guidance on completing the report provided by the grantor agency.

Federal regulations require the department to maintain internal control over federal programs that provides reasonable assurance that the department is managing federal awards in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements. State accounting policy states that internal control systems should be clearly documented and the documentation should be readily available for examination at each agency. By documenting controls related to management of the vocational rehabilitation grant, the department can facilitate continuity of its control system when employees responsible for certain tasks leave or take other positions and reduce the time required for new employees to learn the control functions.

RECOMMENDATION #10

We recommend the department:

- A. *Submit financial reports for the vocational rehabilitation grant in the timeframe required by federal regulations.*
 - B. *Report information for the vocational rehabilitation grant supported by the state's accounting records.*
 - C. *Document internal controls associated with financial operations of its vocation rehabilitation grant in writing as required by state accounting policy.*
-

Use of Program Income

The department uses general fund money before vocational rehabilitation program income and should record program income as revenue when received.

The vocational rehabilitation program provides a broad range of services to assist, find, or maintain employment for eligible individuals with disabilities. The department receives program income, which is earned when a Social Security recipient returns to the workforce through the benefits provided by the vocational rehabilitation program and no longer receives Social Security benefits.

Federal regulations allow the department to use program income to increase the amount of the total grant award for that year. Per §17-2-108, MCA, the department should expend nongeneral fund money whenever possible before using general fund appropriations. Current department practice is to spend regular program funds, which require a state match, before using the program income. Therefore, the department is using general fund money before nongeneral fund money.

In fiscal year 2009-10, the department deferred recognition of \$1,044,064 in program income which should have been recorded as revenue. State accounting policy states revenue is recognized when it is realizable, measurable, has been earned, and is available. Under state policy, the program income, which is earned when social security recipients return to the workforce, should be recorded as revenue when it is received.

According to department management, the department does not spend the program income unless it has met the state spending level required by federal regulations for the vocational rehabilitation program. Federal regulations allow the department to spend the vocational rehabilitation grant funds before using program income, a financial manager said. However, allowability under federal regulation does not remove the requirement in state law. The department also spends vocational rehabilitation grant moneys prior to spending ARRA funds, which, like program income, have no state matching requirement.

RECOMMENDATION #11

We recommend the department:

- A. *Use nongeneral fund money before general fund money as required by state law.*
 - B. *Record payments from Social Security Administration as revenue when received as required by state accounting policy.*
-

Electronic Benefit Card Control

The department does not have effective internal controls over returned Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) cards.

The department provides EBT cards to SNAP recipients to purchase food in authorized retail stores. The EBT cards are similar to debit cards. Federal regulations require the department to establish control procedures to safeguard cards similar to those used to protect currency. These include storing the cards in a locked location and requiring dual signatures to remove the EBT cards from storage and reissue them.

We reviewed documentation for 14 SNAP EBT cards mailed to beneficiaries which were returned to the department as undeliverable. We found four instances in which department personnel did not follow controls to safeguard EBT cards. By not following the procedure of two employees signing the log approving reissuance of returned EBT cards, the department has increased risk of theft and misuse of those cards.

A department manager said employee oversight and a vacant EBT supervisor position contributed to the lapse in control. The EBT supervisor position became vacant in October 2010, and has been held open for vacancy savings, the manager said. The review of EBT card safeguards usually performed by the supervisor position was not assigned to other staff.

RECOMMENDATION #12

We recommend the department follow its control procedures for safeguarding EBT cards to maintain compliance with federal requirements.

Procurement Controls

The department does not have effective internal controls over procurement suspension and debarment.

Federal regulations require agencies to verify that a contractor is not suspended or debarred. The department's policy requires the contract manager to sign and date a form entitled "Federal Debarment Certification" to verify that the federal "List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs" has been reviewed at the beginning of the contract and annually thereafter.

We reviewed all contracts that had activity over \$100,000 during our audit period, which totaled 17 contracts in four divisions. Of those reviewed, three contracts did not have evidence of any review for suspension and debarment. One division has changed its internal process to include the suspension and debarment language in the contract, rather than completing the form. This process does not follow department policy. None of the divisions checked the federal listing annually as required by department policy. These situations increase the potential risk of using federal and state funds while contracting with a firm that is suspended or debarred. For each contract reviewed we checked the federal list to confirm the contractor had not been suspended or debarred.

Division personnel could not explain why the form was not included with the contract for one of the occurrences. In the two other incidences, division personnel stated they were not aware of the requirement to use the form. Personnel said the renewal process checklist did not include annual review of suspension and debarment, so they did not complete it.

RECOMMENDATION #13

We recommend the department enhance and enforce its internal control policy and procedures to ensure compliance with federal suspension and debarment requirements.

Sole Source Procurement

The department purchased equipment without using competitive bidding or the sole source justification form.

Personnel at the department's Montana Mental Health Nursing Care Center purchased two commercial clothes dryers worth \$16,300 without using competitive bidding or the sole source justification form. Section 18-4-306(1), MCA, establishes conditions under which sole source procurement is allowable. State policy requires the department to use either competitive bidding or the sole source justification form when purchasing items costing \$5,000 or more. Through discussions with department personnel, we believe the decision to purchase the dryers from the company selected through sole source procurement was justified. However, personnel did not follow the documentation requirements of state law and state procurement policy while completing the transaction. Department personnel indicated that facility staff overlooked the requirement.

RECOMMENDATION #14

We recommend the department follow state procurement policy related to sole source purchases.

Physical Inventory of Capital Assets

The department does not take a physical inventory of capital assets every two years as required by state policy.

The Montana Developmental Center, the Montana State Hospital, and the Montana Mental Health Nursing Care Center have not taken a physical inventory of the capital assets and “sensitive equipment” within the past two years. These assets include vehicles, furniture, appliances, computers, and other electronic equipment. State policy requires that an agency take a complete physical inventory of all capital assets, tagged minor equipment, and sensitive equipment at a minimum every two years. Without a periodic physical inventory of equipment assets, there is a higher risk that the loss or theft of assets will not be detected and the accounting records will not reflect the assets actually in service. Subsequent to onsite audit work, the department completed a physical inventory at the Montana State Hospital facility.

RECOMMENDATION #15

We recommend the department conduct physical inventories of capital assets at its facilities every two years in compliance with state policy.

Independent Auditor's Report and Department Financial Schedules

LEGISLATIVE AUDIT DIVISION

Tori Hunthausen, Legislative Auditor
Deborah F. Butler, Legal Counsel



Deputy Legislative Auditors
Cindy Jorgenson
Angie Grove

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Legislative Audit Committee
of the Montana State Legislature:

We have audited the accompanying Schedules of Changes in Fund Balances & Property Held in Trust, Schedules of Total Revenues & Transfers-In, and Schedules of Total Expenditures & Transfers-Out of the Department of Public Health and Human Services for each of the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010. The information contained in these financial schedules is the responsibility of the department's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial schedules based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial schedules are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial schedules. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial schedule presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in note 1, these financial schedules are prepared on the basis of Montana state accounting policy, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The schedules are not intended to be a complete presentation and disclosure of the department's assets and liabilities.

In our opinion, the financial schedules referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the results of operations and changes in fund balances and property held in trust of the Department of Public Health and Human Services for each of the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, and 2010, in conformity with the basis of accounting described in note 1.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Cindy Jorgenson

Cindy Jorgenson, CPA
Deputy Legislative Auditor

September 1, 2011

PUBLIC HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES
 SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES & PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST
 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

| | General Fund | State Special Revenue Fund | Federal Special Revenue Fund | Debt Service Fund | Capital Projects Fund | Agency Fund | Private Purpose Trust Fund | Permanent Fund |
|---|-----------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------------|
| FUND BALANCE: July 1, 2010 | \$ (29,940,617) | \$ 82,496,395 | \$ (1,003,513) | \$ 4,226,602 | \$ (5,752) | \$ 973,036 | \$ 0 | \$ 137,358,897 |
| PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST: July 1, 2010 | | | | | | | | |
| ADDITIONS | | | | | | | | |
| Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In | 24,413,667 | 51,029,616 | 1,123,635,365 | | | | 135,000 | 1,023,711 |
| Nonbudgeted Revenues & Transfers-In | 3,148 | 2,630,782 | 158,803,288 | 2,963,794 | | | | 20,166,585 |
| Prior Year Revenues & Transfers-In Adjustments | (5,290) | (549,432) | (2,312,096) | | | | | |
| Direct Entries to Fund Balance | 308,332,808 | 93,695,183 | 2,841,266 | | 2,154,826 | | | |
| Additions to Property Held in Trust | | | | | | 73,922,341 | | |
| Total Additions | 332,744,333 | 146,806,149 | 1,282,967,822 | 2,963,794 | 2,154,826 | 73,922,341 | 135,000 | 21,190,297 |
| REDUCTIONS | | | | | | | | |
| Budgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out | 355,910,306 | 134,181,072 | 1,291,544,440 | | 2,158,564 | | 24,286 | |
| Nonbudgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out | 18,296 | 19,791,195 | 136,756 | 2,943,824 | | | 51 | 6,173,036 |
| Prior Year Expenditures & Transfers-Out Adjustments | (356,364) | (767,378) | (2,898,490) | | | | | |
| Reductions in Property Held in Trust | | | | | | 73,890,080 | | |
| Total Reductions | 355,572,238 | 153,204,889 | 1,288,782,706 | 2,943,824 | 2,158,564 | 73,890,080 | 24,337 | 6,173,036 |
| FUND BALANCE: June 30, 2011 | \$ (52,768,522) | \$ 76,097,655 | \$ (6,818,397) | \$ 4,236,572 | \$ (9,490) | \$ 1,005,297 | \$ 110,663 | \$ 152,376,158 |
| PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST: June 30, 2011 | | | | | | | | |

This schedule is prepared from the Statewide Accounting, Budgeting, and Human Resources System (SABHRS) without adjustment. Additional information is provided in the notes to the financial schedules beginning on page A-9.

PUBLIC HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES & PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

| | General Fund | State Special Revenue Fund | Federal Special Revenue Fund | Debt Service Fund | Capital Projects Fund | Agency Fund | Permanent Fund |
|---|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| FUND BALANCE: July 1, 2009 | \$ (32,089,739) | \$ 79,624,992 | \$ (1,546,905) | \$ 4,280,990 | \$ (49,241) | \$ 0 | \$ 115,475,574 |
| PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST: July 1, 2009 | | | | | | \$ 1,597,164 | |
| ADDITIONS | | | | | | | |
| Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In | 23,763,500 | 54,164,972 | 1,093,880,274 | | | | 438,784 |
| Nonbudgeted Revenues & Transfers-In | 50,725 | 1,866,727 | 149,799,127 | 2,889,139 | | | 27,043,184 |
| Prior Year Revenues & Transfers-In Adjustments | (176,185) | (60,069) | (13,449,276) | | | | |
| Direct Entries to Fund Balance | 302,795,991 | 89,102,642 | 1,813,881 | | 1,063,825 | | |
| Additions to Property Held in Trust | | | | | | 81,569,178 | |
| Total Additions | <u>326,434,031</u> | <u>145,074,272</u> | <u>1,232,044,006</u> | <u>2,889,139</u> | <u>1,063,825</u> | <u>81,569,178</u> | <u>27,481,968</u> |
| REDUCTIONS | | | | | | | |
| Budgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out | 329,787,217 | 128,316,172 | 1,245,971,754 | | 1,020,336 | | |
| Nonbudgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out | 922,840 | 14,901,427 | 146,555 | 2,943,527 | | | 5,598,645 |
| Prior Year Expenditures & Transfers-Out Adjustments | (6,425,148) | (1,014,730) | (14,617,695) | | | | |
| Reductions in Property Held in Trust | | | | | | 82,193,306 | |
| Total Reductions | <u>324,284,909</u> | <u>142,202,869</u> | <u>1,231,500,614</u> | <u>2,943,527</u> | <u>1,020,336</u> | <u>82,193,306</u> | <u>5,598,645</u> |
| FUND BALANCE: June 30, 2010 | \$ (29,940,617) | \$ 82,496,395 | \$ (1,003,513) | \$ 4,226,602 | \$ (5,752) | \$ 0 | \$ 137,358,897 |
| PROPERTY HELD IN TRUST: June 30, 2010 | | | | | | \$ 973,036 | |

This schedule is prepared from the Statewide Accounting, Budgeting, and Human Resources System (SABHRS) without adjustment. Additional information is provided in the notes to the financial schedules beginning on page A-9.

PUBLIC HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES
SCHEDULE OF TOTAL REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

| | General Fund | State Special Revenue Fund | Federal Special Revenue Fund | Debt Service Fund | Private Purpose Trust Fund | Permanent Fund | Total |
|---|--------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| TOTAL REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN BY CLASS | | | | | | | |
| Licenses and Permits | \$ 166,855 | \$ 1,742,838 | | | | \$ | \$ 1,909,693 |
| Charges for Services | 20,193,982 | 15,652,886 | 3,902 | | | | 35,850,770 |
| Investment Earnings | 112,303 | 227,734 | 259 | 214,489 | | \$ 8,723,032 | 9,277,817 |
| Monetary Settlements | | 15,357,089 | 2,712,359 | | | 11,849,960 | 29,919,408 |
| Sale of Documents, Merchandise and Property | 1,704 | 103,228 | | | | | 104,932 |
| Rentals, Leases and Royalties | 764 | 23,346 | | | | | 24,110 |
| Grants, Contracts, and Donations | | 7,531,090 | | | | | 7,531,090 |
| Transfers-in | 3,905,009 | 12,751,006 | 1,332,432 | 2,739,305 | 135,000 | 617,304 | 21,480,056 |
| Inception of Lease/Installment Contract | (1,865) | 16,679 | | | | | 14,814 |
| Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries | 23,959 | 3,742 | 53,463,366 | | | | 53,467,108 |
| Miscellaneous | 8,814 | (308,040) | 158,595 | | | | (125,486) |
| Federal | | 9,368 | 1,222,455,644 | | | | 1,222,473,826 |
| Total Revenues & Transfers-In | 24,411,525 | 53,110,966 | 1,280,126,557 | 2,953,794 | 135,000 | 21,190,296 | 1,381,928,138 |
| Less: Nonbudgeted Revenues & Transfers-in | 3,148 | 2,630,782 | 158,803,288 | 2,953,794 | | 20,166,585 | 184,557,597 |
| Prior Year Revenues & Transfers-In Adjustments | (5,290) | (549,432) | (2,312,096) | | | | (2,866,818) |
| Actual Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In | 24,413,667 | 51,029,616 | 1,123,635,365 | 0 | 135,000 | 1,023,711 | 1,200,237,359 |
| Estimated Revenues & Transfers-In | 19,189,630 | 110,662,957 | 1,555,411,123 | | 186,436 | 475,000 | 1,685,925,146 |
| Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In Over (Under) Estimated | \$ 5,224,037 | \$ (59,633,341) | \$ (431,775,758) | \$ 0 | \$ (51,436) | \$ 548,711 | \$ (485,687,787) |

BUDGETED REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN OVER (UNDER) ESTIMATED BY CLASS

| | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|-----------------|------------------|------|-------------|------------|------------------|
| Licenses and Permits | \$ 93,182 | \$ (995,150) | | | | \$ | \$ (901,968) |
| Charges for Services | 4,881,827 | (1,317,945) | 3,277 | | | | 3,567,159 |
| Investment Earnings | 102,303 | (37,923,448) | (174) | | | \$ 548,711 | (37,272,608) |
| Fines and Forfeits | | | (5,000) | | | | (5,000) |
| Monetary Settlements | | (2,267,351) | (287,021) | | | | (2,554,372) |
| Sale of Documents, Merchandise and Property | (96) | (52,721) | | | | | (52,817) |
| Rentals, Leases and Royalties | (642) | (3,652) | | | | | (4,294) |
| Grants, Contracts, and Donations | | (795,253) | | | \$ (6) | | (795,259) |
| Transfers-in | 1,268,757 | (12,888,866) | (108,567,003) | | (51,430) | | (11,671,539) |
| Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries | (120,108) | (3,492,640) | 134,773 | | | | (108,719,138) |
| Miscellaneous | (1,001,186) | 255,820 | (323,054,610) | | | | (3,477,975) |
| Federal | | | (431,775,758) | | | | (323,799,976) |
| Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In Over (Under) Estimated | \$ 5,224,037 | \$ (59,633,341) | \$ (431,775,758) | \$ 0 | \$ (51,436) | \$ 548,711 | \$ (485,687,787) |

This schedule is prepared from the Statewide Accounting, Budgeting, and Human Resources System (SABHRS) without adjustment. Additional information is provided in the notes to the financial schedules beginning on page A-9.

PUBLIC HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES
SCHEDULE OF TOTAL REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

| | General Fund | State Special Revenue Fund | Federal Special Revenue Fund | Debt Service Fund | Permanent Fund | Total |
|---|---------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| TOTAL REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN BY CLASS | | | | | | |
| Licenses and Permits | \$ 84,102 | \$ 1,649,534 | | | | \$ 1,733,636 |
| Charges for Services | 22,031,697 | 17,886,448 | 3,923 | | | 39,922,068 |
| Investment Earnings | 24,603 | 238,301 | 221 | \$ 208,988 | \$ 14,308,928 | 14,781,041 |
| Fines and Forfeits | | | 7,105 | | | 7,105 |
| Monetary Settlements | | 16,030,050 | 3,295,953 | | 12,613,175 | 31,939,178 |
| Sale of Documents, Merchandise and Property | 2,559 | 126,634 | | | | 129,193 |
| Rentals, Leases and Royalties | 938 | 23,168 | | | | 24,106 |
| Grants, Contracts, and Donations | | 4,651,594 | | | | 4,651,594 |
| Transfers-in | 1,590,353 | 13,647,924 | 838,458 | 2,680,151 | 559,865 | 19,316,751 |
| Inception of Lease/Installment Contract | 47,845 | 6,348 | 41,559 | | | 95,752 |
| Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries | (147,141) | 18,048 | 52,319,900 | | | 52,337,948 |
| Miscellaneous | | 407,776 | 154,034 | | | 414,669 |
| Federal | 3,084 | 1,285,805 | 1,173,568,972 | | | 1,174,857,861 |
| Total Revenues & Transfers-In | 23,638,040 | 55,971,630 | 1,230,230,125 | 2,889,139 | 27,481,968 | 1,340,210,902 |
| Less: Nonbudgeted Revenues & Transfers-In | 50,725 | 1,866,727 | 149,799,127 | 2,889,139 | 27,043,184 | 181,648,902 |
| Prior Year Revenues & Transfers-In Adjustments | (176,185) | (60,069) | (13,449,276) | | | (13,685,530) |
| Actual Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In | 23,763,500 | 54,164,972 | 1,093,880,274 | 0 | 438,784 | 1,172,247,530 |
| Estimated Revenues & Transfers-In | 19,953,630 | 68,910,500 | 1,148,330,440 | | 475,000 | 1,237,669,570 |
| Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In Over (Under) Estimated | \$ 3,809,870 | \$ (14,745,528) | \$ (54,450,166) | \$ 0 | \$ (36,216) | \$ (65,422,040) |
| BUDGETED REVENUES & TRANSFERS-IN OVER (UNDER) ESTIMATED BY CLASS | | | | | | |
| Licenses and Permits | \$ 10,429 | \$ (335,318) | | | | \$ (324,889) |
| Charges for Services | 5,959,193 | (841,838) | 3,348 | | | 5,120,703 |
| Investment Earnings | 14,603 | (2,505,124) | 170 | | \$ (36,216) | (2,526,567) |
| Fines and Forfeits | | | 2,105 | | | 2,105 |
| Monetary Settlements | | (3,011,790) | 9,367 | | | (3,002,423) |
| Sale of Documents, Merchandise and Property | 759 | (49,857) | | | | (49,098) |
| Rentals, Leases and Royalties | (468) | (1,772,207) | | | | (1,772,675) |
| Grants, Contracts, and Donations | | (1,794,874) | | | | (1,794,874) |
| Transfers-in | (1,045,899) | (3,892,096) | 10,523 | | | (4,927,472) |
| Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries | | 1,427 | (30,371,635) | | | (30,370,208) |
| Miscellaneous | (119,433) | (614,290) | 129,822 | | | (603,901) |
| Federal | (1,009,314) | 70,439 | (24,233,866) | | | (25,172,741) |
| Budgeted Revenues & Transfers-In Over (Under) Estimated | \$ 3,809,870 | \$ (14,745,528) | \$ (54,450,166) | \$ 0 | \$ (36,216) | \$ (65,422,040) |

This schedule is prepared from the Statewide Accounting, Budgeting, and Human Resources System (SABHRS) without adjustment. Additional information is provided in the notes to the financial schedules beginning on page A-9.

PUBLIC HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES
SCHEDULE OF TOTAL EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

| PROGRAM (ORG) EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT | ADDICTIVE & MENTAL DISORDERS | BUSINESS & FINANCIAL SERVICES DIV | CHILD & FAMILY SERVICES | CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT | DEVELOPMENTAL SERVICES DIVISION | DIRECTOR'S OFFICE | HEALTH RESOURCES DIVISION | HUMAN AND COMMUNITY SERVICES | MANAGEMENT AND DISABILITY TRANSITIONS | MANAGEMENT AND FAIR HEARINGS | MEDICAID AND HEALTH SERVICES MANAGEMENT | PUBLIC HEALTH & SAFETY DIVISION | QUALITY ASSURANCE DIVISION | SENIOR & LONG-TERM CARE | TECHNOLOGY SERVICES DIVISION | TOTAL |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| Personal Services | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Salaries | \$ 24,251,382 | \$ 2,530,006 | \$ 13,740,754 | \$ 6,251,202 | \$ 11,926,859 | \$ 3,412,811 | \$ 3,161,955 | \$ 16,057,756 | \$ 5,824,348 | \$ 471,630 | \$ 312,728 | \$ 8,162,003 | \$ 4,551,993 | \$ 7,519,629 | \$ 3,291,934 | \$ 111,466,990 |
| Hourly Wages | | | | | 67,899 | | | | | | | | | | | 67,899 |
| Employee Benefits | 10,541,759 | 867,715 | 5,238,943 | 2,283,444 | 5,516,471 | 317,456 | 1,192,601 | 6,528,947 | 2,161,962 | 140,787 | 84,032 | 2,879,648 | 1,629,544 | 3,470,709 | 1,038,390 | 43,892,408 |
| Total | 34,793,141 | 3,397,721 | 18,979,697 | 8,534,646 | 17,511,229 | 3,730,267 | 4,354,556 | 22,586,703 | 7,986,310 | 612,417 | 396,760 | 11,041,651 | 6,181,537 | 10,990,338 | 4,330,324 | 155,427,297 |
| Operating Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other Services | 5,808,699 | 3,496,812 | 1,241,366 | 464,826 | 3,591,128 | 492,647 | 7,615,655 | 5,625,636 | 3,486,465 | 7,815 | 7,870,172 | 8,867,567 | 679,597 | 4,217,188 | 26,517,366 | 79,982,939 |
| Supplies & Materials | 4,485,998 | 175,166 | 352,150 | 143,291 | 1,013,803 | 61,306 | 79,537 | 776,813 | 350,485 | 7,393 | 529 | 2,425,796 | 167,063 | 1,289,903 | 1,662,138 | 12,991,374 |
| Communications | 191,257 | 890,880 | 432,960 | 407,622 | 121,271 | 128,882 | 439,492 | 660,105 | 365,179 | 3,836 | 1,797 | 1,391,217 | 156,861 | 111,227 | 2,433,594 | 7,736,180 |
| Travel | 148,698 | 6,410 | 678,106 | 2,085 | 356,046 | 36,651 | 30,234 | 194,874 | 250,982 | 2,396 | 7,866 | 541,344 | 288,902 | 89,381 | 27,331 | 2,661,306 |
| Rent | 686,298 | 341,598 | 2,616,025 | 723,355 | 394,366 | 141,523 | 298,348 | 2,458,561 | 774,337 | 64,868 | 8,484 | 690,145 | 588,552 | 588,552 | 284,733 | 10,574,956 |
| Utilities | 1,304,274 | | 1,424 | | 440,196 | | | 75,100 | | | | 11,628 | | 394,925 | | 2,227,547 |
| Repair & Maintenance | 972,413 | 18,210 | 58,607 | 39,749 | 79,633 | 11,896 | 25,693 | 241,700 | 98,613 | 143 | 457 | 181,000 | 5,853 | 568,542 | 130,382 | 2,432,891 |
| Other Expenses | 2,849,175 | (7,845,454) | 5,231,576 | 4,229,124 | 3,170,325 | (3,702,012) | 13,481,190 | 15,880,012 | 1,268,790 | (789,712) | (7,035,710) | 2,829,707 | (734,215) | 1,990,237 | (27,269,956) | 3,513,077 |
| Goods Purchased For Resale | 96,693 | | | | 8,092 | | | | | | | 42,615 | | | | 147,400 |
| Total | 16,543,505 | (2,916,378) | 10,612,214 | 6,010,052 | 9,174,860 | (2,829,107) | 21,970,149 | 25,912,801 | 6,594,854 | (703,261) | 853,595 | 16,981,019 | 1,067,824 | 9,209,955 | 3,785,588 | 122,267,670 |
| Equipment & Intangible Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Equipment | 25,121 | (18) | 13,628 | | 11,000 | | | 191,734 | 12,690 | | | 424,115 | | 95,643 | 270,870 | 1,044,783 |
| Capital leases - equipment | (1,815) | | | | | | | | | | | | | 16,679 | | 14,864 |
| Intangible Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 76,944 | 76,944 |
| Total | 23,306 | (18) | 13,628 | | 11,000 | | | 191,734 | 12,690 | | | 424,115 | | 112,322 | 347,814 | 1,136,591 |
| Capital Outlay | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Local Assistance | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| From State Sources | 1,891,636 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1,891,636 |
| Total | 1,891,636 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1,891,636 |
| Grants | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| From State Sources | 2,252,292 | | | | | | | 344,046 | 5,054,045 | | | 5,646,488 | | 2,979,017 | 357,000 | 16,632,888 |
| From Federal Sources | 3,744,253 | | 5,786,156 | | 42,627 | | | 14,808,710 | | | | 16,984,390 | 568,959 | 8,546,440 | | 50,481,535 |
| From Other Sources | | | | | | | | | | | | 1,288,084 | | | | 1,288,084 |
| Grant To Governmental Entities | | | | | | | | | | | | 493,121 | | | | 493,121 |
| Grant To Non-Governmental Ent | | | | | | | | | | | | 144,463 | | | | 144,463 |
| Total | 5,996,545 | | 5,786,156 | | 42,627 | | | 344,046 | 19,862,755 | | | 24,536,546 | 568,959 | 11,525,457 | 357,000 | 69,040,091 |
| Benefits & Claims | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| To Individuals | 63,103,465 | | 29,189,664 | | 179,839,035 | | 575,848,487 | 90,262,264 | 12,250,549 | | | 3,440,770 | | 253,297,142 | | 1,207,231,376 |
| From State Sources | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 25,012 | | 25,012 |
| From Federal Sources | | | | | | | | 200,499,210 | | | | 10,665,418 | | | | 211,164,628 |
| Total | 63,103,465 | | 29,189,664 | | 179,839,035 | | 575,848,487 | 290,761,474 | 12,250,549 | | | 14,106,188 | | 253,322,154 | | 1,418,421,016 |
| Transfers-out | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fund transfers | 1,759,513 | 6,173,036 | | | 979,793 | | 20,824,265 | 3,828,282 | 1,786 | | | 89,713 | | 3,904,879 | | 37,561,267 |
| Total | 1,759,513 | 6,173,036 | | | 979,793 | | 20,824,265 | 3,828,282 | 1,786 | | | 89,713 | | 3,904,879 | | 37,561,267 |
| Debt Service | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bonds | 1,919,161 | | | | 1,024,663 | | | | | | | | | | | 2,943,824 |
| Capital Leases | | | 1,543 | | | | | | | | | | | 11,290 | 91,267 | 104,100 |
| Installment Purchases | 3,629 | 5,675 | 10,891 | | | | | | | | | | | | 45,907 | 66,102 |
| Total | 1,922,790 | 5,675 | 12,434 | | 1,024,663 | | | | | | | | | 11,290 | 137,174 | 3,114,026 |
| Total Expenditures & Transfers-Out | \$ 126,033,901 | \$ 6,660,036 | \$ 64,593,793 | \$ 14,544,698 | \$ 208,583,207 | \$ 901,160 | \$ 623,341,503 | \$ 363,143,749 | \$ 26,846,189 | \$ (90,844) | \$ 1,250,355 | \$ 67,199,232 | \$ 7,818,320 | \$ 289,076,395 | \$ 8,957,900 | \$ 1,808,859,594 |
| EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT BY FUND | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Fund | \$ 60,894,962 | \$ 354,449 | \$ 34,030,879 | \$ 3,978,583 | \$ 60,432,530 | \$ 148,058 | \$ 101,030,114 | \$ 34,953,070 | \$ 5,480,059 | \$ (31,189) | \$ 151,405 | \$ 3,950,588 | \$ 1,658,528 | \$ 45,261,433 | \$ 3,278,769 | \$ 355,572,238 |
| State Special Revenue Fund | 14,469,106 | 1,721 | 2,695,791 | 1,492,251 | 7,910,857 | 104,783 | 67,334,231 | 3,239,996 | 967,629 | (12,506) | (15,196) | 17,909,601 | 897,998 | 36,319,384 | (110,757) | 153,204,889 |
| Federal Special Revenue Fund | 48,726,335 | 130,830 | 27,865,852 | 9,073,864 | 139,215,157 | 648,319 | 454,977,158 | 322,397,225 | 20,398,501 | (47,149) | 1,114,146 | 45,339,043 | 5,261,794 | 207,495,578 | 6,186,053 | 1,288,782,706 |
| Debt Service Fund | 1,919,161 | | | | 1,024,663 | | | | | | | | | | | 2,943,824 |
| Capital Projects Fund | | | 1,271 | | | | | 2,553,458 | | | | | | | (396,165) | 2,158,564 |
| Private Purpose Trust Fund | 24,337 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 24,337 |
| Permanent Fund | | 6,173,036 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 6,173,036 |
| Total Expenditures & Transfers-Out | 126,033,901 | 6,660,036 | 64,593,793 | 14,544,698 | 208,583,207 | 901,160 | 623,341,503 | 363,143,749 | 26,846,189 | (90,844) | 1,250,355 | 67,199,232 | 7,818,320 | 289,076,395 | 8,957,900 | 1,808,859,594 |
| Less: Nonbudgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out | 4,618,530 | (2,471,952) | 5,232,253 | 3,974,407 | 3,117,880 | (4,113,940) | 26,975,543 | 18,433,867 | 1,052,882 | (695,111) | (6,942,920) | 2,580,362 | (742,056) | 5,496,193 | (27,452,782) | 29,063,156 |
| Prior Year Expenditures & Transfers-Out Adjustments | 108,197 | 11,830 | (707,128) | (34,966) | (2,455,762) | 354,603 | 2,467,551 | (408,502) | (95,281) | (99,922) | 230,262 | 6,764 | (676,195) | 111,045 | (4,022,232) | |
| Actual Budgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out | 121,307,174 | 9,120,158 | 60,068,668 | 10,605,257 | 207,921,089 | 4,660,497 | 593,898,409 | 347,544,610 | 26,201,809 | 699,548 | 8,293,197 | 64,388,608 | 8,553,612 | 284,256,397 | 36,299,637 | 1,783,818,670 |
| Budget Authority | 133,782,201 | 9,524,619 | 63,043,003 | 11,423,494 | 217,000,471 | 4,965,073 | 787,094,782 | 397,475,385 | 29,860,998 | 759,863 | 8,405,526 | 76,206,394 | 9,361,511 | 292,449,454 | 83,011,998 | 2,124,364,772 |
| Unspent Budget Authority | \$ 12,475,027 | \$ 404,461 | \$ 2,974,335 | \$ 818,237 | \$ 9,079,382 | \$ 304,576 | \$ 193,196,373 | \$ 49,930,775 | \$ 3,659,189 | \$ 60,315 | \$ 112,329 | \$ 11,817,786 | \$ 807,899 | \$ 8,193,057 | \$ 46,712,361 | \$ 340,546,102 |
| UNSPENT BUDGET AUTHORITY BY FUND | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Fund | \$ 3,590,003 | \$ 180,023 | \$ 779,535 | \$ 161,331 | \$ 2,706,154 | \$ 186,871 | \$ 27,303,911 | \$ 1,720,818 | \$ 315,440 | \$ 6,529 | \$ 45,370 | \$ 154,000 | \$ 201,806 | \$ 4,406,159 | \$ 200,291 | \$ 41,958,241 |
| State Special Revenue Fund | 4,367,093 | 58,109 | 296,410 | 454,216 | 59,698 | 24,305 | 16,289,781 | 461,074 | 1,702,566 | 5,664 | 16,444 | 1,529,954 | 40,371 | 935,375 | 502 | 26,241,562 |
| Federal Special Revenue Fund | 4,355,781 | 166,329 | 1,898,390 | 202,690 | 6,313,530 | 93,400 | 149,602,681 | 47,748,883 | 1,641,183 | 48,122 | 50,515 | 10,133,832 | 565,722 | 2,851,523 | 35,994,152 | 261,666,733 |
| Capital Projects Fund | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10,517,416 | 10,517,416 |
| Private Purpose Trust Fund | 162,150 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 162,150 |
| Unspent Budget Authority | \$ 12,475,027 | \$ 404,461 | \$ 2,974,335 | \$ 818,237 | \$ 9,079,382 | \$ 304,576 | \$ 193,196,373 | \$ 49,930,775 | \$ 3,659,189 | \$ 60,315 | \$ 112,329 | \$ 11,817,786 | \$ 807,899 | \$ 8,193,057 | \$ 46,712,361 | \$ 340,546,102 |

This schedule is prepared from the Statewide Accounting, Budgeting, and Human Resources System (SABHRS) without adjustment. Additional information is provided in the notes to the financial schedules beginning on page A-9.

PUBLIC HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES
SCHEDULE OF TOTAL EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

| PROGRAM (ORG) EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT | ADDICTIVE & MENTAL DISORDERS | BUSINESS & FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION | CHILD & FAMILY SERVICES | CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT | DEVELOPMENTAL SERVICES DIVISION | DIRECTOR'S OFFICE | HEALTH RESOURCES DIVISION | HUMAN AND COMMUNITY SERVICES | MANAGEMENT AND DISABILITY TRANSITIONS | MANAGEMENT AND FAIR HEARINGS | MEDICAID AND HEALTH SERVICES MANAGEMENT | PUBLIC HEALTH & SAFETY DIVISION | QUALITY ASSURANCE DIVISION | SENIOR & LONG-TERM CARE | TECHNOLOGY SERVICES DIVISION | Total |
|---|------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Personal Services | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Salaries | \$ 24,337,935 | \$ 2,412,826 | \$ 14,016,626 | \$ 6,631,555 | \$ 12,363,315 | \$ 3,285,063 | \$ 3,009,058 | \$ 16,480,065 | \$ 6,068,832 | \$ 724,919 | \$ 350,624 | \$ 8,374,982 | \$ 4,673,529 | \$ 7,511,311 | \$ 3,839,957 | \$ 114,080,597 |
| Hourly Wages | | | | | 16,519 | | | 292 | | | | | | | | 16,811 |
| Employee Benefits | 10,474,359 | 787,934 | 5,128,040 | 2,320,498 | 5,626,832 | 591,665 | 988,503 | 6,246,666 | 2,123,579 | 210,590 | 93,948 | 2,807,380 | 1,601,607 | 3,382,933 | 1,172,600 | 43,557,134 |
| Total | 34,812,294 | 3,200,760 | 19,144,666 | 8,952,053 | 18,006,666 | 3,876,728 | 3,997,561 | 22,727,023 | 8,192,411 | 935,509 | 444,572 | 11,182,362 | 6,275,136 | 10,894,244 | 5,012,557 | 157,654,542 |
| Operating Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other Services | 5,845,758 | 3,470,911 | 1,321,185 | 443,818 | 3,255,862 | 692,423 | 7,534,683 | 3,930,021 | 3,606,719 | 50,059 | 7,460,970 | 10,157,769 | 629,333 | 4,088,551 | 14,841,729 | 67,329,791 |
| Supplies & Materials | 4,247,398 | 97,352 | 290,019 | 106,836 | 721,898 | 21,224 | 83,173 | 767,903 | 486,375 | 12,336 | 594 | 2,394,590 | 137,780 | 1,307,679 | 1,166,149 | 11,841,306 |
| Communications | 168,015 | 862,466 | 530,362 | 414,389 | 120,808 | 105,301 | 157,163 | 719,250 | 259,382 | 5,052 | 1,838 | 1,946,358 | 123,486 | 166,036 | 2,675,165 | 8,255,071 |
| Travel | 214,261 | 5,869 | 603,484 | 3,498 | 363,093 | 60,330 | 53,156 | 262,211 | 217,695 | 10,224 | 2,855 | 625,586 | 288,371 | 102,743 | 32,388 | 2,845,764 |
| Rent | 738,245 | 310,724 | 2,605,153 | 747,965 | 392,519 | 165,277 | 264,740 | 2,403,450 | 781,016 | 57,069 | 12,188 | 678,168 | 511,621 | 536,398 | 321,067 | 10,525,620 |
| Utilities | 1,091,490 | 12 | 1,649 | | 365,776 | | | 70,081 | 12 | | | 239,212 | 579 | 239,212 | | 1,797,580 |
| Repair & Maintenance | 681,995 | 19,596 | 50,778 | 26,527 | 73,572 | 8,688 | 24,595 | 143,764 | 197,570 | 2,204 | 502 | 230,189 | 8,256 | 742,342 | 147,859 | 2,358,437 |
| Other Expenses | 3,247,234 | (7,664,408) | 6,707,439 | 4,623,746 | 3,511,016 | (4,442,638) | 13,070,684 | 14,207,944 | 1,098,603 | (977,322) | (7,587,107) | 2,991,833 | (433,863) | 1,886,021 | (24,976,201) | 5,262,981 |
| Goods Purchased For Resale | 112,352 | | | | 11,576 | | | | | | | | | | | 123,928 |
| Total | 16,346,748 | (2,897,478) | 12,110,069 | 6,366,779 | 8,816,120 | (3,389,395) | 21,188,194 | 22,504,624 | 6,647,372 | (840,378) | (108,160) | 19,053,262 | 1,265,563 | 9,068,982 | (5,791,824) | 110,340,478 |
| Equipment & Intangible Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Equipment | 74,628 | 9,653 | 14,240 | | | | 2,950 | 80,600 | | | | 267,886 | | 110,568 | 90,237 | 650,762 |
| Capital leases - equipment | 18,014 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 84,866 | 102,880 |
| Intangible Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | 10,500 | | 21,735 | | 32,235 |
| Total | 92,642 | 9,653 | 14,240 | | | | 2,950 | 80,600 | | | | 278,386 | | 132,303 | 175,103 | 785,877 |
| Local Assistance | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| From State Sources | 1,746,857 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1,746,857 |
| Total | 1,746,857 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1,746,857 |
| Grants | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| From State Sources | 1,938,725 | | | | | | (75,364) | 7,965,844 | | | | 5,442,059 | | 3,037,244 | 307,000 | 18,615,508 |
| From Federal Sources | 3,957,219 | | 6,334,476 | | 542,247 | | 3,175 | 17,079,270 | | | | 20,009,786 | 554,578 | 8,820,326 | | 57,301,077 |
| From Other Sources | | | | | | | | | | | | 529,356 | | | | 529,356 |
| Grant To Governmental Entities | | | | | | | | | | | | 1,539,724 | | | | 1,539,724 |
| Grant To Non-Governmental Ent | | | | | | | | | | | | 886,724 | | | | 886,724 |
| Total | 5,895,944 | | 6,334,476 | | 542,247 | | (72,189) | 25,045,114 | | | | 28,407,649 | 554,578 | 11,857,570 | 307,000 | 78,872,389 |
| Benefits & Claims | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| To Individuals | 59,722,945 | | 29,126,535 | | 178,169,451 | | 516,672,722 | 96,582,960 | 12,894,095 | | | 5,629,680 | | 238,476,140 | | 1,137,274,528 |
| From State Sources | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 38,149 | | 38,149 |
| From Federal Sources | | | | | | | | 179,277,563 | | | | 8,377,351 | | | | 187,654,914 |
| Total | 59,722,945 | | 29,126,535 | | 178,169,451 | | 516,672,722 | 275,860,523 | 12,894,095 | | | 14,007,031 | | 238,514,289 | | 1,324,967,591 |
| Transfers-out | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fund transfers | 1,691,252 | 5,598,645 | | | 988,899 | | 19,871,708 | 147,000 | | | | | | 1,590,230 | | 29,887,734 |
| Total | 1,691,252 | 5,598,645 | | | 988,899 | | 19,871,708 | 147,000 | | | | | | 1,590,230 | | 29,887,734 |
| Debt Service | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bonds | 1,920,944 | | | | 1,022,585 | | | | | | | | | | | 2,943,529 |
| Capital Leases | | | 1,672 | | | | | | | | | | | 11,485 | 97,289 | 110,446 |
| Installment Purchases | 1,620 | 5,675 | 129,241 | 59,014 | | | | | | | | | | 45,907 | 241,457 | 241,457 |
| Total | 1,922,564 | 5,675 | 130,913 | 59,014 | 1,022,585 | | | | | | | | | 11,485 | 143,196 | 3,295,432 |
| Total Expenditures & Transfers-Out | \$ 122,231,246 | \$ 5,917,255 | \$ 66,860,899 | \$ 15,377,846 | \$ 207,545,968 | \$ 487,333 | \$ 561,660,946 | \$ 346,364,884 | \$ 27,733,878 | \$ 95,131 | \$ 336,412 | \$ 72,928,690 | \$ 8,095,277 | \$ 272,069,103 | \$ (153,968) | \$ 1,707,550,900 |
| EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS-OUT BY FUND | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Fund | \$ 59,267,711 | \$ 353,433 | \$ 34,199,070 | \$ 2,735,641 | \$ 56,130,837 | \$ (107,272) | \$ 82,119,837 | \$ 37,745,733 | \$ 5,489,856 | \$ 38,609 | \$ 68,892 | \$ 3,733,825 | \$ 2,134,945 | \$ 39,763,850 | \$ 609,942 | \$ 324,284,909 |
| State Special Revenue Fund | 15,197,849 | (4,386) | 2,664,196 | 2,622,195 | 7,015,591 | 108,509 | 60,414,585 | 2,750,267 | 917,982 | 9,313 | 5,476 | 18,693,280 | 417,256 | 31,589,395 | (198,639) | 142,202,869 |
| Federal Special Revenue Fund | 45,844,744 | (30,437) | 29,563,407 | 10,020,010 | 143,376,955 | 486,096 | 418,681,795 | 305,333,302 | 21,326,040 | 47,209 | 262,044 | 50,501,585 | 5,543,076 | 200,715,858 | (171,070) | 1,231,500,614 |
| Debt Service Fund | 1,920,942 | | | | 1,022,585 | | | | | | | | | | | 2,943,527 |
| Capital Projects Fund | | | 434,226 | | | | 444,729 | 535,582 | | | | | | | (394,201) | 1,020,336 |
| Permanent Fund | | 5,598,645 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5,598,645 |
| Total Expenditures & Transfers-Out | 122,231,246 | 5,917,255 | 66,860,899 | 15,377,846 | 207,545,968 | 487,333 | 561,660,946 | 346,364,884 | 27,733,878 | 95,131 | 336,412 | 72,928,690 | 8,095,277 | 272,069,103 | (153,968) | 1,707,550,900 |
| Less: Nonbudgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out | 4,921,284 | (2,632,784) | 6,804,180 | 4,483,204 | 3,602,815 | (4,619,550) | 24,399,339 | 14,957,337 | 973,617 | (978,442) | (7,598,732) | 2,665,741 | (455,229) | 3,089,097 | (25,098,883) | 24,512,994 |
| Prior Year Expenditures & Transfers-Out Adjustments | (3,686,565) | 17,561 | (814,549) | (144,116) | (942,634) | 48,453 | (11,975,225) | (2,105,891) | | | | (340,698) | (1,913) | (2,000,726) | (111,270) | (22,057,573) |
| Actual Budgeted Expenditures & Transfers-Out | 120,996,527 | 8,532,478 | 60,871,268 | 11,038,758 | 204,885,787 | 5,058,430 | 549,236,832 | 333,513,438 | 26,760,261 | 1,073,573 | 7,935,144 | 70,603,647 | 8,552,419 | 270,980,732 | 25,056,185 | 1,705,095,479 |
| Budget Authority | 131,743,554 | 9,134,585 | 62,141,461 | 12,013,077 | 208,119,836 | 5,320,694 | 711,963,537 | 364,130,020 | 29,410,861 | 1,087,733 | 7,987,252 | 79,113,454 | 9,183,560 | 276,649,872 | 81,476,958 | 1,989,476,454 |
| Unspent Budget Authority | \$ 10,747,027 | \$ 602,107 | \$ 1,270,193 | \$ 974,319 | \$ 3,234,049 | \$ 262,264 | \$ 162,726,705 | \$ 30,616,582 | \$ 2,650,600 | \$ 14,160 | \$ 52,108 | \$ 8,509,807 | \$ 631,141 | \$ 5,669,140 | \$ 56,420,773 | \$ 284,380,975 |
| UNSPENT BUDGET AUTHORITY BY FUND | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Fund | \$ 2,792,508 | \$ 156,018 | \$ 368,724 | \$ 125,451 | \$ 1,159,547 | \$ 185,206 | \$ 8,410,777 | \$ 388,930 | \$ 68,270 | \$ 8,198 | \$ 25,671 | \$ 139,342 | \$ 24,777 | \$ 1,213,341 | \$ 251,792 | \$ 15,318,552 |
| State Special Revenue Fund | 1,915,249 | 62,169 | 14,310 | 14,166 | 93,258 | 6,725 | 25,365,945 | 195,917 | 989,439 | 2,541 | 1,085 | 405,081 | 12,985 | 2,149,727 | 167,638 | 31,396,235 |
| Federal Special Revenue Fund | 6,039,270 | 383,920 | 887,159 | 834,702 | 1,981,244 | 70,333 | 128,949,983 | 30,031,735 | 1,592,891 | 3,421 | 25,352 | 7,965,384 | 593,379 | 2,306,072 | 43,325,363 | 224,990,208 |
| Capital Projects Fund | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 12,675,980 | 12,675,980 |
| Unspent Budget Authority | \$ 10,747,027 | \$ 602,107 | \$ 1,270,193 | \$ 974,319 | \$ 3,234,049 | \$ 262,264 | \$ 162,726,705 | \$ 30,616,582 | \$ 2,650,600 | \$ 14,160 | \$ 52,108 | \$ 8,509,807 | \$ 631,141 | \$ 5,669,140 | \$ 56,420,773 | \$ 284,380,975 |

This schedule is prepared from the Statewide Accounting, Budgeting, and Human Resources System (SABHRS) without adjustment. Additional information is provided in the notes to the financial

Department of Public Health and Human Services

Notes to the Financial Schedules

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The department uses the modified accrual basis of accounting, as defined by state accounting policy, for its Governmental fund category (General, State Special Revenue, Federal Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects, and Permanent). In applying the modified accrual basis, the department records:

- ◆ Revenues when it receives cash or when receipts are realizable, measurable, earned, and available to pay current period liabilities.
- ◆ Expenditures for valid obligations when the department incurs the related liability and it is measurable, with the exception of the cost of employees' annual and sick leave. State accounting policy requires the department to record the cost of employees' annual and sick leave when used or paid.

The department uses accrual basis accounting for its Fiduciary fund categories (Private Purpose Trust and Agency). The activity in the Agency Fund consists of additions and reductions to Property Held in Trust.

Expenditures and expenses may include: entire budgeted service contracts even though the department receives the services in a subsequent fiscal year; goods ordered with a purchase order before fiscal year-end, but not received as of fiscal year-end; and equipment ordered with a purchase order before fiscal year-end.

Basis of Presentation

The financial schedule format was adopted by the Legislative Audit Committee. The financial schedules are prepared from the transactions posted to the state's accounting system without adjustment.

The department uses the following funds:

Governmental Fund Category

- ◆ **General Fund** – to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- ◆ **State Special Revenue Fund** – to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than private-purpose trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific state program purposes.

Department State Special Revenue Funds include programs such as Child Support Enforcement, cigarette tax expenditures, Public Health Laboratory, Healthy Montana Kids, medical marijuana license fees, and third party liability recoveries. The fund also accounts for activity at the Montana Developmental Center, the Montana Mental Health Nursing Care Center, the Montana Chemical Dependency Center, and the Montana State Hospital supported by insurance and individual payments.

- ◆ **Federal Special Revenue Fund** – to account for activities funded from federal revenue sources. Department Federal Special Revenue Funds include federal grants such as Medicaid; Temporary Assistance to Needy Families; Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program; Weatherization Assistance Program; Vocational Rehabilitation; Child Support Enforcement; Foster Care; Women, Infants, and Children; Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program; Child and Adult Nutrition; Children’s Health Insurance Plan; Social Services Block Grant; Adoption Assistance; Center for Disease Control; Substance Abuse, Prevention and Treatment; and Child Care Development Fund Grant programs.
- ◆ **Debt Service Fund** – to account for accumulated resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest. The department accounts for the Montana State Hospital and Montana Developmental Center bond payments in this fund.
- ◆ **Capital Projects Fund** – to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust funds. The department uses this fund for major Information Technology systems.
- ◆ **Permanent Fund** – to account for financial resources that are permanently restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the department’s programs. The department accounts for Endowment for Children, Older Montanans Trust, and the Montana Tobacco Settlement activity in this fund.

Fiduciary Fund Category

- ◆ **Private Purpose Trust Fund** – to account for proceeds received from the Montana Mental Health Trust account and used for suicide prevention activities.
- ◆ **Agency Fund** – to account for resources held by the state in a custodial capacity. Agency funds may be used on a limited basis for internal (to the State) clearing account activity but these must have a zero balance at fiscal year-end. The department uses Agency Funds to account for child support payments collected on behalf of children and distributed to custodial parents or guardians. Agency Funds also include moneys belonging to foster care children, residents of care facilities, and damage deposits for departmental housing.

2. General Fund Balance

The negative fund balance in the General Fund does not indicate overspent appropriation authority. The department has authority to pay obligations from the statewide General Fund within its appropriation limits. The department expends cash or other assets from the statewide fund when it pays General Fund obligations. The department's outstanding liabilities exceed the assets it has placed in the fund, resulting in negative ending General Fund balances for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, and June 30, 2010.

3. Direct Entries to Fund Balance

The department recorded \$308,332,808 and \$302,795,991 of direct entries to fund balance in the General Fund during fiscal years 2010-11, and 2009-10, respectively. Most of the direct entries to fund balance in the General Fund result from entries generated by Statewide Accounting, Budgeting and Human Resource System (SABHRS) to reflect the flow of resources within the fund between separate agencies. Direct entries to fund balances in the State Special Revenue Fund and Capital Projects Fund resulted from entries generated by SABHRS to reflect the flow of resources within the fund between separate agencies. State Special Revenue Fund activities include earmarked alcohol funds, cigarette tax, tobacco health, Medicaid hospital and nursing home utilization, and handicapped telecommunications. Capital Projects Fund activity consists of Information Systems Enhancements.

4. Nonbudgeted Activity

The department recorded Nonbudgeted Revenues and Transfers-In related to food stamp benefits of \$158 million and \$149 million in the Federal Special Revenue Fund in fiscal years 2010-11, and 2009-10, respectively. Expenditure abatements (negative amounts) in the "Other Expenses" Operating Expenses account category are related to the department's cost allocation plan for fiscal years 2010-11, and 2009-10.

5. Child Support Payments in the Agency Fund

The child support payments collected on behalf of children and distributed to custodial parents account for the majority of activity recorded as Property Held in Trust (PHIT) as shown in the Agency Fund. The additions to PHIT are \$73,922,341 and \$81,569,178, and the reductions to PHIT are \$73,890,080 and \$82,193,306, in fiscal years 2010-11 and 2009-10, respectively.

6. American Recovery and Reinvestment Act

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) was enacted by the United States Congress to preserve and create jobs and promote economic recovery. The department received federal ARRA funding totaling \$352,925,158. Of these amounts, \$137,951,704 and \$145,131,379 were expended in fiscal years 2010-11 and 2009-10. Nonmonetary assistance in the form of Food Commodities distributions of \$130,904 occurred in 2009-10.

7. Contingencies

The Blanton v. DPHHS class action lawsuit challenges the validity of the department's liens on third party settlements received by Medicaid recipients to reimburse them for injuries for which Medicaid has paid medical expenses. The loss could range from \$3 million to \$12 million dollars and has not been recorded in the financial schedules.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC
HEALTH AND HUMAN
SERVICES

DEPARTMENT RESPONSE

DEPARTMENT OF
PUBLIC HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

B-1



Brian Schweitzer
GOVERNOR

Anna Whiting Sorrell
DIRECTOR

STATE OF MONTANA

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Ms. Tori Hunthausen
Legislative Auditor
Office of the Legislative Auditor
State Capitol, Room 160
Helena, Montana 59620-1705

RECEIVED

OCT 18 2011

LEGISLATIVE AUDIT DIV.

Re: Financial Compliance Audit 2011

Dear Ms. Hunthausen:

Thank you for the opportunity to submit a response to the Financial-Compliance Audit for the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2011. The dedicated employees of the Department of Public Health and Human Services (department) have already implemented improvement plans addressing 9 of the 15 recommendations. Staff will continue to evaluate and implement the remaining recommendations in a cost effective manner.

Following you will find our response to each recommendation identified in the report.

Recommendation #1

We recommend the department:

- A. Expend money from the state treasury using appropriation authority approved by law as required by the Montana Constitution
- B. Charge expenditures to the programs and funds against the appropriation authority approved for the expenditure made.

Response: Concur

Status: Implemented

Actions Completed:

The department has incorporated this topic into the Business and Financial Services Division's (BFSD) annual Budget and Finance Continual Improvement Process. Changes made in conjunction with other department improvement efforts have nullified the need for these temporary transactions. Department policy has been updated to reflect the improved business processes.

An Equal Opportunity Employer



Recommendation #2

We recommend the department establish procedures for management approval of high dollar repayments to federal assistance programs.

Response: Concur

Status: Implemented

Actions Completed:

The BFSD Fiscal Operations Bureau Chief has issued a procedure memo clarifying authority levels for issuing grant repayments.

Recommendation #3

We recommend the department obtain time verification for each tribal employee whose position is funded by Title IV-E money as required by foster care case management contracts.

Response: Concur

Status: In-Progress

Actions To Be Completed:

The department will work with the Tribes, and if appropriate, the Division of Cost Allocation within the Department of Health and Human Services to identify time verification methods that meet the needs of all involved. If appropriate, contracts or task orders will be amended.

Recommendation #4

We recommend the department enforce provisions of its contract with TANF subrecipients regarding submission of a program improvement plan and evaluation of progress in implementing the plan.

Response: Concur

Status: Implemented

Actions Completed:

The department has strengthened program improvement language in applicable contracts. The TANF Program Manager will ensure that both program and fiscal monitors require and enforce program improvement plan submission and progress evaluations in accordance with the timeframes outlined in the contract(s).

Recommendation #5

We recommend the department:

- A. Reestablish the requirement for reviews of TANF eligibility information input by case workers.
- B. Implement a control to ensure that assistance to the family is reduced or terminated when an individual refuses to engage in required work.

Response: Concur

Status: Implemented

Actions Completed:

The TANF program has reinstated the requirement of supervisory reviews for TANF cases effective November 1, 2011. Policy clarification regarding establishment of overpayments of continued benefits following a sanction fair hearing has been communicated to all affected staff.

Recommendation #6

We recommend the department:

- A. Complete the monitoring of administering agencies as required by the state plan.
- B. Submit administering agencies' onsite monitoring reports within the 30 day timeframe required by federal regulations.

Response: Concur

Status: Implemented

Actions Completed:

The Human and Community Services Division (HCSD) has clarified operating procedures. The monitoring will be completed in the time frame outlined in the state plan, and the monitoring reports will be submitted to the awarding agencies within the 30 day federal guideline.

Recommendation #7

We recommend the department implement procedures to recover LIEAP overpayments identified in corrective action plans from its administering agencies.

Response: Concur

Status: Implemented

Actions Completed:

HCSD has implemented additional procedures to ensure overpayments are recovered in a timely fashion.

Recommendation #8

We recommend the department implement internal controls over calculating and compiling financial information supporting carryforward to ensure compliance with federal regulations.

Response: Concur

Status: Implemented

Actions Completed:

The Human and Community Services Division has implemented additional review procedures to ensure reported expenditures, obligations, carryforwards and their related documentation are in sync by September 30th of each year.

Recommendation #9

We recommend the department comply with the federal ARRA requirement to disclose the federal grant award number to subrecipients.

Response: Concur

Status: In-progress

Actions To Be Completed:

The department is currently completing a review of department procurement policies and processes, including procurements completed via contract. Following this review, the department will implement agency wide changes in policies, procedures and/or processes that will increase the consistency of regulatory compliance.

Recommendation #10

We recommend the department:

- A. Submit financial reports for the vocational rehabilitation grant in the timeframe required by federal regulations.
- B. Report information for the vocational rehabilitation grant supported by the state's accounting records.
- C. Document internal controls associated with financial operations of its vocation rehabilitation grant in writing as required by state accounting policy

Response: Concur

Status: In-progress

Actions To Be Completed:

The department is currently reviewing all procedures for completing the vocational rehabilitation financial reports. Procedures will be upgraded and/or developed as needed to ensure that reports are completed accurately and timely.

Recommendation #11

We recommend the department:

- A. Use nongeneral fund money before general fund money as required by state law.
- B. Record payments from Social Security Administration as revenue when received as required by state accounting policy.

Response: Concur

Status: In-progress

Actions Completed:

Operating procedures guiding revenue accrual and deferral have been reviewed to ensure that the payments from the Social Security Administration will continue to be recorded as revenue.

Actions To Be Completed:

The department will review and modify maintenance-of-effort and matching procedures to ensure that non-general fund appropriations are used prior to general fund appropriations whenever possible.

Recommendation #12

We recommend the department follow its control procedures for safeguarding EBT cards to maintain compliance with federal requirements.

Response: Concur

Status: Implemented

Actions Completed:

The EBT Program Manager has clarified responsibilities, ensuring that two persons perform the control duties and sign the log.

Recommendation #13

We recommend the department enhance and enforce its internal control policy and procedures to ensure compliance with federal suspension and debarment requirements within its divisions.

Response: Concur

Status: In-progress

Actions Completed:

The department policy has been re-distributed to all financial and contract staff across the department.

Actions To Be Completed:

The department is currently completing a review of department procurement policies and processes, including procurements completed via contract. Following this review, the department will implement agency wide changes in policies, procedures and/or processes that will increase the consistency of regulatory compliance.

Recommendation #14

We recommend the department follow state procurement policy related to sole source purchases.

Response: Concur

Status: Implemented

Actions Completed:

The facility financial officer clarified the requirement with the purchasing agent. The applicable operating procedure has been modified to require that purchase orders are reviewed by the financial officer prior to execution.

Recommendation #15

We recommend the department conduct physical inventories of capital assets at its institutions every two years in compliance with state policy.

Response: Concur

Status: In-progress

Actions To Be Completed:

All identified facilities are completing their capital asset inventories and reviewing their operating procedures to ensure the inventories occur on a regularly scheduled basis.

If you have any questions regarding our response, please contact Marie Matthews, Business and Financial Services Division Administrator at 406 (444-9407).

Sincerely,

Mary E. Walton acting for

Anna Whiting Sorrell, Director
Department of Public Health and Human Services