

K-12 Economic Impact Measurement Criteria Collected by State Government

K-12 Economic Impact Measurement Criteria Collected by State Government								
Data Available Through State Government Sources		BASE budget						
	Change in population	Max budget						
	Median household income	Operating budget						
	Households below poverty level	Ending fund balance						
	Increase in enrollment	Non-levy revenue						
	Decrease in enrollment	Permissive mills						
	Student mobility rate (churn)	Voted mills						
	Enrollment projections	Per capita mills	Real property value					
	Special needs enrollment	School debt	Business property value		Numbers seeking TANF			
	Free and reduced lunch participation	School debt reimbursement	Available bonding capacity		Numbers seeking SNAP			
Graduation rate	Federal aid	Bonding capacity used	New construction permits	Number of applicants to CHIP and HMK		Employment / unemployment rate	Facility condition index (2008 study)	
Data Would Need to be Acquired	Area cost of living	Change in impact aid (nontaxable land)		Availability of housing		Increased youth citations	School ability to fill positions	Facility deferred maintenance backlog
		Use of all available tax options		Area rental cost			School fte vacancy rate	Facility operational condition
				Availability of lodging			Job applicants per fte vacancy	Student-teacher ratios
				Housing demand			Fte retention rates (longevity)	Enrollment capacity of building
								Infrastructure life expectancy
							Infrastructure condition	
							Infrastructure proximity to capacity	
	Population / population characteristics	Financial status and tax burden	Property valuation	Availability / affordability of housing	Public safety	Public health	Labor force dynamics	Infrastructure condition / capacity