MONTANA LEGISLATIVE BRANCH



Legislative Fiscal Division

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Director AMY CARLSON

DATE:	January 15, 2010
TO:	Children, Families, Health, and Human Services Interim Committee
FROM:	Lois Steinbeck Senior Analyst

RE: Overview of Department of Public Health and Human Services Funding

BACKGROUND

Governor Schweitzer has asked executive branch agencies to submit plans by January 29 to reduce general fund spending by 5 percent (see attached letter from Budget Director Ewer). The general fund reduction target for the Department of Public Health and Human Services (DPHHS) is \$19.1 million.

The following pie charts show the 2011 biennium funding for DPHHS from the general appropriations act (HB 2) and the pay plan (HB 13) - \$3.2 billion total funds including \$705 million general fund. Generally FY 2010 expenditures from HB 2 and pay plan appropriations will form the starting point for the 2013 biennium base budget.

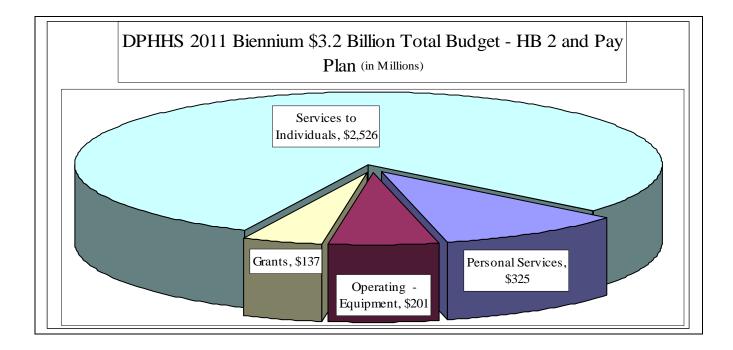
DPHHS also received \$514 million total funds, including \$65 million general fund, in one-time appropriations in HB 645, which implemented the federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA). HB 645 funding is not included in the attached budget graphs due to its one-time nature.¹

USE OF FUNDS

The first pie chart shows the functions supported by the 2011 biennium appropriation. Most of the appropriation - \$2.5 billion or 80 percent - supports payments for services for individuals who are eligible for such programs as Medicaid, Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP, formerly Food Stamps), cash assistance, childcare, mental health, developmental disability, foster care, and subsidized adoption.

Personal services costs are about 10 percent of the total. Operating and equipment costs are about 7 percent and grant funds account for 5 percent. Examples of grants are funds awarded to local governments or non profit organizations that provide public services such as community aging services and weatherization services.

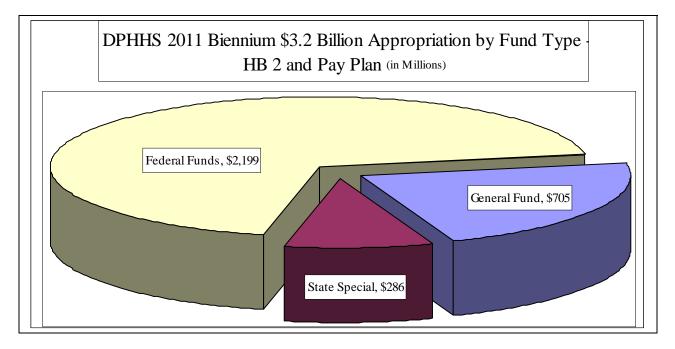
¹ The 2011 Legislature may be asked to continue some or most of the one-time funding in HB 645 because the appropriations support provider rate increases and community services such as aging services.



DPHHS FUNDING

DPHHS is funded by more than 190 distinct funding sources that are grouped into three major fund types: general fund, state special revenue, and federal funds. The use of most state special revenue and federal fund sources are governed by state and federal statute and rule. The restrictions on fund use are the most significant driver necessitating the need to established and track distinct fund sources. For instance, the federal grant for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) nutrition cannot be used to pay for low-income weatherization services. Another example is Montana state statutory language that allocates part of the insurance license tax to a state special revenue account to fund part of the cost of the Montana Healthy Kids (HMK) program. The legislature would need to amend state statute to allow the funds to be used for other purposes.

The second pie chart shows the \$3.2 billion 2011 biennium appropriation by fund type. Federal funds support \$2.2 billion or just under 70 percent of the total funding. General fund (\$705 million) supports 22 percent of the total. 2011 biennium general fund appropriations would be about \$97 million greater except the ARRA included a temporary increase in the federal Medicaid match rate. A higher federal match rate reduces the general fund match required for Medicaid services. A 1 percent change in the Medicaid match rate causes a \$7.5 to \$8 million change in the state funding required to pay for Medicaid services.



The most significant federal funding source pays for Medicaid services, accounting for \$1.3 billion or 41 percent of the total DPHHS appropriation. Other major federal sources are:

- o SNAP \$232 million
- Children's health insurance block grant that funds a part of the Healthy Montana Kids (HMK) program \$144 million²
- o TANF (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families) block grant \$49 million

Significant sources of state special revenue include:

- Health and Medicaid Initiatives (tobacco tax increase added by citizen initiative) \$74 million used for state Medicaid and HMK match, prescription drug costs for the Mental Health Services Plan, and the Big Sky Rx program³
- o Tobacco settlement and trust fund interest \$48 million used for tobacco control and prevention, and state match for HMK and Medicaid
- o Hospital utilization fee \$44 million used for Medicaid match to enhance payments to hospitals for services

GENERAL FUND

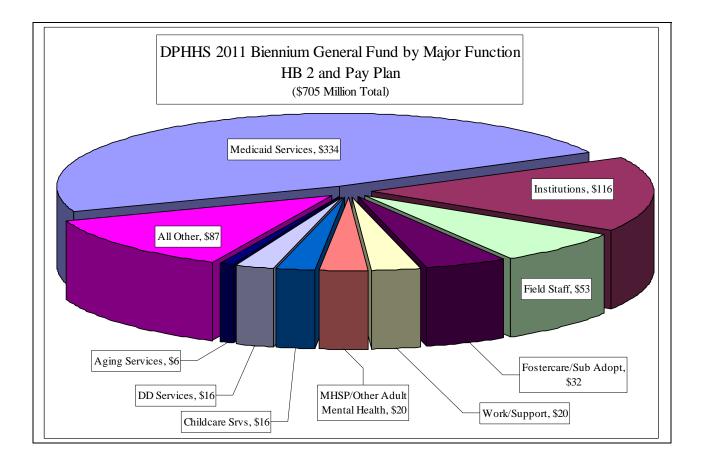
The major uses of general fund are shown in the third pie chart. General fund supports:

- o State match for Medicaid services \$334 million⁴
- o State institutions \$116 million
- o Field staff \$53 million
- o Foster care and subsidized adoption \$32 million

² The federal CHIP block grant appropriation is based on the assumption that the federal grant amount allocated to Montana will increase from an annual level of about \$32.4 million to \$56.0 million to fund HMK.

³ Health and Medicaid Initiatives state special revenue also supports the Insure Montana Program administered by the State Auditor.

⁴ As previously noted, the general fund appropriation for Medicaid services match is \$97 million lower due to the temporary increase in the federal match rate.



GENERAL FUND REDUCTIONS

DPHHS has implemented general fund reductions several times in the last 10 years. Historically the types of reductions implemented by DPHHS include reductions in:

- o Administrative cost savings due to holding positions open, limiting travel, and deferring equipment purchases
- o New programs due to elimination or delay in implementation of a program
- o Provider rates
- o Discretionary or permissive state programs (including elimination of such programs)
- o Medicaid eligibility or services

Recently, the most significant reductions occurred in FY 2002 and FY 2003 during a short economic down turn. Attachment 2 details the reductions made during that time frame, which totaled \$92 million including \$27 million general fund.

COMPLICATIONS THIS BIENNIUM

Reductions in Medicaid eligibility and potentially in Medicaid services will be problematic this biennium. State's eligibility for the enhanced federal Medicaid match rate, which generates an estimated \$154 million in general fund savings, is dependent on maintaining Medicaid eligibility levels as of June 2008. In some instances, the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) has held that lowering the number of service slots in community waiver services

constitutes lowering eligibility. So it is difficult to determine how CMS may view reductions in Medicaid services for continued eligibility for the enhanced FMAP.

STATE STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

The 2003 Legislature established funding principles in 53-6-101(2), MCA, that DPHHS and the legislature must consider when implementing changes in Medicaid policy that either increase or reduce services (see Appendix 3). Changes must:

- o Protecting persons who are most vulnerable and most in need, as defined by a combination of economic, social, and medical circumstances
- o Give preference to the elimination or restoration of an entire Medicaid program or service, rather than sacrifice or augment the quality of care for several programs or services through dilution of funding
- o Give priority to services that employ the science of prevention to reduce disability and illness, services that treat life-threatening conditions, and services that support independent or assisted living, including pain management, to reduce the need for acute inpatient or residential care

WHAT LEGISLATORS CAN EXPECT

If ongoing general fund spending at DPHHS is to be significantly reduced, legislators can expect that total spending cuts will be significantly larger due to the loss of federal matching funds. Additionally, it is very likely that significant general fund cost cuts could impact services to individuals. Examples of service impacts could be:

- o Slower customer service if field positions are held open for extended periods
- o New or longer waiting lists if optional programs are reduced
- o Less access to services if provider rate reductions that cause some providers to limit the number of Medicaid clients they will accept or if providers opt out of the Medicaid program
- o Elimination or delayed start up of new discretionary programs

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR BUDGET AND PROGRAM PLANNING

STATE OF MONTANA



PO Box 200802 Helena, Montana 59620-0802

TO: Directors, Centralized Services Administrators, & Interested Parties

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FROM: David Ewer, Budget Director Office of Budget and Program Planning

DATE: January 8, 2010

BRIAN SCHWEITZER

GOVERNOR

SUBJECT: FY 2010- 2011 budget reductions under § 17-7-140, MCA

My staff has advised me that our current general fund revenue projections, when compared to the appropriations for the biennium passed by the 2009 Legislature, may result in an ending fund balance that is below allowable statutory limits. Therefore, on behalf of Governor Schweitzer, we are initiating the process of identifying potential budget reductions in accordance with § 17-7-140, MCA, which defines both the definition of an ending fund balance "deficit" (1% of expenditures or approximately \$36.8 million) and the procedures that must be followed to make expenditure reductions if a deficit is determined to exist.

The law requires that if, as Budget Director, I determine that a deficit exists, reductions <u>must</u> be made to assure that the projected ending fund balance is at least 1% of general fund appropriations for the biennium, or approximately \$36 million.

Importantly, reductions should minimize the impact to the citizens of Montana.

What Expenditures May Be Reduced

If a deficit is determined to exist, the Governor may direct reductions from any general fund expenditure not exempted by § 17-7-140, MCA, including HB 2, any other appropriation bills (including HB 645), statutory appropriations, or language appropriations. In addition, reductions may be directed from non-general fund appropriations and non-budgeted transfers when the reduction will increase the general fund balance. An example is the Coal Tax Shared Account, where the unexpended balance is transferred to the general fund.

Reductions may not exceed 10% of general fund appropriations for any single "program," as defined in HB 2. If a program has more than one appropriation, the reduction for one or more of the appropriations may exceed 10% as long as the reduction for the program as a whole does not exceed 10%.

Agencies and Branches and Certain Expenditures Not Subject to § 17-7-140, MCA

The Legislative and Judicial branches, the Montana School for the Deaf and Blind, principal and interest on state debt, salaries of elected officials, and public school BASE funding are exempt, statutorily, from reductions. These exemptions shield approximately 35% of general fund appropriations from reduction. Of the remaining expenditures, the Governor may not direct those executive agencies headed by elected officials or the Board of Regents to reduce their expenditures by more than the average reduction percentage imposed upon all other executive branch agencies.

Submitting proposals

On behalf of the Governor, I am directing that each agency engage in the analysis called for under § 17-7-140(1)(b), MCA. OBPP will be making "versions" available on MBARS to record expenditure reduction proposals, and instructions will follow.

For now, each reduction proposal must include an analysis of the impact of the reduction and a determination as to whether the service is mandatory or permissive. A determination that a service is mandatory does not necessarily prohibit reductions. For example, it may be possible to perform a service at a different level or within a different timeframe with less money. For purposes of this process, a service is mandatory if state or federal law requires it. Reductions must be designed to have the least adverse impact on the provision of services most integral to the agency's statutory responsibilities.

The analysis of impact should contain a brief statement about the impact to the users or recipients of the reduced service and to the state. Your agency need not comment about the longer-term impact that would result if the reduction were extended throughout the 2013 biennium, as this will be addressed during EPP as we prepare for the 2011 legislative session. However, it is possible that reductions will be continued forward into the 2013 biennium. Be prepared to explain why the proposed reductions represent the most reasonable choices for Montanans and why other reductions are not being offered.

At this time we do not know that a deficit will be determined to exist, or the exact level of reduction that may be required. Therefore, we request agencies submit proposals for 5% reduction plans. Final reductions may be up to 10% by program, or may be less. Reductions may come from FY 2010 or 2011 appropriations, or both, as necessary to meet statutory requirements.

Coordination with the Executive Planning Process (EPP)

In addition to the prospect of a deficit in this biennium, I anticipate reductions from base level expenditures may be necessary in the 2013 biennium budget. The Executive Planning Process (EPP) for expenditures in the 2013 biennium will begin on approximately May 1, 2010. Therefore, we ask that when you submit your reduction proposals, you recognize the longer-term nature of these budget restraints and the need for sustainable reductions.

Time Table

<u>Please submit your agency reduction proposals to OBPP by January 29.</u> Through your submission on MBARS, the statutory requirement to provide a copy of the submission to the Legislative Fiscal Analyst will be met. We intend to provide formal notice of the projected deficit to the Revenue and Transportation Interim Committee on January 29, and submit the OBPP's formal spending reduction recommendations to the Governor and LFA on February 19. These timeframes were established to coordinate the statutorily-imposed notice requirements to legislative committees with previously scheduled meetings of the committees. (The RAT Committee is scheduled to meet February 18 and 19 and the LFC is scheduled to meet March 4 and 5.)</u>

Finally, we encourage agencies to be mindful that changes to agency rules may be necessary to implement reductions that are finally approved by the Governor.

We will be clarifying issues relating to § 17-7-140, MCA, implementation procedures, any additional restrictions on budget reduction proposals, and any related issues as we encounter them.

Agen	cy Targets
Business Unit	5% Agency Target
31010	307,101
32020	23,044
34010	64,912
35010	4,363,259
41070	119,719
41100	1,326,470
51010	11,379
51020	9,049,112
51140	23,010
51150	138,958
51170	136,852
53010	287,885
54010	130,000
56030	69,048
57060	1,133,834
58010	2,555,560
61010	314,986
61080	998,430
62010	67,704
64010	8,635,938
65010	240,700
66020	130,636
67010	291,258
69010	20,506,965

January 13, 2003

Dear Representative Clark:

The attached schedule summarizes actual budget reductions and program expenditure mitigation affecting the Department in the 2002/2003 biennium. Several programs in the Department experienced large increases in expenditures due to caseload growth and in utilization of services.

Significant program growth over the budgeted level occurred in the Medicaid and TANF programs. The Department instituted program reductions that enhanced utilization control efforts, reduced services, and reduced provider reimbursement rates for Medicaid services. Budgeted FAIM IIR expenditures were reduced and TANF block grant funds were re-allocated to cash assistance for the increased TANF caseload.

Actual budget reductions occurred in the governors 3.5% reductions in June of 2002. Additional budget reductions were implemented by the legislature in the August special session.

All of these changes are detailed in the attached schedule. If you have any questions or need any additional information, please call me at 444-4084 or call Scott Sim at 444-4216.

Sincerely,

John L. Chappuis, Deputy Director DPHHS

Attachment

	Program	FY 2002 General	FY 2002 Total	FY 2003 General	FY 2003 Total
Description	Affected	Fund	Funds	Fund	Funds
Supplemental Mitigation - Dec 2001 through June 2002					
Mental Health Medicaid:					
1 All mental health services: Implement stricter documentation standards for medical necessity. This will provide an improved gatekeeping function and will have the result of reducing costs across the board.	AMDD	-82,571	-304,465	-165,142	-610,05
2 Clear scope of services for RTCs and reserve out-of-state placements to youth with specialized needs	AMDD	-27,000	-99,558	-54,000	-199,483
3 Require prior authorization for outpatient therapy sessions beyond 24 per person per year.	AMDD	-150,000	-553,097	-300,000	-1,108,238
4 This option will eliminate duplicative outpatient and rehab. services for youth in school-based service.	AMDD	-75,000	-276,549	-150,000	-554,11
5 This option reduces intensive case management for youth in therapeutic living	AMDD	-55,000	-202,802	-110,000	-406,354
6 Reduce "care coordination" services by social workers, psychologists, and licensed professional counselors.	AMDD	-40,000	-147,493	-80,000	-295,530
7 Reduce all reimbursement rates by 2.6 percent for Mental Health Professionals. This option would reduce rates for the 6 month period starting 1/1/02 and ending 6/30/02.	AMDD	-63,391	-233,743	0	
8 Change the Medicaid client sharing of program costs from a co- payment basis to co-insurance at 5% with a total cap of \$500 annually. This will increase the client share of costs significantly but	AMDD				
will put the program on a cost sharing basis.		-50,000	-184,366	-150,000	-554,11
9 Refinance School Based Services.	AMDD	0	0	-800,000	-2,955,30
0 Eliminate "full day" day treatment for adults with serious mental	AMDD	0	0	-230,000	-849,64
Mental Health Medicaid Reductions:		-542,962	-2,002,072	-2,039,142	-7,532,84
Mental Health Services Plan:					
1 Eliminate Frontier Rate Differential	AMDD	0	0	-165,423	-195,00
2 Eliminate all room and board payments	AMDD	0	0	-424,160	-500,00
MHSP Reductions:		0	0	-589,583	-695,00

Description	Program Affected	FY 2002 General Fund	FY 2002 Total Funds	FY 2003 General Fund	FY 2003 Total Funds
Medicaid Primary Care:					
1 Pharmacy - Increase percentage off the AWP from 10% to 15%	HPSD	0	0	-965,753	-3,567,614
2 Dental - Limit Adult Dental coverage to Basic Services	HPSD	0	0	-425,078	-1,570,292
3 This proposal is to reduce the percentage paid to each of two co- surgeons to the Medicare level and reduce reimbursement to ambulatory surgical centers to 55% percent of charges approximating the hospital cost to charge ratio.	HPSD	-31,641	-116,670	-94,923	-350,658
4 Change the Medicaid client sharing of program costs from a co- payment basis to co-insurance at 5% with a total cap of \$500 annually. This will increase the client share of costs significantly but will put the program on a cost sharing basis.	HPSD	-140,071	-516,486	-515,594	-1,904,669
5 Eliminate second six-months of extended Medicaid coverage	HPSD	0	0	0	(
6 Allow only bills for current and previous 3 months to be counted to meet the incurment. Currently allow any past bill for which they are obligated regardless of the age of the expense.	HPSD	0	О	-186,300	-688,216
7 Freeze the Medically Needy Income Level for 2 years. Currently it is increased annually based on CPI increase.	HPSD	0	0	-160,779	-593,938
8 Drop the Extended Medicaid Waiver; return to the federal regulation which is more restrictive.	HPSD	0	0	-282,396	-1,043,207
9 Increase Third Party Liability (TPL) recoveries by enhancing recoveries in the area of prescription drugs and identify other insurance coverages. This will be accomplished by hiring a contractor that will bill pharmacy benefit managers (PBMs) electronic	HPSD	-134,817	-497,113	-269,634	-996,062
0 Initial Estimate - Reduce all reimbursement rates by 2.6 percent for Health Professionals. This option would reduce rates for the 6 month period starting 1/1/02 and ending 6/30/02.	HPSD	-1,540,000	-5,678,466	0	(
1 Implement waiver to reduce service package to able bodied persons aged 21 to 64.	HPSD	0	0	0	(
Primary Care Reductions:		-1,846,529	-6,808,735	-2,900,457	-10,714,65
Medicaid Hospitals:					
1 Reduce Out of State reimbursement from 61% to 50% of billed charges	HPSD	-76,840	-283,333	-230,520	-851,570
2 Change in CAH Reimbursement	HPSD	-112,241	-413,868	-507,330	-1,874,14 ⁻
3 Hospital - Eliminate catastrophic case payments Hospital Reductions:	HPSD	0 -189,081	0 -697,201	-344,763 -1,082,613	-1,273,598 -3,999,30

Department of Public Health and Human Services 2003 Biennium Budget Reductions							
Description	Program Affected	FY 2002 General Fund	FY 2002 Total Funds	FY 2003 General Fund	FY 2003 Total Funds		
FAIM II R Reductions							
First Reduction - November 2001							
1 Parents as Scholars	HCSD	0	-470,048	0	0		
2 Tribal Projects (restricted)	HCSD	0	-879,008	0	0		
3 Tribal NEW	HCSD	0	-796,452	0	0		
4 Montana Training Consortium	HCSD	0	-297,101	0	0		
5 Other Tribal Programs (restricted)	HCSD	0	-349,531	0	0		
6 Other Non-tribal Programs	HCSD	0	-174,765	0	0		
7 High Wage High Skill Training (restricted)	HCSD	0	-346,060	0	0		
8 Assessment Services - Intensive Case Management	HCSD	0	-764,206	0	0		
9 Chemical Dependency Graham Home Msla & Blgs	HCSD	0	-222,301	0	0		
10 Learning Disabilities through OPI or Tribal Colleges	HCSD	0	-209,718	0	0		
11 Mental Health Services (On-site Counselors)	HCSD	0	-174,765	0	0		
12 Family Drug Court	HCSD	0	-139,812	0	0		
13 Low-Income Housing	HCSD	0	-1,223,357	0	0		
14 Car purchase, loans, or community transportation	HCSD	0	-279,624	0	0		
15 Extra month grant for working families	HCSD	0	-859,300	0	0		
16 Emergency Supportive Service for Working Family	HCSD	0	-458,938	0	0		
17 Individual Development Accounts	HCSD	0	-97,008	0	0		
18 Children as Scholars (Head Start Child Care)	HCSD	0	-699,105	0	0		
19 TEAMS Reprocurement/Enhancements	HCSD	0	-520,825	0	0		
20 School Breakfast Startup Cost	HCSD	0	-62,916	0	0		
21 Children's Trust Fund	HCSD	0	-176,553	0	0		
First Reduction 1	fotal:	0	-9,201,393	0	0		

Description	Program Affected	FY 2002 General Fund	FY 2002 Total Funds	FY 2003 General Fund	FY 2003 Total Funds
Second Reduction - May 2002					
1 Parents as Scholars	HCSD	0	0	0	-451,234
2 Tribal Projects (restricted)	HCSD	0	0	0	-843,822
3 Tribal NEW	HCSD	0	0	0	-764,571
4 Montana Training Consortium	HCSD	0	0	0	-42,832
5 Other Tribal Programs (restricted)	HCSD	0	0	0	-335,539
6 Other Non-tribal Programs	HCSD	0	0	0	-167,770
7 High Wage High Skill Training (restricted)	HCSD	0	0	0	-332,207
8 Assessment Services - Intensive Case Management	HCSD	0	0	0	-733,617
9 Chemical Dependency Graham Home MsIa & Blgs	HCSD	0	0	0	-213,403
10 Learning Disabilities through OPI or Tribal Colleges	HCSD	0	0	0	-201,323
11 Mental Health Services (On-site Counselors)	HCSD	0	0	0	-167,770
12 Family Drug Court	HCSD	0	0	0	-134,216
13 Low-Income Housing	HCSD	0	0	0	-1,174,388
14 Car purchase, loans, or community transportation	HCSD	0	0	0	-268,431
15 Extra month grant for working families	HCSD	0	0	0	-824,904
16 Emergency Supportive Service for Working Family	HCSD	0	0	0	-113,210
17 Individual Development Accounts	HCSD	0	0	0	-93,125
18 Children as Scholars (Head Start Child Care)	HCSD	0	0	0	-671,121
19 TEAMS Reprocurement/Enhancements	HCSD	0	0	0	-499,977
20 School Breakfast Startup Cost	HCSD	0	0	0	-60,397
21 Children's Trust Fund	HCSD	0	0	0	-169,486
Second Reduction Total:		0	0	0	-8,263,343
FAIM II R Reductions	Total	0	-9,201,393	0	-8,263,343

•	Department of Public Health and Human Services 2003 Biennium Budget Reductions							
Description	Program Affected	FY 2002 General Fund	FY 2002 Total Funds	FY 2003 General Fund	FY 2003 Total Funds			
Governor's 3.5% FY2003 Reductions - June 2002								
1 Public Health Affairs Officer salary reallocation	DO	0	0	-9,121	-7,000			
2 Council Meeting Reductions	DO	0	0	-1,200	-4,000			
3 Eliminate Department Employee Survey	DO	0	0	-2,600	-4,000			
4 Combine storage space in Cogswell basement.	QAD	0	0	-4,000	-4,000			
5 Move AMDD Bulletin to the web site	AMDD	0	0	-6,786	-13,572			
6 Eliminate Computer Hardware	CFSD	0	0	-61,752	-110,271			
7 MMHNCC Wing Closure	AMDD	0	0	-116,000	-116,000			
8 Contract w/ children's' coalition for placement prevention	AMDD	0	0	-480,000	-480,000			
9 CON Operational Costs	QAD	0	0	-12,000	-12,000			
10 Eliminate MHOAC facilitation contract /Consensus Council	AMDD	0	0	-13,710	-27,420			
11 Eliminate Community Collaboration Specialist	CFSD	0	0	-25,000	-45,455			
12 QAD Operational Reductions	QAD	0	0	-15,000	-15,000			
13 QAD X-Ray Contracted Inspections	QAD	0	0	-6,218	-6,218			
14 Use Lien and Estate Recovery funds to offset Medicaid Expenses	SLTC	0	0	-161,880	-600,000			
15 Reduce donated dental services under DDPAC	DSD	0	0	-2,500	-2,500			
16 QAD Licensure Contracted Funds	QAD	0	0	-52,644	-52,644			
17 Hold central office vacant positions open	AMDD	0	0	-84,784	-152,638			
18 Regional planning vacancies and contracted services	AMDD	0	0	-209,260	-348,767			
19 Eliminate \$100,000 used for covering uninsured kids	HPSD	0	0	-100,000	-100,000			
20 Montana Tobacco Use Prevention Program Reductions	DO	0	0	-115,538	-115,538			
21 Reduce Level of Effort in the CAPS FM Contract	OTD	0	0	-102,041	-196,233			
22 Reduce Level of Effort in the TEAMS FM Contract	OTD	0	0	-146,476	-292,951			
23 Eliminate MHSP eligibility determination and reviews	AMDD	0	0	-375,000	-375,000			
24 Reduce Domestic Violence Program	CFSD	0	0	-75,000	-75,000			
25 Personal Services Reductions	OTD	0	0	-17,139	-38,087			

Description	Program Affected	FY 2002 General Fund	FY 2002 Total Funds	FY 2003 General Fund	FY 2003 Total Funds
26 Eliminate Drop-In contracts	AMDD	0	0	-273,000	-273,000
27 Reduce ISD Mainframe processing SEARCHS	OTD	0	0	-33,113	-97,391
28 Reduce ISD Mainframe processing in CAPS	OTD	0	0	-24,505	-47,125
29 Reduce ISD Network Subscriptions by 50	OTD	0	0	-21,780	-43,560
30 Reduce Level of Effort in the MMIS FM Contract	OTD	0	0	-19,573	-78,292
31 Reduce ISD Mainframe processing in TEAMS	OTD	0	0	-116,676	-233,352
32 Reduce QAD Operations	QAD	0	0	-66,695	-119,097
33 Reduce CSED Operations	CSED	0	0	-22,500	-66,176
34 Reduce Big Brothers Big Sisters	CFSD	0	0	-25,000	-25,000
35 Reduce IT Consulting & Professional Services Budget	FSD	0	0	-32,536	-70,730
36 Delay Waiver and Personal Assistance Rate and Wage Increase	SLTC	0	0	-162,248	-599,365
37 Cut Meals on Wheels and cut state admin budget	SLTC	0	0	-43,361	-43,361
38 Cut Adult Protective Services workers and funding	SLTC	0	0	-41,714	-41,714
39 Increase Pharmacy Co-pay	AMDD	0	0	-80,291	-80,291
40 Limit children services to individuals that are SED	AMDD	0	0	-486,197	-1,796,076
41 Eliminate CHIP/MHSP therapy & other non out-of-home services	AMDD	0	0	-75,336	-397,554
42 Limit adult services to individuals that are SDMI	AMDD	0	0	-200,000	-738,825
43 Eliminate CHIP/MHSP out-of-home services	AMDD	0	0	-174,911	-923,013
44 Eliminate youth/adolescent day treatment	AMDD	0	0	-258,736	-955,805
45 Reduce client services in VR	DSD	0	0	-117,832	-117,832
46 Cut Adult Protective Services workers and funding	SLTC	0	0	-30,000	-30,000
47 Reduce Foster Care	CFSD	0	0	-639,417	-1,013,230
48 CFSD Operations Reductions	CFSD	0	0	-170,272	-309,585
49 Reduce appropriation for CHIP	HPSD	0	0	-89,222	-446,110
50 Additional Cut Meals on Wheels and cut state admin budget	SLTC	0	0	-30,000	-30,000
51 Delay Medicaid HCBS Waiver Services	SLTC	0	0	-97,191	-359,036
52 Withhold provider rate increase in Program 7 for FY 2003	HPSD	0	0	-588,768	-2,174,983
53 Reduce TANF WoRC Contracts and TANF Supportive Services	HCSD	0	0	-973,117	-973,117
54 Reduce Child Care Match Child Care Matching Funds	HCSD	0	0	-302,021	-1,115,704
55 Cut Medicaid LTC Benefits	SLTC	0	0	-673,931	-2,489,586
56 Reduce client services and operations at MDC	DSD	0	0	-377,217	-377,217
57 Reduce client services and operations at EHSC	DSD	0	0	-108,903	-108,903
58 Reduce client services in Vocational Rehabilitation	DSD	0	0	-274,940	-274,940
59 Extend Medicaid provider payment cuts	HPSD	0	0	-775,107	-2,863,343
Governor's 3.5% FY2003 Reductions - June 2002	Total	0	0	-9,601,758	-22,507,607

Department of Public Health and Human Services 2003 Biennium Budget Reductions						
Description	Program Affected	FY 2002 General Fund	FY 2002 Total Funds	FY 2003 General Fund	FY 2003 Total Funds	
Special Session Reductions - August 2002						
1 Employment Security Account	DSD	0	0	-1,965,199	0	
2 County Alcohol Tax Distribution	AMDD	0	0	-1,000,000	0	
3 Supplies and Materials Reductions	ALL	0	0	-107,795	-107,795	
4 TANF Performance Bonus	HCSD	0	0	0	2,276,700	
5 Equipment Reduction	ALL	0	0	-257,261	-257,264	
6 General Reduction	ALL	0	0	-2,000,000	-2,000,000	
7 Elderly and Disabled Waiver	SLTC	0	0	97,191	97,191	
8 Mental Health Day Treatment	AMDD	0	0	0	258,736	
9 Medicaid Co-pay	HPSD	0	0	0	350,000	
10 Pay Plan Reduction	ALL	0	0	-820,707	-820,707	
11 SB-19 Medicaid Increase	HPSD	0	0	550,000	550,000	
12 Low-Income Housing	HCSD	0	0	0	-2,764,561	
Special Session Reductions - August 2002	Total	0	0	-5,503,771	-2,417,700	

FY2003 Cost Containment Actions - December 2002					
Mental Health Services Reductions					
1 Increase Intergovernmental Transfers	AMDD	0	0	-658,600	0
2 Comprehensive School & Community Treatment Services to OPI	AMDD	0	0	-135,350	-500,000
3 5% Provider Rate Reduction	AMDD	0	0	-269,002	-993,728
4 Therapeutic Foster Care Intensive Level of Care Compression	AMDD	0	0	-231,623	-855,646
5 Therapeutic Group Home Rate Reduction Intensive Level of Care	AMDD	0	0	-185,816	-686,428
6 Reduce Psychiatric Rehabilitation & Support by 10%	AMDD	0	0	-39,893	-147,368
7 Eliminate Adult TCM and Replace with capped number units	AMDD	0	0	-216,434	-799,533
8 Eliminate Child TCM and Replace with capped number units	AMDD	0	0	-336,336	-1,242,469
9 Limit Outpatient Therapy to 12 sessions annually	AMDD	0	0	-147,243	-543,933
Mental Health Reductions:		0	0	-2,220,297	-5,769,105

Description	Program Affected	FY 2002 General Fund	FY 2002 Total Funds	FY 2003 General Fund	FY 2003 Total Funds
HPSD Medicaid Reductions					
1 DME - Prepayment review of all Miscellaneous codes	HPSD	0	0	-1,800	-6,649
2 Change coverage criteria for Essential for Employment	HPSD	0	0	-10,800	-39,897
3 Reimbursement for Subsequent Procedures for Surgical services	HPSD	0	0	-11,369	-41,999
4 DME - Prior Authorization of rental for Wheelchairs, Hospital Beds, Shower Commode Chairs	HPSD	0	0	-11,750	-43,406
5 PASSPORT - Change PCP ID's	HPSD	0	0	-135,350	-500,000
6 Change Limits on Therapies (70 to 40)	HPSD	0	0	-4,583	-16,930
7 Reduce DME By-Report Reimbursement (90% to 80%)	HPSD	0	0	-20,000	-73,883
8 Transportation Program Changes - Reduce Transportation Reimbursement (\$0.34 to \$0.13) and modify reimbursement for lodging and meals. (NP - 257)	HPSD	0	0	-34,537	-127,584
9 Restrict Coverage for prescription drug Claritin - OTC	HPSD	0	0	-45,000	-166.236
10 Reduce IP Hosp DRG Reimbursement 5% *	HPSD	0	0	-228,516	-844,167
11 Eliminate Optional Services - Audiology, Eyeglasses, Optometric, Hearing Aids, Podiatry, DME O&P *	HPSD	0	0	-193,750	-715,737
12 Cut Adult Dental/Denturist - Except Emergencies (Includes eliminating dental coverage in FQHC & RHC) *	HPSD	0	0	-291,531	-1,076,952
13 Eligibility Changes - HCSD (Stop excluding non-home real property listed for sale; Contract for Deed change; Life Estate change; Limit exclusion of home property under "intent to return" policy) (NP - 260)	HPSD	0	0	-291,941	-1,078,467
14 Restrict coverage criteria for Mamoplasty	HPSD	0	0	-5,640	-20,835
15 Eliminate coverage of Gastric Bypass Surgeries	HPSD	0	0	-16,355	-60,417
16 Restrict coverage criteria for Circumcisions	HPSD	0	0	-25,378	-93,750
17 Change reimbursement for Inpatient Hospital Rehabilitation Units from cost based as a percent of charges to DRG reimbursement.	HPSD	0	0	-56,250	-207,795
18 Pharmacy Program Changes - Change Dispensing Limit - 34 Day Supply. (NP - 258)	HPSD	0	0	-20,593	-76,073
19 Change policy on early refill for Prescriptions	HPSD	0	0	-37,500	-138,530
20 Increase Percentage off AWP for Generic Drugs (15% to 25%)	HPSD	0	0	-100,000	-369,413
21 Enhanced SURS Recoveries	HPSD	0	0	-97,614	-360,598
22 7% Provider Rate Reductions HPSD Reductions:	HPSD	0 0	0 0	-1,412,971 -3,053,228	-5,219,693 -11,279,010
FY2003 Cost Containment Actions - December 2002	Total	0	0	-5,273,525	-17,048,115

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Department of Public Health and Human Service 2003 Biennium Budget Reductions	S				
Description	Program Affected	FY 2002 General Fund	FY 2002 Total Funds	FY 2003 General Fund	FY 2003 Total Funds
Reduction Summary - January 8, 2003					
		-2,578,572	-9,508,009	-6,611,795	-22,941,81
FAIM II R Reductions	Total (2)	0	-9,201,393	0	-8,263,34
Governor's 3.5% FY2003 Reductions - June 2002	Total (4)	0	0	-9,601,758	
Special Session Reductions - August 2002	Total (5)	0	0	-5,503,771	, ,
FY2003 Cost Containment Actions - December 2002	Total (1)	0	0	-5,273,525	-17,048,11
		-2,578,572	-18,709,402	-26,990,849	-73,178,57
		Total Biennia	I General Fu	nd	-29,569,42
		Total Biennia	I Funds		-91,887,97
Notes: 1) Budget mitigation actions necessary to reduce program expenditure	res to the bu	idaet level			

n actions necessary to reduce program expenditures to the budget level.

2) The TANF FAIM II R program was reduced and the TANF funds were reallocated to the TANF Cash Assistance payments program.

3) CSED state special revenue funded actions related to the federal incentive grant cash shortfall are not included in this reduction summary.

4) Reduction to the FY2003 budgeted amount, does not include the additional 25% vacancies savings reductions as positions become vacant.

5) Reduction to the FY2003 budgeted amount.

ATTACHMENT 3

53-6-101. Montana medicaid program -- authorization of services. (1) There is a Montana medicaid program established for the purpose of providing necessary medical services to eligible persons who have need for medical assistance. The Montana medicaid program is a joint federal-state program administered under this chapter and in accordance with Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 1396, et seq. The department shall administer the Montana medicaid program.

(2) The department and the legislature shall consider the following funding principles when considering changes in medicaid policy that either increase or reduce services:

(a) protecting those persons who are most vulnerable and most in need, as defined by a combination of economic, social, and medical circumstances;

(b) giving preference to the elimination or restoration of an entire medicaid program or service, rather than sacrifice or augment the quality of care for several programs or services through dilution of funding; and

(c) giving priority to services that employ the science of prevention to reduce disability and illness, services that treat life-threatening conditions, and services that support independent or assisted living, including pain management, to reduce the need for acute inpatient or residential care.

(3) Medical assistance provided by the Montana medicaid program includes the following services:

(a) inpatient hospital services;

(b) outpatient hospital services;

(c) other laboratory and x-ray services, including minimum mammography examination as defined in 33-22-132;

(d) skilled nursing services in long-term care facilities;

(e) physicians' services;

(f) nurse specialist services;

(g) early and periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment services for persons under 21 years of age;

(h) ambulatory prenatal care for pregnant women during a presumptive eligibility period, as provided in 42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(47) and 42 U.S.C. 1396r-1;

(i) targeted case management services, as authorized in 42 U.S.C. 1396n(g), for high-risk pregnant women;

(j) services that are provided by physician assistants within the scope of their practice and that are otherwise directly reimbursed as allowed under department rule to an existing provider;

(k) health services provided under a physician's orders by a public health department; and

(l) federally qualified health center services, as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1396d(l)(2).

(4) Medical assistance provided by the Montana medicaid program may, as provided by department rule, also include the following services:

(a) medical care or any other type of remedial care recognized under state law, furnished by licensed practitioners within the scope of their practice as defined by state law;

(b) home health care services;

(c) private-duty nursing services;

(d) dental services;

(e) physical therapy services;

(f) mental health center services administered and funded under a state mental health program authorized under Title 53, chapter 21, part 10;

(g) clinical social worker services;

(h) prescribed drugs, dentures, and prosthetic devices;

(i) prescribed eyeglasses;

(j) other diagnostic, screening, preventive, rehabilitative, chiropractic, and osteopathic services;

(k) inpatient psychiatric hospital services for persons under 21 years of age;

(l) services of professional counselors licensed under Title 37, chapter 23;

(m) hospice care, as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1396d(o);

(n) case management services, as provided in 42 U.S.C. 1396d(a) and 1396n(g), including targeted case management services for the mentally ill;

(o) services of psychologists licensed under Title 37, chapter 17;

(p) inpatient psychiatric services for persons under 21 years of age, as provided in 42 U.S.C. 1396d(h), in a residential treatment facility, as defined in 50-5-101, that is licensed in accordance with 50-5-201; and

(q) any additional medical service or aid allowable under or provided by the federal Social Security Act.

(5) Services for persons qualifying for medicaid under the medically needy category of assistance, as described in 53-6-131, may be more limited in amount, scope, and duration than services provided to others qualifying for assistance under the Montana medicaid program. The department is not required to provide all of the services listed in subsections (3) and (4) to persons qualifying for medicaid under the medically needy category of assistance.

(6) In accordance with federal law or waivers of federal law that are granted by the secretary of the U.S. department of health and human services, the department may implement limited medicaid benefits, to be known as basic medicaid, for adult recipients who are eligible because they are receiving financial assistance, as defined in 53-4-201, as the specified caretaker relative of a dependent child under the FAIM project and for all adult recipients of medical assistance, as defined in 53-4-201. Basic medicaid benefits consist of all mandatory services listed in subsections (3)(a) through (3)(l) but may include those optional services listed in subsections (4)(a) through (4)(q) that the department in its discretion specifies by rule. The department, in exercising its discretion, may consider the amount of funds appropriated by the legislature, whether approval has been received, as provided in 53-1-612, and whether the provision of a particular service is commonly covered by private health insurance plans. However, a recipient who is pregnant, meets the criteria for disability provided in Title II of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 416, et seq., or is less than 21 years of age is entitled to full medicaid coverage.

(7) The department may implement, as provided for in Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 1396, et seq., as may be amended, a program under medicaid for payment of medicare premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance for persons not otherwise eligible for medicaid.

(8) The department may set rates for medical and other services provided to recipients of medicaid and may enter into contracts for delivery of services to individual recipients or groups of recipients.

(9) The services provided under this part may be only those that are medically necessary and that are the most efficient and cost-effective.

(10) The amount, scope, and duration of services provided under this part must be determined by the department in accordance with Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 1396, et seq., as may be amended.

(11) Services, procedures, and items of an experimental or cosmetic nature may not be provided.

(12) If available funds are not sufficient to provide medical assistance for all eligible persons, the department may set priorities to limit, reduce, or otherwise curtail the amount, scope, or duration of the medical services made available under the Montana medicaid program after taking into consideration the funding principles set forth in subsection (2).

History: En. Sec. 2, Ch. 325, L. 1967; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 261, L. 1971; R.C.M. 1947, 71-1512(part); amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 77, L. 1985; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 329, L. 1987; amd. Sec. 19, Ch. 97, L. 1989; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 417, L. 1989; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 633, L. 1989; amd. Sec. 10, Ch. 649, L. 1989; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 711, L. 1989; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 310, L. 1991; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 388, L. 1991; amd. Secs. 3, 7, Ch. 460, L. 1991; amd. Sec. 4, Ch. 634, L. 1991; amd. Sec. 3, Ch. 663, L. 1991; amd. Sec. 3, Ch. 764, L. 1991; amd. Sec. 6, Ch. 590, L. 1993; amd. Sec. 2, Ch. 14, Sp. L. November 1993; amd. Sec. 25, Ch. 491, L. 1995; amd. Sec. 438, Ch. 546, L. 1995; amd. Sec. 46, Ch. 486, L. 1997; amd. Sec. 36, Ch. 465, L. 2001; amd. Sec. 10, Ch. 54, L. 2003; amd. Sec. 5, Ch. 576, L. 2003; amd. Sec. 12, Ch. 602, L. 2003; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 353, L. 2005; amd. Sec. 29, Ch. 519, L. 2005; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 530, L. 2005.