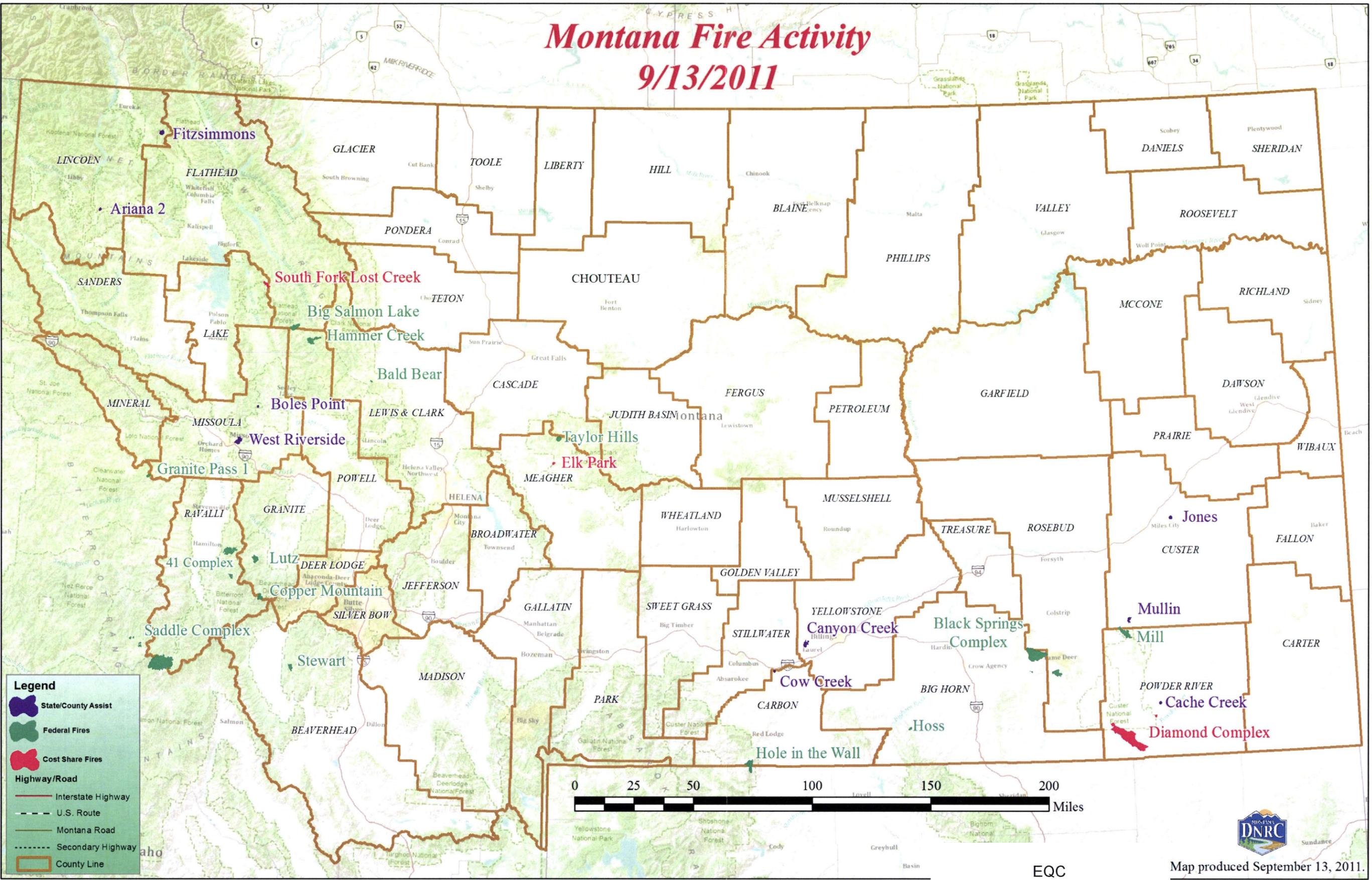
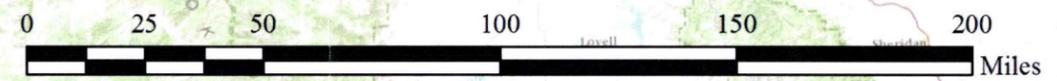


Montana Fire Activity 9/13/2011



Legend

- State/County Assist
- Federal Fires
- Cost Share Fires
- Highway/Road**
- Interstate Highway
- U.S. Route
- Montana Road
- Secondary Highway
- County Line



EQC
September 15, 2011
Exhibit 3

Map produced September 13, 2011.

2011 FIRE SEASON SUMMARY

2011 Fire Season

2011 Fire Stats

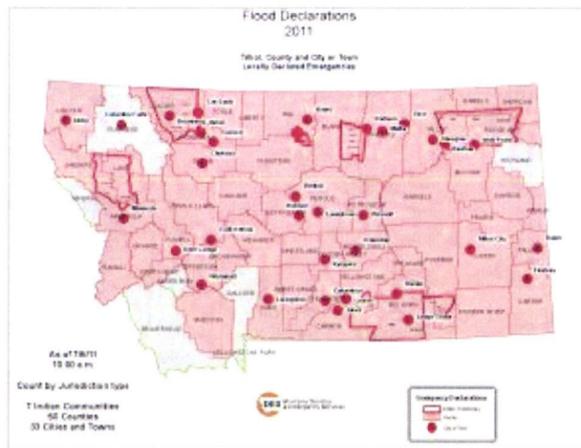
As of September 12, DNRC has responded to 232 fires (65% of the 5-year average) accounting for approximately 45,000 acres (17% of the 5-year average).

The DNRC Initial Attack success rate exceeds 95% for direct protection fires to date.

Suppression Costs

Preliminary costs estimates as of 9/7/11 show the DNRC has incurred fire costs of \$14,928,763 during this calendar year. Approximately \$1,125,835 will be reimbursable from agency cooperators and/or FEMA. Total estimated state fire costs to date are \$13,802,927.

Non-Fire Assignments



In addition to fire assignments, DNRC personnel also provided assistance for non-fire incidents in Montana. Most notably, DNRC personnel assisted with flood response efforts, particularly in southern Montana in coordination with Disaster & Emergency Services, and also in response to the Exxon Mobil oil spill in the Yellowstone River between Laurel and Billings.



Aviation

To date during the 2011 fire season, DNRC'S (5) UH-1 helicopters have flown 565 hours, delivering more than a million gallons of water.

The Department's (2) Bell Jet Rangers have flown 144 hours.

Fixed wing aircraft have flown 395 hours on fire patrol and detection.

Out of Area Assistance

While Montana's fire season was delayed due to spring flooding and cooler temperatures, DNRC provided assistance to other areas of the U.S. which were having extreme fire seasons. From Alaska to Florida, DNRC provided support for 85 incidents in 14 states. This support included:

- ◆ 28 DNRC Engines in support of 78 incidents in the Southwest and Southern Areas;
- ◆ 235 people were assigned to a total of 534 incidents (included DNRC employees, local government and emergency firefighters);
- ◆ DNRC began providing support in March and continues to do so, with the bulk of the assistance coming in June and July prior to fire activity picking up in Montana.

Large Fires



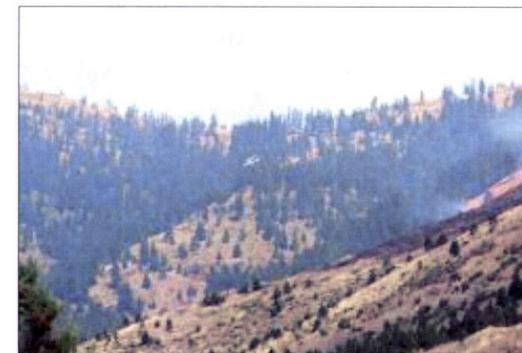
CANYON CREEK FIRE
AUGUST 29, 2011
CAUSE: LIGHTNING
2,560 ACRES
TYPE 2 INCIDENT MANAGEMENT TEAM ASSIGNED
FEMA FMAG DECLARATION
ESTIMATED STATE COST: \$318,850
***COUNTY ASSIST TO YELLOWSTONE CO.**



WEST RIVERSIDE FIRE
AUGUST 22, 2011
CAUSE: HUMAN
3,800 ACRES
TYPE 2 INCIDENT MANAGEMENT TEAM ASSIGNED
ESTIMATED STATE COST: \$5,427,795



SOUTH FORK LOST CREEK FIRE
AUGUST 13, 2011
CAUSE: HUMAN
1,900 ACRES
TYPE 2 INCIDENT MANAGEMENT TEAM ASSIGNED
ESTIMATED STATE COST: \$783,364



ARIANA 2 FIRE
AUGUST 26, 2011
CAUSE: HUMAN
200 ACRES
TYPE 2 INCIDENT MANAGEMENT TEAM ASSIGNED
ESTIMATED STATE COST: \$998,276



DIAMOND COMPLEX FIRE
AUGUST 22, 2011
CAUSE: LIGHTNING
52,710 ACRES
TYPE 2 INCIDENT MANAGEMENT TEAM ASSIGNED
ESTIMATED STATE COST: \$2,977,490
***COUNTY ASSIST TO POWDER RIVER & ROSEBUD CO.**