



PRELIMINARY DETERMINATION  
ON PERMIT APPLICATION

Date of Mailing: December 16, 2011

Name of Applicant: CHS Inc.

Source: Laurel Refinery

Proposed Action: The Department of Environmental Quality (Department) proposes to issue a permit, with conditions, to the above-named applicant. The application was assigned Permit Application Number 1821-26.

Proposed Conditions: See attached.

Public Comment: Any member of the public desiring to comment must submit such comments in writing to the Air Resources Management Bureau (Bureau) of the Department at the above address. Comments may address the Department's analysis and determination, or the information submitted in the application. In order to be considered, comments on this Preliminary Determination are due by January 3, 2012. Copies of the application and the Department's analysis may be inspected at the Bureau's office in Helena. For more information, you may contact the Department.

Departmental Action: The Department intends to make a decision on the application after expiration of the Public Comment period described above. A copy of the decision may be obtained at the above address. The permit shall become final on the date stated in the Department's Decision on this permit, unless an appeal is filed with the Board of Environmental Review (Board).

Procedures for Appeal: Any person jointly or severally adversely affected by the final action may request a hearing before the Board. Any appeal must be filed by the date stated in the Department's Decision on this permit. The request for a hearing shall contain an affidavit setting forth the grounds for the request. Any hearing will be held under the provisions of the Montana Administrative Procedures Act. Submit requests for a hearing in triplicate to: Chairman, Board of Environmental Review, P.O. Box 200901, Helena, MT 59620.

For the Department,

Vickie Walsh  
Air Permitting Program Supervisor  
Air Resources Management Bureau  
(406) 444-9741

Skye Hatten, P.E.  
Environmental Engineer  
Air Resources Management Bureau  
(406) 444-5287

VW: SH  
Enclosures

**DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY**  
**Permitting and Compliance Division**  
**Air Resources Management Bureau**  
**1520 East Sixth Avenue**  
**P.O. Box 200901, Helena, Montana 59620-0901**  
**(406) 444-3490**

**DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT (EA)**

*Issued For:* CHS Inc.  
Laurel Refinery  
P.O. Box 909  
Laurel, MT 59044-0909

*Montana Air Quality Permit (MAQP) Number:* 1821-26

*Preliminary Determination on Permit Issued:* 12/16/2011

*Department Decision Issued:*

*Permit Final:* 06/28/11

1. *Legal Description of Site:* South ½, Section 16, Township 2 South, Range 24 East in Yellowstone County.
2. *Description of Project:*

On November 8, 2011, the Department of Department received an application from CHS for a modification to MAQP #1821-25. The application included three separate projects, grouped together into one action for administrative convenience. CHS proposed the following projects within this application:

7. #1 Crude Unit Revamp Project
8. Wastewater Facilities Project
9. Product Blending Project

The application also included the following:

8. Review of the regulatory applicability to existing Sour Water Storage Tanks 128 and 129.
9. Updates to the Mild Hydrocracker Project, which was permitted as part of MAQP #1821-23 and MAQP #1821-24.
10. Review of the regulatory applicability to the Product Storage Projects, which was permitted as part of MAQP #1821-25.

**#1 Crude Unit Revamp Project**

The #1 Crude Unit Revamp Project was proposed with the intention of improving the overall efficiency of the refinery by maximizing diesel and gas oil recovery in the atmospheric and vacuum processes at the #1 Crude Unit. The project would aid in accounting for changes in crude quality that have been evident historically and are expected in the future. Modifications in the vacuum process are expected to result in an improved separation of the diesel and gas oil components such that diesel will not be

carried with the gasoil to units downstream of the Crude Unit. Modifications in the vacuum process will result in the recovery of additional gas oil from the asphalt and improved quality of feed to the downstream Delayed Coker Unit.

The #1 Crude Unit Revamp Project constitutes of the following components:

- Improvements to the preheat exchanger trains to ensure additional heat can be added to the crude oil upstream of the atmospheric column.
- Modifications to the atmospheric column from the diesel draw downward and to the associated condensing systems.
- Existing dry vacuum process will be changed to a wet vacuum system through the addition of steam.
- Redesign and replacement of the existing vacuum column.
- Installation of new equipment to recover a diesel stream from the new vacuum column.

#### Wastewater Facilities Project

The proposed Wastewater Facilities Project is slated to improve the overall performance of the refinery wastewater handling and treatment facilities and to address anticipated future wastewater discharge quality requirements. The project is comprised of the following components:

- Installation of new Three Phase Separator(s) to remove solids and free oil from wastewater generated at the crude unit desalters.
- Installation of new American Petroleum Institute (API) Separator(s) and Coalescing plate interceptor (CPI) Separator(s) to treat process wastewater generated at the older process units. The existing API Separator will be removed from service. As a note, emissions from the separators will be controlled with carbon canisters.
- Replacement of the existing activated sludge unit (ASU) (T-30). Replacement will be of the same size and will incorporate several design changes to improve the biological treatment efficiency.
- Installation of a second ASU and clarifier to be operated in parallel with the existing ASU and clarifier and will provide maintenance backup to the system.
- Installation of two new Sludge Handling Tanks to receive waste activated sludge from the clarifiers. The removed sludge will be dewatered and dried for offsite disposal.

#### Product Blending Project

The objective of the Product Blending Project is to increase the volume of finished diesel and burner fuel available for sale. The project is comprised of the addition of new piping components; however, the changes will not result in a change to the operation of any process units at the refinery.

#### Additional Permit Changes

CHS conducted a review of regulatory applicability pertaining to sour water storage tanks 128 and 129, which were permitted as a result of CHS's permit application submitted on October 18, 2005 for the delayed coker project. Based on the review, CHS determined Tanks 128 and 129 to not be subject to 40 CFR 60 (NSPS) and also determined Tanks

128 and 129 to be labeled as Group 2 storage vessels as described within 40 CFR 63, Subpart CC. Therefore, CHS requested the permit, specifically the Title V Operating Permit, be updated to reflect these new determinations of regulatory applicability.

As part of MAQP #1821-23, CHS proposed to convert the existing Hydrodesulfurization (HDS) Unit into a Mild Hydrocracker. Since issuance of this permit, various portions of this project scope were modified, with only one change resulting in a change in the original project emissions calculations. Potential emissions increased slightly; however, continued to remain below significance levels with respect to Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) review. A summary of the updated emissions inventory has been included in the permit analysis for this permit action.

CHS additionally conducted a review of regulatory applicability pertaining to Tanks 133, 135, and 136. As part of the original permitting action (MAQP #1821-25) associated with these product storage tanks, CHS identified the applicability of NSPS Subpart GGGa to the piping components associated with the three new storage tanks. This applicability has been reevaluated. NSPS Subpart GGGa applies to affected facilities at petroleum refineries that are constructed, reconstructed or modified after November 7, 2006. Specifically, as stated within NSPS Subpart GGGa, the group of all the equipment (defined in §60.591a) within a process unit is an affected facility. The definition of “process unit,” as defined in 60.590a(e) is as follows:

“*Process unit* means components assembled to produce intermediate or final products from petroleum, unfinished petroleum derivatives, or other intermediates; a process unit can operate independently if supplied with sufficient feed or raw materials and sufficient storage facilities for the product.”

The applicability of NSPS Subpart GGGa has been determined to stop at the boundary of a process area and does not include piping components between the process area and storage tanks, therefore, eliminating the components associated with Tanks 133, 135, and 136 from being applicable to NSPS Subpart GGGa. Although this equipment is not specifically applicable under NSPS Subpart GGGa, the VOC BACT (Refinery Equipment) determination from MAQP #1821-25 stated that “an effective monitoring and maintenance program or Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR) program (as described under NSPS Subpart VVa) meeting the requirements of NSPS Subpart GGGa constitutes VOC BACT for equipment leaks from new components.” The Department has modified the requirements for institution of a monitoring and maintenance program to more accurately reflect the VOC BACT (Refinery Equipment) determination; thus removing the NSPS Subpart GGGa reference and including the pertinent language within the condition itself. The conditions are now reflective of only the BACT determination.

CHS also requested several various administrative changes and clarification additions.

3. *Objectives of Project:* The purpose of this permitting action has three unique modifications at the facility. The modifications are listed below:
  - #1 Crude Unit Revamp Project
    - The objective of this project is to improve the overall efficiency of the refinery by maximizing diesel and gas oil recovery in the atmospheric and vacuum processes at the #1 Crude Unit.

- Wastewater Facilities Project
  - The objective of this project is to improve the overall performance of the refinery wastewater handling and treatment facilities.
- Product Blending Project
  - The objective of this project is to increase the volume of finished diesel and burner fuel available for sale. This objective will be met through the addition of new piping components.

4. *Alternatives Considered:* In addition to the proposed action, the Department also considered the “no-action” alternative. The “no-action” alternative would deny issuance of the MAQP to the proposed facility. However, the Department does not consider the “no-action” alternative to be appropriate because CHS demonstrated compliance with all applicable rules and regulations as required for permit issuance. Therefore, the “no-action” alternative was eliminated from further consideration.
5. *A listing of mitigation, stipulations and other controls:* A list of enforceable permit conditions and a complete permit analysis, including Best Available Control Technology (BACT) determinations, would be contained in MAQP #1821-26.
6. *Regulatory effects on private property:* The Department considered alternatives to the conditions imposed in this permit as part of the permit development. The Department determined that the permit conditions are reasonably necessary to ensure compliance with applicable requirements and to demonstrate compliance with those requirements and do not unduly restrict private property rights.
7. The following table summarizes the potential physical and biological effects of the proposed project on the human environment. The "no action alternative" was discussed previously.

		Major	Moderate	Minor	None	Unknown	Comments
A	Terrestrial and Aquatic Life and Habitats			X			Yes
B	Water Quality, Quantity and Distribution			X			Yes
C	Geology and Soil Quality, Stability and Moisture			X			Yes
D	Vegetation Cover, Quantity and Quality			X			Yes
E	Aesthetics				X		Yes
F	Air Quality			X			Yes
G	Unique Endangered, Fragile or Limited Environmental Resource			X			Yes
H	Demands on Environmental Resource of Water, Air and Energy			X			Yes
I	Historical and Archaeological Sites			X			Yes
J	Cumulative and Secondary Impacts			X			Yes

## SUMMARY OF COMMENTS ON POTENTIAL PHYSICAL AND BIOLOGICAL EFFECTS:

The following comments have been prepared by the Department.

### A. Terrestrial and Aquatic Life and Habitats:

This permitting action could have a minor effect on terrestrial and aquatic life and habitats, as the proposed projects would include modification of existing emission units (#1 Crude Unit Revamp Project, Product Blending Project) and additions of new emissions units (wastewater facility additions/improvements). Impacts to terrestrial and aquatic life and habitats may occur as a result of these increased emissions. However, the emissions increases per project fall below significance levels identified within the rules associated with Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD). Additionally, the permitting action would result in the incorporation of the most current facility and emissions information available. The overall emissions would remain within the facility-wide emissions caps established in MAQP #1821-05 in 2000. Further, the projects would ultimately take place on industrial property that has already been disturbed. Therefore, only minor impacts to terrestrial and aquatic life and habitats are anticipated.

### B. Water Quality, Quantity, and Distribution:

While deposition of pollutants would occur, the Department determined that any impacts from deposition of pollutants would be minor. Furthermore, this action would not result in a change in the quality or quantity of ground water. There also would not be any changes in drainage patterns or new discharges associated with these projects. Therefore, minor impacts to water quality, quantity, and/or distribution are anticipated.

### C. Geology and Soil Quality, Stability, and Moisture:

The proposed projects constitute of installation of emission sources on the same existing industrial site. Therefore, no additional disturbance would be created as a result of the proposed projects. While deposition of pollutants would occur, the Department determined that any impacts from deposition of pollutants would be minor. Additionally, no unique geologic or physical features would be disturbed. Overall, the Department believes that any impact to the geology and soil quality, stability, and moisture would be minor.

### D. Vegetation Cover, Quantity, and Quality:

The proposed projects would affect an existing, industrial property that has already been disturbed. No additional vegetation on the site would be disturbed for the project. However, possible increases in actual emissions of oxides of nitrogen (NO<sub>x</sub>), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC), Particulate Matter/ particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of 10 microns or less ( PM/PM<sub>10</sub>), and Carbon Monoxide (CO) from historical emission levels may result in minor impacts to the diversity, productivity, or abundance of plant species in the surrounding areas. Overall, any impacts to vegetation cover, quantity, and quality would be minor.

E. Aesthetics:

The proposed modification to the facility would be constructed in areas that have previously been disturbed and would not result in any additional disturbance. Therefore, no impacts to aesthetics are anticipated.

F. Air Quality:

The proposed projects would include increases of NO<sub>x</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, VOC, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>, and CO emissions. However, the project emissions do not exceed “significance” threshold levels as outlined in the rules associated with PSD. CHS would be required to maintain compliance with the Billings/Laurel SO<sub>2</sub> State Implementation Plan (SIP), current permit conditions, and state and federal ambient air quality standards. Additionally, modeled levels of pollutants for the proposed project show compliance with the NAAQS and the MAAQS. While deposition of pollutants is anticipated, the Department has determined that any air quality impacts as a result of the deposition would be minor.

G. Unique Endangered, Fragile, or Limited Environmental Resources:

The Department, in an effort to assess any potential impacts to any unique endangered, fragile, or limited environmental resources in the initial proposed area of operation (South ½, Section 16, Township 2 South, Range 24 East in Yellowstone County), previously contacted the Natural Resource Information System – Montana Natural Heritage Program. Search results concluded there are seven species of concern within the area. The search area, in this case, is defined by the section, township, and range of the proposed site, with an additional 1-mile buffer. The known specie of concern includes the Yellowstone Cutthroat Trout (Sensitive).

This permitting action may result in minor impacts to unique endangered, fragile, or limited environmental resources. However, as described in Section 7.F. of this EA, pollutant emissions generated from the facility would have minimal impacts on air quality in the immediate and surrounding area because of the relatively small amount of pollution emitted. There would not be any additional impact to these resources because the project would occur at an already disturbed site.

H. Demands on Environmental Resource of Water, Air, and Energy:

As described in Section 7.B of this EA, this permitting action would have little or no effect on the environmental resource of water as there would be no additional discharges to groundwater or surface water associated with this permitting action.

As described in Section 7.F of this EA, the impact on the air resource in the area of the facility would be minor because the facility would be required to maintain compliance with other limitations affecting the overall emissions from the facility.

A minor impact to the energy resource is expected during the construction process involved with the proposed projects; however, this impact is temporary. Additional energy consumption as a result of new equipment installation is expected to be minimal by scale. Overall, the impact to the energy resource would be minor.

I. Historical and Archaeological Sites:

In an effort to identify any historical and archaeological sites near the proposed project area for previous projects, the Department contacted the Montana Historical Society, State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO). According to SHPO records, there have been a few

previously recorded sites within the designated search locales. In addition to the sites there have been a few previously conducted cultural resource inventories done in the areas. The projects would occur within the boundaries of a previously disturbed industrial site. There is a low likelihood cultural properties will be impacted; therefore, any impacts to historical and archeological would be considered minor.

J. Cumulative and Secondary Impacts:

The proposed projects would include increases of NO<sub>x</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, VOC, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>, and CO emissions; however, cumulative and secondary impacts from this action are anticipated to be minor as the emissions do not exceed “significance” threshold levels on a per project basis as outlined in the rules associated with PSD. Additionally, as described in Section 7.F of this EA, the impact on the air resource in the area of the facility would be minor because the facility would be required to maintain compliance with other limitations affecting the overall emissions from the facility. Any cumulative or secondary impacts as a result of these projects are considered to be minor and overall emissions will remain within the facility-wide emissions caps established in MAQP #1821-05 in 2000.

8. The following table summarizes the potential economic and social effects of the proposed project on the human environment. The "no action alternative" was discussed previously.

		Major	Moderate	Minor	None	Unknown	Comments
A	Social Structures and Mores				X		Yes
B	Cultural Uniqueness and Diversity				X		Yes
C	Local and State Tax Base and Tax Revenue				X		Yes
D	Agricultural or Industrial Production				X		Yes
E	Human Health			X			Yes
F	Access to and Quality of Recreational and Wilderness Activities				X		Yes
G	Quantity and Distribution of Employment				X		Yes
H	Distribution of Population				X		Yes
I	Demands for Government Services			X			Yes
J	Industrial and Commercial Activity				X		Yes
K	Locally Adopted Environmental Plans and Goals				X		Yes
L	Cumulative and Secondary Impacts			X			Yes

**SUMMARY OF COMMENTS ON POTENTIAL ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL EFFECTS:** The following comments have been prepared by the Department:

A. Social Structures and Mores:

The proposed projects would not cause a disruption to any native or traditional lifestyles or communities (social structures or mores) in the area because the projects would be constructed at a previously disturbed industrial site. The proposed projects would not change the nature of the site.

B. Cultural Uniqueness and Diversity:

The proposed projects would not cause a change in the cultural uniqueness and diversity of the area because the land is currently used as a petroleum refinery; therefore, the land use would not be changing. The use of the surrounding area would not change as a result of these projects.

C. Local and State Tax Base and Tax Revenue:

The refinery's overall capacity would not change as a result of the permitting action. In addition, no new employees would be needed for this project. Therefore, no impacts to the local and state tax base and tax revenue are anticipated from these projects.

D. Agricultural or Industrial Production:

The permitting action would not result in a reduction of available acreage or productivity of any agricultural land; therefore, agricultural production would not be affected. The refinery's overall capacity would not change as a result of the proposed projects. Therefore, industrial production would not be affected.

E. Human Health:

As described in Section 7.F of this EA, the impacts from this facility on human health would be minor because the emissions from the facility would increase, but not significantly from prior levels. The air quality permit for this facility would incorporate conditions to ensure that the facility would be operated in compliance with all applicable rules and standards. These rules and standards are designed to be protective of human health.

F. Access to and Quality of Recreational and Wilderness Activities:

The proposed projects would not have an impact on recreational or wilderness activities because the site is far removed from recreational and wilderness areas or access routes. The action would not result in any changes in access to and quality of recreational and wilderness activities.

G. Quantity and Distribution of Employment:

No change in the number of employees currently onsite would be anticipated as a result of the proposed projects. Therefore, the action would not have any impacts to the quantity and distribution of employment at the facility.

H. Distribution of Population:

This permitting action does not involve any significant physical or operational change that would affect the location, distribution, density, or growth rate of the human population. The distribution of population would not change as a result of this action.

I. Demands of Government Services:

The demands on government services would experience a minor impact. The primary demand on government services would be the acquisition of the appropriate permits by the facility and compliance verification with those permits.

J. Industrial and Commercial Activity:

The refinery's overall capacity would not change as a result of the proposed permitting action. Therefore, no impacts on industrial activity at CHS would be expected. Industrial and commercial activity in the neighboring area is not anticipated to be affected by issuing MAQP #1821-26.

K. Locally Adopted Environmental Plans and Goals:

This permitting action would not affect any locally adopted environmental plans or goals. CHS must continue to comply with the SIP and FIP and associated stipulations for the Billings/Laurel area. The Department is not aware of any locally adopted environmental plans and goals that would be impacted by this action.

L. Cumulative and Secondary Impacts:

Overall, any cumulative and secondary impacts from this project on the social and economic aspects of the human environment would be minor. The project is associated with an existing facility and would not change the culture or character of the area. Additionally, overall emissions will remain within the facility-wide emissions caps established in MAQP #1821-05 in 2000.

*Recommendation:* An Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) is not required.

If an EIS is not required, explain why the EA is an appropriate level of analysis: All potential effects resulting from this permitting action would be minor; therefore, an EIS is not required. In addition, the source would be applying BACT and the analysis indicates compliance with all applicable air quality rules and regulations.

*Other groups or agencies contacted or which may have overlapping jurisdiction:* None.

*Individuals or groups contributing to this EA:* Department of Environmental Quality, Permitting and Compliance Division - Air Resources Management Bureau.

EA Prepared By: Stephen Coe

Date: December 8, 2011