

HOUSE BILL NO. 70  
INTRODUCED BY J. PARKER  
BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE PROCEDURE FOR DISMISSAL OF A DEFENDANT'S APPEAL OF A CONVICTION TO THE DISTRICT COURT; AND AMENDING SECTION 46-17-311, MCA."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

**Section 1.** Section 46-17-311, MCA, is amended to read:

**"46-17-311. Appeal from justices', municipal, and city courts.** (1) Except as provided in subsection (4) and except for cases in which legal issues are preserved for appeal pursuant to 46-12-204, all cases on appeal from a justice's or city court must be tried anew in the district court and may be tried before a jury of six selected in the same manner as for other criminal cases. An appeal from a municipal court to the district court is governed by 3-6-110.

(2) The defendant may appeal to the district court by filing written notice of intention to appeal within 10 days after a judgment is rendered following trial. In the case of an appeal by the prosecution, the notice must be filed within 10 days of the date that the order complained of is given. The prosecution may appeal only in the cases provided for in 46-20-103.

(3) Within 30 days of filing the notice of appeal, the court shall transfer the entire record of the court of limited jurisdiction to the district court.

(4) A defendant may appeal a justice's court or city court revocation of a suspended sentence to the district court. The district court judge shall determine whether the suspended sentence will be revoked. A jury trial is not available in a sentence revocation procedure.

(5) If, on appeal to the district court, the defendant fails to appear for a scheduled court date or meet a court deadline, the court may dismiss the appeal on the court's own initiative or on motion by the prosecution. Upon dismissal, the appealed judgment is reinstated and becomes the operative judgment."

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