58th Legislature HB0072



AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE LAWS; CLARIFYING THE FEDERAL EXEMPTION FROM THE TERM "EMPLOYMENT"; REMOVING THE TIME LIMITATIONS FOR EXPENDITURES OF FUNDS RECEIVED PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 903 AND 904 OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT FOR ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES; PROVIDING THAT CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS CALLED TO ACTIVE MILITARY DUTY MAY NOT BE DISQUALIFIED FOR UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS; PROVIDING THAT THE EDUCATION REQUIREMENT TO REQUALIFY FOR UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS RUNS FROM THE DATE OF THE ACT THAT CAUSED DISQUALIFICATION RATHER THAN THE DATE OF ENROLLMENT; AMENDING SECTIONS 39-51-204, 39-51-404, AND 39-51-2302, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

**Section 1.** Section 39-51-204, MCA, is amended to read:

"39-51-204. Exclusions from definition of employment. (1) The term "employment" does not include:

- (a) domestic or household service in a private home, local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority, except as provided in 39-51-202(3). If an employer is otherwise subject to this chapter and has domestic or household service employment, all employees engaged in domestic or household service must be excluded from coverage under this chapter if the employer:
- (i) does not meet the monetary payment test in any quarter or calendar year, as applicable, for the subject wages attributable to domestic or household service; and
- (ii) keeps separate books and records to account for the employment of persons in domestic or household service.
- (b) service performed by a dependent member of a sole proprietor for whom an exemption may be claimed under 26 U.S.C. 152 or service performed by a sole proprietor's spouse for whom an exemption based on marital status may be claimed by the sole proprietor under 26 U.S.C. 7703;
- (c) service performed as a freelance correspondent or newspaper carrier if the person performing the service, or a parent or guardian of the person performing the service in the case of a minor, has acknowledged in writing that the person performing the service and the service are not covered. As used in this subsection:

- (i) "freelance correspondent" is a person who submits articles or photographs for publication and is paid by the article or by the photograph; and
- (ii) (A) "newspaper carrier" means a person who provides a newspaper with the service of delivering newspapers singly or in bundles.
- (B) The term does not include an employee of the paper who, incidentally to the employee's main duties, carries or delivers papers.
- (d) services performed by qualified real estate agents, as defined in 26 U.S.C. 3508, or insurance salespeople paid solely by commission and without a guarantee of minimum earnings;
- (e) service performed by a cosmetologist who is licensed under Title 37, chapter 31, or a barber who is licensed under Title 37, chapter 30, and:
- (i) who has acknowledged in writing that the cosmetologist or barber is not covered by unemployment insurance and workers' compensation;
- (ii) who contracts with a cosmetology salon, as defined in 37-31-101, or a barbershop, as defined in 37-30-101, which contract must show that the cosmetologist or barber:
  - (A) is free from all control and direction of the owner in the contract;
  - (B) receives payment for service from individual clientele; and
- (C) leases, rents, or furnishes all of the cosmetologist's or barber's own equipment, skills, or knowledge; and
- (iii) whose contract gives rise to an action for breach of contract in the event of contract termination. The existence of a single license for the cosmetology salon or barbershop may not be construed as a lack of freedom from control or direction under this subsection.
- (f) casual labor not in the course of an employer's trade or business performed in any calendar quarter, unless the cash remuneration paid for the service is \$50 or more and the service is performed by an individual who is regularly employed by the employer to perform the service. "Regularly employed" means that the service is performed during at least 24 days in the same quarter.
- (g) service performed by sole proprietors, working members of a partnership, members of a member-managed limited liability company that has filed with the secretary of state, or partners in a limited liability partnership that has filed with the secretary of state;
  - (h) service performed for the installation of floor coverings if the installer:
  - (i) bids or negotiates a contract price based upon work performed by the yard or by the job;

- (ii) is paid upon completion of an agreed-upon portion of the job or after the job is completed;
- (iii) may perform service for anyone without limitation;
- (iv) may accept or reject any job;
- (v) furnishes substantially all tools and equipment necessary to provide the service; and
- (vi) works under a written contract that:
- (A) gives rise to a breach of contract action if the installer or any other party fails to perform the contract obligations;
  - (B) states that the installer is not covered by unemployment insurance; and
- (C) requires the installer to provide a current workers' compensation policy or to obtain an exemption from workers' compensation requirements;
  - (i) service performed as a direct seller as defined by 26 U.S.C. 3508;
- (j) service performed by a petroleum land professional. As used in this subsection, "petroleum land professional" means a person who:
- (i) is engaged primarily in negotiating for the acquisition or divestiture of mineral rights or in negotiating a business agreement for the exploration or development of minerals;
- (ii) is paid for service that is directly related to the completion of a contracted specific task rather than on an hourly wage basis; and
  - (iii) performs all services as an independent contractor pursuant to a written contract.
- (k) service performed by an ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister of a church in the exercise of the church's ministry or by a member of a religious order in the exercise of duties required by the order;
- (I) service performed by an individual receiving rehabilitation or remunerative work in a facility conducted for the purpose of carrying out a program of rehabilitation for individuals whose earning capacity is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury or providing remunerative work for individuals who, because of impaired physical or mental capacity, cannot be readily absorbed in the competitive labor market;
- (m) service performed as part of an unemployment work-relief or work-training program assisted or financed in whole or in part by a federal agency, any agency of a state or political subdivision of the state, or an Indian tribe by an individual receiving work relief or work training;
- (n) service performed for a state prison or other state correctional or custodial institution by an inmate of that institution;

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(o) service performed by an individual who is sentenced to perform court-ordered community service

or similar work;

- (p) service performed by elected public officials;
- (q) agricultural labor, except as provided in 39-51-202(2), (4), or (6). If an employer is otherwise subject to this chapter and has agricultural employment, all employees engaged in agricultural labor must be excluded from coverage under this chapter if the employer:
- (i) in any quarter or calendar year, as applicable, does not meet either of the tests relating to the monetary amount or number of employees and days worked for the subject wages attributable to agricultural labor; and
  - (ii) keeps separate books and records to account for the employment of persons in agricultural labor.
- (r) service performed in the employ of any other state or its political subdivisions or of the United States government or of an instrumentality of any other state or states or their political subdivisions or of the United States, except that national banks organized under the national banking law are not entitled to exemption under this subsection and are subject to this chapter the same as state banks, if the service is excluded from employment as defined in 5 U.S.C. 8501(1)(I) and section 3306(c)(7)(c)(6) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act;
- (s) service in which unemployment insurance is payable under an unemployment insurance system established by an act of congress if the department enters into agreements with the proper agencies under an act of congress and those agreements become effective in the manner prescribed in the Montana Administrative Procedure Act for the adoption of rules, to provide reciprocal treatment to individuals who have, after acquiring potential rights to benefits under this chapter, acquired rights to unemployment insurance under an act of congress or who have, after acquiring potential rights to unemployment insurance under the act of congress, acquired rights to benefits under this chapter;
- (t) service performed in the employ of a school or university if the service is performed by a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes at a school or university or by the spouse of a student if the spouse is advised, at the time that the spouse commences to perform the service, that the employment of the spouse to perform the service is provided under a program to provide financial assistance to the student by the school or university and that the employment is not covered by any program of unemployment insurance;
- (u) service performed by an individual who is enrolled at a nonprofit or public educational institution that normally maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and normally has a regularly organized body of students in attendance at the place where its educational activities are carried on, as a student in a full-time program taken for credit at an institution that combines academic instruction with work experience if the service is an integral

part of the program and the institution has certified that fact to the employer, except that this subsection (1)(u) does not apply to service performed in a program established for or on behalf of an employer or group of employers;

- (v) service performed as an officer or member of the crew of a vessel on the navigable waters of the United States:
- (w) service performed by an alien admitted to the United States to perform agricultural labor pursuant to sections 214(c) and 1101(a)(H)(ii)(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act; or
- (x) service performed in a fishing rights-related activity of an Indian tribe by a member of the tribe for another member of that tribe or for a qualified Indian entity, as defined in 26 U.S.C. 7873.
- (2) An individual found to be an independent contractor by the department under the terms of 39-71-401(3) is considered an independent contractor for the purposes of this chapter. An independent contractor is not precluded from filing a claim for benefits and receiving a determination pursuant to 39-51-2402.
- (3) This section does not apply to a state or local governmental entity, an Indian tribe or tribal unit, or a nonprofit organization defined under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code unless the service is excluded from employment for purposes of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act."

## Section 2. Section 39-51-404, MCA, is amended to read:

"39-51-404. Administrative expenses. (1) Money credited to the account of this state in the unemployment trust fund by the secretary of the treasury of the United States pursuant to sections 903 and 904 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1103 and 1104), as amended, may be requisitioned and used for the payment of expenses incurred for the administration of this chapter pursuant to a specific appropriation by the legislature if the expenses are incurred and the money is requisitioned after the enactment of an appropriation law that:

- (a) specifies the purposes for which the money is appropriated and the amounts appropriated; and
- (b) limits the period within which the money may be expended to a period ending not more than 2 years after the date of the enactment of the appropriation law; and
- (e)(b) limits the amount that may be used during any 12-month period beginning on July 1 and ending on the next June 30 to an amount not exceeding the amount by which the aggregate of the amounts credited to the account of this state pursuant to sections 903 and 904 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1103 and 1104), as amended, during the same 12-month period and the 34 preceding 12-month periods exceeds the aggregate

of the amounts used pursuant to this section and charged against the amounts credited to the account of this state during any of the 35 12-month periods.

- (2) For the purposes of this section, amounts used during any 12-month period must be charged against equivalent amounts that were first credited and that are not already charged, except that an amount used for administration during any 12-month period may not be charged against any amount credited during a 12-month period earlier than the 34th preceding period. Money requisitioned for the payment of expenses of administration pursuant to this section must be deposited in the unemployment insurance administration account but, until expended, must remain a part of the unemployment insurance fund.
- (3) The department shall maintain a separate record of the deposit, obligation, expenditure, and return of funds deposited. If any money deposited is for any reason not to be expended for the purpose for which it was appropriated or if it remains unexpended at the end of the period specified by the law appropriating the money, it must be withdrawn and returned to the secretary of the treasury of the United States for credit to this state's account in the unemployment trust fund.
- (4) An assessment equal to 0.13% of all taxable wages provided for in 39-51-1108 and 0.05% of total wages paid by employers not covered by an experience rating must be levied against and paid by all employers. All assessments and investment income must be deposited in the employment security account provided for in 39-51-409."

Section 3. Section 39-51-2302, MCA, is amended to read:

"39-51-2302. Disqualification for leaving work without good cause. (1) An individual must be disqualified for benefits if the individual has left work without good cause attributable to the individual's employment.

- (2) The individual may not be disqualified if the individual leaves:
- (a) employment because of personal illness or injury not associated with misconduct upon the advice of a licensed and practicing physician physician and, after recovering from the illness or injury when recovery is certified by a licensed and practicing physician physician, the individual returned to and offered service to the individual's employer and the individual's regular or comparable suitable work was not available, as determined by the department, provided the individual is otherwise eligible; or
- (b) temporary work accepted during a period of unemployment caused by a lack of work with the individual's regular employer if upon leaving the temporary work the individual returned immediately to work for

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the individual's regular employer, provided that the individual is unemployed for nondisqualifying reasons; or

(c) employment because of being called to active military duty to serve in the United States armed forces for a period of less than 6 weeks and the individual upon checking with the employer finds that the individual's prior employment has terminated due to the active military service or for other nondisqualifying reasons. Any benefits paid under this subsection (2)(c) are not chargeable to the employer's account.

(3) To requalify for benefits, an individual shall perform services for which remuneration is received equal to or in excess of six times the individual's weekly benefit amount subsequent to the week in which the act causing the disqualification occurred unless the individual has been in regular attendance at an educational institution accredited by the state of Montana for at least 3 consecutive months from the date of the individual's enrollment act that caused the disqualification. The services must constitute employment as defined in 39-51-203 and 39-51-204."

**Section 4. Saving clause.** [This act] does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before [the effective date of this act].

**Section 5. Effective date.** [This act] is effective July 1, 2003.

Section 6. Applicability. [This act] applies to claims for benefits filed on or after July 1, 2003.

- END -

I hereby certify that the within bill,	
HB 0072, originated in the House.	
Chief Clerk of the House	
Speaker of the House	
Signed this	day
of	, 2019.
President of the Senate	
Signed this	day
Signed this of	day , 2019.
UI	, 2019.

#### HOUSE BILL NO. 72

## INTRODUCED BY MENDENHALL

# BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY

AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE LAWS; CLARIFYING THE FEDERAL EXEMPTION FROM THE TERM "EMPLOYMENT"; REMOVING THE TIME LIMITATIONS FOR EXPENDITURES OF FUNDS RECEIVED PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 903 AND 904 OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT FOR ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES; PROVIDING THAT CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS CALLED TO ACTIVE MILITARY DUTY MAY NOT BE DISQUALIFIED FOR UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS; PROVIDING THAT THE EDUCATION REQUIREMENT TO REQUALIFY FOR UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS RUNS FROM THE DATE OF THE ACT THAT CAUSED DISQUALIFICATION RATHER THAN THE DATE OF ENROLLMENT; AMENDING SECTIONS 39-51-204, 39-51-404, AND 39-51-2302, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE.