



AN ACT REVISING THE REQUIREMENTS FOR PAYMENTS TO CONTRACTORS AND SUBCONTRACTORS WITH RESPECT TO CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS; REVISING DEFINITIONS; PROVIDING THAT A CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT MAY PROVIDE FOR A BILLING CYCLE THAT IS OTHER THAN A MONTHLY BILLING CYCLE; PROVIDING THAT CERTAIN CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT PROVISIONS ARE AGAINST STATE POLICY AND ARE VOID AND UNENFORCEABLE; ESTABLISHING CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH A CONTRACTOR OR SUBCONTRACTOR MAY SUSPEND PERFORMANCE OR TERMINATE A CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT; AMENDING SECTIONS 28-2-2101 AND 28-2-2103, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN APPLICABILITY DATE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 28-2-2101, MCA, is amended to read:

"28-2-2101. Definitions. As used in this part, unless the context requires otherwise, the following terms apply:

(1) "Construction contract" means a written agreement between an owner and a contractor for the contractor to construct or improve or to provide construction management for the construction or improvement of an improvement to real property.

(2) "Contractor" means a person who has signed a construction contract with an owner.

(3) "Government entity" means a city, town, county, consolidated municipal-county government, school district, or other special district.

(4) "Improve" means to build, alter, demolish, repair, construct, expand, cover, excavate, grade, fill, clear, plant, landscape, or furnish material or labor, or both for an improvement.

(5) "Improvement" means all or a part of a residential or commercial building, structure, area of real property, quantity of earth or fill material, tree or shrubbery, driveway, roadway, or parking area.

(6) "Owner" means a governmental entity or private entity that has a legal interest in the real property improved or to be improved by the performance of the construction contract. An owner may, in the contract, designate another person to represent the owner for the purpose of overseeing the performance of the construction contract and in handling administrative tasks respecting the construction contract.

~~(7) "Owner's representative" means an architect, engineer, or other person who represents the owner and is designated in the contract as the person representing the owner for the purposes of the administration or oversight of the performance of the construction contract.~~

~~(8)(7) "Receipt" or "receive" means actual receipt.~~

~~(9)(8) "Subcontract" means a contract between a contractor and a subcontractor or between a subcontractor and another subcontractor, the purpose of which is the performance of all or a part of the construction contract.~~

~~(10)(9) "Subcontractor" means a person who has contracted with a contractor or another subcontractor for the purposes of performance of all or a part of a subcontract."~~

Section 2. Section 28-2-2103, MCA, is amended to read:

"28-2-2103. Payment to contractor and subcontractor. ~~(1) (a) If a contractor performs a construction contract according to the terms of the contract and requests, either directly to the owner or to owner's representative, payment for performance of the contract, the owner shall pay the contractor, within 30 days after receipt by the owner or the owner's representative of the request for payment, for work performed or materials provided in accordance with the contract. Except as provided in [section 2], each construction contract governed by this section must define, within the contract, a monthly billing cycle for the contractor to submit monthly progress payment requests and final payment requests to the owner. The contractor shall submit payment requests to the owner. Payment requests must be based upon actual or estimated work performed and materials supplied during the preceding monthly billing cycle. This requirement does not preclude an owner from mutually agreeing with the contractor to prepay for materials. The owner is considered to have received a payment request when the payment request is submitted to any person designated by the owner in the contract to receive the payment request.~~

~~(b) Except as provided in [section 2], a contractor's request for payment is considered approved by the owner 21 days after receipt of the request by the owner or the person designated in the contract by the owner to receive the payment request, unless, prior to that time, the owner provides the contractor with a written statement containing specific items in the request for payment that are being disapproved by the owner.~~

~~(c) The owner may disapprove the request for payment or a portion of the request based upon a claim of:~~

~~(i) unsatisfactory job progress;~~

(ii) failure to remedy defective construction work or materials;

(iii) disputed work or materials;

(iv) failure to comply with material provisions of the construction contract or accompanying documents, including but not limited to payroll certifications, lien releases, warranties, material certifications, and test data;

(v) failure of a contractor to make timely payment for claims, including but not limited to claims for labor, equipment, materials, subcontracts, taxes, fees, professional services, rent, and royalties;

(vi) damage to the owner; or

(vii) the existence of reasonable evidence that the construction contract cannot be completed for the unpaid balance of the contract sum.

(d) An owner may only withhold an amount from a payment that is sufficient to pay the direct expenses that the owner may reasonably expect will be necessary to correct any claim based on the items set out in subsection (1)(c).

(e) A written statement by an owner must be furnished to the contractor specifying a condition that is listed in subsection (1)(c) for which approval of the request for payment or a portion of the request for payment is being withheld. If an owner disapproves only a portion of a request for payment, the remainder of the request for payment must be considered approved.

(f) Except as provided in [section 2], if an owner approves all or a portion of a contractor's request for payment as provided in subsection (1)(b), the owner shall pay the contractor the approved amount within 7 days after the contractor's request for payment is approved.

(g) Upon written request of a subcontractor who has not been paid for work in accordance with the provisions of subsection (2), an owner shall notify the subcontractor of a progress payment or final payment made to the general contractor.

(h) Payment is not required under this subsection (1) unless the contractor provides the owner with a billing statement or estimate for the work performed or the material supplied in accordance with the terms of the contract.

(2) (a) Within ~~3 working~~ 7 days after a contractor receives a periodic or final payment from an owner or a state agency, the contractor shall pay the subcontractor, if any, the full amount due the subcontractor in accordance with the subcontract for work performed or materials provided in accordance with that subcontract.

(b) Payment is not required under this subsection (2) unless the subcontractor provides the contractor a billing statement or invoice for work performed or materials supplied pursuant to the terms of the subcontract.

(c) Prior to submitting a monthly or final pay application to the owner, the general contractor may disapprove the subcontractor's request for payment or a portion of the request based upon a written claim of any of the conditions listed in subsection (1)(c).

(3) (a) ~~Within 3-working~~ 7 days after a subcontractor receives a periodic or final payment from a contractor, the subcontractor shall pay another subcontractor, if any, the full amount due the subcontractor under the subcontract for work performed or materials provided in accordance with that subcontract.

(b) Payment is not required under this subsection (3) unless the subcontractor provides the contractor a billing statement or invoice for work performed or materials supplied pursuant to the terms of the subcontract."

Section 3. Alternative billing cycle. (1) A construction contract may provide for a billing cycle other than a monthly billing cycle if the construction contract specifically sets forth another billing cycle and either of the following applies:

(a) a notice in substantially the following form, setting forth the other billing cycle, appears in clear and conspicuous type in the "Information for Bidders" section of the construction documents:

Notice of Alternate Billing Cycle

This contract allows the owner to require the submission of payment requests in billing cycles other than once a month. Payment requests for this contract must be submitted as follows:

_____ ; or

(b) a notice in substantially the following form, setting forth the other billing cycle, appears in clear and conspicuous type in the "Information for Bidders" section of the construction documents:

Notice of Alternate Billing Cycle

This contract allows the owner to require the submission of payment requests in billing cycles other than once a month. A written description of the other billing cycle applicable to the project is available from the owner or the owner's designated agent at (telephone number or address, or both), and the owner or the owner's designated agent must provide this written description on request.

(2) An owner may change the number of days to approve a contractor's payment request to later than 21 days after the date the payment request is submitted if:

(a) the construction contract in a clear and conspicuous manner specifically provides for a later approval

date defined by a specified number of days after the payment request is submitted; and

(b) a notice in substantially the following form, setting forth the specified number of days, appears in clear and conspicuous type in the "Information for Bidders" section of the construction documents:

Notice of Approval of Payment Request Provision

This contract allows the owner to approve the contractor's payment request within ___ days after it is received by the owner.

(3) An owner may make payments later than 7 days after the date that the contractor's request for payment is approved if:

(a) the construction contract in a clear and conspicuous manner specifically provides for a later payment defined by a specified number of days after approval; and

(b) a notice in substantially the following form, setting forth the specified number of days, appears in clear and conspicuous type in the "Information for Bidders" section of the construction documents:

Notice of Extended Payment Provision

This contract allows the owner to make payment within ___ days after approval of the payments.

Section 4. Construction contracts -- void provisions. (1) A provision, covenant, clause, or understanding that is in, collateral to, or affects a construction contract for a project in this state and that makes the contract subject to the laws of another state or that requires any litigation, arbitration, or other dispute resolution proceeding arising from a dispute pertaining to the contract to be conducted in another state is against the public policy of this state and is void and unenforceable.

(2) A provision, covenant, clause, or understanding that is in, collateral to, or affects a construction contract and that states that a party to the contract may not suspend performance under the contract or terminate the contract if another party to the contract fails to make prompt payments under the contract as provided in 28-2-2103 is against the public policy of this state and is void and unenforceable.

Section 5. Suspension of performance -- termination. (1)(a) A contractor may suspend performance under a construction contract for failure by the owner to make timely payment of the amount approved pursuant to 28-2-2103, and the contractor may terminate the construction contract if the payment obligations are not satisfied within 30 days of suspension.

(b) A contractor shall provide written notice to the owner at least 7 calendar days before the contractor's

intended suspension of performance or contract termination unless a shorter notice period is prescribed in the construction contract.

(c) A contractor may not be considered in breach of a construction contract for suspending performance or terminating a construction contract pursuant to this subsection (1).

(d) A construction contract may not extend the time period for a contractor to suspend performance or terminate a construction contract under this subsection (1).

(2) (a) A subcontractor may suspend performance under a construction contract if the owner fails to make timely payment of amounts approved pursuant to 28-2-2103 for the subcontractor's work and the contractor fails to pay the subcontractor for the approved work. The subcontractor may terminate the construction contract if the payment obligations are not satisfied within 30 days of suspension.

(b) A subcontractor shall provide written notice to the contractor and the owner at least 7 calendar days before the subcontractor's intended suspension of performance or contract termination unless a shorter notice period is prescribed in the construction contract.

(c) A subcontractor may not be considered in breach of a construction contract for suspending performance or terminating a construction contract pursuant to this subsection (2).

(d) A construction contract may not extend the time period for a subcontractor to suspend performance or terminate a construction contract under this subsection (2).

(3) (a) A subcontractor may suspend performance under a construction contract if the owner makes timely payment of amounts approved pursuant to section 28-2-2103 for the subcontractor's work but the contractor fails to pay the subcontractor for the approved work. The subcontractor may terminate the construction contract if the payment obligations are not satisfied within 30 days of suspension.

(b) A subcontractor may not be considered in breach of a construction contract for suspending performance or terminating a construction contract pursuant to this subsection (3).

(c) A construction contract may not extend the time period for a subcontractor to suspend performance or terminate a construction contract under this subsection (3).

(4) (a) A subcontractor may suspend performance under a construction contract if the owner declines to approve portions of the contractor's payment request pursuant to 28-2-2103 for the subcontractor's work and the reasons for the owner's refusal to approve are not the fault of or directly related to the subcontractor's work. The subcontractor may terminate the construction contract if the payment obligations are not satisfied within 30 days of suspension.

(b) A subcontractor may not be considered in breach of a construction contract for suspending performance or terminating a construction contract pursuant to this subsection (4).

(c) A construction contract may not extend the time period for a subcontractor to suspend performance or terminate a construction contract under this subsection (4).

(5) A subcontractor shall provide written notice to the contractor and the owner at least 7 calendar days before the subcontractor's intended suspension of performance or contract termination unless a shorter notice period is prescribed in the construction contract between the contractor and subcontractor.

(6) A contractor or subcontractor that suspends performance as provided in this section is not required to furnish further labor, materials, or services until the contractor or subcontractor is paid the amount that was approved, together with any costs incurred for mobilization and project rescheduling resulting from the shutdown or restart of a project.

(7) Written notice required under this section must be considered to have been provided if either of the following occurs:

(a) the written notice is delivered in person to the individual or a member of the entity or to an officer of the corporation for which it was intended; or

(b) the written notice is delivered at or sent by any means that provides written, third-party verification of delivery to the last-known business address of the party receiving notice.

Section 6. Codification instruction. [Sections 3 through 5] are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 28, chapter 2, part 21, and the provisions of Title 28, chapter 2, part 21, apply to [sections 3 through 5].

Section 7. Applicability. [This act] applies to construction contracts entered into on or after October 1, 2003.

- END -

I hereby certify that the within bill,
HB 0438, originated in the House.

Chief Clerk of the House

Speaker of the House

Signed this _____ day
of _____, 2019.

President of the Senate

Signed this _____ day
of _____, 2019.

HOUSE BILL NO. 438

INTRODUCED BY FORRESTER, GLASER, D. RYAN

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