## HOUSE BILL NO. 513

## INTRODUCED BY D. BARRETT

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE APPLICABILITY OF OPEN MEETING LAWS BY DEFINING THE PUBLIC ENTITIES THAT ARE SUBJECT TO THE OPEN MEETING REQUIREMENT; AMENDING SECTIONS 2-3-201, 2-3-202, AND 2-3-203, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 2-3-201, MCA, is amended to read:

"2-3-201. Legislative intent -- liberal construction. The legislature finds and declares that public boards, commissions, councils, and other public agencies entities in this state exist to aid in the conduct of the peoples' business. It is the intent of this part that actions and deliberations of all public agencies shall entities <u>must</u> be conducted openly. The people of the state do not wish to abdicate their sovereignty to the agencies which <u>public entities that</u> serve them. Toward these ends, the provisions of the <u>this</u> part shall <u>must</u> be liberally construed."

Section 2. Section 2-3-202, MCA, is amended to read:

"2-3-202. Meeting defined Definitions. As used in this part, the following definitions apply:

(1) "meeting" "Meeting" means the convening of a quorum of the constituent membership of a public agency or association described in 2-3-203 entity, whether corporal or by means of electronic equipment, to hear, discuss, or act upon a matter over which the agency public entity has supervision, control, jurisdiction, or advisory power.

(2) "Public entity" means:

(a) any board, bureau, commission, department, authority, or officer of the state or local government authorized by law to make rules, determine contested cases, or enter into contracts;

(b) organizations by whatever name supported in whole or in part by public funds or expending public funds; or

(c) a group of individuals organized for a governmental or public purpose, including advisory councils and entities created by executive order."

Section 3. Section 2-3-203, MCA, is amended to read:

"2-3-203. Meetings of public agencies and certain associations of public agencies <u>entities</u> to be open to public -- exceptions. (1) All meetings of public or governmental bodies, boards, bureaus, commissions, agencies of the state, or any political subdivision of the state or organizations or agencies supported in whole or in part by public funds or expending public funds <u>entities</u> must be open to the public.

(2) All Except as provided in subsection (3), all meetings of associations that are composed of <del>public or</del> governmental bodies referred to in subsection (1) <u>public entities</u> and that regulate the rights, duties, or privileges of any individual must be open to the public.

(3) Provided, however, the <u>The</u> presiding officer of any meeting may close the meeting during the time the discussion relates to a matter of individual privacy and then <del>if and</del> only if the presiding officer determines that the demands of individual privacy clearly exceed the merits of public disclosure. The right of individual privacy may be waived by the individual about whom the discussion pertains and, in that event, the meeting must be open.

(4) (a) However, except <u>Except</u> as provided in subsection (4)(b), a meeting may be closed to discuss a strategy to be followed with respect to litigation when an open meeting would have a detrimental effect on the litigating position of the public agency entity.

(b) A meeting may not be closed to discuss strategy to be followed in litigation in which the only parties are public bodies or associations described in subsections (1) and (2) entities.

(5) Any committee or subcommittee appointed by a public body or an association described in subsection (2) entity for the purpose of conducting business which that is within the jurisdiction of that agency public entity is subject to the requirements of this section."

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

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