

SENATE BILL NO. 39

INTRODUCED BY R. BROWN

BY REQUEST OF THE CODE COMMISSIONER

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING AND CLARIFYING THE MONTANA CODE ANNOTATED; DIRECTING THE CODE COMMISSIONER TO CORRECT ERRONEOUS REFERENCES CONTAINED IN MATERIAL ENACTED BY THE 60TH LEGISLATURE; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 2-15-3304, 7-1-2111, 7-6-1544, 7-14-4631, 7-15-4296, 7-15-4299, 10-3-1204, 13-1-202, 15-2-102, 15-30-313, 15-35-102, 15-39-105, 15-39-107, 15-70-357, 16-2-101, 16-3-322, 16-3-324, 16-11-149, 17-5-507, 17-7-112, 20-3-324, 20-5-322, 20-5-420, 20-9-408, 20-9-443, 20-9-472, 20-9-501, 20-25-421, 23-2-502, 23-2-614, 23-2-615, 30-9A-501, 33-1-1302, 33-1-1303, 33-10-106, 33-20-1303, 33-20-1315, 33-22-2001, 37-1-101, 37-1-303, 37-8-202, 37-27-302, 37-31-331, 37-73-216, 37-47-201, 44-1-504, 45-5-209, 50-60-115, 50-60-705, 61-1-101, 61-3-101, 61-3-116, 61-3-217, 61-3-224, 61-3-301, 61-3-303, 61-3-311, 61-3-321, 61-3-461, 61-3-462, 61-3-721, 61-4-109, 61-5-121, 61-8-715, 76-9-103, 76-14-103, 76-15-302, 82-4-127, 82-4-222, 85-2-225, 85-2-350, AND 87-5-704, MCA, SECTION 14, CHAPTER 464, LAWS OF 2005, AND SECTION 5, CHAPTER 535, LAWS OF 2005."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 2-15-3304, MCA, is amended to read:

"2-15-3304. State coordinator for rangeland resources. The department shall maintain and staff the office of state coordinator for the ~~rangeland resources act~~ Montana Rangeland Resources Act."

Section 2. Section 7-1-2111, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-1-2111. Classification of counties. (1) For the purpose of regulating the compensation and salaries of all county officers; not otherwise provided for; and for fixing the penalties of officers' bonds, the counties of this state must be classified according to the taxable valuation of the property in the counties upon which the tax levy is made as follows:

(a) first class--all counties having a taxable valuation of \$50 million or more;

(b) second class--all counties having a taxable valuation of \$30 million or more and less than \$50 million;

- 1 (c) third class--all counties having a taxable valuation of \$20 million or more and less than \$30 million;
2 (d) fourth class--all counties having a taxable valuation of \$15 million or more and less than \$20 million;
3 (e) fifth class--all counties having a taxable valuation of \$10 million or more and less than \$15 million;
4 (f) sixth class--all counties having a taxable valuation of \$5 million or more and less than \$10 million;
5 (g) seventh class--all counties having a taxable valuation of less than \$5 million.

6 (2) As used in this section, "taxable valuation" means the taxable value of taxable property in the county
7 as of the time of determination plus:

8 (a) that portion of the taxable value of the county on December 31, 1981, attributable to automobiles and
9 trucks having a rated capacity of three-quarters of a ton or less;

10 (b) that portion of the taxable value of the county on December 31, 1989, attributable to automobiles and
11 trucks having a manufacturer's rated capacity of more than three-quarters of a ton but less than or equal to 1 ton;

12 (c) that portion of the taxable value of the county on December 31, 1997, attributable to buses, trucks
13 having a manufacturer's rated capacity of more than 1 ton, and truck tractors;

14 (d) that portion of the taxable value of the county on December 31, 1997, attributable to trailers, pole
15 trailers, and semitrailers with a declared weight of less than 26,000 pounds;

16 (e) the value provided by the department of revenue under 15-36-332(7);

17 (f) 50% of the taxable value of the county on December 31, 1999, attributable to telecommunications
18 property under 15-6-141;

19 (g) 50% of the taxable value in the county on December 31, 1999, attributable to electrical generation
20 property under 15-6-141;

21 (h) the value provided by the department of revenue under 15-24-3001;

22 (i) 6% of the taxable value of the county on January 1 of each tax year; ~~and~~

23 (j) 45% of the contract sales price of the gross proceeds of coal in the county as provided in 15-23-703
24 and as reported under 15-23-702; and

25 (k) 33 1/3% of the value of bentonite produced during the previous year as provided in 15-39-110(15)
26 and as reported under 15-39-101."

27
28 **Section 3.** Section 7-6-1544, MCA, is amended to read:

29 **"7-6-1544. Resort area district board -- election -- term.** (1) The first election of the board must be
30 held at the next regular, primary, or school election immediately succeeding the creation of the resort area district.

Each succeeding election must be held every 2 years to coincide with the election for local government officials as provided in 13-1-104(2).

(2) A petition of nomination, signed by at least five electors from within the resort area district, may be filed with the election administrator in any county containing a portion of the resort area district. A nominating petition must be filed at least between 135 days and ~~not fewer than~~ 75 days before the election.

(3) (a) If the number of candidates filing a petition is insufficient to complete board membership, the existing board shall appoint as many members as are needed to complete the five-member board.

(b) An appointee to the board must be elected by a majority of those voting at the election conducted under 13-1-104 immediately following the appointment. If an appointee does not receive a majority of votes cast in the election, the appointee's term expires, and the board shall initiate the process described in this subsection

(3).

(c) The term of a resort area district board member appointed and subsequently elected under the provisions of this subsection (3) is 4 years."

Section 4. Section 7-14-4631, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-14-4631. Compliance with land use laws required. (1) All parking facilities of a commission ~~shall~~ be ~~are~~ subject to the planning, zoning, sanitary, and building laws, ordinances, and regulations applicable to the locality in which the parking facility is situated.

(2) In the planning and location of any parking facility, a commission ~~shall be~~ is subject to the relationship of the facility to any ~~master plan~~ growth policy or sections of a ~~master plan~~ growth policy for the development of the area in which the commission functions."

Section 5. Section 7-15-4296, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-15-4296. Aerospace transportation and technology districts. (1) A local governing body, by ordinance and following a public hearing, may authorize the creation of an aerospace transportation and technology district for aerospace transportation and technology infrastructure development projects if the proposed aerospace transportation and technology district:

(a) consists of a continuous area with an accurately described boundary;

(b) is zoned for use in accordance with the area ~~master planning~~ growth policy document;

(c) does not include any property included within an existing urban renewal area district or industrial

1 infrastructure development district created pursuant to this part;

2 (d) is found to be deficient in infrastructure improvements for industrial development; and

3 (e) has as its purpose the development of infrastructure to encourage the location and retention of
4 aerospace transportation and technology infrastructure development projects in the state.

5 (2) An aerospace transportation and technology district may use tax increment financing pursuant to the
6 provisions of 7-15-4282 through 7-15-4293."

7
8 **Section 6.** Section 7-15-4299, MCA, is amended to read:

9 **"7-15-4299. Industrial districts.** (1) A local governing body, by ordinance and following a public hearing,
10 may authorize the creation of an industrial district for industrial infrastructure development projects if the proposed
11 industrial district:

12 (a) consists of a continuous area with an accurately described boundary;

13 (b) is zoned for light or heavy industrial use in accordance with the area ~~master planning~~ growth policy
14 document;

15 (c) does not include any property included within an existing urban renewal area district created pursuant
16 to this part;

17 (d) is found to be deficient in infrastructure improvements for industrial development; and

18 (e) has as its purpose the development of infrastructure to encourage the growth and retention of
19 secondary, value-adding industries.

20 (2) An industrial district may use tax increment financing pursuant to the provisions of 7-15-4282 through
21 7-15-4293."

22
23 **Section 7.** Section 10-3-1204, MCA, is amended to read:

24 **"10-3-1204. State emergency response commission.** (1) There is a state emergency response
25 commission that is attached to the department for administrative purposes. The commission consists of 27
26 members appointed by the governor. The commission must include representatives of the national guard, the
27 air force, the department of environmental quality, the division, the department of transportation, the department
28 of justice, the department of natural resources and conservation, the department of public health and human
29 services, a fire service association, the fire services training school, the emergency medical services and injury
30 prevention section of the health policy and services division in the department of public health and human

1 services, the department of fish, wildlife, and parks, Montana hospitals, an emergency medical services
2 association, a law enforcement association, an emergency management association, a public health-related
3 association, a trucking association, a utility company doing business in Montana, a railroad company doing
4 business in Montana, the university system, a local emergency planning committee, a tribal emergency response
5 commission, the national weather service, the Montana association of counties, the Montana league of cities and
6 towns, and the office of the governor. Members of the commission serve ~~a term~~ terms of 4 years and may be
7 reappointed. The members shall serve without compensation. The governor shall appoint two presiding officers
8 from the appointees, who shall act as copresiding officers.

9 (2) The commission shall implement the provisions of this part. The commission may create and
10 implement a state hazardous material incident response team to respond to incidents. The members of the team
11 must be certified in accordance with the plan.

12 (3) The commission may enter into written agreements with each entity or person providing equipment
13 or services to the state hazardous material incident response team.

14 (4) The commission or its designee may direct that the state hazardous material incident response team
15 be available and respond, when requested by a local emergency response authority, to incidents according to
16 the plan.

17 (5) The commission may contract with persons to meet state emergency response needs for the state
18 hazardous material incident response team.

19 (6) The commission may advise, consult, cooperate, and enter into agreements with agencies of the
20 state and federal government, other states and their state agencies, cities, counties, tribal governments, and other
21 persons concerned with emergency response and matters relating to and arising out of incidents.

22 (7) The commission may encourage, participate in, or conduct studies, investigations, training, research,
23 and demonstrations for and with the state hazardous material incident response team, local emergency
24 responders, and other interested persons.

25 (8) The commission may collect and disseminate information relating to emergency response to
26 incidents.

27 (9) The commission may accept and administer grants, gifts, or other funds, conditional or otherwise,
28 made to the state for emergency response activities provided for in this part.

29 (10) The commission may prepare, coordinate, implement, and update a plan that coordinates state and
30 local emergency authorities to respond to incidents within the state. The plan must be consistent with this part.

1 All state emergency response responsibilities relating to an incident must be defined by the plan.

2 (11) The commission has the powers and duties of a state emergency response commission under the
3 federal Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. 11001, et seq., except that
4 the division shall oversee the creation, annual local review, and exercise and revision of the local emergency
5 operations plan as provided by state law.

6 (12) The commission shall promulgate rules and procedures limited to cost recovery procedures,
7 certification of state hazardous material incident response team members, and deployment of the state hazardous
8 material incident response team, which must be a part of the plan.

9 (13) The commission shall act as an all-hazard advisory board to the division by:

10 (a) assisting the division in carrying out its responsibilities by providing the division with
11 recommendations on issues pertaining to all-hazard emergency management; and

12 (b) authorizing the establishment of subcommittees to develop and provide the recommendations called
13 for in subsection (13)(a).

14 (14) The commission shall appoint the members of the Montana intrastate mutual aid committee provided
15 for in 10-3-904.

16 (15) All state agencies and institutions shall cooperate with the commission in the commission's efforts
17 to carry out its duties under this part."

18
19 **Section 8.** Section 13-1-202, MCA, is amended to read:

20 **"13-1-202. Forms and rules prescribed by secretary of state -- consultation.** (1) In carrying out the
21 responsibilities under 13-1-201, the secretary of state shall prepare and deliver to the election administrators:

22 (a) written directives and instructions relating to and based on the election laws;

23 (b) sample copies of prescribed and suggested forms; and

24 (c) advisory opinions on the effect of election laws other than those laws in chapter 35, 36, or 37 of this
25 title.

26 (2) The secretary of state may prescribe the design of any election form required by law. The secretary
27 of state shall seek the advice of election administrators and printers in designing the required forms.

28 (3) Each election administrator shall comply with the directives and instructions and shall provide election
29 forms prepared as prescribed.

30 (4) Each election administrator shall provide data to the secretary of state that the secretary of state

1 determines is necessary to:

2 (a) evaluate voting system performance against the benchmark standard adopted pursuant to
3 13-17-103(2)(3);

4 (b) evaluate the security, accuracy, and accessibility of elections; and

5 (c) assist the secretary of state in making recommendations to improve voter confidence in the integrity
6 of the election process.

7 (5) The secretary of state shall regularly consult with and seek the advice of local election administrators
8 in implementing the provisions of this section."

9

10 **Section 9.** Section 15-2-102, MCA, is amended to read:

11 **"15-2-102. Qualification and compensation.** (1) To be appointed a member of the state tax appeal
12 board, a person must possess knowledge of the subject of taxation and skill in matters pertaining ~~thereto~~ to the
13 subject of taxation. ~~No A person so appointed may not~~ hold any other state office or any office under the
14 government of the United States or under the government of any other state. The person shall devote the entire
15 time to the duties of the office and ~~shall~~ may not hold any other position of trust or profit or engage in any
16 occupation or business interfering or inconsistent with the person's duties. The state tax appeal board is
17 ~~transferred attached~~ to the department of administration for administrative purposes only as ~~is specified~~ provided
18 in 2-15-121. However, the board may hire its own personnel, and 2-15-121(2)(d) does not apply.

19 (2) State tax appeal board members ~~shall~~ must be paid a salary equivalent to that of a grade 17 salary
20 as provided in 2-18-312. State tax appeal board members must receive pay and pay adjustments consistent with
21 those required by the legislature for classified state employees in 2-18-303 and 2-18-304. The member
22 designated as presiding officer as provided for in 15-2-103 must have an additional 5% added to the salary. All
23 members of the board ~~shall~~ must receive travel expenses as provided for in 2-18-501 through 2-18-503, ~~as~~
24 ~~amended~~, when away from the capital on official business."

25

26 **Section 10.** Section 15-30-313, MCA, is amended to read:

27 **"15-30-313. Deferment of taxes for person in military service -- filing of return.** (1) The collection
28 of the tax imposed by 15-30-103 from a person in the military service, as defined by section 511 of the
29 Servicemembers Civil Relief Act, 50 App. U.S.C. 511, as amended, ~~of the tax imposed by 15-30-103~~, whether
30 due prior to or during the person's period of military service, must be deferred for not more than 180 days after

1 the termination of the person's period of military service if the person's ability to pay the tax is materially impaired
2 by reason of military service.

3 (2) Interest and penalty on any amount of tax that is deferred for any period under 15-30-314 or this
4 section may not accrue for the period of deferment by reason of nonpayment. The running of any statute of
5 limitations against the payment of the tax by any lawful means must be suspended for the period of military
6 service of any person for whom the collection of the tax is deferred under this section and for an additional period
7 of 1 year beginning with the day following the period of military service.

8 (3) In accordance with the provisions of section 7508 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 7508, the
9 individual income tax return of a person, ~~and the person's spouse,~~ serving in a combat zone or participating in
10 a contingency operation and of the person's spouse is due on or before 180 days after the time of disregarded
11 service plus the disregarded period of qualified hospitalization attributable to an injury suffered while serving in
12 the combat zone or contingency operation."

13
14 **Section 11.** Section 15-35-102, MCA, is amended to read:

15 **"15-35-102. Definitions.** As used in this chapter, the following definitions apply:

16 (1) "Agreement" means a signed contract that is valid under Montana law between a coal mine operator
17 and a purchaser or broker for the sale of coal that is produced in Montana.

18 (2) (a) "Base consumption level" for a purchaser, except as provided in subsection (2)(b), applies only
19 for the term of an agreement in effect as of December 31, 1984, and means the lesser of:

20 (i) the volume of coal purchased during calendar year 1986 from all Montana coal mine operators; or

21 (ii) the greater of:

22 (A) the arithmetic average volume of coal purchased during calendar years 1983 and 1984 from all
23 Montana coal mine operators; or

24 (B) 90% of the maximum tonnage provided for in any agreement executed prior to January 1, 1985, for
25 which the highest scheduled minimum quantity of coal stipulated by the terms of the agreement as they existed
26 on January 1, 1985, has not been purchased at any time during the term of the agreement, plus the arithmetic
27 average volume of coal purchased during calendar years 1983 and 1984 from all Montana coal mine operators
28 under all other agreements.

29 (b) If the volume calculated in subsection (2)(a)(i) is less than one-third of the volume calculated in
30 subsection (2)(a)(ii), the base consumption level is the volume calculated in subsection (2)(a)(ii).

(3) (a) Except as provided in subsection (3)(b), "base production level" for a coal mine operator applies only for the term of an agreement in effect as of December 31, 1984, and means the lesser of:

(i) the arithmetic average volume of coal produced in Montana and sold to a purchaser in calendar years 1983 and 1984; or

(ii) the volume of coal produced in Montana and sold to a purchaser in 1986.

(b) If the amount calculated in subsection (3)(a)(ii) is less than one-third of the amount calculated in subsection (3)(a)(i), the base production level is the amount calculated in subsection (3)(a)(i).

(4) "Broker" means any person who resells Montana coal.

(5) "Contract sales price" means either the price of coal extracted and prepared for shipment f.o.b. mine, excluding that amount charged by the seller to pay taxes paid on production, or a price imputed by the department under 15-35-107. Contract sales price includes all royalties paid on production, no matter how the royalties are calculated. However, with respect to royalties paid to the government of the United States, the state of Montana, or a federally recognized Indian tribe, the contract sales price includes ~~only:~~

~~—— (a) for quarterly periods ending on and after September 30, 1984, 15 cents per ton plus 75% of the difference between 15 cents per ton and the amount of federal, state, and tribal government royalties actually paid;~~

~~—— (b) for quarterly periods ending on and after September 30, 1985, 15 cents per ton plus 50% of the difference between 15 cents per ton and the amount of federal, state, and tribal government royalties actually paid;~~

~~—— (c) for quarterly periods ending on and after September 30, 1986, 15 cents per ton plus 25% of the difference between 15 cents per ton and the amount of federal, state, and tribal government royalties actually paid; and~~

~~—— (d) for quarterly periods ending on and after September 30, 1987, 15 cents per ton.~~

(6) "Department" means the department of revenue.

(7) "Energy conversion process" includes any process by which coal in the solid state is transformed into slurry, gas, electrical energy, or any other form of energy.

(8) "Incremental production" means that quantity of coal produced annually by a coal mine operator and sold to a qualified purchaser that exceeds the base production level of the coal mine operator for that purchaser, but only to the extent the quantity of coal exceeds that purchaser's base consumption level from all Montana producers.

(9) "Produced" means severed from the earth.

(10) "Purchaser" means a person who purchases or contracts to purchase Montana coal directly from a coal mine operator or indirectly from a broker and who utilizes that coal in any industrial, commercial, or energy conversion process. A coal broker or any other third party intermediary is not a purchaser under the provisions of this chapter.

(11) "Qualified purchaser" means a purchaser whose purchases of Montana coal in any given year exceed the purchaser's base consumption level. A purchaser of Montana coal who enters into a coal agreement with another purchaser or a broker that causes a reduction in the base consumption level of a purchaser is not a qualified purchaser.

(12) "Strip mining" is defined in 82-4-203 and includes "surface mining".

(13) "Taxes paid on production" includes any tax paid to the federal, state, or local governments upon the quantity of coal produced as a function of either the volume or the value of production and does not include any tax upon the value of mining equipment, machinery, or buildings and lands, any tax upon a person's net income derived in whole or in part from the sale of coal, or any license fee.

(14) "Ton" means 2,000 pounds.

(15) "Underground mining" means a coal mining method utilizing shafts and tunnels and as further defined in 82-4-203."

Section 12. Section 15-39-105, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-39-105. Penalties and interest for violation. (1) (a) A person who fails to file a statement as required by 15-39-102 must be assessed a penalty as provided in 15-1-216. The department may waive the penalty as provided in 15-1-206.

(b) A person who fails to file the statement required by 15-39-102 and to pay the tax before the due date must be assessed a penalty and interest as provided in 15-1-216. The department may waive any penalty pursuant to 15-1-206.

(2) A person who purposely fails to pay the tax when due must be assessed an additional penalty as provided in 15-1-216~~(1)(d)~~(2)."

Section 13. Section 15-39-107, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-39-107. Interest on deficiency -- penalty. (1) Interest accrues on unpaid or delinquent taxes as

provided in 15-1-216. The interest must be computed from the date on which the statement and tax were originally due.

(2) If the payment of a tax deficiency is not made within 60 days after it is due and payable and if the deficiency is due to negligence on the part of the taxpayer but without fraud, the penalty imposed by 15-1-216~~(1)(c)~~(2) must be added to the amount of the deficiency."

Section 14. Section 15-70-357, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-70-357. Improperly imported fuel -- seizure. (1) As used in this section, the following definitions apply:

(a) "conveyance" means a tank car, vehicle, or vessel that is used to transport fuel;

(b) "department" means the department of transportation; and

(c) "peace officer" means an employee of the department of transportation designated or appointed as a peace officer under 61-10-154 or 61-12-201.

(2) Pursuant to 61-12-206(5), a peace officer may:

(a) stop and search a conveyance in the state if the peace officer has reasonable cause to believe that the conveyance is being used to carry improperly imported fuel and is intentionally avoiding fuel tax responsibilities; and

(b) seize without a warrant imported fuel for which the distributor or transporter has not obtained a valid Montana gasoline or special fuel distributor license as required in 15-70-202 and 15-70-341.

(3) The peace officer shall obtain authorization from the director of the department of transportation or the director's designee before seizing fuel.

(4) Upon seizing the fuel that the peace officer believes to be improperly imported, the peace officer may:

(a) direct the rerouting or transfer of the fuel to a location designated by the department. The department shall reimburse the carrier for transportation costs from the point of seizure to the location designated by the department.

(b) unload the fuel; and

(c) take three samples of the fuel from the cargo tank for examination.

(5) Within 48 hours after seizure of the improperly imported fuel, the department shall issue a notice of right to file claim for the return of interest or title to the fuel. The notice must be issued to:

(a) the original owner of the fuel;

1 (b) the owner of the transportation company that conveyed the fuel; and

2 (c) any other interested party.

3 (6) The parties listed in subsections (5)(a) through (5)(c) may file a claim for the return of interest or title
4 to the fuel within 30 days after the date of seizure. If a claim is filed for interest or title to the seized fuel, the
5 department shall:

6 (a) provide the opportunity for a hearing;

7 (b) if requested, conduct the hearing within 5 days after receiving the claim;

8 (c) make a final determination of the party to take interest or title to the fuel within 2 working days after
9 the hearing; and

10 (d) mail notice of the department's determination to interested parties.

11 (7) (a) The department may determine that the seized fuel be forfeited by the original owner and may:

12 (i) sell the fuel to the licensed Montana distributor predetermined through a bidding process established
13 in department administrative rule; or

14 (ii) use the forfeited fuel for a public purpose determined by the department.

15 (b) The department shall issue a certificate of sale to the licensed distributor who purchases the seized
16 fuel.

17 (c) The net proceeds from the sale of the fuel must be deposited in the general fund, less:

18 (i) the applicable taxes, fees, and penalties, which the department shall deposit in a highway revenue
19 account in the state special revenue fund, as required in 15-70-101; and

20 (ii) the administrative costs incurred in conjunction with the seizure and disposal of the improperly
21 imported fuel.

22 (8) If the department determines that the original owner of the fuel may reclaim interest or title to the fuel,
23 the department may:

24 (a) return to the owner money, less tax and penalty, equal to the wholesale value of the fuel on the day
25 of the seizure; or

26 (b) return the fuel.

27 (9) A person forfeits the interest, right, and title to improperly imported fuel if the person:

28 (a) fails to file a claim for the seized fuel within the time allowed in subsection ~~(5)~~ (6); or

29 (b) is determined to be guilty of violating fuel tax laws.

30 (10) A person whose fuel is seized under this section is not relieved of any penalties imposed for illegal

1 fuel importation in Title 15, chapter 70."

2
3 **Section 15.** Section 16-2-101, MCA, is amended to read:

4 **"16-2-101. Establishment and closure of agency liquor stores -- agency franchise agreement --**
5 **kinds and prices of liquor.** (1) The department shall enter into agency franchise agreements to operate agency
6 liquor stores as the department finds feasible for the wholesale and retail sale of liquor.

7 (2) (a) The department may from time to time fix the posted prices at which the various classes, varieties,
8 and brands of liquor may be sold, and the posted prices must be the same at all agency liquor stores.

9 (b) (i) The department shall supply from the state liquor warehouse to agency liquor stores the various
10 classes, varieties, and brands of liquor for resale at the state posted price to persons who hold liquor licenses
11 and to all other persons at the retail price established by the agent.

12 (ii) (A) According to the ordering and delivery schedule set by the department, an agency liquor store may
13 place a liquor order with the department at its state liquor warehouse in the manner to be established by the
14 department.

15 (B) The agency liquor store's purchase price is the department's posted price less the agency liquor
16 store's commission rate and less the agency liquor store's ~~weighed~~ weighted average discount ratio. For
17 purposes of this subsection (2)(b)(ii)(B), for agency liquor stores or employee-operated state liquor stores that
18 were operating on June 30, 1994, the weighted average discount ratio is the ratio between an agency liquor
19 store's or the employee-operated state liquor store's full case discount sales divided by the agency liquor store's
20 or employee-operated state liquor store's gross sales, based on fiscal year 1994 reported sales, times the state
21 discount rate for case lot sales, as provided in 16-2-201, divided by the state discount rate for full case lot sales
22 in effect on June 30, 1994. For all other stores that are placed in service after June 30, 1994, the weighted
23 average discount ratio is the average ratio in fiscal year 1994 for similar sized stores for 1 year of operation. The
24 weighted average discount ratio must be computed on the store's first 12 months of operation.

25 (C) All liquor purchased from the state liquor warehouse by an agency liquor store must be paid for within
26 60 days of the date on which the department invoices the liquor to the agency liquor store.

27 (c) An agency liquor store may sell table wine at retail for off-premises consumption.

28 (3) Agency liquor stores may not be located in or adjacent to grocery stores in communities with
29 populations over 3,000.

30 (4) Agency liquor stores must receive commissions payable as follows:

(a) (i) a 10% commission for agencies in communities with less than 3,000 in population, unless adjusted pursuant to subsection (6); or

(ii) a commission established by competitive bidding unless adjusted pursuant to subsection (6) for agencies in communities with 3,000 or more in population; plus

(b) for agency liquor stores operating under a renewed franchise agreement or that have been operated for at least 3 years under an original franchise agreement, a percentage based upon the total annual dollar volume of sales in the previous fiscal year, as follows:

(i) for agency liquor stores with a volume of sales of \$500,000 or more, ~~0.125% beginning July 1, 2002;~~
~~0.5% beginning July 1, 2003;~~ and 0.875% beginning July 1, 2004;

(ii) for agency liquor stores with a volume of sales of less than \$500,000, ~~1.25% beginning July 1, 2002;~~
~~1.25% beginning July 1, 2003;~~ and 1.5% beginning July 1, 2004; or

(iii) for a city with more than one agency liquor store, in lieu of the addition to a commission increase provided in subsection (4)(b)(i) or (4)(b)(ii), for each agency liquor store in the city, an addition to its commission rate equal to the increase granted the agency liquor store with the lowest commission rate.

(5) An agency franchise agreement must:

(a) be effective for a 10-year period and must be renewed at the existing commission rate for additional 10-year periods if the requirements of the agency franchise agreement have been satisfactorily performed;

(b) require the agent to maintain comprehensive general liability insurance and liquor liability insurance throughout the term of the agency franchise agreement in an amount established by the department of administration. The insurance policy must:

(i) declare the department as an additional insured; and

(ii) hold the state harmless and agree to defend and indemnify the state in a cause of action arising from or in connection with the agent's negligent acts or activities in the execution and performance of the agency franchise agreement.

(c) provide that upon termination by the department for cause or upon mutual termination, the agent is liable for any outstanding liquor purchase invoices. If payment is not made within the appropriate time, the department may immediately repossess all liquor inventory, wherever located.

(d) specify the reasonable service and space requirements that the agent will provide throughout the term of the agency franchise agreement.

(6) (a) The commission percentage that the department pays the agent under subsection (4)(a) may be

1 reviewed ~~on July 1, 1998, and every succeeding~~ 3 years at the request of either party. If the agent concurs, the
2 department may adjust the commission percentage to be paid during the remaining term of the agency franchise
3 agreement or until the next time the commission percentage is reviewed, if that is sooner than the term of the
4 agency franchise agreement, to a commission percentage that is equal to the average commission percentage
5 being paid agents with similar sales volumes if:

6 (i) the agent's commission percentage is less than the average; and

7 (ii) all the requirements of the agency franchise agreement have been satisfactorily performed.

8 (b) The adjusted commission percentage determined under subsection (6)(a) may be greater than the
9 average commission paid agents with similar sales volume:

10 (i) if the agent demonstrates that:

11 (A) the agent has experienced cost increases that are beyond the agent's control, including but not
12 limited to increases in the federally established minimum wage or escalation in prevailing rent; and

13 (B) the average commission percentage is insufficient to yield net income commensurate with net income
14 experienced before the cost increases occurred; and

15 (ii) if the department demonstrates that it is unable to indicate adjustments in the requirements specified
16 in the agent's franchise agreement that will eliminate the impact of cost increases.

17 (7) The liability insurance requirement may be reviewed every 3 years ~~after July 1, 1995,~~ at the request
18 of either the agent or the department. If the agent concurs, the department may adjust the requirements to be
19 effective during the remaining term of the agency franchise agreement if the adjustments adequately protect the
20 state from risks associated with the agent's negligent acts or activities in the execution and performance of the
21 agency franchise agreement. The amount of liability insurance coverage may not be less than the minimum
22 requirements of the department of administration.

23 (8) (a) The department may terminate an agency franchise agreement if the agent has not satisfactorily
24 performed the requirements of the agency franchise agreement because the agent:

25 (i) charges retail prices that are less than the department's posted price for liquor, sells liquor to persons
26 who hold liquor licenses at less than the posted price, or sells liquor at case discounts greater than the discount
27 provided for in 16-2-201 to persons who hold liquor licenses;

28 (ii) fails to maintain sufficient liability insurance;

29 (iii) has not maintained a quantity and variety of product available for sale commensurate with demand,
30 delivery cycle, repayment schedule, mixed case shipments from the department, and the ability to purchase

1 special orders;

2 (iv) at an agency liquor store located 35 miles or more from the nearest agency liquor store, has operated
3 the agency liquor store in a manner that makes the premises unsanitary or inaccessible for the purpose of making
4 purchases of liquor; or

5 (v) fails to comply with the express terms of the agency franchise agreement.

6 (b) The department shall give an agent 30 days' notice of its intent to terminate the agency franchise
7 agreement for cause and specify the unmet requirements. The agent may contest the termination and request
8 a hearing within 30 days of the date of notice. If a hearing is requested, the department shall suspend its
9 termination order until after a final decision has been made pursuant to the Montana Administrative Procedure
10 Act.

11 (c) In the case of failure to make timely payments to the department for liquor purchased, the department
12 may terminate the agency franchise agreement and immediately repossess any liquor purchased and in the
13 possession of the agent. If an agency franchise agreement is terminated, the agent may contest the termination
14 and request a hearing within 30 days of the department's repossession of the liquor. The agency liquor store shall
15 remain closed until a final decision has been reached following a hearing held pursuant to the Montana
16 Administrative Procedure Act.

17 (9) An agency franchise agreement may be terminated upon mutual agreement by the agent and the
18 department.

19 (10) An agent may assign an agency franchise agreement to a person who, upon approval of the
20 department, is named agent in the agency franchise agreement, with the rights, privileges, and responsibilities
21 of the original agent for the remaining term of the agency franchise agreement. The agent shall notify the
22 department of an intent to assign the agency franchise agreement 60 days before the intended effective date of
23 the assignment. The department may not unreasonably withhold approval of an assignment request.

24 (11) A person or entity may not hold an ownership interest in more than one agency liquor store.

25 (12) The department shall maintain sufficient inventory in the state warehouse in order to meet a monthly
26 service level of at least 97%."

27
28 **Section 16.** Section 16-3-322, MCA, is amended to read:

29 **"16-3-322. Recordkeeping.** (1) A licensee, at the time of the sale of a keg, shall record the following:

30 (a) the purchaser's name, address, and date of birth and the number of the purchaser's driver's license,

1 state-issued or military identification card, or valid United States or foreign passport;

2 (b) the date of purchase;

3 (c) the name of the clerk making the sale; and

4 ~~[(d) the keg identification number required under 16-3-321]; and~~

5 ~~(e)~~(d) the purchaser's signature and date of purchase.

6 (2) The licensee shall maintain the record for not less than 45 days after the date of the sale.

7 (3) A licensee who maintains the records required by this section shall make the records available during
8 regular business hours for inspection by law enforcement pursuant to 16-3-323."

9
10 **Section 17.** Section 16-3-324, MCA, is amended to read:

11 **"16-3-324. Violations.** (1) A person who knowingly fails to attach a keg tag as provided in 16-3-321 is
12 guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$100.

13 (2) A person may not remove, deface, or damage the identification on a keg purposely to make it
14 unreadable. A person convicted of purposely removing, ~~or~~ defacing, or damaging a tag shall be fined an amount
15 not to exceed \$500 or be imprisoned in the county jail for not more than 6 months, or both."

16
17 **Section 18.** Section 16-11-149, MCA, is amended to read:

18 **"16-11-149. Hearings before state tax appeal board.** A person aggrieved by any action of the
19 department or its authorized agents taken to enforce the tax provisions of this part, except for a revocation of a
20 license pursuant to 16-11-144, may apply to the state tax appeal board, in writing, for a hearing or rehearing
21 within 30 days after the action of the department or its authorized agents. The board shall promptly consider the
22 application, set the application for hearing, and notify the applicant of the time and place fixed for the hearing or
23 rehearing, which may be at its office or in the county of the applicant. After the hearing or rehearing, the board
24 may make any further or other order ~~in the premises as~~ on the grounds that it may consider proper and lawful
25 and shall furnish a copy to the applicant. The department, on its own initiative, may order a contested case
26 hearing on any matter concerned with licensing, as defined in 2-4-102, in connection with the administration of
27 this part upon at least 10 days' notice in writing to the person or persons to be investigated."

28
29 **Section 19.** Section 17-5-507, MCA, is amended to read:

30 **"17-5-507. State pledge of gasoline tax -- use.** (1) The state pledges, appropriates, and directs to be

1 credited as received to the debt service account~~[, as defined in 17-5-401,]~~ that portion of the net proceeds from
2 the collection of gasoline taxes that may from time to time be needed to comply with the principal and interest and
3 reserve requirements stated in subsection (2) ~~of this section~~. The pledge and appropriation made in this section
4 must remain at all times a first and prior charge upon all money received as net proceeds from the collection of
5 gasoline taxes. ~~The term "net proceeds", as used in this section, means all funds in the state treasury as of any~~
6 ~~date, derived from the collection of the license tax imposed on gasoline distributors by 15-70-204, less the amount~~
7 ~~of all refunds of those taxes for which applications have been made pursuant to law but that have not yet been~~
8 ~~paid or rejected. The term "debt service account", as used in this section, means a separate highway fund that~~
9 ~~is created within the debt service fund type established by 17-2-102 and must be segregated by the treasurer~~
10 ~~from all other money in that or any other fund in the treasury and used only to pay highway bonds and interest~~
11 ~~on those bonds when due, so long as the bonds or interest remain unpaid.~~

12 (2) Money in the debt service account must be used to:

13 (a) pay interest and principal when due on highway bonds;

14 (b) accumulate a reserve, in the amount required in subsection (2)(c), for the further security of those
15 payments; and

16 (c) maintain a reserve in an amount at least equal, after each interest and principal payment, to the
17 maximum amount of interest and principal that will become due on all bonds that are then outstanding in any
18 subsequent fiscal year.

19 (3) Money received in the debt service account in excess of the principal, interest, and reserve
20 requirements stated in subsection (2) must be transferred by the treasurer to the highway revenue account in the
21 state special revenue fund. If the balance at any time on hand in the debt service account is not sufficient for
22 compliance with subsection (2), the treasurer shall credit to that account an amount sufficient to restore the
23 balance from the next receipts of net proceeds from the collection of gasoline taxes.

24 (4) As used in this section:

25 (a) "debt service account" means a separate highway fund that is created within the debt service fund
26 type established by 17-2-102 and must be segregated by the treasurer from all other money in that or any other
27 fund in the treasury and used only to pay highway bonds and interest on those bonds when due, so long as the
28 bonds or interest remain unpaid; and

29 (b) "net proceeds" means all funds in the state treasury as of any date, derived from the collection of the
30 license tax imposed on gasoline distributors by 15-70-204, less the amount of all refunds of those taxes for which

1 applications have been made pursuant to law but that have not yet been paid or rejected."

2

3 **Section 20.** Section 17-7-112, MCA, is amended to read:

4 **"17-7-112. Submission deadlines -- budgeting schedule.** The following is the schedule for the
5 preparation of a state budget for submission to the legislature convening in the following year:

6 (1) By August 1, forms necessary for preparation of budget estimates must be distributed pursuant to
7 17-7-111(2).

8 (2) (a) By September 1, each agency shall submit the information required under 17-7-111 to the budget
9 director. The department of justice shall submit information received from counties concerning the state's share
10 of county attorney salaries.

11 (b) As provided in 7-4-2502(2)(a), the department of justice is not obligated to provide more than one-half
12 of the salary of a county attorney based on the amount included in the department's budget and appropriated for
13 that purpose.

14 (3) By September 1, the budget director shall submit each state agency's budget request required under
15 17-7-111(3) to the legislative fiscal analyst. The transfer of budget information must be done on a schedule
16 mutually agreed to by the budget director and the legislative fiscal analyst in a manner that facilitates an even
17 transfer of budget information that allows each office to maintain a reasonable staff workflow.

18 (4) By October 10, the budget director shall furnish the legislative fiscal analyst with a preliminary budget
19 reflecting the base budget in a format agreed upon by both the office of budget and program planning and the
20 legislative fiscal analyst.

21 (5) By October 30, a budget request must be prepared by the budget director and submitted to the
22 legislative fiscal analyst on behalf of any agency that did not present the information required by this section. The
23 budget request must be based upon the budget director's studies of the operations, plans, and needs of the
24 institution, university unit, or agency.

25 (6) By November 1, the budget director shall furnish the legislative fiscal analyst with a present law base
26 for each agency and a copy of the documents that reflect the anticipated receipts and other means of financing
27 the base budget and present law base for each fiscal year of the ensuing biennium. The material must be in a
28 format agreed upon by both the office of budget and program planning and the legislative fiscal analyst.

29 (7) By November 12, the budget director shall furnish the legislative fiscal analyst with the documents,
30 in a format agreed upon by both the office of budget and program planning and the legislative fiscal analyst, that

1 reflect expenditures to the second level, as provided in 17-1-102(3), by funding source and detailed by accounting
2 entity.

3 (8) By November 15, the proposed pay plan schedule and the ~~information technology~~ statewide project
4 budget summary required by 17-7-111(4), a preliminary budget that meets the statutory requirements for
5 submission of the budget to the legislature, and a summary of the preliminary budget designed for distribution
6 to members and members-elect of the legislature must be submitted to the legislative fiscal analyst.

7 (9) By December 15, the budget director shall submit a preliminary budget to the governor and to the
8 governor-elect, if there is one, as provided in 17-7-121, and shall furnish the legislative fiscal analyst with all
9 amendments to the preliminary budget.

10 (10) By January 7, recommended changes proposed by a governor-elect must be transmitted to the
11 legislative fiscal analyst and the legislature as provided in 17-7-121."

12
13 **Section 21.** Section 20-3-324, MCA, is amended to read:

14 **"20-3-324. Powers and duties.** As prescribed elsewhere in this title, the trustees of each district shall:

15 (1) employ or dismiss a teacher, principal, or other assistant upon the recommendation of the district
16 superintendent, the county high school principal, or other principal as the board considers necessary, accepting
17 or rejecting any recommendation as the trustees in their sole discretion determine, in accordance with the
18 provisions of Title 20, chapter 4;

19 (2) employ and dismiss administrative personnel, clerks, secretaries, ~~teacher~~ teacher's aides, custodians,
20 maintenance personnel, school bus drivers, food service personnel, nurses, and any other personnel considered
21 necessary to carry out the various services of the district;

22 (3) administer the attendance and tuition provisions and govern the pupils of the district in accordance
23 with the provisions of the pupils chapter of this title;

24 (4) call, conduct, and certify the elections of the district in accordance with the provisions of the school
25 elections chapter of this title;

26 (5) participate in the teachers' retirement system of the state of Montana in accordance with the
27 provisions of the teachers' retirement system chapter of Title 19;

28 (6) participate in district boundary change actions in accordance with the provisions of the school districts
29 chapter of this title;

30 (7) organize, open, close, or acquire isolation status for the schools of the district in accordance with the

1 provisions of the school organization part of this title;

2 (8) adopt and administer the annual budget or a budget amendment of the district in accordance with
3 the provisions of the school budget system part of this title;

4 (9) conduct the fiscal business of the district in accordance with the provisions of the school financial
5 administration part of this title;

6 (10) ~~subject to 15-10-420,~~ establish the ANB, BASE budget levy, over-BASE budget levy, additional levy,
7 operating reserve, and state impact aid amounts for the general fund of the district in accordance with the
8 provisions of the general fund part of this title;

9 (11) establish, maintain, budget, and finance the transportation program of the district in accordance with
10 the provisions of the transportation parts of this title;

11 (12) issue, refund, sell, budget, and redeem the bonds of the district in accordance with the provisions
12 of the bonds parts of this title;

13 (13) when applicable, establish, financially administer, and budget for the tuition fund, retirement fund,
14 building reserve fund, adult education fund, nonoperating fund, school food services fund, miscellaneous
15 programs fund, building fund, lease or rental agreement fund, traffic education fund, impact aid fund, interlocal
16 cooperative agreement fund, and other funds as authorized by the state superintendent of public instruction in
17 accordance with the provisions of the other school funds parts of this title;

18 (14) when applicable, administer any interlocal cooperative agreement, gifts, legacies, or devises in
19 accordance with the provisions of the miscellaneous financial parts of this title;

20 (15) hold in trust, acquire, and dispose of the real and personal property of the district in accordance with
21 the provisions of the school sites and facilities part of this title;

22 (16) operate the schools of the district in accordance with the provisions of the school calendar part of
23 this title;

24 (17) set the length of the school term, school day, and school week in accordance with 20-1-302;

25 (18) establish and maintain the instructional services of the schools of the district in accordance with the
26 provisions of the instructional services, textbooks, K-12 career and vocational/technical education, and special
27 education parts of this title;

28 (19) establish and maintain the school food services of the district in accordance with the provisions of
29 the school food services parts of this title;

30 (20) make reports from time to time as the county superintendent, superintendent of public instruction,

and board of public education may require;

(21) retain, when considered advisable, a physician or registered nurse to inspect the sanitary conditions of the school or the general health conditions of each pupil and, upon request, make available to any parent or guardian any medical reports or health records maintained by the district pertaining to the child;

(22) for each member of the trustees, visit each school of the district not less than once each school fiscal year to examine its management, conditions, and needs, except that trustees from a first-class school district may share the responsibility for visiting each school in the district;

(23) procure and display outside daily in suitable weather on school days at each school of the district an American flag that measures not less than 4 feet by 6 feet;

(24) provide that an American flag that measures approximately 12 inches by 18 inches be prominently displayed in each classroom in each school of the district, except in a classroom in which the flag may get soiled. This requirement is waived if the flags are not provided by a local civic group.

(25) adopt and administer a district policy on assessment for placement of any child who enrolls in a school of the district from a nonpublic school that is not accredited, as required in 20-5-110;

(26) upon request and in compliance with confidentiality requirements of state and federal law, disclose to interested parties school district student assessment data for any test required by the board of public education;

(27) consider and may enter into an interlocal agreement with a postsecondary institution, as defined in 20-9-706, that authorizes 11th and 12th grade students to obtain credits through classes available only at a postsecondary institution;

(28) approve or disapprove the conduct of school on a Saturday in accordance with the provisions of 20-1-303;

(29) consider and, if advisable for a high school or K-12 district, establish a student financial institution, as defined in 32-1-115; and

(30) perform any other duty and enforce any other requirements for the government of the schools prescribed by this title, the policies of the board of public education, or the rules of the superintendent of public instruction."

Section 22. Section 20-5-322, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-5-322. Residency determination -- notification -- appeal for attendance agreement. (1) In

1 considering an out-of-district attendance agreement, except as provided in 20-9-707, the trustees shall determine
2 the child's district of residence on the basis of the provisions of 1-1-215.

3 (2) Within 10 days of the initial application for an agreement, the trustees of the district of choice shall
4 notify the parent or guardian of the child and the trustees of the district of residence involved in the out-of-district
5 attendance agreement of the anticipated date for approval or disapproval of the agreement.

6 (3) Within 10 days of approval or disapproval of an out-of-district attendance agreement, the trustees
7 shall provide copies of the approved or disapproved attendance agreement to the parent or guardian and to the
8 child's district of residence.

9 (4) Within 15 days of receipt of an approved out-of-district attendance agreement, the trustees of the
10 district of residence shall approve or disapprove the agreement under the provisions of this part and forward the
11 completed agreement to the county superintendent of schools of the county of residence, the trustees of the
12 district of choice, and the parent or guardian.

13 (5) If an out-of-district attendance agreement is disapproved or no action is taken, the parent may appeal
14 the disapproval or lack of action to the county superintendent and, subsequently, to the superintendent of public
15 instruction under the provisions for the appeal of controversies in this title.

16 (6) For purposes of payment under 20-5-324~~(6)~~(2), a nonresident student who becomes a resident by
17 reaching ~~the age of 18~~ years of age during the school year may continue to have tuition paid on the student's
18 behalf for the duration of the student's enrollment in the district for that school year."

19
20 **Section 23.** Section 20-5-420, MCA, is amended to read:

21 **"20-5-420. Self-administration of asthma medication.** (1) As used in this section, the following
22 definitions apply:

23 (a) "Anaphylaxis" means a systemic allergic reaction that can be fatal in a short time period and is also
24 known as anaphylactic shock.

25 (b) "Asthma" means a chronic disorder or condition of the lungs that requires lifetime, ongoing, medical
26 intervention.

27 (c) "Medication" means a medicine, including inhaled bronchodilators, inhaled corticosteroids, and
28 autoinjectable epinephrine, prescribed by a licensed physician as defined in 37-3-102, a physician assistant who
29 has been authorized to prescribe asthma medications as provided in 37-20-404, or an advanced practice
30 registered nurse with prescriptive authority as provided in 37-8-202~~(5)~~(1)(h).

1 (d) "Self-administration" means a pupil's discretionary use of the asthma medication prescribed for the
2 pupil.

3 (2) A school, whether public or nonpublic, shall permit the self-administration of medication by a pupil
4 with asthma if the parents or guardians of the pupil provide to the school:

5 (a) written authorization, acknowledging and agreeing to the liability provisions in subsection (4), for the
6 self-administration of medication;

7 (b) a written statement from the pupil's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered
8 nurse containing the following information:

9 (i) the name and purpose of the medication;

10 (ii) the prescribed dosage; and

11 (iii) the time or times at which or the special circumstances under which the medication is to be
12 administered;

13 (c) documentation that the pupil has demonstrated to the health care practitioner and the school nurse,
14 if available, the skill level necessary to administer the medication as prescribed; and

15 (d) documentation that the pupil's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse
16 has formulated a written treatment plan for managing asthma or anaphylaxis episodes of the pupil and for
17 medication use by the pupil during school hours.

18 (3) The information provided by the parents or guardians must be kept on file in the office of the school
19 nurse or, in the absence of a school nurse, the school's administrator.

20 (4) The school district or nonpublic school and its employees and agents are not liable as a result of any
21 injury arising from the self-administration of medication by the pupil unless an act or omission is the result of gross
22 negligence, willful and wanton conduct, or an intentional tort. The parents or guardians of the pupil must be given
23 a written notice and sign a statement acknowledging that the school district or nonpublic school may not incur
24 liability as a result of any injury arising from the self-administration of medication by the pupil and that the parents
25 or guardians shall indemnify and hold harmless the school district or nonpublic school and its employees and
26 agents against any claims, except a claim based on an act or omission that is the result of gross negligence,
27 willful and wanton conduct, or an intentional tort.

28 (5) The permission for self-administration of medication is effective for the school year for which it is
29 granted and must be renewed each subsequent school year or, if the medication dosage, frequency of
30 administration, or other conditions change, upon fulfillment of the requirements of this section.

(6) If the requirements of this section are fulfilled, a pupil with asthma may possess and use the pupil's medication:

- (a) while in school;
- (b) while at a school-sponsored activity;
- (c) while under the supervision of school personnel;
- (d) before or after normal school activities, such as while in before-school or after-school care on school-operated property; or
- (e) while in transit to or from school or school-sponsored activities.

(7) If provided by the parent or guardian and in accordance with documents provided by the pupil's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse, backup medication must be kept at a pupil's school in a predetermined location or locations to which the pupil has access in the event of an asthma or anaphylaxis emergency.

(8) Youth correctional facilities are exempt from this section and shall adopt policies related to access and use of asthma medications."

Section 24. Section 20-9-408, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-408. Definition of forms of bonds. As used in this part, the following definitions apply:

(1) ~~"amortization"~~ "Amortization bond" means that form of bond on which a part of the principal is required to be paid each time that interest becomes due and payable. The part payment of principal increases with each following installment in the same amount that the interest payment decreases, so that the combined amount payable on principal and interest is the same on each payment date. However, the payment on the initial interest payment date may be less or greater than the amount of other payments on the bond, reflecting the payment of interest only or the payment of interest for a period different from that between other interest payment dates. The final payment may vary from prior payments in amount as a result of rounding prior payments.

(2) ~~"general"~~ "General obligation bonds" means bonds that pledge the full faith and credit and the taxing power of a school district;

(3) ~~"impact"~~ "Impact aid revenue bonds" means bonds that pledge and are payable solely from federal impact aid basic support payments received and deposited to the credit of the ~~account~~ fund established in 20-9-514; and

(4) ~~"serial"~~ "Serial bonds" means a bond issue payable in annual installments of principal commencing

not more than 2 years from the date of issue, any one installment consisting of one or more bonds, with the principal amount of bonds maturing or subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption in each installment, commencing with the installment payable in the fourth year after the date of issue, not exceeding three times the principal amount of the bonds payable in the immediately preceding installment."

Section 25. Section 20-9-443, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-443. Disposition of remaining debt service fund. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), when all of the bonds, bond interest, and special improvement district obligations of a school district have been fully paid, all money remaining in the debt service fund for the school district and all money that may come into the debt service fund from the payment of the delinquent taxes must be transferred by the county treasurer to the building reserve levy fund, the technology acquisition and depreciation fund, or the general fund as designated by the school district if the subsequent use of the funds by the school district is limited to constructing, equipping, or enlarging school buildings or purchasing land needed for school purposes in the district.

(2) Any federal impact aid funding remaining in the debt service fund of a school district that has fully repaid the bonds and bond interest must revert to the district's impact aid ~~account~~ fund established pursuant to 20-9-514."

Section 26. Section 20-9-472, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-472. Security for impact aid revenue bonds -- agreement of state. (1) To secure the payment of principal and interest on impact aid revenue bonds, the trustees of a school district by resolution or indenture of trust may provide that impact aid revenue bonds are secured by a first lien on the federal impact aid basic support payments received and credited to the ~~account~~ fund established in 20-9-514 and pledge to the holders of the impact aid revenue bonds all of the money in the impact aid revenue bond debt service fund.

(2) Upon receipt of the federal impact aid basic support payment, the county treasurer shall deposit in the impact aid revenue bond debt service fund the amount that is required to pay the principal of and interest on the impact aid revenue bonds coming due in the next 12-month period and to restore any deficiency in the impact aid revenue bond debt service reserve account. Excess federal impact aid basic support payment revenue must be deposited as provided in 20-9-514. The school district and county treasurer may designate a trustee for holders of the bonds to receive the school district's impact aid revenue for purposes of making the annual debt service payments on impact aid revenue bonds and may authorize the trustee to establish and maintain the

1 impact aid revenue bond debt service fund and impact aid revenue bond debt service reserve account.

2 (3) Any pledge made pursuant to this section is valid and binding from the time the pledge is made, and
3 the money pledged and received by the county treasurer on behalf of the school district to be placed in the impact
4 aid revenue bond debt service fund account is immediately subject to the lien of the pledge without any future
5 physical delivery or further act. A lien of any pledge is valid and binding against all parties that have claims of any
6 kind against the school district, regardless of whether the parties have notice of the lien. The bond resolution or
7 indenture of trust that creates the pledge, when adopted by the trustees of any district, is notice of the creation
8 of the pledge, and those instruments are not required to be recorded in any other place to perfect the pledge.

9 (4) The state pledges to and agrees with the holders of impact aid revenue bonds that the state will not
10 limit, alter, or impair the ability of a school district to qualify for impact aid revenue or in any way impair the rights
11 and remedies of the bondholders until all bonds issued under this section, together with interest on the bonds,
12 interest on any unpaid installments of principal or interest, and all costs and expenses in connection with any
13 action or proceedings by or on behalf of the bondholders, are fully met and discharged. The trustees of any
14 district, as agents for the state, may include this pledge and undertaking in resolutions and indentures authorizing
15 and securing the bonds."
16

17 **Section 27.** Section 20-9-501, MCA, is amended to read:

18 **"20-9-501. Retirement costs and retirement fund.** (1) The trustees of a district or the management
19 board of a cooperative employing personnel who are members of the teachers' retirement system or the public
20 employees' retirement system, ~~or~~ who are covered by unemployment insurance, ~~or~~ who are covered by any
21 federal social security system requiring employer contributions shall establish a retirement fund for the purposes
22 of budgeting and paying the employer's contributions to the systems as provided in subsection (2)(a). The
23 district's or the cooperative's contribution for each employee who is a member of the teachers' retirement system
24 must be calculated in accordance with Title 19, chapter 20, part 6. The district's or the cooperative's contribution
25 for each employee who is a member of the public employees' retirement system must be calculated in
26 accordance with 19-3-316. The district's or the cooperative's contributions for each employee covered by any
27 federal social security system must be paid in accordance with federal law and regulation. The district's or the
28 cooperative's contribution for each employee who is covered by unemployment insurance must be paid in
29 accordance with Title 39, chapter 51, part 11.

30 (2) (a) The district or the cooperative shall pay the employer's contributions to the retirement, federal

1 social security, and unemployment insurance systems from the retirement fund for the following:

2 (i) a district employee whose salary and health-related benefits, if any health-related benefits are
3 provided to the employee, are paid from state or local funding sources;

4 (ii) a cooperative employee whose salary and health-related benefits, if any health-related benefits are
5 provided to the employee, are paid from the cooperative's interlocal ~~agreement~~ cooperative fund if the fund is
6 supported solely from districts' general funds and state special education allowable cost payments, pursuant to
7 20-9-321, or are paid from the miscellaneous programs fund, provided for in 20-9-507, from money received from
8 the medicaid program, pursuant to 53-6-101;

9 (iii) a district employee whose salary and health-related benefits, if any health-related benefits are
10 provided to the employee, are paid from the district's school food services fund provided for in 20-10-204; and

11 (iv) a district employee whose salary and health-related benefits, if any health-related benefits are
12 provided to the employee, are paid from the district impact aid fund, pursuant to 20-9-514.

13 (b) For an employee whose benefits are not paid from the retirement fund, the district or the cooperative
14 shall pay the employer's contributions to the retirement, federal social security, and unemployment insurance
15 systems from the funding source that pays the employee's salary.

16 (3) The trustees of a district required to make a contribution to a system referred to in subsection (1) shall
17 include in the retirement fund of the final budget the estimated amount of the employer's contribution. After the
18 final retirement fund budget has been adopted, the trustees shall pay the employer contributions to the systems
19 in accordance with the financial administration provisions of this title.

20 (4) When the final retirement fund budget has been adopted, the county superintendent shall establish
21 the levy requirement by:

22 (a) determining the sum of the money available to reduce the retirement fund levy requirement by adding:

23 (i) any anticipated money that may be realized in the retirement fund during the ensuing school fiscal
24 year;

25 (ii) oil and natural gas production taxes;

26 (iii) coal gross proceeds taxes under 15-23-703;

27 (iv) countywide school retirement block grants distributed under 20-9-631;

28 (v) any fund balance available for reappropriation as determined by subtracting the amount of the
29 end-of-the-year fund balance earmarked as the retirement fund operating reserve for the ensuing school fiscal
30 year by the trustees from the end-of-the-year fund balance in the retirement fund. The retirement fund operating

1 reserve may not be more than 35% of the final retirement fund budget for the ensuing school fiscal year and must
2 be used for the purpose of paying retirement fund warrants issued by the district under the final retirement fund
3 budget.

4 (vi) any other revenue anticipated that may be realized in the retirement fund during the ensuing school
5 fiscal year, excluding any guaranteed tax base aid.

6 (b) notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (9), subtracting the money available for reduction of the
7 levy requirement, as determined in subsection (4)(a), from the budgeted amount for expenditures in the final
8 retirement fund budget.

9 (5) The county superintendent shall:

10 (a) total the net retirement fund levy requirements separately for all elementary school districts, all high
11 school districts, and all community college districts of the county, including any prorated joint district or special
12 education cooperative agreement levy requirements; and

13 (b) report each levy requirement to the county commissioners on the fourth Monday of August as the
14 respective county levy requirements for elementary district, high school district, and community college district
15 retirement funds.

16 (6) The county commissioners shall fix and set the county levy or district levy in accordance with
17 20-9-142.

18 (7) The net retirement fund levy requirement for a joint elementary district or a joint high school district
19 must be prorated to each county in which a part of the district is located in the same proportion as the district ANB
20 of the joint district is distributed by pupil residence in each county. The county superintendents of the counties
21 affected shall jointly determine the net retirement fund levy requirement for each county as provided in 20-9-151.

22 (8) The net retirement fund levy requirement for districts that are members of special education
23 cooperative agreements must be prorated to each county in which the district is located in the same proportion
24 as the special education cooperative budget is prorated to the member school districts. The county
25 superintendents of the counties affected shall jointly determine the net retirement fund levy requirement for each
26 county in the same manner as provided in 20-9-151, and the county commissioners shall fix and levy the net
27 retirement fund levy for each county in the same manner as provided in 20-9-152.

28 (9) The county superintendent shall calculate the number of mills to be levied on the taxable property
29 in the county to finance the retirement fund net levy requirement by dividing the amount determined in subsection
30 (5)(a) by the sum of:

1 (a) the amount of guaranteed tax base aid that the county will receive for each mill levied, as certified
2 by the superintendent of public instruction; and

3 (b) the taxable valuation of the district divided by 1,000.

4 (10) The levy for a community college district may be applied only to property within the district.

5 (11) The county superintendent of each county shall submit a report of the revenue amounts used to
6 establish the levy requirements for county school funds supporting elementary and high school district retirement
7 obligations to the superintendent of public instruction not later than the second Monday in September. The report
8 must be completed on forms supplied by the superintendent of public instruction."

9
10 **Section 28.** Section 20-25-421, MCA, is amended to read:

11 **"20-25-421. (Temporary) Charges for tuition -- waivers.** (1) The regents may prescribe tuition rates,
12 matriculation charges, and incidental fees for students in institutions under their jurisdiction.

13 (2) The regents may:

14 (a) waive nonresident tuition for selected and approved nonresident students, not to exceed at any unit
15 2% of the full-time equivalent enrollment at that unit during the preceding year; however, when necessary, tuition
16 may be waived in excess of 2% of unit enrollment for nonresident students who enroll under provisions of any
17 WICHE-sponsored state reciprocal agreements that provide for the payment, when required, of the student
18 support fee by the reciprocal state;

19 (b) waive resident tuition for students at least 62 years of age;

20 (c) waive tuition and fees for:

21 (i) persons of one-fourth Indian blood or more who have been bona fide residents of Montana for at least
22 1 year prior to enrollment in the Montana university system;

23 (ii) persons designated by the department of corrections pursuant to 52-5-112 or 53-1-214;

24 (iii) residents of Montana who served with the armed forces of the United States in any of its wars and
25 who were honorably discharged from military service;

26 (iv) children of residents of Montana who served with the armed forces of the United States in any of its
27 wars and who were killed in action or died as a result of injury, disease, or other disability incurred while in the
28 service of the armed forces of the United States;

29 (v) the spouses or children of residents of Montana who have been declared to be prisoners of war or
30 missing in action; or

(vi) the spouse or children of a Montana national guard member who was killed or died as a result of injury, disease, or other disability incurred in the line of duty while serving on state active duty;

(d) waive tuition charges for qualified survivors of Montana firefighters or peace officers killed in the course and scope of employment. For purposes of this subsection, a qualified survivor is a person who meets the entrance requirements at the state university or college of the person's choice and is the surviving spouse or child of any of the following who were killed in the course and scope of employment:

(i) a paid or volunteer member of a municipal or rural fire department;

(ii) a law enforcement officer as defined in 7-32-201; or

(iii) a full-time highway patrol officer.

(e) waive tuition for up to 5,000 credits each academic year in accordance with the Montana national guard education benefit program established by the department of military affairs. The waivers provided for in this subsection (2)(e) are intended to be available for up to 5 years after the person qualifies. (Terminates June 30, 2009--sec. 5, Ch. 577, L. 2005.)

20-25-421. (Effective July 1, 2009) Charges for tuition -- waivers. (1) The regents may prescribe tuition rates, matriculation charges, and incidental fees for students in institutions under their jurisdiction.

(2) The regents may:

(a) waive nonresident tuition for selected and approved nonresident students, not to exceed at any unit 2% of the full-time equivalent enrollment at that unit during the preceding year; however, when necessary, tuition may be waived in excess of 2% of unit enrollment for nonresident students who enroll under provisions of any WICHE-sponsored state reciprocal agreements that provide for the payment, when required, of the student support fee by the reciprocal state;

(b) waive resident tuition for students at least 62 years of age;

(c) waive tuition and fees for:

(i) persons of one-fourth Indian blood or more who have been bona fide residents of Montana for at least 1 year prior to enrollment in the Montana university system;

(ii) persons designated by the department of corrections pursuant to 52-5-112 or 53-1-214;

(iii) residents of Montana who served with the armed forces of the United States in any of its wars and who were honorably discharged from military service;

(iv) children of residents of Montana who served with the armed forces of the United States in any of its wars and who were killed in action or died as a result of injury, disease, or other disability incurred while in the

1 service of the armed forces of the United States;

2 (v) the spouses or children of residents of Montana who have been declared to be prisoners of war or
3 missing in action; or

4 (vi) the spouse or children of a Montana national guard member who was killed or died as a result of
5 injury, disease, or other disability incurred in the line of duty while serving on state active duty;

6 (d) waive tuition charges for qualified survivors of Montana firefighters or peace officers killed in the
7 course and scope of employment. For purposes of this subsection, a qualified survivor is a person who meets
8 the entrance requirements at the state university or college of the person's choice and is the surviving spouse
9 or child of any of the following who were killed in the course and scope of employment:

10 (i) a paid or volunteer member of a municipal or rural fire department;

11 (ii) a law enforcement officer as defined in 7-32-201; or

12 (iii) a full-time highway patrol officer.

13 (3) If funds are available after the waivers provided for in subsection (2), the regents may waive tuition
14 for up to 5,000 credits each academic year ~~[in accordance with the national guard education benefit program~~
15 ~~provided for in 10-1-121].~~"

16
17 **Section 29.** Section 23-2-502, MCA, is amended to read:

18 **"23-2-502. Definitions.** As used in this part, unless the context clearly requires a different meaning, the
19 following definitions apply:

20 (1) "Certificate of number" means the certificate issued by the county treasurer to the owner of a
21 motorboat or sailboat or by the department of justice to dealers or manufacturers, assigning the motorboat or
22 sailboat an identifying number and containing other information as required by the department of justice.

23 (2) "Dealer" means a person who engages in whole or in part in the business of buying, selling, or
24 exchanging new and unused vessels or used vessels, or both, either outright or on conditional sale, bailment,
25 lease, chattel mortgage, or otherwise, and who has an established place of business for sale, trade, and display
26 of vessels. A yacht broker is a dealer.

27 (3) "Department" means the department of fish, wildlife, and parks of the state of Montana.

28 (4) "Documented vessel" means a vessel that has and is required to have a valid marine document as
29 a vessel of the United States.

30 (5) "Identifying number" means the boat number set forth in the certificate of number and properly

1 displayed on the motorboat or sailboat.

2 (6) "Lienholder" means a person holding a security interest.

3 (7) "Manufacturer" means a person engaged in the business of manufacturing or importing new and
4 unused vessels or new and unused outboard motors for the purpose of sale or trade.

5 (8) (a) "Motorboat" means a vessel, including a personal watercraft or pontoon, propelled by any
6 machinery, motor, or engine of any description, whether or not the machinery, motor, or engine is the principal
7 source of propulsion. The term includes boats temporarily equipped with detachable motors or engines.

8 (b) The term does not include a vessel that has a valid marine document issued by the U.S. coast guard
9 or any successor federal agency.

10 (9) "Operate" means to navigate or otherwise use a motorboat or a vessel.

11 (10) "Operator" means the person who navigates, drives, or is otherwise in immediate control of a
12 motorboat or vessel.

13 (11) (a) "Owner" means a person, other than a lienholder, having the property in or title to a motorboat
14 or vessel. The term includes a person entitled to the use or possession of a motorboat or vessel subject to an
15 interest in another person, reserved or created by an agreement securing payment or performance of an
16 obligation.

17 (b) The term does not include a lessee under a lease not intended as security.

18 (12) "Passenger" means each person carried on board a vessel other than:

19 (a) the owner or the owner's representative;

20 (b) the operator;

21 (c) bona fide members of the crew engaged in the business of the vessel who have not contributed any
22 consideration for their carriage and who are paid for their services; or

23 (d) a guest on board a vessel that is being used exclusively for pleasure purposes who has not
24 contributed any consideration, directly or indirectly, for the guest's carriage.

25 (13) "Person" means an individual, partnership, firm, corporation, association, or other entity.

26 (14) "Personal watercraft" means a vessel that uses an outboard motor or an inboard engine powering
27 a water jet pump as its primary source of propulsion and that is designed to be operated by a person sitting,
28 standing, or kneeling on the vessel rather than by the conventional method of sitting or standing in the vessel.

29 (15) "Registration decal" means an adhesive sticker produced by the department of justice and issued
30 by the department of justice, an authorized agent as defined in 61-1-101, or a county treasurer to the owner of

1 a motorboat, sailboat, or personal watercraft as proof of payment of fees ~~in lieu of tax~~ imposed on the motorboat,
2 sailboat, or personal watercraft for the registration period indicated on the decal as recorded by the department
3 of justice under 61-3-101.

4 (16) (a) "Sailboat" means a vessel that uses a sail and wind as its primary source of propulsion.

5 (b) The term does not include a canoe or kayak propelled by wind.

6 (17) "Security interest" means an interest that is reserved or created by an agreement that secures
7 payment or performance of an obligation and is valid against third parties generally.

8 (18) "Uniform state waterway marking system" means one of two categories:

9 (a) a system of aids to navigation to supplement the federal system of marking in state waters;

10 (b) a system of regulatory markers to warn a vessel operator of dangers or to provide general information
11 and directions.

12 (19) "Validation decal" means an adhesive sticker produced by the department and issued by the
13 department or a county treasurer to the owner of a motorboat, sailboat, or personal watercraft verifying the
14 identifying number assigned to the motorboat, sailboat, or personal watercraft and the name and address of the
15 owner to meet requirements of the federal standard numbering system.

16 (20) "Vessel" means every description of watercraft, unless otherwise defined by the department, other
17 than a seaplane on the water, used or capable of being used as a means of transportation on water.

18 (21) "Waters of this state" means any waters within the territorial limits of this state."
19

20 **Section 30.** Section 23-2-614, MCA, is amended to read:

21 **"23-2-614. Exemptions.** (1) (a) The provisions of 23-2-601, 23-2-602, 23-2-611, 23-2-614 through
22 23-2-619, 23-2-621, 23-2-622, 23-2-631 through 23-2-635, and 23-2-641 through 23-2-644 with respect to
23 registration, registration decals, certificates of title, and certificates of ownership do not apply to snowmobiles
24 owned or used by the United States or another state or any agency or political subdivision of the United States
25 or another state.

26 (b) Snowmobiles owned by the state of Montana or any agency or political subdivision of this state are
27 exempt only from the payment of fees and must otherwise comply with all the requirements of 23-2-601,
28 23-2-602, 23-2-611, 23-2-614 through 23-2-619, 23-2-621, 23-2-622, 23-2-631 through 23-2-635, and 23-2-641
29 through 23-2-644.

30 (2) The provisions of 23-2-601, 23-2-602, 23-2-611, 23-2-614 through 23-2-619, 23-2-621, 23-2-622,

23-2-631 through 23-2-635, and 23-2-641 through 23-2-644 with respect to registration, registration decals, certificates of title, and certificates of ownership do not apply to unregistered snowmobiles owned by nonresidents of Montana who either:

(a) display visual proof that a nonresident temporary-use snowmobile permit has been purchased; or

(b) use the snowmobile only in races and for not more than 30 days in the state. "Race" means an organized competition on a predetermined course that is run according to accepted rules."

Section 31. Section 23-2-615, MCA, is amended to read:

"23-2-615. Nonresident temporary-use snowmobile permits -- use of fees. (1) The requirements for a nonresident ~~temporary-snowmobile-use~~ temporary-use snowmobile permit are as follows:

(a) Application for the issuance of the permit must be made at locations and upon forms prescribed by the department. The forms must include but are not limited to:

(i) the applicant's name and permanent address; and

(ii) an affidavit declaring the nonresidency of the applicant.

(b) Upon submission of the application and a fee of \$15, of which 50 cents is a search and rescue surcharge, a nonresident ~~temporary-snowmobile-use~~ temporary-use snowmobile sticker must be issued. The sticker must be permanently affixed in a conspicuous manner on the snowmobile.

(2) The ~~temporary~~ temporary-use snowmobile permit is valid during the fiscal year in which it is issued.

(3) The temporary-use snowmobile permit is not proof of ownership, and a certificate of title may not be issued.

(4) (a) A nonresident ~~temporary-snowmobile-use~~ temporary-use snowmobile permit is not required for a snowmobile that qualifies as a racing snowmobile under 23-2-622.

(b) A nonresident ~~temporary-snowmobile-use~~ temporary-use snowmobile permit is not required for a snowmobile that will be used only on trails that are managed jointly by agreement between Montana and another state.

(5) Except as provided in subsection (1)(b), money collected by payment of fees under this section must be deposited in the state special revenue fund to the credit of the department and used as follows:

(a) \$8 must be expended in areas that are impacted by nonresident snowmobile use to assist in offsetting snowmobile trail grooming costs;

(b) \$1.50 must be used by the department for the enforcement of snowmobile laws pursuant to 23-2-641;

(c) 50 cents must be remitted to the license agent who sold the nonresident ~~temporary-snowmobile-use~~
temporary-use snowmobile permit; and

(d) \$4.50 must be used by the department for the statewide snowmobile trail grooming program.

(6) The failure to display the permit as required by this section or the making of false statements in obtaining the permit is a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than \$25 or more than \$100."

Section 32. Section 30-9a-501, MCA, is amended to read:

"30-9A-501. Filing office. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), if the local law of this state governs perfection of a security interest or agricultural lien, the office in which to file a financing statement to perfect the security interest or agricultural lien is:

(a) the office designated for the filing or recording of a mortgage on the real property if:

(i) the collateral is as-extracted collateral or timber to be cut; or

(ii) the financing statement is filed as a fixture filing and the collateral is goods that are or are to become fixtures; or

(b) the office of secretary of state in all other cases, including if the collateral is goods that are or are to become fixtures and the financing statement is not filed as a fixture filing.

(2) The office in which to file a financing statement to perfect a security interest in collateral, including fixtures, of a transmitting utility is the office of secretary of state. The financing statement also constitutes a fixture filing as to the collateral indicated in the financing statement that is or is to become fixtures.

(3) The office in which a financial institution ~~must~~ is required to file an effective financing statement, as defined in 7 U.S.C. 1631, is the office of the secretary of state."

Section 33. Section 33-1-1302, MCA, is amended to read:

"33-1-1302. Insurance, medical care discount card, and pharmacy discount card fraud -- insurer.

(1) A person commits the act of insurance, medical care discount card, or pharmacy discount card fraud when, in the course of offering or selling insurance, a medical care discount card, or a pharmacy discount card, the person misrepresents a material fact, known to the person to be untrue or made with reckless indifference as to whether it is true, with the intention of causing another person to rely upon the misrepresentation to that relying person's detriment.

(2) The commissioner may, after having conducted a hearing pursuant to 33-1-701, impose the penalties

provided for in 33-1-317 for a violation of this section. Failure to pay a fine under this section results in a lien upon the assets and property of the person as provided in 33-1-318(3).

(3) In addition to any penalty provided for in 33-1-317, the commissioner may require a person regulated under this title who commits insurance, medical care discount card, or pharmacy discount card fraud to make full restitution to the victim for all financial losses sustained as a result of the fraud with interest of 10% a year from the date of the fraud plus any costs and reasonable attorney fees, less the amount of any income, refund, or other benefit received by the victim from the insurance, medical care discount card, or pharmacy discount card.

(4) The commissioner may require a person who commits insurance fraud to make full restitution to any insurer, purported insurer, or insurance producer who may have sustained any losses as a result of the fraud with interest of 10% a year from the date of the loss plus any costs and reasonable attorney fees.

(5) An insurer, insurance producer, or other person who sustained any losses and who was awarded restitution may bring suit to recover those sums, including any attorney fees, interest at 10% a year, and costs incurred in obtaining a judgment.

(6) Failure of a person to pay any amount ordered under this section constitutes a forfeiture of the right to do business in this state.

(7) A person who purposely or knowingly is involved in the misappropriation or theft of insurance premiums or proceeds, ~~or a medical care discount card fee, or a pharmacy discount card fee~~ commits the offense of theft and deceptive practices and is punishable as provided in 45-6-301 and 45-6-317, and the commissioner may refer evidence concerning the violation to the attorney general or other appropriate prosecuting attorney.

(8) As used in this section "medical care discount card" and "pharmacy discount card" have the meanings provided in 33-38-102."

Section 34. Section 33-1-1303, MCA, is amended to read:

"33-1-1303. Reporting requirements. (1) An insurer, insurance producer, or other person who has reason to believe that insurance, medical care discount card, or pharmacy discount card fraud has occurred shall report the suspected fraud to the commissioner or to the insurance producer's or other person's insurer within 60 days of discovery of the occurrence. An insurer shall review a report given to the insurer, and if the insurer determines that there is a reasonable likelihood that fraud has occurred the insurer shall forward the report to the commissioner within 30 days of receipt.

(2) In the absence of malice, an insurer, insurance producer, or other person may not be subjected to

1 civil liability for reporting or providing information or otherwise cooperating with an investigation of insurance,
2 medical care discount card, or pharmacy discount card fraud."

3
4 **Section 35.** Section 33-10-106, MCA, is amended to read:

5 **"33-10-106. Plan of operation -- delegation to other organization.** (1) (a) The association shall submit
6 to the commissioner a plan of operation and any amendments ~~thereto~~ to the plan of operation that are necessary
7 or suitable to ~~assure~~ ensure the fair, reasonable, and equitable administration of the association. The plan of
8 operation and any amendments ~~thereto shall~~ to the plan become effective upon approval in writing by the
9 commissioner.

10 (b) If at any time the association fails to submit suitable amendments to the plan, the commissioner shall,
11 after notice and hearing, adopt and promulgate ~~such~~ reasonable rules ~~as~~ that are necessary or advisable to
12 effectuate the provisions of this part. ~~Such~~ The rules ~~shall~~ continue in force until modified by the commissioner
13 or superseded by a plan submitted by the association and approved by the commissioner.

14 (2) All member insurers shall comply with the plan of operation.

15 (3) The plan of operation ~~shall~~ must:

16 (a) establish the procedures ~~whereby~~ under which all the powers and duties of the association under
17 33-10-105 and 33-10-116 will be performed;

18 (b) establish procedures for handling assets of the association;

19 (c) establish the amount and method of reimbursing members of the board of directors under 33-10-104;

20 (d) establish procedures by which claims may be filed with the association and establish acceptable
21 forms of proof of covered claims;

22 (e) establish regular places and times for meetings of the board of directors;

23 (f) establish procedures for records to be kept of all financial transactions of the association, its insurance
24 producers, and the board of directors;

25 (g) provide that any member insurer aggrieved by any final action or decision of the association may
26 appeal to the commissioner within 30 days after the action or decision;

27 (h) establish the procedures ~~whereby~~ under which selections for the board of directors will be submitted
28 to the commissioner;

29 (i) contain additional provisions necessary or proper for the execution of the powers and duties of the
30 association.

(4) The plan of operation may provide that any or all powers and duties of the association, except those under 33-10-105(2)(b)(3)(b) and 33-10-116, are delegated to a corporation, association, or other organization which that performs or will perform functions similar to those of ~~this~~ the association or its equivalent in two or more states. ~~Such a~~ A corporation, association, or organization ~~shall~~ must be reimbursed as a servicing facility would be reimbursed and ~~shall~~ must be paid for its performance of any other functions of the association. A delegation under this subsection ~~shall take~~ takes effect only with the approval of both the board of directors and the commissioner and may be made only to a corporation, association, or organization which that extends protection not substantially less favorable and effective than that provided by this part."

Section 36. Section 33-20-1303, MCA, is amended to read:

"33-20-1303. License requirements. (1) A person may not act as or purport to be a viatical settlement provider unless licensed as a viatical settlement provider under this part.

(2) (a) Except as provided in ~~subsection~~ subsections (2)(b) and (2)(c), a person may not broker, solicit, or negotiate viatical settlement contracts between a viator and one or more viatical settlement providers or otherwise act on behalf of a viator without first having obtained a license as a viatical settlement broker from the commissioner. An applicant for a viatical settlement broker's license shall:

(i) attend required viatical settlement broker training and pass a viatical settlement broker examination designated by the commissioner by rule; and

(ii) pay a fee for an original viatical settlement broker's license pursuant to 33-2-708. The fees for license renewal and lapsed license reinstatement for a viatical settlement broker's license are as provided in 33-2-708.

(b) A resident or nonresident insurance producer must be considered to meet the licensing requirements of a viatical settlement broker and must be permitted to operate as a viatical settlement broker if the insurance producer is licensed as an insurance producer with a life insurance line of authority in this state or in the insurance producer's home state and has been licensed for at least 1 year. In addition:

(i) not later than 30 days from the first day of operating as a viatical settlement broker, the insurance producer shall notify the commissioner, on a form or in a manner prescribed by the commissioner, that the insurance producer is acting as a viatical settlement broker and shall pay a fee pursuant to 33-2-708(1)(b)(viii). The notification must include an acknowledgment by the insurance producer that the insurance producer will operate as a viatical settlement broker in accordance with this part.

(ii) regardless of the manner in which the insurance producer is compensated, the insurance producer

1 must be considered to represent only the viator and owes a fiduciary duty to the viator to act according to the
2 viator's instructions and in the best interests of the viator.

3 (c) If requested by the commissioner, a life insurance producer acting as a viatical settlement broker
4 under this subsection (2) who has previously complied with subsection (2)(b)(i) shall report to the commissioner
5 when renewing a resident or nonresident life insurance producer's license regarding the life insurance producer's
6 intent to continue to act as a viatical settlement broker. The statement regarding an intent to continue acting as
7 a viatical settlement broker must be made on the life insurance producer's license renewal form. A person who
8 makes a statement pursuant to this subsection (2)(c) may not be charged an additional fee.

9 (d) The provisions of subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b) do not prohibit a person licensed as an attorney,
10 certified public accountant, or certified financial planner who is accredited by a nationally recognized accreditation
11 agency, who is retained to represent the viator, and whose compensation is not paid directly or indirectly by the
12 viatical settlement provider from negotiating viatical settlement contracts without having to obtain a license as a
13 viatical settlement broker.

14 (3) Regardless of the manner in which a viatical settlement broker or insurance producer is
15 compensated, the viatical settlement broker or insurance producer must be considered to represent only the
16 viator and the viatical settlement broker or insurance producer owes a fiduciary duty to the viator to act according
17 to the viator's instructions and in the best interests of the viator.

18 (4) (a) In order to obtain a license to transact business as a viatical settlement provider or as a viatical
19 settlement broker, if required to obtain a viatical settlement broker's license under the provisions of subsection
20 (2)(a), an applicant shall apply for the license in a form approved by the commissioner and shall pay the fee
21 required for the application.

22 (b) The commissioner may request biographical, organizational, locational, financial, employment, and
23 other information on the application form that the commissioner determines to be relevant to the evaluation of
24 applications and to the granting of the license. The commissioner may require a statement of the business plan
25 or plan of operation of the applicant. The commissioner shall require an applicant for a viatical settlement provider
26 license to file with the application for the commissioner's approval a copy of the viatical settlement contract that
27 the applicant intends to use in business under the license.

28 (c) If an applicant is a corporation, the corporation must be:

29 (i) incorporated or organized under the laws of this state; or

30 (ii) a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state.

(d) If the applicant is a partnership, the partnership must be organized under the laws of this state.

(5) (a) An individual licensed as a viatical settlement broker must meet the continuing education requirements in 33-17-1203.

(b) The hours of continuing education required under subsection ~~(4)(a)~~ (5)(a) must be in the subjects of life insurance, viaticals, or ethics.

(c) For an individual licensed as a viatical settlement broker, the 24-month period for meeting the continuing education requirements must correlate with the broker's license renewal period.

(d) The viatical settlement broker's license of an individual who fails to comply with this continuing education requirement and who has not been granted an extension of time to comply in accordance with 33-17-1203~~(3)~~(2) must be terminated and promptly surrendered to the commissioner."

Section 37. Section 33-20-1315, MCA, is amended to read:

"33-20-1315. Rules -- standards -- bond. The commissioner may, in accordance with the provisions of 33-1-313, adopt rules for the purpose of carrying out this part. In addition, the commissioner:

(1) may establish standards for evaluating reasonableness of payments under viatical settlement contracts for insured persons who are terminally ill or chronically ill. The authority includes but is not limited to regulation of discount rates used to determine the amount paid in exchange for assignment, transfer, sale, devise, or bequest of a benefit under a life insurance policy. For the purpose of the standards, the commissioner shall consider payments made in regional and national viatical settlement markets to the extent that this information is available, as well as model standards developed by the national association of insurance commissioners. When the insured is not terminally ill or chronically ill, the commissioner may not establish standards for evaluating the reasonableness of payments, except that a viatical settlement provider shall pay an amount greater than the greater of the cash surrender value or the accelerated death benefit then available.

(2) shall require a bond or other mechanism for financial accountability of viatical settlement providers and viatical settlement brokers; and

(3) shall adopt rules to establish:

(a) trade practice standards for the purpose of regulating advertising and solicitation of viatical settlement contracts;

(b) fees that are commensurate with fees charged pursuant to 33-2-708; and

(c) the continuing education program provided for in 33-20-1303~~(4)~~(5)."

1

2 **Section 38.** Section 33-22-2001, MCA, is amended to read:

3 **"33-22-2001. Establishment of small business health insurance pool -- intent.** (1) There is
4 established a nonprofit legal entity known as the small business health insurance pool, with participating
5 membership consisting of all employer members of the purchasing pool.

6 (2) The small business health insurance pool is created as a voluntary purchasing pool pursuant to the
7 provisions of 33-22-1815 through 33-22-1817.

8 (3) Subject to the conditions in 53-6-1201, the purchasing pool shall make group health plan coverage
9 available effective January 1, 2006.

10 (4) It is the intent of the legislature that the board:

11 (a) establish criteria that will allow the greatest number of employees possible to be eligible for premium
12 assistance payments by not permitting eligibility for premium assistance payments under this part to employees
13 who continue ~~to maintain enrollment in another~~ other comprehensive health insurance coverage through a
14 spouse, parent, or other person; and

15 (b) allow eligible small employers to determine the length of the waiting period that will apply to their
16 employees as long as the waiting period:

17 (i) is not more than 12 months; and

18 (ii) applies to all eligible employees within that small group in the same manner.

19 (5) The legislative auditor shall conduct or have conducted, at least once each biennium covering the
20 prior 2 fiscal years, a financial compliance audit of the board and the purchasing pool. The cost of the audit must
21 be paid for by the purchasing pool as a direct cost not subject to the cap on administrative expenses."

22

23 **Section 39.** Section 37-1-101, MCA, is amended to read:

24 **"37-1-101. Duties of department.** In addition to the provisions of 2-15-121, the department of labor and
25 ~~industry~~ shall:

26 (1) establish and provide all the administrative, legal, and clerical services needed by the boards within
27 the department, including corresponding, receiving and processing routine applications for licenses as defined
28 by a board, issuing and renewing routine licenses as defined by a board, disciplining licensees, setting
29 administrative fees, preparing agendas and meeting notices, conducting mailings, taking minutes of board
30 meetings and hearings, and filing;

- (2) standardize policies and procedures and keep in Helena all official records of the boards;
- (3) make arrangements and provide facilities in Helena for all meetings, hearings, and examinations of each board or elsewhere in the state if requested by the board;
- (4) contract for or administer and grade examinations required by each board;
- (5) investigate complaints received by the department of illegal or unethical conduct of a member of the profession or occupation under the jurisdiction of a board within the department;
- (6) assess the costs of the department to the boards and programs on an equitable basis as determined by the department;
- (7) adopt rules setting administrative fees and expiration, renewal, and termination dates for licenses;
- (8) issue a notice to and pursue an action against a licensed individual, as a party, before the licensed individual's board after a finding of reasonable cause by a screening panel of the board pursuant to 37-1-307~~(1)(e)~~(1)(d);
- (9) provide notice to the appropriate legislative interim committee when a board cannot operate in a cost-effective manner;
- (10) monitor a board's cash balances to ensure that the balances do not exceed two times the board's annual appropriation level and adjust fees through administrative rules when necessary; and
- (11) establish policies and procedures to set fees for administrative services, as provided in 37-1-134, commensurate with the cost of the services provided. Late penalty fees may be set without being commensurate with the cost of services provided."

Section 40. Section 37-1-303, MCA, is amended to read:

"37-1-303. Scope. This part governs the licensure, the practice and unauthorized practice, and the discipline of professions and occupations governed by this title unless otherwise provided by statutes relating to a specific board and the profession or occupation it regulates. The provisions of this chapter must be construed to supplement the statutes relating to a specific board and the profession it regulates. The method for initiating and judging a disciplinary proceeding, specified in 37-1-307~~(1)(e)~~(1)(d), must be used by a board in all disciplinary proceedings involving licensed professionals."

Section 41. Section 37-8-202, MCA, is amended to read:

"37-8-202. Organization -- meetings -- powers and duties. (1) The board shall:

- (a) meet annually and elect from among the members a president and a secretary;
- (b) hold other meetings when necessary to transact its business;
- (c) prescribe standards for schools preparing persons for registration and licensure under this chapter;
- (d) provide for surveys of schools at times the board considers necessary;
- (e) approve programs that meet the requirements of this chapter and of the board;
- (f) conduct hearings on charges that may call for discipline of a licensee, revocation of a license, or removal of schools of nursing from the approved list;
- (g) cause the prosecution of persons violating this chapter. The board may incur necessary expenses for prosecutions.
- (h) adopt rules regarding authorization for prescriptive authority of ~~nurse specialists~~ advanced practice registered nurses. If considered appropriate for ~~a nurse specialist~~ an advanced practice registered nurse who applies to the board for authorization, prescriptive authority must be granted.
- (i) establish a program to assist licensed nurses who are found to be physically or mentally impaired by habitual intemperance or the excessive use of narcotic drugs, alcohol, or any other drug or substance. The program must provide for assistance to licensees in seeking treatment for substance abuse and monitor their efforts toward rehabilitation. For purposes of funding this program, the board shall adjust the renewal fee to be commensurate with the cost of the program.
- (2) The board may:
- (a) participate in and pay fees to a national organization of state boards of nursing to ensure interstate endorsement of licenses;
- (b) define the educational requirements and other qualifications applicable to recognition of advanced practice registered nurses. Advanced practice registered nurses are nurses who must have additional professional education beyond the basic nursing degree required of a registered nurse. Additional education must be obtained in courses offered in a university setting or the equivalent. The applicant must be certified or in the process of being certified by a certifying body for advanced practice registered nurses. Advanced practice registered nurses include nurse practitioners, nurse-midwives, nurse anesthetists, and clinical nurse specialists.
- (c) establish qualifications for licensure of medication aides, including but not limited to educational requirements. The board may define levels of licensure of medication aides consistent with educational qualifications, responsibilities, and the level of acuity of the medication aides' patients. The board may limit the type of drugs that are allowed to be administered and the method of administration.

- 1 (d) adopt rules for delegation of nursing tasks by licensed nurses to unlicensed persons;
2 (e) adopt rules necessary to administer this chapter; and
3 (f) fund additional staff, hired by the department, to administer the provisions of this chapter."
4

5 **Section 42.** Section 37-27-302, MCA, is amended to read:

6 **"37-27-302. Administration of prescription drugs prohibited -- exceptions.** A licensed direct-entry
7 midwife may not dispense or administer prescription drugs other than newborn vitamin K (oral or intramuscular
8 preparations), pitocin (intramuscular) postpartum, xylocaine (subcutaneous), and, in accordance with ~~ARM~~
9 ~~16-24-215~~ administrative rules adopted by the department of public health and human services, prophylactic eye
10 agents to newborn infants. These drugs may be administered only if prescribed by a physician."
11

12 **Section 43.** Section 37-31-331, MCA, is amended to read:

13 **"37-31-331. Refusal, revocation, or suspension of licenses -- grounds -- notice and hearing. (1)**
14 The board may refuse to issue, may refuse to renew, or may revoke or suspend a license in any one of the
15 following cases:

16 (a) failure of a person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other legal entity operating a salon or shop or
17 a school of barbering, cosmetology, electrology, esthetics, or manicuring to comply with this chapter;

18 (b) failure to comply with the sanitary rules adopted by the board and approved by the department of
19 public health and human services for the regulation of salons or shops or schools of barbering, cosmetology,
20 electrology, esthetics, or manicuring;

21 (c) gross malpractice;

22 (d) continued practice by a person who knowingly has an infectious or contagious disease;

23 (e) habitual drunkenness or habitual addiction to the use of any habit-forming drug;

24 (f) permitting a ~~certificate of registration or~~ license to be used when the holder is not personally, actively,
25 and continuously engaged in business; or

26 (g) failure to display the license.

27 (2) The board may not refuse to authorize the department to issue or renew a license or to revoke or
28 suspend a license already issued until after notice and opportunity for a hearing."
29

30 **Section 44.** Section 37-73-216, MCA, is amended to read:

1 **"37-73-216. Temporary elevator mechanic's license.** (1) (a) If, in the case of an emergency or disaster

2 as defined in 10-3-103, the department determines that the number of licensed elevator mechanics is insufficient
3 to cope with the emergency or disaster, the department shall contact the licensed elevator contractors operating
4 in the state and request that the elevator contractors certify to the department any persons in their employ who
5 have an acceptable combination of education and experience to perform elevator work without direct supervision.

6 (b) As soon as practicable, the department shall issue to a person certified pursuant to subsection (1)(a)
7 a temporary elevator mechanic's license. ~~The department may not charge a fee for a license issued under this~~
8 ~~section.~~

9 (c) The license may not be valid for more than 30 days. However, the department may renew the license
10 for 30-day periods in the case of a continuing emergency or disaster.

11 (d) The department may limit a person's temporary license to certain equipment or to certain
12 geographical areas.

13 (2) (a) An elevator contractor shall inform the department if there are not any licensed elevator
14 mechanics available to perform elevator work on behalf of the elevator contractor.

15 (b) The elevator contractor may submit a list to the department of any persons that the elevator
16 contractor certifies have an acceptable combination of documented education and experience to perform the work
17 of an elevator mechanic without direct supervision.

18 (c) The department shall issue a temporary elevator mechanic's license to any person, certified by an
19 elevator contractor, who applies for a license to the department on a form supplied by the department. The
20 department may charge a fee for a temporary license issued under this subsection that is commensurate with
21 the department's costs in administering this subsection (2).

22 (d) A temporary license issued under this subsection (2) is valid for a period of 30 days, and the
23 department shall renew the license for additional 30-day periods as long as the shortage of licensed elevator
24 mechanics exists and the licensee is employed by the certifying elevator contractor. However, the department
25 may refuse to renew a temporary license for any temporary licensee that the department determines has had an
26 adequate opportunity to obtain a license under the provisions of 37-73-203 and 37-73-204."

27
28 **Section 45.** Section 37-47-201, MCA, is amended to read:

29 **"37-47-201. Powers and duties of board relating to outfitters, guides, and professional guides.**

30 The board shall:

(1) cooperate with the federal government in matters of mutual concern regarding the business of outfitting and guiding in Montana;

(2) enforce the provisions of this chapter and rules adopted pursuant to this chapter;

(3) establish outfitter standards, guide standards, and professional guide standards;

(4) adopt:

(a) rules to administer and enforce this chapter, including rules prescribing all requisite qualifications for licensure as an outfitter, guide, or professional guide. Qualifications for outfitters must include training, testing, experience in activities similar to the service to be provided, knowledge of rules of governmental bodies pertaining to outfitting and condition and type of gear and equipment, and the filing of an operations plan.

(b) any reasonable rules, not in conflict with this chapter, necessary for safeguarding the public health, safety, and welfare, including evidence of qualification and licensure under this chapter for any person practicing or offering to practice as an outfitter, guide, or professional guide;

(c) rules specifying standards for review and approval of proposed new operations plans involving hunting use or the proposed expansion of net client hunter use, as set forth in 37-47-316 and 37-47-317, under an outfitter's existing operations plan. Approval is not required when part or all of an existing operations plan is transferred from one licensed outfitter to another licensed outfitter. Rules adopted pursuant to this section must provide for solicitation and consideration of comments from hunters and sportspersons in the area to be affected by the proposal who do not make use of outfitter services.

(d) rules establishing outfitter reporting requirements. The reports must be filed annually and report actual leased acreage actively used by clients during that year and actual leased acres unused by clients during that year, plus any other information designated by the board and developed in collaboration with the department of fish, wildlife, and parks or the review committee established in 87-1-269 that is considered necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the hunter management and hunting access ~~management~~ enhancement programs.

(5) hold hearings and proceedings to suspend or revoke licenses of outfitters, guides, and professional guides for due cause;

(6) maintain records of actual clients served by all Montana outfitters that fulfill the requirements of subsection (4)(d)."

Section 46. Section 44-1-504, MCA, is amended to read:

"44-1-504. Special revenue account to partially fund highway patrol officers' salaries -- statutory

1 **appropriation.** (1) There is an account in the state special revenue fund provided for in 17-2-102.

2 (2) The money in the account is statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-7-502, to the department of
3 justice to fund, pursuant to 2-18-303(10)(9):

4 ~~(a) an increase in the base salary for the number of highway patrol officer positions existing on June 30,~~
5 ~~2006;~~

6 ~~(b)(a) the base salary and associated operating costs for new highway patrol officer positions created~~
7 ~~after June 30, 2006; and~~

8 ~~(c)(b) biennial salary increases after June 30, 2006, for highway patrol officers."~~

9
10 **Section 47.** Section 45-5-209, MCA, is amended to read:

11 **"45-5-209. Partner or family member assault -- no contact order -- notice -- violation of order --**
12 **penalty.** (1) A court may issue a standing no contact order and direct law enforcement to serve the order on all
13 defendants charged with a violation of 45-5-206. The court order may specify conditions necessary to enhance
14 the safety of any protected person. The court-ordered conditions may include prohibiting the defendant from
15 contacting the protected person in person, by a third party, by telephone, by electronic communication, as defined
16 in 45-8-213, and in writing. The court may impose up to a 1,500-foot restriction on the defendant to stay away
17 from the protected person's location.

18 (2) Notice of the no contact order must be given orally and in writing by a peace officer at the time that
19 the offender is charged with a violation of 45-5-206. One copy of the order must be given to the defendant, and
20 one copy must be filed with the court.

21 (3) The charge of a violation of 45-5-206 must be supported by a peace officer's affidavit of probable
22 cause.

23 (4) The no contact order issued at the time that the defendant is charged with a violation of 45-5-206 is
24 effective for 72 hours or until the defendant makes the first appearance in court.

25 (5) The court order must state:

26 "You have been charged with an assault on a partner or family member. You are not allowed to have
27 contact with _____ (list names). You
28 may not _____. Violation of this no contact order is a criminal offense under
29 45-5-209, MCA, and may result in your arrest. You may be arrested even if the person protected by the no contact
30 order invites or allows you to violate the prohibitions. This order lasts 72 hours or until the court continues or

1 changes the order."

2 (6) The court shall review and amend, if appropriate, the no contact order at the defendant's first
3 appearance.

4 (7) A no contact order may be issued by a court with jurisdiction over violations of 45-5-206 at the time
5 of the defendant's arraignment or at any other appearance of the defendant, including sentencing. The no contact
6 order must be in writing. A copy of the no contact order must be given to the defendant when it is issued by the
7 court. The court order shall specify protected persons and prohibited contact, including but not limited to the
8 restriction mentioned in subsection (1).

9 (8) (a) A person commits the offense of violation of a no contact order if the person, with knowledge of
10 the order, purposely or knowingly violates any provision of any order issued under this section.

11 (b) Each contact or attempt to make contact with each protected person, directly or indirectly, is a
12 separate offense. Consent of the protected person to prohibited contact is not a defense. A protected person may
13 not be charged with a violation of ~~this offense~~ a no contact order.

14 (c) An offender convicted of violation of a no contact order shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$500
15 or be imprisoned in the county jail for a term not to exceed 6 months, or both.

16 (9) As used in this section, the following definitions apply:

17 (a) "No contact order" means a court order that prohibits a defendant charged with or convicted of an
18 assault on a partner or family member from contacting a protected person.

19 (b) "Partner" or "family member" has the meaning provided in 45-5-206.

20 (c) "Protected person" means a victim of a partner or family member assault listed in a no contact order."
21

22 **Section 48.** Section 50-60-115, MCA, is amended to read:

23 **"50-60-115. Building codes council -- purpose and structure.** (1) There is a building codes council
24 for the purpose of assisting the department with the application, implementation, and interpretation of the state
25 building code and building codes adopted by counties, cities, or towns. The council shall work cooperatively with
26 the department and with representatives of the construction industry, as well as members of the interested public,
27 to harmonize building codes and related rules with both the needs of the construction industry and the public
28 interest in efficiency, cost-effectiveness, and safety.

29 (2) The council consists of 12 members appointed by the governor, unless otherwise specified, as
30 follows:

- 1 (a) a practicing architect licensed in Montana;
- 2 (b) a practicing professional engineer licensed in Montana;
- 3 (c) a representative from the building contractor industry;
- 4 (d) a county, city, or town building inspector;
- 5 (e) a representative of the manufactured housing industry;
- 6 (f) a member of the general public who does not hold public office and who does not represent the same
- 7 industry or agency as another council member;
- 8 (g) the director of the department of public health and human services or the director's designee;
- 9 (h) a licensed electrician selected by the state electrical board ~~of electricians~~;
- 10 (i) a licensed plumber selected by the board of plumbers;
- 11 (j) a licensed elevator mechanic selected by the department;
- 12 (k) the state fire marshal or the fire marshal's designee; and
- 13 (l) a representative of the home building industry.
- 14 (3) The appointed council members serve at the pleasure of the governor for terms of 3 years.
- 15 (4) The council is allocated to the department for administrative purposes only as provided in 2-15-121.
- 16 (5) The council and its members are entitled to compensation as provided in 2-15-122."

17

18 **Section 49.** Section 50-60-705, MCA, is amended to read:

19 **"50-60-705. Authority of department -- rulemaking.** (1) The department may consult with engineering

20 authorities and organizations concerned with safety codes, rules, and regulations governing the design,

21 construction, alteration, operation, maintenance, repair, inspection, installation, and testing of elevators,

22 dumbwaiters, escalators, and other equipment subject to the provisions of this part.

23 (2) (a) The department shall adopt rules relating to the design, construction, alteration, operation,

24 maintenance, repair, inspection, installation, and testing of elevators, dumbwaiters, escalators, and other

25 equipment subject to the provisions of this part.

26 (b) The department may adopt by reference national standards for equipment subject to the provisions

27 of this part, including national safety codes for elevators and escalators, safety standards for platform lifts and

28 stairway ~~chairs~~ chairlifts, safety codes for existing elevators and escalators, and standards for automated people

29 movers.

30 (3) The department may modify or grant exceptions to any provision of this part or any rule or standard

adopted pursuant to this part if to do so would not jeopardize the public safety or welfare."

Section 50. Section 61-1-101, MCA, is amended to read:

"61-1-101. Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following definitions apply:

(1) (a) "Authorized agent" means a person who has executed a written agreement with the department and is specifically authorized by the department to electronically access and update the department's motor vehicle titling, registration, or driver records, using an approved automated interface, for specific functions or purposes upon behalf of a third party.

(b) For purposes of this subsection (1), "person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, state agency, local government unit, another state government, the United States, a political subdivision of this or another state, or any other legal or commercial entity.

(2) "Authorized agent agreement" means the written agreement executed between an authorized agent and the department that sets the technical and operational program standards, compliance criteria, payment options, and service expectations by which the authorized agent ~~must~~ is required to operate in performing specific motor vehicle or driver-related record functions.

(3) "Bus" means a motor vehicle designed for carrying more than 10 passengers and used for the transportation of persons and any other motor vehicle, other than a taxicab, designed and used for the transportation of persons for compensation.

(4) (a) "Camper" means a structure designed to be mounted in the cargo area of a truck or attached to an incomplete vehicle for the purpose of providing shelter for persons. The term includes but is not limited to a cab-over, half cab-over, noncab-over, telescopic, and telescopic cab-over.

(b) The term does not include a truck canopy cover or topper.

(5) "Certificate of title" means the paper record issued by the department or by the appropriate agency of another jurisdiction that establishes a verifiable record of ownership between an identified person or persons and the motor vehicle specifically described in the record and that provides notice of a perfected security interest in the motor vehicle.

(6) "Commercial driver's license" means:

(a) a driver's license issued under or granted by the laws of this state that authorizes a person to operate

1 a class of commercial motor vehicle; and

2 (b) the privilege of a person to drive a commercial motor vehicle, whether or not the person holds a valid
3 commercial driver's license.

4 (7) (a) "Commercial motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle or combination of motor vehicles used in
5 commerce to transport passengers or property if the vehicle:

6 (i) has a gross combination weight rating or a gross combination weight of 26,001 pounds or more,
7 whichever is greater, inclusive of a towed unit with a gross vehicle weight rating of more than 10,000 pounds;

8 (ii) has a gross vehicle weight rating or a gross vehicle weight of 26,001 pounds or more, whichever is
9 greater;

10 (iii) is designed to transport at least 16 passengers, including the driver;

11 (iv) is a school bus; or

12 (v) is of any size and is used in the transportation of hazardous materials as defined in 61-8-801.

13 (b) The following vehicles are not commercial motor vehicles:

14 (i) an authorized emergency service vehicle:

15 (A) equipped with audible and visual signals as required under 61-9-401 and 61-9-402; and

16 (B) entitled to the exemptions granted under 61-8-107;

17 (ii) a vehicle:

18 (A) controlled and operated by a farmer, family member of the farmer, or person employed by the farmer;

19 (B) used to transport farm products, farm machinery, or farm supplies to or from the farm within Montana
20 within 150 miles of the farm or, if there is a reciprocity agreement with a state adjoining Montana, within 150 miles
21 of the farm, including any area within that perimeter that is in the adjoining state; and

22 (C) not used to transport goods for compensation or for hire; or

23 (iii) a vehicle operated for military purposes by active duty military personnel, a member of the military
24 reserves, a member of the national guard on active duty, including personnel on full-time national guard duty,
25 personnel in part-time national guard training, and national guard military technicians, or active duty United States
26 coast guard personnel.

27 (c) For purposes of this subsection (7):

28 (i) "farmer" means a person who operates a farm or who is directly involved in the cultivation of land or
29 crops or the raising of livestock owned by or under the direct control of that person;

30 (ii) "gross combination weight rating" means the value specified by the manufacturer as the loaded weight

1 of a combination or articulated vehicle;

2 (iii) "gross vehicle weight rating" means the value specified by the manufacturer as the loaded weight of
3 a single vehicle; and

4 (iv) "school bus" has the meaning provided in 49 CFR 383.5.

5 (8) "Commission" means the state transportation commission.

6 (9) "County where a ~~a~~ the vehicle is domiciled" means the county in which the vehicle owner permanently
7 resides or, if a vehicle is owned by a corporation or is leased or used for commercial purposes, the county in
8 which the vehicle is permanently assigned or most frequently used, dispatched, or controlled.

9 (10) "Custom vehicle" means a motor vehicle other than a motorcycle that:

10 (a) (i) was manufactured with a model year after 1948 and that is at least 25 years old; or

11 (ii) was built to resemble a vehicle manufactured after 1948 and at least 25 years before the current
12 calendar year, including a kit vehicle intended to resemble a vehicle manufactured after 1948 and that is at least
13 25 years old; and

14 (b) has been altered from the manufacturer's original design or has a body constructed from nonoriginal
15 materials.

16 (11) (a) "Dealer" means a person, firm, association, or corporation that, for commission or profit, engages
17 in whole or in part in the business of buying, selling, exchanging, accepting on consignment, or acting as a broker,
18 as defined in 61-4-131, of new or used motor vehicles, trailers, semitrailers, or pole trailers that are not registered
19 in the name of the person, firm, association, or corporation and that are required to be licensed under chapter
20 4 of this title.

21 (b) The term does not include the following:

22 (i) receivers, trustees, administrators, executors, guardians, or other persons appointed by or acting
23 under a judgment or order of any court of competent jurisdiction;

24 (ii) employees of the persons included in subsection (11)(b)(i) when engaged in the specific performance
25 of their duties as employees; or

26 (iii) public officers while performing or in the operation of their duties.

27 (12) "Declared weight" means the total unladen weight of a vehicle plus the weight of the maximum load
28 to be carried on the vehicle as stated by the registrant in the application for registration.

29 (13) "Department" means the department of justice acting directly or through its duly authorized officers
30 or agents.

(14) "Dolly or converter gear" means a device consisting of one or two axles with a fifth wheel and trailer tongue used to support the forward end of a semitrailer, converting a semitrailer into a trailer.

(15) "Driver" means a person who drives or is in actual physical control of a vehicle.

(16) "Driver's license" means a license or permit to operate a motor vehicle issued under or granted by the laws of this state, including:

(a) any temporary license or instruction permit;

(b) the privilege of any person to drive a motor vehicle, whether or not the person holds a valid license;

(c) any nonresident's driving privilege;

(d) a motorcycle endorsement; or

(e) a commercial driver's license.

(17) "Electric personal assistive mobility device" means a device that has two nontandem wheels, is self-balancing, and is designed to transport only one person with an electric propulsion system that limits the maximum speed of the device to 12 1/2 miles an hour.

(18) "For hire" means an action performed for remuneration of any kind, whether paid or promised, either directly or indirectly, or received or obtained through leasing, brokering, or buy-and-sell arrangements from which a remuneration is obtained or derived for transportation service.

(19) "Gross vehicle weight" means the weight of a vehicle without load plus the weight of any load on the vehicle.

(20) "Highway" or "public highway" means the entire width between the boundary lines of every publicly maintained way when any part of the publicly maintained way is open to the use of the public for purposes of vehicular travel.

(21) "Highway patrol officer" means a state officer authorized to direct or regulate traffic or to make arrests for violations of traffic regulations.

(22) "Implement of husbandry" means a vehicle that is designed for agricultural purposes and exclusively used by the owner of the vehicle in the conduct of the owner's agricultural operations.

(23) "Kit vehicle" is a motor vehicle assembled from a manufactured kit either as:

(a) a complete kit, consisting of a prefabricated body and chassis, to construct a new motor vehicle; or

(b) a kit with a prefabricated body to be mounted to an existing motor vehicle chassis and drivetrain, commonly referred to as a donor vehicle.

(24) "Light vehicle" means a motor vehicle commonly referred to as an automobile, van, sport utility

1 vehicle, or truck having a manufacturer's rated capacity of 1 ton or less.

2 (25) "Manufactured home" has the meaning provided in 15-1-101.

3 (26) "Manufacturer" includes any person, firm, corporation, or association engaged in the manufacture
4 of motor vehicles, trailers, or semitrailers as a regular business.

5 (27) "Manufacturer's certificate of origin" means the original paper record produced and issued by the
6 manufacturer of a vehicle or, if in a medium authorized by the department, an electronic record created and
7 transmitted by the manufacturer of a vehicle to the manufacturer's agent or a licensed dealer. The record must
8 establish the origin of the vehicle specifically described in the record and, upon assignment, transfers of
9 ownership of the vehicle to the person or persons named in the certificate.

10 (28) "Mobile home" or "housetrailer" has the meaning provided in 15-1-101.

11 (29) (a) "Motorboat" means a vessel, including a personal watercraft or pontoon, propelled by any
12 machinery, motor, or engine of any description, whether or not the machinery, motor, or engine is the principal
13 source of propulsion. The term includes boats temporarily equipped with detachable motors or engines.

14 (b) The term does not include a vessel that has a valid marine document issued by the U.S. coast guard
15 or any successor federal agency.

16 (30) (a) "Motor carrier" means a person or corporation or its lessees, trustees, or receivers appointed by
17 a court that are operating motor vehicles upon a public highway in this state for the transportation of property for
18 hire on a commercial basis.

19 (b) The term does not include motor carriers regulated under Title 69, chapter 12.

20 (31) (a) "Motorcycle" means a motor vehicle having not more than three wheels in contact with the ground
21 and a saddle on which the operator sits or a platform on which the operator stands and a driving wheel in contact
22 with the ground in addition to the wheels of the vehicle itself. A motorcycle may carry one or more attachments
23 and a seat for the conveyance of a passenger.

24 (b) The term does not include a tractor, a bicycle as defined in 61-8-102, a motorized nonstandard
25 vehicle, or a two- or three-wheeled all-terrain vehicle that is used exclusively on private property.

26 (32) (a) "Motor-driven cycle" means a motorcycle, including a motor scooter, with a motor that produces
27 5 horsepower or less.

28 (b) The term does not include a bicycle, as defined in 61-8-102, or a motorized nonstandard vehicle.

29 (33) "Motor home" means a motor vehicle:

30 (a) designed to provide temporary living quarters, built as an integral part of or permanently attached to

1 a self-propelled motor vehicle chassis or van;

2 (b) containing permanently installed independent life support systems that meet the ANSI/A119.2
3 standard; and

4 (c) providing at least four of the following types of facilities:

5 (i) cooking, refrigeration, or icebox;

6 (ii) self-contained toilet;

7 (iii) heating or air-conditioning, or both;

8 (iv) potable water supply, including a faucet and sink; or

9 (v) separate 110-volt or 125-volt electrical power supply or a liquefied petroleum gas supply; or both.

10 (34) (a) "Motorized nonstandard vehicle" means a vehicle, upon or by which a person may be
11 transported, that:

12 (i) is propelled by its own power, using an internal combustion engine or an electric motor;

13 (ii) has a wheelbase of less than 40 inches and a wheel diameter of less than 10 inches; and

14 (iii) does not display a manufacturer's certification in accordance with 49 CFR, part 567, or have a
15 17-character vehicle identification number assigned by the manufacturer in accordance with 49 CFR, part 565.

16 (b) The term includes but is not limited to a motorized skateboard and a vehicle commonly known as a
17 "pocket rocket".

18 (c) The term does not include an electric personal assistive mobility device or a motorized wheelchair
19 or other low-powered, mechanically propelled vehicle designed specifically for use by a physically disabled
20 person.

21 (35) (a) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle propelled by its own power and designed or used to transport
22 persons or property upon the highways of the state.

23 (b) The term does not include a bicycle as defined in 61-8-102 or a motorized wheelchair or other
24 low-powered, mechanically propelled vehicle that is designed specifically for use by a physically disabled person
25 and that is used as a means of mobility for that person.

26 (36) "New motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle, regardless of the mileage of the vehicle, the legal or
27 equitable title to which has never been transferred by a manufacturer, distributor, or dealer to another person as
28 the result of a retail sale.

29 (37) "Nonresident" means a person who is not a resident of this state.

30 (38) (a) "Not used for general transportation purposes" means the operation of a motor vehicle, registered

1 as a collector's item, a custom vehicle, or a street rod, to or from a car club activity or event or an exhibit, show,
2 cruise night, or parade, or other occasional transportation activity.

3 (b) The term does not include operation of a motor vehicle for routine or ordinary household
4 maintenance, employment, education, or other similar purposes.

5 (39) (a) "Off-highway vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle used for recreation or cross-country travel
6 on public lands, trails, easements, lakes, rivers, or streams. The term includes but is not limited to motorcycles,
7 quadricycles, dune buggies, amphibious vehicles, air cushion vehicles, and any other means of land
8 transportation deriving motive power from any source other than muscle or wind.

9 (b) The term does not include:

10 (i) vehicles designed primarily for travel on, over, or in the water;

11 (ii) snowmobiles; or

12 (iii) vehicles otherwise issued a certificate of title and registered under the laws of the state, unless the
13 vehicle is used for off-road recreation on public lands.

14 (40) "Operator" means a person who is in actual physical control of a motor vehicle.

15 (41) "Owner" means a person who holds the legal title to a vehicle. If a vehicle is the subject of an
16 agreement for the conditional sale of the vehicle with the right of purchase upon performance of the conditions
17 stated in the agreement and with an immediate right of possession vested in the conditional vendee, or in the
18 event a vehicle is subject to a lease, contract, or other legal arrangement vesting right of possession or control,
19 for security or otherwise, or in the event a mortgagor of a vehicle is entitled to possession, then the owner is the
20 person in whom is vested the right of possession or control.

21 (42) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, firm, or other legal entity.

22 (43) "Personal watercraft" means a vessel that uses an outboard motor or an inboard engine powering
23 a water jet pump as its primary source of propulsion and that is designed to be operated by a person sitting,
24 standing, or kneeling on the vessel rather than by the conventional method of sitting or standing in the vessel.

25 (44) "Pole trailer" means a vehicle without power designed to be drawn by another vehicle and attached
26 to the towing vehicle by means of a reach or pole or by being boomed or otherwise secured to the towing vehicle
27 and ordinarily used for transporting long or irregularly shaped loads such as poles, pipes, or structural members
28 capable generally of sustaining themselves as beams between the supporting connections.

29 (45) "Police officer" means an officer authorized to direct or regulate traffic or to make arrests for
30 violations of traffic regulations.

1 (46) (a) "Quadricycle" means a four-wheeled motor vehicle, designed for on-road or off-road use, having
2 a seat or saddle upon which the operator sits and a motor capable of producing not more than 50 horsepower.

3 (b) The term does not include golf carts.

4 (47) "Railroad" means a carrier of persons or property upon cars, other than streetcars, operated upon
5 stationary rails.

6 (48) (a) "Railroad train" or "train" means a steam engine or electric or other motor, with or without cars
7 coupled to the engine, that is operated upon rails.

8 (b) The term does not include streetcars.

9 (49) "Recreational vehicle" includes self-propelled vehicles originally designed or permanently altered
10 to provide temporary facilities for recreational, travel, or camping use.

11 (50) "Registration" or "register" means the act or process of creating an electronic record, maintained by
12 the department, of the assignment of a license plate or a set of license plates to and the issuance of a registration
13 decal for a specific vehicle, the ownership of which has been established or is presumed in department records.

14 (51) "Registration decal" means an adhesive sticker produced by the department and issued by the
15 department, its authorized agent, or a county treasurer to the owner of a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole
16 trailer as proof of payment of all fees imposed for the registration period indicated on the sticker as recorded by
17 the department under 61-3-101.

18 (52) "Registration receipt" means a paper record that is produced and issued or, if authorized by the
19 department, an electronic record that is transmitted by the department, its authorized agent, or a county treasurer
20 to the owner of a vehicle that identifies a vehicle, based on information maintained in the electronic record of title
21 for the vehicle, and that provides evidence of the payment of all fees required to be paid for the registration of the
22 vehicle for the registration period indicated in the receipt.

23 (53) "Retail sale" means the sale of a new motor vehicle or used motor vehicle, a recreational vehicle,
24 a trailer, a travel trailer, a motorcycle, a quadricycle, or special mobile equipment by a dealer to a person for
25 purposes other than resale.

26 (54) "Revocation" means that the driver's license and privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the public
27 highways are terminated and may not be renewed or restored. An application for a new license may be presented
28 and acted upon by the department after the expiration of the period of the revocation.

29 (55) "Roadway" means that portion of a highway improved, designed, or ordinarily used for vehicular
30 travel, exclusive of the berm or shoulder. In the event that a highway includes two or more separate roadways,

1 the term refers to any roadway separately but not to all roadways collectively.

2 (56) (a) "Sailboat" means a vessel that uses a sail and wind as its primary source of propulsion.

3 (b) The term does not include a canoe or kayak propelled by wind.

4 (57) "Semitrailer" means a vehicle, with or without motive power, other than a pole trailer, designed for
5 carrying property and for being drawn by a motor vehicle and constructed so that some part of its weight and that
6 of its load rests upon or is carried by another vehicle.

7 (58) "Snowmobile" means a self-propelled vehicle of an overall width of 48 inches or less, excluding
8 accessories, that is designed primarily for travel on snow or ice, that may be steered by skis or runners, and that
9 is not otherwise registered or licensed under the laws of the state of Montana.

10 (59) "Special mobile equipment" means a vehicle not designed for the transportation of persons or
11 property on the highways but incidentally operated or moved over the highways, including road construction or
12 maintenance machinery, ditch-digging apparatus, and well-boring apparatus. The fact that equipment is
13 permanently attached to a vehicle does not make the vehicle special mobile equipment. The enumeration in this
14 subsection is partial and does not exclude other vehicles that are within the general terms of this subsection.

15 (60) (a) "Specially constructed vehicle" means a motor vehicle, including a motorcycle, that:

16 (i) was not originally constructed under a distinctive make, model, or type by a generally recognized
17 manufacturer of motor vehicles;

18 (ii) has been structurally modified so that it does not have the same appearance as similar vehicles from
19 a generally recognized manufacturer of motor vehicles;

20 (iii) has been constructed or assembled entirely from custom-built parts and materials not obtained from
21 other vehicles;

22 (iv) has been constructed or assembled by using major component parts from one or more manufactured
23 vehicles and that cannot be identified as a specific make or model; or

24 (v) has been constructed by the use of a kit that cannot be visually identified as a specific make or model.

25 (b) The term does not include a motor vehicle that has been repaired or restored to its original design
26 by replacing parts.

27 (61) (a) "Sport utility vehicle" means a light vehicle designed to transport 10 or fewer persons that is
28 constructed on a truck chassis or that has special features for occasional off-road use.

29 (b) The term does not include trucks having a manufacturer's rated capacity of 1 ton or less.

30 (62) (a) "Stop", when required, means complete cessation from movement.

(b) "Stop", "stopping", or "standing", when prohibited, means any stopping or standing of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic or in compliance with the directions of a police officer, highway patrol officer, or traffic control sign or signal.

(63) "Street" means the entire width between the boundary lines of every publicly maintained way when any part of the publicly maintained way is open to the use of the public for purposes of vehicular travel.

(64) "Street rod" means a motor vehicle, other than a motorcycle, that:

(a) was manufactured prior to 1949 or was built to resemble a vehicle manufactured before 1949, including a kit vehicle intended to resemble a vehicle manufactured before 1949; and

(b) has been altered from the manufacturer's original design or has a body constructed from nonoriginal materials.

(65) "Suspension" means that the driver's license and privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the public highways are temporarily withdrawn, but only during the period of suspension.

(66) "Temporary registration permit" means a paper record:

(a) issued by the department, an authorized agent, a county treasurer, or a person, using a department-approved electronic interface after an electronic record has been transmitted to the department, that contains:

(i) required vehicle and owner information; and

(ii) the purpose for which the record was generated; and

(b) that, when placed in a durable license-plate style plastic pouch approved by the department and displayed as prescribed in 61-3-224, authorizes a person to operate the described motor vehicle, motorboat, sailboat that is 12 feet in length or longer, snowmobile, or off-highway vehicle for 40 days from the date the record is issued or until the vehicle is registered under Title 23 or this title, whichever first occurs.

(67) "Traffic" means pedestrians, ridden or herded animals, vehicles, streetcars, and other conveyances either singly or together while using any highways for purposes of travel.

(68) (a) "Trailer" means a vehicle, with or without motive power, other than a pole trailer, designed for carrying property and for being drawn by a motor vehicle and constructed so that no part of its weight rests upon the towing vehicle.

(b) The term does not include a mobile home or a manufactured home, as defined in 15-1-101.

(69) "Transaction summary receipt" means an electronic record produced and issued by the department, its authorized agent, or a county treasurer for which a paper receipt is issued. The record may be created by the

1 department and transmitted to the owner of a vehicle, a secured party, or a lienholder. The record must contain
2 a unique transaction record number and summarize and verify the electronic filing of the transaction described
3 in the receipt on the electronic record of title maintained under 61-3-101.

4 (70) "Travel trailer" means a vehicle:

5 (a) that is 40 feet or less in length;

6 (b) that is of a size or weight that does not require special permits when towed by a motor vehicle;

7 (c) with gross trailer area of less than 320 square feet; and

8 (d) that is designed to provide temporary facilities for recreational, travel, or camping use and not used
9 as a principal residence.

10 (71) "Truck" or "motortruck" means a motor vehicle designed, used, or maintained primarily for the
11 transportation of property.

12 (72) "Truck tractor" means a motor vehicle designed and used primarily for drawing other vehicles and
13 not constructed to carry a load other than a part of the weight of the vehicle and load drawn.

14 (73) "Under the influence" has the meaning provided in 61-8-401.

15 (74) "Used motor vehicle" includes any motor vehicle that has been sold, bargained, exchanged, given
16 away, or had its title transferred from the person who first took title to it from the manufacturer, importer, dealer,
17 wholesaler, or agent of the manufacturer or importer and that has been used so as to have become what is
18 commonly known as "secondhand" within the ordinary meaning of that term.

19 (75) "Van" means a motor vehicle designed for the transportation of at least six persons and not more
20 than nine persons and intended for but not limited to family or personal transportation without compensation.

21 (76) (a) "Vehicle" means a device in, upon, or by which any person or property may be transported or
22 drawn upon a public highway, except devices moved by animal power or used exclusively upon stationary rails
23 or tracks.

24 (b) The term does not include a manually or mechanically propelled wheelchair or other low-powered,
25 mechanically propelled vehicle that is designed specifically for use by a physically disabled person and that is
26 used as a means of mobility for that person.

27 (77) "Vehicle identification number" means the number, letters, or combination of numbers and letters
28 assigned by the manufacturer, by the department, or in accordance with the laws of another state or country for
29 the purpose of identifying the motor vehicle or a component part of the motor vehicle.

30 (78) "Vessel" means every description of watercraft, unless otherwise defined by the department, other

1 than a seaplane on the water, used or capable of being used as a means of transportation on water.

2 (79) "Wholesaler" means a person, firm, partnership, association, or corporation that for a commission
3 or with intent to make a profit or gain of money or other thing of value sells, exchanges, or attempts to negotiate
4 a sale or exchange of an interest in a used motor vehicle, recreational vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer,
5 special mobile equipment, motorcycle, or quadricycle only to vehicle dealers and auto auctions licensed under
6 chapter 4, part 1."

7
8 **Section 51.** Section 61-3-101, MCA, is amended to read:

9 **"61-3-101. Duties of department -- records.** (1) (a) The department shall create and maintain a central
10 registry of electronic files that includes an electronic record of title as specified in this section for motor vehicles,
11 trailers, semitrailers, pole trailers, campers, motorboats, personal watercraft, sailboats, and snowmobiles for
12 which:

13 (i) an application for a certificate of title has been received by the department, its authorized agent, or
14 a county treasurer;

15 (ii) a certificate of title has been issued by the department; or

16 (iii) a registration, security interest, or lien transaction has been recorded by the department.

17 (b) The central registry of electronic files described in subsection (1) must include an electronic record
18 of registration for each motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, camper, motorboat, personal watercraft,
19 sailboat, and snowmobile registered in this state:

20 (i) for which the certificate of title was issued by another jurisdiction and that was registered in another
21 jurisdiction; or

22 (ii) for which a certificate of title has not been issued or is not required.

23 (2) The electronic record of title for a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, camper, motorboat,
24 personal watercraft, sailboat, or snowmobile must contain the following information:

25 (a) the name, residence, and mailing address of the owner and:

26 (i) if the owner is the holder of a driver's license or identification card issued by the department or by a
27 motor vehicle agency of another jurisdiction, the owner's driver's license or identification card number and the
28 issuing jurisdiction; or

29 (ii) if the owner is a corporation, the registered agent's name and, if the agent is the holder of a driver's
30 license or identification card, the agent's driver's license or identification card number and the issuing jurisdiction;

(b) a description of the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, camper, motorboat, personal watercraft, sailboat, or snowmobile, including, as pertinent to the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, camper, motorboat, personal watercraft, sailboat, or snowmobile:

(i) the manufacturer of the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, camper, motorboat, personal watercraft, sailboat, or snowmobile;

(ii) the manufacturer's designation of the style of the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, camper, motorboat, personal watercraft, sailboat, or snowmobile;

(iii) the identifying number;

(iv) the manufacturer's designated model year of manufacture and the odometer reading, if applicable, at the time of the transfer of ownership;

(v) the character of the motive power and the shipping weight of the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, camper, motorboat, personal watercraft, sailboat, or snowmobile as shown by the manufacturer;

(vi) the distinctive license number assigned to the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, camper, motorboat, personal watercraft, sailboat, or snowmobile, if any;

(vii) the gross vehicle weight and gross vehicle weight rating, as determined by the manufacturer, or, for a trailer operating interstate, the declared weight;

(viii) the unique transaction record number, when available and assigned by the department, for each transaction pertaining to the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, camper, motorboat, personal watercraft, sailboat, or snowmobile and the date of each transaction;

(ix) any brand required under state law or any brand carried forward from a certificate of title surrendered from another jurisdiction;

(x) if the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, camper, motorboat, personal watercraft, sailboat, or snowmobile has been or is currently registered in this state, the distinctive license plate number or certificate number assigned to the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, camper, motorboat, personal watercraft, sailboat, or snowmobile and a record of all fees and local option taxes, if applicable, paid for the current and preceding registration periods; and

(xi) other information that may be required for registration or may from time to time be found desirable.

(3) The electronic record of registration for a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, camper, motorboat, personal watercraft, sailboat, or snowmobile must contain, at a minimum, the following information:

(a) the name, residence, and mailing address of the owner and the driver's license or identification card

1 data required in subsections (2)(a)(i) and (2)(a)(ii);

2 (b) the same data that is required under subsection (2)(b) for the electronic record of title; and

3 (c) any other data considered to be pertinent by the department.

4 (4) In order to prevent an accumulation of unneeded records and files, regardless of any other statutory
5 requirements, the department may destroy all records and files that relate to motor vehicles, trailers, semitrailers,
6 pole trailers, campers, motorboats, personal watercraft, sailboats, or snowmobiles that have not been registered
7 within the preceding 4 years and that do not have an active lien.

8 (5) Subject to the provisions of Title 61, chapter 11, part 5, motor vehicle records maintained by the
9 department must be open to inspection during reasonable business hours, and the department shall furnish any
10 information from the records, except personal information and highly restricted personal information, as defined
11 in 61-11-503, upon payment by the applicant of the cost of the information requested. Prior to providing the
12 information, the department shall require the applicant to provide identification. The department may not disclose
13 personal information or highly restricted personal information except as permitted or required under 61-11-507,
14 61-11-508, or 61-11-509."

15
16 **Section 52.** Section 61-3-116, MCA, is amended to read:

17 **"61-3-116. Services that may be performed by authorized agent.** (1) The department may authorize
18 a person to perform, on the department's behalf, specific motor vehicle titling, registration, or driver licensing
19 functions assigned to or administered by the department under Title 23, chapter 2, parts 5, 6, and 8 or this title.
20 The authorization must be evidenced by an authorized agent agreement.

21 (2) An authorized agent must meet all of the requirements established by the department.

22 (3) An authorized agent shall submit to the department or its designee all statutorily prescribed fees,
23 taxes, or penalties the authorized agent collects.

24 (4) (a) Except when specifically prohibited by statute or the authorized agent agreement, in addition to
25 statutorily prescribed fees, taxes, and penalties, an authorized agent may collect and retain a reasonable
26 convenience fee for services provided.

27 (b) If an authorized agent is a municipal or county officer, the convenience fee may be charged and
28 collected as permitted under 7-5-2133 or 7-5-4125.

29 (5) The department may provide an automated mechanism to ensure that any statutorily prescribed fee,
30 tax, or penalty collected by an authorized agent or a county treasurer in a county other than the county where

1 a the vehicle is domiciled is transferred to the county treasurer of the county where the vehicle is domiciled.

2 (6) As used in this section, "person" has the meaning provided in 61-1-101(1)(b)."

3
4 **Section 53.** Section 61-3-217, MCA, is amended to read:

5 **"61-3-217. Certificate of title -- duties -- examination of application -- records check -- incomplete**
6 **application.** (1) (a) Upon receipt of an application for a certificate of title and any supporting documents, an
7 authorized agent of the department or a county treasurer shall:

8 (i) review the application and documents;

9 (ii) complete the records check required in subsection (2); and

10 (iii) if an authorized agent of the department or the county treasurer is satisfied as to the genuineness
11 and regularity of the application and satisfied that the applicant is entitled to the issuance of a certificate of title,
12 enter the transfer of interest on the electronic record of title.

13 (b) If an authorized agent of the department or the county treasurer is not satisfied as to the genuineness
14 and regularity of the application or is not satisfied that the applicant is entitled to the issuance of a certificate of
15 title, the authorized agent or the county treasurer may not enter the transfer of interest on the electronic record
16 of title.

17 (c) If an authorized agent of the department or the county treasurer enters the transfer of interest on the
18 electronic record of title, an authorized agent or the county treasurer shall:

19 (i) issue a transaction summary receipt to the applicant and, if requested, to any secured party or
20 lienholder with a perfected security interest; and

21 (ii) as prescribed by the department, forward to the department the application, the assigned certificate
22 of title, and any other documents provided in support of the application.

23 (2) The department, its authorized agent, or a county treasurer who first receives an application for a
24 certificate of title shall check the vehicle identification number shown on the application against:

25 (a) the records of motor vehicles, trailers, semitrailers, pole trailers, campers, motorboats, personal
26 watercraft, sailboats, or snowmobiles maintained by the department under 61-3-101;

27 (b) the reported stolen motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, camper, motorboat, personal
28 watercraft, sailboat, or snowmobile databases maintained on the state's criminal justice information network and
29 by the national crime information center; and

30 (c) any other records or databases prescribed by the department.

(3) (a) Upon receipt of an application for a certificate of title and supporting documents that have been processed by an authorized agent of the department or a county treasurer, the department shall review the documents to determine if the application is complete. If the department determines that the application is incomplete, the department shall enter the incomplete status of the application on the ~~electrie~~ electronic record of title for the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, camper, motorboat, personal watercraft, sailboat, or snowmobile and return to the applicant, by first-class mail, the application and all supporting documents. The department shall provide a statement with a specific description of the additional information or documents that must be supplied by the applicant to complete the application process.

(b) The department may not complete the application process, remove the incomplete status notation on the electronic record of title, or issue a certificate of title until the applicant returns the completed application, including any supporting additional information or documents, to the department."

Section 54. Section 61-3-224, MCA, is amended to read:

"61-3-224. Temporary registration permit -- issuance -- placement -- fees. (1) The department, an authorized agent, or a county treasurer may issue a temporary registration permit to:

(a) a Montana resident who acquires a new or used motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, motorboat, sailboat that is 12 feet in length or longer, snowmobile, or off-highway vehicle for operation of the vehicle or vessel prior to titling and registration of the vehicle or vessel under this chapter;

(b) the owner of a salvage vehicle for moving the vehicle to and from a designated inspection site prior to applying for a new certificate of title under 61-3-212;

(c) the owner of a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer registered in this state for operation of the vehicle while awaiting production and receipt of special or duplicate license plates ordered for the vehicle under this chapter;

(d) a nonresident of this state who acquires a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer in this state for operation of the vehicle prior to its titling and registration under the laws of the nonresident's jurisdiction of residence;

(e) a dealer licensed in another state who brings a motor vehicle or trailer designed and used to apply fertilizer to agricultural lands into the state for special demonstration in this state; or

(f) a financial institution located in Montana for a prospective purchaser to demonstrate a motor vehicle that the financial institution has obtained following repossession.

(2) A person, using a department-approved electronic interface, may issue a temporary registration permit for the specified purposes if the person is:

(a) a Montana resident who acquires a new or used motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, motorboat, sailboat that is 12 feet in length or longer, snowmobile, or off-highway vehicle for operation of the vehicle or vessel prior to titling and registration of the vehicle or vessel under this chapter;

(b) the owner of a salvage vehicle for moving the vehicle to and from a designated inspection site prior to applying for a new certificate of title under 61-3-212;

(c) a nonresident of this state who acquires a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer in this state for operation of the vehicle prior to its titling and registration under the laws of the nonresident's jurisdiction of residence; or

(d) a financial institution located in Montana that intends to allow a prospective purchaser to demonstrate a motor vehicle that the financial institution has obtained following repossession.

(3) A temporary registration permit issued under this section must contain the following information:

(a) a temporary plate number, registration receipt number, or transaction record number, as prescribed by the department;

(b) the expiration date of the temporary registration permit; and

(c) if required by the department, a description of the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, motorboat, personal watercraft, sailboat, or snowmobile, including year, make, model, and vehicle identification number, the name of the person from whom ownership of the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, motorboat, personal watercraft, sailboat, or snowmobile was transferred, the name, mailing address, and residence address of the person to whom ownership of the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, motorboat, personal watercraft, sailboat, or snowmobile has been transferred, and the date of issuance.

(4) A temporary registration permit for:

(a) a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer must be plainly visible and firmly attached to the rear exterior of the vehicle where a license plate is required to be displayed; and

(b) a motorboat, a sailboat that is 12 feet in length or longer, a snowmobile, or an off-highway vehicle must be plainly visible and firmly attached to the vehicle or vessel.

(5) (a) Except as provided in 61-3-431 and subsection (5)(b) of this section, a \$3 fee is imposed upon issuance of a temporary registration permit by the department, an authorized agent, or a county treasurer. The fee must be paid by the owner of the vehicle or vessel and collected by the department, the authorized agent,

1 or a county treasurer when the vehicle is registered.

2 (b) Except as provided in 61-3-431, a fee of \$8 is imposed and must be paid upon issuance of a
3 temporary registration permit by:

4 (i) the department, an authorized agent, or a county treasurer to a nonresident of this state who acquires
5 a vehicle or vessel in this state; or

6 (ii) a person who issued a temporary registration permit using a department-approved electronic interface.

7 (6) The fees imposed under this section, upon collection, must be forwarded to the state and deposited
8 in the motor vehicle electronic commerce operating account provided for in 61-3-118.

9 (7) If a temporary registration permit is issued under this section to a person to whom ownership of a
10 vehicle or vessel has been transferred, the permitholder shall title and register the vehicle or vessel in this or
11 another jurisdiction before the ownership of the vehicle or vessel may be transferred to another person."
12

13 **Section 55.** Section 61-3-301, MCA, is amended to read:

14 **"61-3-301. Registration -- license plate required -- display.** (1) (a) Except as provided in 61-4-120,
15 61-4-129, and subsection (1)(b) of this section, a person may not operate a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, ~~or~~
16 pole trailer, or travel trailer upon the public highways of Montana unless the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, ~~or~~
17 pole trailer, or travel trailer is properly registered and has the proper license plates conspicuously displayed, ~~one~~
18 ~~on the front and one on the rear of~~ on the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, ~~or~~ pole trailer, ~~each~~ or travel trailer.
19 A license plate must be securely fastened to prevent it from swinging and unobstructed may not be obstructed
20 from plain view.

21 (b) A motorcycle, quadricycle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, or travel trailer must ~~display~~ have a single
22 license plate displayed on the rear of the vehicle. A custom vehicle or street rod registered under 61-3-320(1)(b)
23 or (1)(c)(iii) may display a single license plate firmly attached to the rear exterior of the custom vehicle or street
24 rod. All other motor vehicles must have one license plate displayed on the front and one licence plate displayed
25 on the rear of the motor vehicle.

26 (c) A person may not display on a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, ~~or~~ pole trailer, or travel trailer at the
27 same time a number assigned to it under any motor vehicle law except as provided in this chapter.

28 (2) A person may not purchase or display on a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, ~~or~~ pole trailer, or travel
29 trailer a license plate bearing the number assigned to any county, as provided in 61-3-332, other than the county
30 where the ~~motor~~ vehicle; is domiciled or the county where the trailer, semitrailer, ~~or~~ pole trailer, or travel trailer

1 is domiciled at the time of application for registration.

2 (3) It is unlawful to:

3 (a) display license plates issued to one motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, ~~or pole trailer~~, or travel trailer
4 on any other motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, or travel trailer unless legally transferred as provided
5 by statute;

6 (b) repaint old license plates to resemble current license plates; or

7 (c) display a prior design of standard license plates issued under 61-3-332(3)(a) or special license plates
8 issued under 61-3-332(8) or 61-3-421 more than 18 months after a new design of standard license plates or
9 special license plates has been issued, except as provided in 61-3-332(3)(c) and (3)(d), 61-3-448, or 61-3-468.

10 (4) For the purposes of this section, "conspicuously displayed" means that the required license plates
11 are obviously visible and firmly attached to:

12 (a) the front bumper and the rear bumper of a motor vehicle, ~~trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer~~ equipped
13 with front and rear bumpers, except for a custom vehicle or street rod as provided in subsection (1)(b); or

14 (b) ~~other a~~ clearly visible ~~locations~~ location on the ~~front and the rear exteriors of a motor vehicle~~, rear
15 of a trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer, or travel trailer."

16
17 **Section 56.** Section 61-3-303, MCA, is amended to read:

18 **"61-3-303. Original registration -- process -- fees.** (1) Except as provided in 61-3-324, a Montana
19 resident who owns a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer operated or driven upon the public highways
20 of this state shall register the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer in the office of the county treasurer
21 in the county where the owner permanently resides or, if the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer is
22 owned by a corporation or used primarily for commercial purposes, in the county where the ~~motor~~ vehicle; is
23 domiciled or the county where the trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer is domiciled.

24 (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), the county treasurer shall register any vehicle for which:

25 (a) as of the date that the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer is to be registered, the owner
26 delivers an application for a certificate of title to the department, its authorized agent, or a county treasurer; or

27 (b) the county treasurer confirms that the department has an electronic record of title for the motor
28 vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer as provided under 61-3-101.

29 (3) (a) A county treasurer may register a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer for which a
30 certificate of title and registration were issued in another jurisdiction and for which registration is required under

61-3-701 after the county treasurer examines the current out-of-jurisdiction registration certificate or receipt and receives payment of the fees required in 61-3-701. The county treasurer may ask the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer owner to provide additional information, prescribed by the department, to ensure that the electronic record of registration maintained by the department is complete.

(b) A county treasurer may register a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer for which the new owner cannot, due to circumstances beyond the new owner's control, surrender a previously assigned certificate of title. The new owner may submit an application for certificate of title, subject to the registration renewal limitations of 61-3-312.

(4) Upon registering a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer for the first time in this state, the county treasurer shall:

(a) update the electronic record of title, if any, maintained for the vehicle by the department under 61-3-101;

(b) assign a registration period for the vehicle under 61-3-311;

(c) determine the vehicle's age, if required, under 61-3-501;

(d) determine the amount of fees, including local option taxes or fees, to be paid under subsection (5);

and

(e) assign and issue license plates for the vehicle under 61-3-331.

(5) Unless otherwise provided by law, a person registering a motor vehicle shall pay to the county treasurer:

(a) the fees in lieu of tax or registration fees as required for:

(i) a light vehicle under 61-3-321(2) or 61-3-562, in addition to, if applicable, any local option tax or fee under 61-3-537 or 61-3-570;

(ii) a motor home under 61-3-321;

(iii) a travel trailer under 61-3-321;

(iv) a motorcycle or quadricycle under 61-3-321;

(v) a bus, a truck having a manufacturer's rated capacity of more than 1 ton, or a truck tractor under 61-3-321 and 61-3-529; or

(vi) a trailer under 61-3-321;

(b) a donation of \$1 or more if the person indicates that the person wishes to donate to promote awareness and education efforts for procurement of organ and tissue donations in Montana to favorably impact

1 anatomical gifts; and

2 (c) a donation of \$1 or more if the person indicates that the person wishes to donate to promote
3 education on, support for, and awareness of traumatic brain injury.

4 (6) The county treasurer may not issue a registration receipt or license plates for the motor vehicle,
5 trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer to the owner unless the owner makes the payments required by subsection (5).

6 (7) The department may make full and complete investigation of the registration status of the motor
7 vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer. A person seeking to register a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole
8 trailer under this section shall provide additional information to support the registration to the department if
9 requested.

10 (8) Revenue that accrues from the voluntary donation provided in subsection (5)(b) must be forwarded
11 by the respective county treasurer to the department of revenue for deposit in the state special revenue fund to
12 the credit of an account established by the department of public health and human services to support activities
13 related to awareness and education efforts for procurement of organ and tissue donations for anatomical gifts.

14 (9) (a) Except as provided in subsection (9)(b), the fees in lieu of tax, taxes, and fees imposed on or
15 collected from the registration of a travel trailer, motorcycle, or quadricycle or a trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer
16 that has a declared weight of less than 26,000 pounds are required to be paid only once during the time that the
17 travel trailer, motorcycle, quadricycle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer is owned by the same person who
18 registered the travel trailer, motorcycle, quadricycle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer. Once registered, a travel
19 trailer, motorcycle, quadricycle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer is registered permanently unless ownership is
20 transferred.

21 (b) Whenever ownership of a travel trailer, motorcycle, quadricycle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer is
22 transferred, the new owner is required to register the travel trailer, motorcycle, quadricycle, trailer, semitrailer,
23 or pole trailer as if it were being registered for the first time, including paying all of the required fees in lieu of tax,
24 taxes, and fees.

25 (10) Revenue that accrues from the voluntary donation provided in subsection (5)(c) must be forwarded
26 by the respective county treasurer to the department of revenue for deposit in the state special revenue fund to
27 the credit of the account established in 2-15-2218 to support activities related to education regarding prevention
28 of traumatic brain injury."

29
30 **Section 57.** Section 61-3-311, MCA, is amended to read:

1 **"61-3-311. Registration -- time periods.** (1) Unless a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer
2 is subject to permanent registration under this title and except as provided in 61-3-313, 61-3-701, 61-3-721, and
3 subsection (3) of this section, the department, an authorized agent, or a county treasurer shall, upon original
4 registration of a motor vehicle in this state, assign each motor vehicle to a registration period, as provided in
5 61-3-316, based upon the calendar month in which the motor vehicle is first registered in this state and designate
6 the calendar year in which the current registration will expire.

7 (2) Each registration period commences on the first day of the calendar month in the calendar year in
8 which the motor vehicle is registered and the motor vehicle's registration expires on the earlier of:

9 (a) the last day of the month preceding the anniversary of the registration period for the year designated
10 on the motor vehicle's registration decal if the motor vehicle is registered for a minimum 12-month period;

11 (b) the last day of the month preceding the anniversary of the registration period for the year designated
12 on the motor vehicle's registration decal if the motor vehicle is registered for a period of at least 13 but less than
13 25 months; or

14 (c) the transfer of ownership of the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer to another person.

15 (3) (a) Upon request of the motor vehicle owner, a county treasurer may assign a motor vehicle to a
16 registration period, as provided in 61-3-316, other than a registration period beginning in the calendar month in
17 which the motor vehicle is first registered in this state if at least 13 but less than 25 months will elapse between
18 the first day of the calendar month in which the motor vehicle is registered and the last day of the month
19 preceding the anniversary of the requested registration period in the year designated on the motor vehicle's
20 registration decal.

21 (b) The county treasurer shall determine fees imposed for a motor vehicle registered for a period
22 between 13 and 24 months. All registration fees, fees in lieu of tax, or local option taxes or fees that are imposed
23 on an annual basis must be prorated based on the number of months in the requested registration period.

24 (c) A motor vehicle registered under the provisions of 61-3-303(3)(b) may not be registered under this
25 subsection (3).

26 (4) If a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer is permanently registered under the provisions
27 of this chapter, the registration is not subject to expiration unless the registered owner of the motor vehicle, trailer,
28 semitrailer, or pole trailer transfers ownership of the vehicle to another person."

29
30 **Section 58.** Section 61-3-321, MCA, is amended to read:

"61-3-321. Registration fees of vehicles and vessels -- certain vehicles exempt from registration

fees -- disposition of fees. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, registration fees must be paid upon registration or, if applicable, renewal of registration of motor vehicles, snowmobiles, watercraft, trailers, semitrailers, and pole trailers as provided in subsections (2) through (18):

(2) (a) Except as provided in subsection (2)(b), there is a registration fee imposed on light vehicles. The registration fee is in addition to other annual registration fees.

(b) The following vehicles are exempt from the registration fee imposed in this subsection (2):

(i) light vehicles that meet the description of property exempt from taxation under 15-6-201(1)(a), (1)(c), (1)(d), (1)(e), (1)(f), (1)(g), (1)(i), (1)(j), (1)(l), or (1)(m), 15-6-203, or 15-6-215, except as provided in 61-3-520;

(ii) a light vehicle owned by a person eligible for a waiver of registration fees under 61-3-460;

(iii) a light vehicle registered under 61-3-456.

(c) The owner of a light vehicle subject to the provisions of 61-3-313 through 61-3-316 may register the light vehicle for a period not to exceed 24 months. The application for registration or reregistration must be accompanied by the registration fee and all other fees required in this chapter for each 12-month period of the 24-month period.

(d) The annual registration fee for light vehicles, trucks and buses under 1 ton, and logging trucks less than 1 ton is as follows:

(i) if the vehicle is 4 or less years old, \$217;

(ii) if the vehicle is 5 through 10 years old, \$87; and

(iii) if the vehicle is 11 or more years old, \$28;

(e) The owner of a light vehicle 11 years old or older may permanently register the light vehicle as provided in 61-3-562.

(3) (a) Except as provided in subsection (3)(c), the owner of a trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer that has a declared weight of less than 6,000 pounds shall pay a one-time fee of \$61.25.

(b) The owner of a trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer with a declared weight of 6,000 pounds or more shall pay a one-time fee of \$148.25.

(c) Except as provided in subsection (17), whenever a transfer of ownership of a trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer described in subsection (3)(a) or (3)(b) occurs, the one-time fee required under subsection (3)(a) or (3)(b) must be paid by the new owner.

(4) The annual registration fee for motor vehicles owned and operated solely as collector's items

1 pursuant to 61-3-411 that are for motor vehicles:

2 (a) 2,850 pounds and over, \$10; and

3 (b) under 2,850 pounds, \$5.

4 (5) (a) The registration fee for off-highway vehicles is \$61.25. This fee is a one-time fee, except upon
5 transfer of ownership of an off-highway vehicle. Except as provided in subsection (17), whenever a transfer of
6 ownership of an off-highway vehicle occurs, the one-time fee required under this subsection must be paid by the
7 new owner.

8 (b) The application for registration for an off-highway vehicle must be made to the county treasurer of
9 the county in which the owner resides, on a form furnished by the department for that purpose. The application
10 must contain:

11 (i) the name and home mailing address of the owner;

12 (ii) the certificate of title number;

13 (iii) the name of the manufacturer of the off-highway vehicle;

14 (iv) the model number or name;

15 (v) the year of manufacture;

16 (vi) a statement evidencing payment of the registration fee ~~in lieu of property tax~~; and

17 (vii) other information that the department may require.

18 (c) If the off-highway vehicle was previously registered, the application must be accompanied by the
19 registration certificate for the most recent year in which it was registered. Upon payment of the registration fee,
20 the county treasurer shall sign the application and issue a registration receipt containing the information
21 considered necessary by the department. The owner shall retain possession of the registration receipt until it is
22 surrendered to the county treasurer or to a purchaser or subsequent owner pursuant to a transfer of ownership.

23 (6) The annual registration fee for heavy trucks, buses, and logging trucks in excess of 1 ton is \$22.75.

24 (7) (a) The owner of a motor home shall pay an annual fee based on the age of the motor home
25 according to the following schedule:

26 (i) less than 2 years old, \$282.50;

27 (ii) 2 years old and less than 5 years old, \$224.25;

28 (iii) 5 years old and less than 8 years old, \$132.50; and

29 (iv) 8 years old and older, \$97.50.

30 (b) (i) Except as provided in subsection (7)(b)(ii), the age of a motor home is determined by subtracting

1 the manufacturer's designated model year from the current calendar year.

2 (ii) If the purchase year of a motor home precedes the designated model year of the motor home and the
3 motor home is originally titled in Montana, then the purchase year is considered the model year for the purposes
4 of calculating the registration fee ~~in lieu of tax~~.

5 (c) (i) The owner of a motor home 11 years old or older subject to the registration fee under subsection
6 (7)(a) may permanently register the motor home upon payment of:

7 (A) a fee of \$237.50; and

8 (B) if applicable, five times the personalized license plate fees under 61-3-406.

9 (ii) The following series of license plates may not be used for purposes of permanent registration of a
10 motor home:

11 (A) Montana national guard license plates issued under 61-3-458(2)(b);

12 (B) reserve armed forces license plates issued under 61-3-458(2)(c);

13 (C) license plates bearing a wheelchair design as a symbol of a person with a disability issued under
14 61-3-332(9);

15 (D) amateur radio operator license plates issued under 61-3-422;

16 (E) collegiate license plates issued under 61-3-465; and

17 (F) generic specialty license plates issued under 61-3-479.

18 (iii) Except as provided in subsection (17), whenever a transfer of ownership of a permanently registered
19 motor home occurs, the applicable fees required under this subsection (7) must be paid by the new owner.

20 (8) (a) The registration fee for motorcycles and quadricycles registered for use on public highways is
21 \$53.25, and the registration fee for motorcycles and quadricycles registered for both off-road use and for use on
22 the public highways is \$114.50.

23 (b) An additional fee of \$5 for a motorcycle or quadricycle with special license plates issued under
24 61-3-415 and, for a motorcycle or quadricycle under one-time registration, an additional fee of \$16 must be
25 collected for the registration of each motorcycle or quadricycle as a safety fee, which must be deposited in the
26 state motorcycle safety account provided for in 20-25-1002.

27 (c) The registration fees in this subsection (8) are a one-time fee, except upon transfer of ownership of
28 a motorcycle or quadricycle.

29 (9) (a) The registration fee for travel trailers under 16 feet in length is \$72 and the registration fee for
30 travel trailers 16 feet in length or longer is \$152. This fee is a one-time fee, except upon transfer of ownership

1 of a travel trailer.

2 (b) Except as provided in subsection (17), whenever a transfer of ownership of a travel trailer occurs,
3 the one-time fee required under subsection (9)(a) must be paid by the new owner.

4 (10) (a) The owner of each motorboat, sailboat, personal watercraft, or motorized pontoon requiring
5 numbering by this state shall file an application for number in the office of the county treasurer in the county where
6 the motorboat, sailboat, personal watercraft, or motorized pontoon is owned, on forms prepared and furnished
7 by the department. The application must be signed by the owner of the motorboat, sailboat, personal watercraft,
8 or motorized pontoon and be accompanied by the appropriate registration fee. The owner of a motorboat,
9 sailboat, personal watercraft, or motorized pontoon shall pay a one-time fee as follows:

10 (i) for a personal watercraft or a motorboat, sailboat, or motorized pontoon less than 16 feet in length,
11 \$65.50;

12 (ii) for a motorboat, sailboat, or motorized pontoon at least 16 feet in length but less than 19 feet in length,
13 \$125.50; and

14 (iii) for a motorboat, sailboat, or motorized pontoon 19 feet in length or longer, \$295.50.

15 (b) This fee is a one-time fee, except upon transfer of ownership of the motorboat, sailboat, personal
16 watercraft, or motorized pontoon.

17 (11) (a) Except as provided in subsection (11)(b), the one-time registration fee for a snowmobile is
18 \$60.50.

19 (b) If a snowmobile is licensed by a Montana business and is owned exclusively for the purpose of daily
20 rental to customers, the business is assessed:

21 (i) a fee of \$40.50 in the first year of registration; and

22 (ii) if the business reregisters the snowmobile for a second year, a fee of \$20. If the business reregisters
23 the snowmobile for a third year, the snowmobile must be permanently registered and the business is assessed
24 the registration fee ~~in lieu of tax~~ imposed in subsection (11)(a).

25 (c) Except as provided in subsection (17), whenever a transfer of ownership of a snowmobile occurs,
26 the applicable fee required under this subsection (11) must be paid by the new owner.

27 (12) A fee of \$5 must be collected when a new set of standard license plates or a new single standard
28 license plate provided for under 61-3-332 is issued.

29 (13) The provisions of this part with respect to the payment of registration fees do not apply to and are
30 not binding upon motor vehicles, trailers, semitrailers, snowmobiles, watercraft, or tractors owned or controlled

1 by the United States of America or any state, county, city, or special district, as defined in 18-8-202.

2 (14) When the license plates for a registered motor vehicle are transferred to a replacement vehicle under
3 61-3-317, 61-3-332, or 61-3-335, the owner of the motor vehicle shall pay a registration fee as follows:

4 (a) heavy trucks, buses, and logging trucks in excess of 1 ton, 75 cents;

5 (b) light vehicles, trucks and buses under 1 ton, and logging trucks less than 1 ton:

6 (i) if the vehicle is 4 years old or less, \$195.75;

7 (ii) if the vehicle is 5 years old through 10 years old, \$65.75; and

8 (iii) if the vehicle is 11 years old or older, \$6.75;

9 (c) motor homes:

10 (i) less than 2 years old, \$250.50;

11 (ii) 2 years old and less than 5 years old, \$192.25;

12 (iii) 5 years old and less than 8 years old, \$100.50; and

13 (iv) 8 years old and older, \$65.50;

14 (d) motorcycles and quadricycles registered for use on the public highways, \$42, and motorcycles and
15 quadricycles registered for both off-road use and for use on the public highways, \$103.25. This fee is a one-time
16 fee, except upon transfer of ownership.

17 (e) travel trailers under 16 feet in length, \$50.50, and travel trailers 16 feet in length or longer, \$130.50.
18 This fee is a one-time fee, except upon transfer of ownership.

19 (f) trailers, semitrailers, or pole trailers with a declared weight of less than 6,000 pounds, \$52. This fee
20 is a one-time fee, except upon transfer of ownership.

21 (g) trailers, semitrailers, or pole trailers with a declared weight of 6,000 pounds or more, \$139. This fee
22 is a one-time fee, except upon transfer of ownership.

23 (15) A person eligible for a waiver under 61-3-460 is exempt from the fees required under this section.

24 (16) Except as otherwise provided in this section, revenue collected under this section must be deposited
25 in the state general fund.

26 (17) The fees imposed by subsections (2) through (11) are not required to be paid by a dealer for the
27 enumerated vehicles or vessels that constitute inventory of the dealership.

28 (18) (a) Unless a person exercises the option in subsection (18)(b), an additional fee of \$4 must be
29 collected for each light vehicle registered for licensing pursuant to this part. This fee must be accounted for and
30 transmitted separately from the registration fee. The fee must be deposited in an account in the state special

1 revenue fund to be used for state parks, for fishing access sites, and for the operation of state-owned facilities.
2 Of the \$4 fee, the department shall use \$3.50 for state parks, 25 cents for fishing access sites, and 25 cents for
3 the operation of state-owned facilities at Virginia City and Nevada City.

4 (b) A person who registers a light vehicle may, at the time of annual registration, certify that the person
5 does not intend to use the vehicle to visit state parks and fishing access sites and may make a written election
6 not to pay the additional \$4 fee provided for in subsection (18)(a). If a written election is made, the fee may not
7 be collected.

8 (19) For each light vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer, heavy truck, motor home, motorcycle,
9 quadricycle, and travel trailer subject to a registration fee under this section, an additional fee of \$5 must be
10 collected and forwarded to the state for deposit in the account established in 44-1-504.

11 (20) This section does not apply to a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer that is governed by
12 61-3-721."

13
14 **Section 59.** Section 61-3-461, MCA, is amended to read:

15 **"61-3-461. Short title.** Sections 61-3-461 through ~~61-3-467~~ 61-3-468 may be cited as the "Montana
16 Collegiate License Plates Act".

17
18 **Section 60.** Section 61-3-462, MCA, is amended to read:

19 **"61-3-462. Definitions.** As used in 61-3-461 through ~~61-3-467~~ 61-3-468, the following definitions apply:

20 (1) "Collegiate license plates" means license plates bearing the colors, numerals, letters, and insignia
21 provided in 61-3-463 and issued as provided in 61-3-464 through 61-3-466.

22 (2) "Institution" means:

23 (a) a unit of the Montana university system as designated in 20-25-201;

24 (b) a community college district as defined in 20-15-101; or

25 (c) a college or university located in Montana and accredited by a national or regional accrediting
26 association for institutions of higher learning to grant baccalaureate degrees."

27
28 **Section 61.** Section 61-3-721, MCA, is amended to read:

29 **"61-3-721. Proportional registration of motor fleet vehicles, registration periods, application, fee**
30 **formula, and payment -- permanent registration of trailer and semitrailer fleets -- transfer of ownership**

1 **-- transfer of license plates.** (1) An owner of one or more fleets may register and license each fleet for operation
2 in this state by filing an application with the department of transportation. The application must contain the
3 information pertinent to motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer registration that is required by the
4 department of transportation. If an electronic record of title has not been created for or a certificate of title issued
5 for an apportionable vehicle in the fleet, the department of transportation, as an authorized agent of the
6 department of justice, may also process the application for certificate of title for the vehicle as provided in
7 61-3-203 and 61-3-217.

8 (2) Except as provided in 61-3-318(1) and subsection (6) of this section, each fleet subject to the
9 provisions of 61-3-711 through 61-3-733 must be registered for an annual registration period based upon the date
10 that the fleet is first registered in this state.

11 (3) There are four annual registration periods, each of which begins on the first day of a calendar quarter.
12 As used in this subsection, "calendar quarter" means the period of 3 consecutive months ending March 31, June
13 30, September 30, or December 31. The periods are:

14 (a) January 1 through March 31 1st period

15 (b) April 1 through June 30 2nd period

16 (c) July 1 through September 30 3rd period

17 (d) October 1 through December 31 4th period

18 (4) Registration of a fleet of apportionable motor vehicles under subsection (2) must be renewed on or
19 before the last day of the month for the designated annual registration period unless a different registration period
20 has been authorized pursuant to 61-3-716(2). The department shall provide for simultaneous registration of
21 multiple fleets of apportionable motor vehicles in common ownership.

22 (5) Except as provided in subsection (6), the application for each fleet may be accompanied by a fee
23 payment computed by:

24 (a) dividing in-state miles by total fleet miles as defined in the applicable agreement, arrangement, or
25 declaration entered into pursuant to 61-3-711 through 61-3-733;

26 (b) determining the total amount necessary to register each motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or pole
27 trailer in the fleet for which registration is requested, based on the regular annual registration fees prescribed by
28 61-3-321 and chapter 10, part 2, and the property taxes that are due on the fleet;

29 (c) multiplying the sum obtained under subsection (5)(b) by the fraction obtained under subsection (5)(a).

30 (6) Upon renewal or new registration, each trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer fleet must be permanently

1 registered and assessed a registration fee of \$82.50. Each trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer in the fleet must be
2 issued a permanent license plate and ~~sticker~~ registration decal.

3 (7) The fee assessed in subsection (6) is a one-time fee except upon transfer of ownership of a trailer,
4 semitrailer, or pole trailer.

5 (8) If the owner of a fleet removes a trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer from the fleet, the owner shall
6 surrender the registration and license plate assigned to the trailer, semitrailer, or pole trailer to the department
7 of transportation. The owner may not transfer the license plate and ~~sticker~~ registration decal to a trailer,
8 semitrailer, or pole trailer that is added to the fleet.

9 (9) Applications submitted with fees may be recomputed by the department of transportation. The
10 department of transportation shall furnish a statement showing the overpayment or balance due.

11 (10) Applications submitted without fees must be computed by the department of transportation. The
12 department of transportation shall furnish a statement showing the amount of fees due."
13

14 **Section 62.** Section 61-4-109, MCA, is amended to read:

15 **"61-4-109. Privileges incident to license -- withdrawal upon certain conditions.** (1) The privileges
16 of a dealer licensed under the provisions of this part to use and display a set of dealer plates or a demonstrator
17 plate on a motor vehicle held for sale by the dealer and to issue a ~~20-day~~ temporary registration permit, under
18 the authority of 61-4-111 or 61-4-112, upon the sale of a motor vehicle by the dealer are specifically conditioned
19 on the dealer's satisfaction of the bond requirements of 61-4-101(7) and the general liability insurance coverage
20 requirements of 61-4-123, without interruption or lapse.

21 (2) If the department is notified or determines that a dealer's bond or general liability insurance has
22 lapsed or been canceled, all dealer plates, demonstrator plates, and ~~20-day~~ temporary registration permits
23 assigned or issued to the dealer are subject to immediate withdrawal and confiscation, upon demand, by the
24 department or by a compliance specialist on behalf of the department and may not be returned to the dealer until
25 the bond and general liability insurance requirements have been satisfied.

26 (3) A dealer whose privileges are withdrawn under this section may otherwise engage in the dealer's
27 business operations during the period of withdrawal.

28 (4) If the lapse of bond or general liability insurance is not corrected with 30 days, the department may
29 initiate administrative action to suspend or revoke the dealer's license under 61-4-105(2)."
30

1 **Section 63.** Section 61-5-121, MCA, is amended to read:

2 **"61-5-121. Disposition of fees.** (1) Except as provided in subsection (3), the disposition of the fees from
3 driver's licenses, motorcycle endorsements, commercial driver's licenses, and replacement driver's licenses
4 provided for in 61-5-114 is as follows:

5 (a) The amount of 22.3% of each driver's license fee, 18.25% of each commercial driver's license fee,
6 and 25% of each replacement driver's license fee must be deposited into an account in the state special revenue
7 fund. Upon receiving an appropriation, the department shall transfer the funds from this account to the Montana
8 highway patrol officers' retirement pension trust fund as provided in 19-6-404. The department shall report the
9 amount deposited and transferred under this subsection (1)(a) to the legislative finance committee by October
10 31 of the year preceding each regular session of the legislature.

11 (b) (i) If the fees are collected by a county treasurer or other agent of the department, the amount of 2.5%
12 of each driver's license fee, 2.5% of each commercial driver's license fee, and 3.75% of each replacement driver's
13 license fee must be deposited into the county general fund.

14 (ii) If the fees are collected by the department, the amount provided for in subsection (1)(b)(i) must be
15 deposited into the state general fund.

16 (c) (i) If the fee is collected by a county treasurer or other agent of the department, the amount of 3.34%
17 of each motorcycle endorsement must be deposited into the county general fund.

18 (ii) If the fee is collected by the department, the amount provided for in subsection (1)(c)(i) must be
19 deposited into the state general fund.

20 (d) The amount of 20.7% of each driver's license fee, 16.94% of each commercial driver's license fee,
21 and 8.75% of each replacement driver's license fee must be deposited into the state traffic education account.

22 (e) In addition to the amounts deposited pursuant to subsections (1)(b)(ii) and (1)(c)(ii), the remainder
23 of each driver's license fee, each commercial driver's license fee, and each replacement driver's license fee must
24 be deposited into the state general fund.

25 (f) The amount of 63.46% of each motorcycle endorsement fee must be deposited into the state
26 motorcycle safety account in the state special revenue fund, and the amount of 33.2% of each motorcycle
27 endorsement fee must be deposited into the state general fund.

28 (2) (a) If fees from driver's licenses, commercial driver's licenses, motorcycle endorsements, and
29 ~~duplicate replacement~~ driver's licenses are collected by a county treasurer or other agent of the department, the
30 county treasurer or agent shall deposit the amounts provided for in subsections (1)(b)(i) and (1)(c)(i) into the

1 county general fund. The county treasurer or agent shall then remit all remaining fees to the state for deposit as
2 provided in subsections (1)(a) and (1)(d) through (1)(f).

3 (b) If fees from driver's licenses, commercial driver's licenses, motorcycle endorsements, and ~~duplicate~~
4 replacement driver's licenses are collected by the department, it shall deposit the fees as provided in subsections
5 (1)(a), (1)(b)(ii), (1)(c)(ii), and (1)(d) through (1)(f).

6 (3) The fee for a renewal notice, whether collected by a county treasurer, an authorized agent, or the
7 department, must be remitted to the department for deposit in the state general fund."

8
9 **Section 64.** Section 61-8-715, MCA, is amended to read:

10 **"61-8-715. Reckless driving -- reckless endangerment of highway workers -- penalty.** (1) Except
11 as provided in subsection (2), a person convicted of reckless driving under 61-8-301(1)(a) or (1)(b) or convicted
12 of reckless endangerment of a highway worker under 61-8-301(4) shall be punished upon a first conviction by
13 imprisonment for a term of not more than 90 days, ~~by~~ a fine of not less than \$25 or more than \$300, or both. On
14 a second or subsequent conviction, the person shall be punished by imprisonment for a term of not less than 10
15 days or more than 6 months, ~~by~~ a fine of not less than \$50 or more than \$500, or both.

16 (2) A person who is convicted of reckless driving under 61-8-301 and whose offense results in the death
17 or serious bodily injury of another person shall be punished by a fine in an amount not exceeding \$10,000, ~~by~~
18 incarceration for a term not to exceed 1 year, or both. ~~Section 61-8-351(8) does not apply to a prosecution under~~
19 ~~61-8-301(1)(b) that is punishable under this subsection."~~

20
21 **Section 65.** Section 76-9-103, MCA, is amended to read:

22 **"76-9-103. Planning -- effect on shooting ranges.** The laws of this state concerning planning, ~~master~~
23 ~~plans, or comprehensive plans~~ or growth policies, as defined in 76-1-103, may not be construed to authorize an
24 ordinance, resolution, or rule that would:

25 (1) prevent the operation of an existing shooting range as a nonconforming use;

26 (2) prohibit the establishment of new shooting ranges, but ~~it~~ the ordinance, resolution, or rule may
27 regulate the construction of shooting ranges to specified zones; or

28 (3) prevent the erection or construction of safety improvements on existing shooting ranges."
29

30 **Section 66.** Section 76-14-103, MCA, is amended to read:

1 **"76-14-103. Definitions.** As used in this part, the following definitions apply:

2 (1) "Committee" means the Montana rangeland resources committee selected as provided in
3 2-15-3305(2).

4 (2) "Department" means the department of natural resources and conservation.

5 ~~(3) "Grazeable woodlands" means forest land on which the understory includes, as an integral part of~~
6 ~~the forest plant community, plants that can be grazed without significantly impairing other forest values.~~

7 ~~(4)~~(3) "Montana rangeland resource program" means the rangeland resource program administered by
8 the conservation districts division of the department of natural resources and conservation in concert with the
9 Montana conservation districts law and the Grass Conservation Act to maintain and enhance the rangeland
10 resources of the state.

11 ~~(5)~~(4) "Person" means any individual or association, partnership, corporation, or other business entity.

12 ~~(6)~~(5) "Range condition" means the current condition of the vegetation on a range site in relation to the
13 natural potential plant community for that site.

14 ~~(7)~~(6) "Range management" means a distinct discipline founded on ecological principles and dealing
15 with the husbandry of rangelands and range resources.

16 ~~(8)~~(7) "Rangeland" means land on which the native vegetation (climax or natural potential) is
17 predominantly grasses, grasslike plants, forbs, or shrubs suitable for grazing or browsing use.

18 ~~(9)~~(8) "State coordinator" means the state coordinator for the Montana Rangeland Resources Act
19 provided for in 2-15-3304.

20 ~~(10)~~(9) "Tame ~~pasture~~ pastureland" means land that has been modified by mechanical cultivation and
21 ~~whose that has~~ current vegetation consists consisting of native or introduced species, or both.

22 ~~(11)~~(10) "Users of rangeland" means all persons, including but not limited to ranchers, farmers,
23 ~~sportsmen~~ hunters, anglers, recreationists, and others appreciative of the functional, productive, aesthetic, and
24 recreational uses of rangelands."

25
26 **Section 67.** Section 76-15-302, MCA, is amended to read:

27 **"76-15-302. Nominations for supervisor.** (1) Within 30 days after the date of issuance of a certificate
28 of organization of a conservation district by the secretary of state, nominating petitions may be filed with the
29 ~~registrar~~ election administrator, as defined in Title 13, to nominate candidates for supervisors of the district. A
30 nominating petition may not be accepted by the ~~registrar~~ election administrator unless it is ~~subscribed~~ signed by

10 or more qualified electors within the boundaries of the district ~~wherein~~ in which the nominee resides. Qualified electors may sign more than one nominating petition to nominate more than one candidate for supervisor.

(2) If more than twice the number of candidates are nominated than the number to be elected at the general election, the ~~registrar~~ election administrator shall give due notice of a nominating election to be held for the selection of candidates for supervisor to appear on the next general election ballot. This nominating election may be held in conjunction with the state primary election."

Section 68. Section 82-4-127, MCA, is amended to read:

"82-4-127. Effect of siting permit on subsequent mining permits. When the department has sufficient information to approve or disapprove a mine-site location permit application on either the entire area being considered for a mine-site location permit or a portion ~~thereof~~ of the area on the grounds listed in 82-4-227(2) and ~~(4) (7), it shall so state in a written statement~~ the department shall provide written notification to the operator ~~that the department has enough information to approve or disapprove the application.~~ This The decision is binding on the department with regard to strip-mining or underground-mining permit applications as specified in part 2 of this chapter unless:

(1) new information is submitted or obtained in compliance with part 2 of this chapter ~~which~~ that indicates a situation not existing or known at the time of the issuance of a permit under this part;

(2) an application under this part misrepresented information related to the criteria;

(3) a situation, ~~develops because of strip-mining or underground-mining operations~~ which was not in existence at the time of the issuance of a permit under this part, develops because of strip mining or underground mining operations."

Section 69. Section 82-4-222, MCA, is amended to read:

"82-4-222. Permit application -- application revisions. (1) An operator desiring a permit shall file an application that must contain a complete and detailed plan for the mining, reclamation, revegetation, and rehabilitation of the land and water to be affected by the operation. The plan must reflect thorough advance investigation and study by the operator, include all known or readily discoverable past and present uses of the land and water to be affected and the approximate periods of use, and provide:

(a) the location and area of land to be affected by the operation, with a description of access to the area from the nearest public highways;

1 (b) the names and addresses of the owners of record and any purchasers under contracts for deed of
2 the surface of the area of land to be affected by the permit and the owners of record and any purchasers under
3 contracts for deed of all surface area within one-half mile of any part of the affected area;

4 (c) the names and addresses of the present owners of record and any purchasers under contracts for
5 deed of all subsurface minerals in the land to be affected;

6 (d) the source of the applicant's legal right to mine the mineral on the land affected by the permit;

7 (e) the permanent and temporary post-office addresses of the applicant;

8 (f) whether the applicant or any person associated with the applicant holds or has held any other permits
9 under this part and an identification of those permits;

10 (g) (i) whether the applicant is in compliance with 82-4-251 and, if known, whether each officer, partner,
11 director, or any individual, owning of record or beneficially, alone or with associates, 10% or more of any class
12 of stock of the applicant, is subject to any of the provisions of 82-4-251. If so, the applicant shall certify the fact.

13 (ii) whether any of the parties or persons specified in subsection (1)(g)(i) have ever had a strip-mining
14 or underground-mining license or permit issued by any other state or federal agency revoked or have ever
15 forfeited a strip-mining or underground-mining bond or a security deposited in lieu of a bond. If so, a detailed
16 explanation of the facts involved in each case must be attached.

17 (h) whether the applicant has a record of outstanding reclamation fees with the federal coal regulatory
18 authority;

19 (i) the names and addresses of any persons who are engaged in strip-mining or underground-mining
20 activities on behalf of the applicant;

21 (j) the annual rainfall and the direction and average velocity of the prevailing winds in the area where the
22 applicant has requested a permit;

23 (k) the results of any test borings or core samplings that the applicant or the applicant's agent has
24 conducted on the land to be affected, including the nature and the depth of the various strata or overburden and
25 topsoil, the quantities and location of subsurface water and its quality, the thickness of any mineral seam, an
26 analysis of the chemical properties of the minerals, including the acidity, sulfur content, and trace mineral
27 elements of any coal seam, as well as the British thermal unit (Btu) content of the seam, and an analysis of the
28 overburden, including topsoil. If test borings or core samplings are submitted, each permit application must
29 contain two copies each of two sets of geologic cross sections accurately depicting the known geologic makeup
30 beneath the surface of the affected land. Each set must depict subsurface conditions at intervals the department

requires across the surface and must run at a 90-degree angle to the other set. The department may not require intervals of less than 500 feet. Each cross section must depict the thickness and geologic character of all known strata, beginning with the topsoil. In addition, each application for an underground-mining permit must be accompanied by cross sections and maps showing the proposed underground locations of all shafts, entries, and haulageways or other excavations to be excavated during the permit period. These cross sections must also include all existing shafts, entries, and haulageways.

(l) the name and date of a daily newspaper of general circulation within the county in which the applicant will prominently publish at least once a week for 4 successive weeks after submission of the application an announcement of the applicant's application for a strip-mining or underground-mining permit and a detailed description of the area of land to be affected if a permit is granted;

(m) a determination of the probable hydrologic consequences of coal mining and reclamation operations, both on and off the mine site, with respect to the hydrologic regime; and quantity and quality of water in surface water and ground water systems, including the dissolved and suspended solids under seasonal flow conditions and the collection of sufficient data for the mine site and surrounding areas, so that cumulative impacts of all anticipated mining in the area upon the hydrology of the area and particularly upon water availability can be made. However, this determination is not required until hydrologic information on the general area prior to mining is made available from an appropriate federal or state agency. The permit may not be approved until the information is available and is incorporated into the application. The determination of probable hydrologic consequences must include findings on:

(i) whether adverse impacts may occur to the hydrologic balance;

(ii) whether acid-forming or toxic-forming materials are present that could result in the contamination of ground water or surface water supplies;

(iii) whether the proposed operation may proximately result in contamination, diminution, or interruption of an underground or surface source of water within the proposed permit or adjacent areas that is used for domestic, agricultural, industrial, or other beneficial use; and

(iv) what impact the operation will have on:

(A) sediment yields from the disturbed area;

(B) acidity, total suspended and dissolved solids, and other important water quality parameters of local impact;

(C) flooding or streamflow alteration;

1 (D) ground water and surface water availability; and

2 (E) other characteristics required by the department that potentially affect beneficial uses of water in and
3 adjacent to the permit area;

4 (n) a plan for monitoring ground water and surface water, based upon the determination of probable
5 hydrologic consequences required under subsection (1)(m). The plan must provide for the monitoring of
6 parameters that relate to the availability and suitability of ground water and surface water for current and
7 approved postmining land uses and the objectives for protection of the hydrologic balance.

8 (o) a map depicting the projected postmining topography, using cross sections, range diagrams, or other
9 methods approved by the department, showing the manner of spoil placement, showing removal of coal volume
10 and overburden swell, and including:

11 (i) locations and elevations of tie-in points with adjacent unmined drainageways;

12 (ii) approximate locations of primary or highest order drainageways and associated drainage divides in
13 the reclaimed topography; and

14 (iii) projected elevations of primary drainageways and associated drainage divides and generalized
15 slopes with the level of detail appropriate to project the approximate original contour;

16 (p) the condition of the land to be covered by the permit prior to any mining, including:

17 (i) the land uses existing at the time of the application and, if the land has a history of previous mining,
18 the uses that preceded any mining;

19 (ii) the capability of the land prior to any mining to support a variety of uses, giving consideration to soil
20 characteristics, topography, and vegetative cover; and

21 (iii) the productivity of the land prior to mining, including appropriate classification as prime farm land, as
22 well as the average yield of food, fiber, forage, or wood products from land under high levels of management;

23 (q) a coal conservation plan; and

24 (r) other or further information as the department may require.

25 (2) The application for a permit must be accompanied by two copies of all maps meeting the
26 requirements of subsections (2)(a) through ~~(2)(e)~~ (2)(n). The maps must:

27 (a) identify the area to correspond with the application;

28 (b) show any adjacent deep mining or surface mining, the boundaries of surface properties, and names
29 of owners of record of the affected area and within 1,000 feet of any part of the affected area;

30 (c) show the names and locations of all streams, creeks, or other bodies of water, roads, buildings,

cemeteries, oil and gas wells, and utility lines on the area of land affected and within 1,000 feet of the area;

(d) show by appropriate markings the boundaries of the area of land affected, any cropline of the seam or deposit of mineral to be mined, and the total number of acres involved in the area of land affected;

(e) show the date on which the map was prepared and the north point;

(f) show the final surface and underground water drainage plan on and away from the area of land affected. This plan must indicate the directional and volume flow of water, constructed drainways, natural waterways used for drainage, and the streams or tributaries receiving the discharge.

(g) show the proposed location of waste or refuse area;

(h) show the proposed location of temporary subsoil and topsoil storage area;

(i) show the proposed location of all facilities;

(j) show the location of test boring holes;

(k) show the surface location lines of any geologic cross sections that have been submitted;

(l) show a listing of plant varieties encountered in the area to be affected and their relative dominance in the area, together with an enumeration of tree varieties and the approximate number of each variety occurring per acre on the area to be affected, and the locations generally of the various kinds and varieties of plants, including but not limited to grasses, shrubs, legumes, forbs, and trees;

(m) be certified as follows: "I, the undersigned, hereby certify that this map is correct and shows to the best of my knowledge and belief all the information required by the mining laws of this state." The certification must be signed and notarized. The department may reject a map as incomplete if its accuracy is not attested.

(n) contain other or further information as the department may require.

(3) If the department finds that the probable total annual production at all locations of any strip-mining or underground-coal-mining operation applied for will not exceed 100,000 tons, any determination of probable hydrologic consequences that the department requires and the statement of result of test borings or core samplings must, upon written request of the operator, be performed by a qualified public or private laboratory designated by the department. The department shall assume the cost of the determination and statement to the extent that it has received funds for this purpose.

(4) In addition to the information and maps required by this section, each application for a permit must be accompanied by detailed plans or proposals showing the method of operation, the manner, time or distance, and estimated cost for backfilling, subsidence stabilization, water control, grading work, highwall reduction, topsoiling, planting, and revegetating, and a reclamation plan for the area affected by the operation, which

proposals must meet the requirements of this part and rules adopted under this part. The reclamation plan must address the life of the operation and indicate the size, sequence, and the timing of the subareas for which it is anticipated that individual permits will be sought.

(5) Each applicant for a coal mining permit shall submit as part of the application a certificate issued by an insurance company authorized to do business in the state, certifying that the applicant has in force for the strip-mining or underground-mining and reclamation operations for which the permit is sought a public liability insurance policy or evidence that the applicant has satisfied other state or federal self-insurance requirements. This policy must provide for personal injury and property damage protection in an amount adequate to compensate any persons damaged as a result of strip-mining or underground-coal-mining and reclamation operations, including use of explosives, and entitled to compensation under applicable provisions of state law. The permittee shall maintain the policy in full force and effect during the term of the permit and any renewal until all reclamation operations have been completed.

(6) An applicant may revise an application for a permit, a permit amendment, or a permit revision that is pending on January 1, 2004, in order to incorporate the provisions of this part.

(7) A permittee may apply to revise and the department may approve an application to incorporate the provisions of this part into a reclamation plan approved before January 1, 2004. The reclamation plan may be revised whether or not reclamation has been completed pursuant to the reclamation plan.

(8) Each applicant for a strip-mining or underground-mining reclamation permit shall file a copy of the applicant's application for public inspection with the clerk and recorder at the courthouse of the county in which the major portion of mining is proposed to occur."

Section 70. Section 85-2-225, MCA, is amended to read:

"85-2-225. Filing fee -- processing fee for remitted claims. (1) Each claim filed under 85-2-221 or 85-2-222 must be accompanied by a filing fee in the amount of \$40, subject to the following exceptions:

(a) the total filing fees for all claims filed by one person in any one water court division may not exceed \$480; and

(b) a filing fee is not required ~~accompanying~~ to accompany a claim of an existing right that is included in a decree of a court in the state of Montana and that is accompanied by a copy of that decree or pertinent portion of the decree.

(2) A claim that is exempt from the filing requirements of 85-2-221(1) but that is voluntarily filed must be

1 accompanied by a filing fee in the amount of \$40. Exempt claims for a single development with several uses if
2 filed simultaneously may be accompanied by a filing fee in the amount of \$40.

3 (3) (a) ~~Except as provided in subsection (3)(c), in~~ In addition to the filing fee set forth in subsection (1),
4 each statement of claim filed under 85-2-221(3) must be accompanied by a processing fee in the amount of \$150,
5 which must be deposited in the general fund.

6 (b) The water judge shall assess against the late claimant all reasonable administrative costs and
7 expenses that may be incurred by the court due to the filing of the late claim and the consideration of the
8 objection, ~~which~~ and the assessment must be deposited in the general fund."

9
10 **Section 71.** Section 85-2-350, MCA, is amended to read:

11 **"85-2-350. Clark Fork River basin task force -- duties -- water management plan.** (1) The governor's
12 office shall designate an appropriate entity to convene and coordinate a Clark Fork River basin task force to
13 prepare proposed amendments to the state water plan provided for under 85-1-203 related to the Clark Fork River
14 basin. The designated appropriate entity shall:

15 (a) identify the individuals and organizations, public, tribal, and private, that are interested in or affected
16 by water management in the Clark Fork River basin;

17 (b) provide advice and assistance in selecting representatives to serve on the task force;

18 (c) develop, in consultation with the task force, appropriate opportunities for public participation in studies
19 of water management in the Clark Fork River basin; and

20 (d) ensure that all watershed and viewpoints within the basin are adequately represented on the task
21 force, including a representation from the following:

22 (i) the reach of the Clark Fork River in Montana below its confluence with the Flathead River;

23 (ii) the Flathead River basin, including Flathead Lake, from Flathead Lake to the confluence of the
24 Flathead River and the Clark Fork River;

25 (iii) the Flathead River basin upstream from Flathead Lake;

26 (iv) the reach of the Clark Fork River between the confluence of the Blackfoot River and the Clark Fork
27 River and the confluence of the Clark Fork River and the Flathead River;

28 (v) the Bitterroot River basin as defined in 85-2-344; and

29 (vi) the Upper Clark Fork River basin as defined in 85-2-335.

30 (2) Task force members shall serve 2-year terms and may serve more than one term. The Confederated

1 Salish and Kootenai tribal government ~~must have~~ has the right to appoint a representative to the task force.

2 (3) The task force shall:

3 (a) identify short-term and long-term water management issues and problems and alternatives for
4 resolving any issues or problems identified;

5 (b) identify data gaps regarding basin water resources, especially ground water;

6 (c) coordinate water management by local basin watershed groups, water user organizations, and
7 individual water users to ensure long-term sustainable water use;

8 (d) provide a forum for all interests to communicate about water issues;

9 (e) advise government agencies about water management and permitting activities in the Clark Fork
10 River basin;

11 (f) consult with local and tribal governments within the Clark Fork River basin;

12 (g) make recommendations, if recommendations are considered necessary, to the department for
13 consideration as amendments to the state water plan provided for under 85-1-203 related to the Clark Fork River
14 basin; and

15 (h) report to:

16 (i) the department on a periodic basis;

17 (ii) the environmental quality council annually; and

18 (iii) the appropriations subcommittee that deals with natural resources and commerce ~~appropriations~~
19 ~~subcommittee~~ each legislative session."

20
21 **Section 72.** Section 87-5-704, MCA, is amended to read:

22 **"87-5-704. Rulemaking.** (1) The commission may adopt rules to implement 87-5-701, 87-5-702, and
23 87-5-711 through 87-5-715. In implementing 87-5-713, the commission may adopt rules approving species of
24 wildlife that may be introduced by the department. In implementing 87-5-715, the commission may adopt rules
25 to authorize the control or extermination by the department of introduced wildlife species.

26 (2) The department may adopt rules to implement 87-5-713 and 87-5-715. In implementing 87-5-713 and
27 87-5-715, the department may not adopt rules in the subject areas reserved to the commission in subsection (1).

28 (3) (a) The commission may adopt rules to implement 87-5-705 through 87-5-709 and 87-5-712
29 regarding the importation, possession, and sale of exotic wildlife, including adoption of a list of controlled exotic
30 wildlife and a list of prohibited exotic wildlife. The commission may by rule add to the list of noncontrolled exotic

1 wildlife provided in 87-5-706. The department of livestock may not issue import permits for exotic wildlife on a list
2 of controlled exotic wildlife or prohibited exotic wildlife without authorization from the department.

3 (b) The commission may adopt rules regarding the operation of the classification review committee
4 established in 87-5-708.

5 (4) ~~(a)~~ The department may adopt rules regarding issuance of the authorization permit provided for in
6 87-5-705(2), including the establishment of a reasonable fee for the permit.

7 ~~(b) The department may adopt rules regarding the amnesty program provided for in 87-5-709(2)."~~
8

9 **Section 73.** Section 14, Chapter 464, Laws of 2005, is amended to read:

10 "**Section 14. Termination.** The amendments to 19-6-709, the insertion of the reference to [section 1] in
11 17-7-502, and [section 1] terminate upon the death of the last recipient eligible under 19-6-709(2) for the
12 supplemental benefit provided by 19-6-709."

13
14 **Section 74.** Section 5, Chapter 535, Laws of 2005, is amended to read:

15 "**Section 5. Contingent termination.** The voluntary income tax checkoff created in [section 1] ~~terminates~~
16 and the end-stage renal disease program account in [section 2] terminate on January 1 of the first tax year
17 following the 2 immediately preceding tax years in which the voluntary checkoff raises less than \$10,000 in each
18 of those 2 tax years."

19
20 NEW SECTION. **Section 75. Directions to code commissioner.** The code commissioner is directed
21 to implement 1-11-101(2)(g)(ii) by correcting any clearly inaccurate references to other sections of the Montana
22 Code Annotated contained in material enacted by the 60th legislature.

23 - END -