

SENATE BILL NO. 157  
INTRODUCED BY D. RYAN  
BY REQUEST OF THE STATE AUDITOR

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING INSURANCE LAWS ADMINISTERED BY THE STATE AUDITOR; REMOVING REDUNDANT REFERENCES FOR REVOKING OR REFUSING TO ISSUE AN INSURANCE CONSULTANT LICENSE; AMENDING SECTIONS 33-1-201, 33-1-603, 33-4-312, 33-4-505, 33-17-211, 33-17-214, 33-17-232, 33-17-511, 33-17-1103, 33-18-235, 33-19-105, 33-20-1303, 33-20-1315, 33-22-513, 33-22-1517, 33-22-2001, 33-22-2002, 33-22-2004, 33-25-212, 33-25-214, 33-30-1015, 33-31-111, 33-31-311, 33-35-103, 33-35-306, 33-38-105, AND 50-4-703, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 33-17-506 AND 33-17-507, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATES."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

**Section 1.** Section 33-1-201, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-1-201. Definitions -- insurance in general.** For the purposes of this code, the following definitions apply unless the context requires otherwise:

(1) ~~An "alien "Alien insurer" is one an insurer~~ formed under the laws of any country other than the United States; ~~or~~ its states, districts, territories, and commonwealths.

(2) ~~An "authorized "Authorized insurer" is one an insurer~~ duly authorized by ~~subsisting a~~ certificate of authority issued by the commissioner to transact insurance in this state.

(3) ~~A "domestic "Domestic insurer" is one an insurer~~ incorporated under the laws of this state.

(4) ~~A "foreign "Foreign insurer" is one an insurer~~ formed under the laws of any jurisdiction other than this state. Except ~~where~~ when distinguished by context, ~~foreign insurer the term~~ includes ~~also~~ an alien insurer.

(5) (a) "Insurance" is a contract ~~whereby~~ through which one undertakes to indemnify another or pay or provide a specified or determinable amount or benefit upon determinable contingencies.

(b) Insurance does not include contracts for the installation, maintenance, and provision of inside telecommunications wiring to residential or business premises.

(6) "Insurer" includes every person engaged as indemnitor, surety, or contractor in the business of entering into contracts of insurance. The term also includes a health service corporation in the provisions listed

in 33-30-102.

(7) ~~A "resident~~ "Resident domestic insurer" is an insurer incorporated under the laws of this state and:

(a) if a mutual company, not less than one-half of the policyholders are ~~natural persons~~ individuals who are residents of this state; or

(b) if a stock insurer, not less than one-half of the shares are owned by ~~natural persons~~ individuals who are residents of this state and all of the directors and officers of the insurer are residents of this state.

(8) "State", when used ~~relating in relation~~ to jurisdiction, means a state, the District of Columbia, or a territory, commonwealth, or possession of the United States.

(9) "Transact", with respect to insurance, ~~includes any of the following~~ means to:

(a) ~~solicitation and inducement~~ solicit;

(b) ~~preliminary negotiations~~ negotiate;

(c) ~~effectuation of sell or effectuate~~ a contract of insurance; or

(d) ~~transaction of~~ transact matters subsequent to effectuation of the contract of insurance and arising out of it.

(10) ~~An "unauthorized~~ "Unauthorized insurer" is ~~one an insurer~~ not authorized by ~~subsisting a~~ certificate of authority issued by the commissioner to transact insurance in this state."

**Section 2.** Section 33-1-603, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-1-603. Serving process -- time to plead.** (1) Duplicate copies of legal process against an insurer for whom the commissioner is the attorney, pursuant to 33-1-601, ~~shall must~~ be served upon the commissioner or upon ~~his~~ the commissioner's deputy or other person in charge of ~~his~~ the commissioner's office ~~during his absence if the commissioner is absent~~. At the time of service, the plaintiff shall pay to the commissioner ~~\$40~~ \$25; ~~taxable~~ as costs in the action. Upon receiving ~~such~~ service, the commissioner shall promptly forward a copy ~~thereof~~ by certified ~~or registered~~ mail to the last person ~~last so~~ designated by the insurer to receive ~~the same a~~ copy of the service.

(2) ~~Where~~ When process is served upon the commissioner as an insurer's attorney, the insurer ~~shall have~~ has 30 days within which to appear, answer, or plead after the date of mailing of the copy ~~thereof~~ by the commissioner, exclusive of the date of mailing, as provided by subsection (1).

(3) Process served upon the commissioner and the copy thereof forwarded as provided in this section ~~provided shall constitute~~ constitute service ~~thereof~~ upon the insurer."

**Section 3.** Section 33-4-312, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-4-312. Officers, ~~insurance producers~~ agents, and employees not licensed -- exception for liability insurance.** (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), ~~no insurance producer an agent~~ of an insurer is not required to obtain a license or authority from any public official to transact business for ~~such the~~ insurer, ~~nor is the.~~ The insurer or any of its officers, ~~insurance producers~~ agents, or employees are not required to pay any fee ~~or for a~~ license for the transaction of the business of the insurer, except as provided in this chapter.

(2) A farm mutual insurer that offers liability insurance is required to have an insurance producer licensed by the state of Montana to transact liability insurance, ~~and no.~~ A person may ~~offer not sell, solicit, negotiate, or take applications for, procure, or place for others liability insurance by for~~ a farm mutual insurer unless ~~he or she~~ that person is licensed under Title 33, chapter 17."

**Section 4.** Section 33-4-505, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-4-505. Certificate of authority required -- issuance -- continuation -- fee.** (1) A farm mutual insurer may not insure any risk in this state unless it ~~then~~ holds a ~~subsisting~~ certificate of authority issued to it by the commissioner.

(2) Upon application, the commissioner shall issue a certificate of authority to ~~every~~ an insurer qualified under this chapter.

(3) ~~Every~~ To continue a certificate of authority, a farm mutual insurer shall before May 15 pay each year a continuation fee of \$100 if the farm mutual insurer is a county mutual insurer or \$250 if the farm mutual insurer is a state mutual insurer. The fee must be deposited in the state general fund. A certificate of authority continues in force as long as the farm mutual insurer is entitled under this chapter and until it is suspended, revoked, or otherwise terminated; ~~subject, however, to continuance of the certificate by the farm mutual insurer each year by payment before May 15 of the continuation fee of \$10 if a county mutual insurer or \$25 if a state mutual insurer, to be deposited by the commissioner with the state treasurer to the credit of the state general fund.~~

(4) If the farm mutual insurer does not continue its certificate of authority in accordance with subsection (3), its certificate of authority expires at midnight on May 31 ~~next~~ following its ~~the~~ failure to ~~continue it in force~~ pay the continuation fee. The commissioner shall promptly notify a farm mutual insurer that has not continued its certificate of authority of the impending expiration of its certificate of authority.

(5) A certificate of authority is subject to suspension or revocation by the commissioner for violation of or noncompliance with any provision of this chapter or any provision referred to in this chapter.

(6) The commissioner may reinstate a certificate of authority that a farm mutual insurer has inadvertently

permitted to expire; after the farm mutual insurer has fully cured all failures that resulted in the expiration and upon payment by the farm mutual insurer of the current continuation fee as provided in subsection (3). If a certificate is not reinstated, the commissioner may grant a farm mutual insurer another certificate of authority only after the farm mutual insurer files an application for a certificate of authority and meets all other requirements for an original certificate of authority in this state.

(7) The commissioner may amend a certificate of authority at any time to ~~accord~~ agree with changes in the farm mutual insurer's charter of insuring powers."

**Section 5.** Section 33-17-211, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-17-211. General qualifications -- application for license.** (1) An individual applying for a license shall apply in a form approved by the commissioner and declare under penalty of refusal, suspension, or revocation of the license that statements made in the application are true, correct, and complete to the best of the individual's knowledge and belief. Before approving the application, the commissioner shall verify that the individual:

- (a) is 18 years of age or older;
- (b) has not committed an act that is a ground for refusal, suspension, or revocation as set forth in 33-17-1001;
- (c) has paid the license fees stated in 33-2-708;
- (d) has successfully passed the examinations for each kind of insurance for which the individual has applied within 12 months of application;
- (e) is a resident of this state or of another state that grants similar privileges to residents of this state. Licenses issued based upon Montana state residency terminate if the licensee relocates to another state.
- (f) is competent, trustworthy, and of good reputation;
- (g) has experience or training or otherwise is qualified in the kind or kinds of insurance for which the applicant applies to be licensed and is reasonably familiar with the provisions of this code that govern the applicant's operations as an insurance producer;
- (h) if applying for a license as to life or disability insurance:
  - (i) is not a funeral director, undertaker, or mortician operating in this or any other state;
  - (ii) is not an officer, employee, or representative of a funeral director, undertaker, or mortician operating in this or any other state; or
  - (iii) does not hold an interest in or benefit from a business of a funeral director, undertaker, or mortician

operating in this or any other state; and

(i) has completed a background examination pursuant to 33-17-220.

(2) A resident or nonresident business entity acting as an insurance producer is required to obtain an insurance producer's license. Application must be made in a form approved by the commissioner. To approve the application, the commissioner shall verify that:

(a) the business entity has paid the appropriate fee; and

(b) the business entity has designated an individual licensed insurance producer who is responsible for the business entity's compliance with the insurance laws of this state.

(3) A person acting as an insurance producer shall obtain a license. A person shall apply for a license in a form approved by the commissioner. Before approving the application, the commissioner shall verify that:

(a) the person meets the requirements listed in subsection (1);

(b) the person has paid the licensing fees stated in 33-2-708 for each individual licensed in conjunction with the person's license. A licensed person shall promptly notify the commissioner of each change relating to an individual listed in the license.

(c) the person has designated a licensed officer to be responsible for the person's compliance with the insurance laws and rules of this state;

(d) each member and employee of a partnership and each officer, director, stockholder, or employee of a corporation who is acting as an insurance producer in this state has obtained a license;

(e) (i) if the person is a partnership or corporation, the transaction of insurance business is within the purposes stated in the partnership agreement, ~~or~~ the articles of incorporation, or other organizational documents; and

(ii) if the person is a corporation, the secretary of state has issued a certificate of existence or authority under 35-1-1312 or filed articles of incorporation under 35-1-220.

(4) The commissioner may license as a resident insurance producer an association of licensed Montana insurance producers, whether or not incorporated, formed and existing substantially for purposes other than insurance. The license must be used solely for the purpose of enabling the association to place, as a resident insurance producer, insurance of the properties, interests, and risks of the state of Montana and of other public agencies, bodies, and institutions and to receive the customary commission for the placement. The president and secretary of the association shall apply for the license in the name of the association, and the commissioner shall issue the license to the association in the association's name alone. The fee for the license is the same as that required by 33-2-708(1)(a). The commissioner may, after a hearing with notice to the association, revoke the

license if the commissioner finds that continuation of the license is not in the public interest or that a ground listed in 33-17-1001 exists.

(5) An insurance producer using an assumed business name shall register the name with the commissioner before using the name."

**Section 6.** Section 33-17-214, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-17-214. Issuance of license -- insurance producer lines of authority -- license data -- lapse of license -- change of address.** (1) A person who has met the requirements of 33-17-211 and 33-17-212 must be issued a license; unless that person has been denied a license pursuant to 33-17-1001.

(2) An insurance producer may receive a license qualifying the insurance producer in one or more of the following lines of authority:

(a) life insurance coverage on human lives, including benefits of endowment and annuities, and the coverage may include benefits in the event of death or dismemberment by accident and benefits for disability income;

(b) accident and health or sickness insurance coverage providing for sickness, bodily injury, or accidental death, and the coverage may provide benefits for disability income;

(c) property insurance coverage for the direct or consequential loss or damage to property of every kind;

(d) casualty insurance coverage against legal liability, including liability for death, injury, or disability or damage to real or personal property;

(e) variable life and variable annuity products insurance coverage provided under variable life insurance contracts and variable annuities;

(f) personal lines of property and casualty insurance coverage sold to individuals and families for primarily noncommercial purposes;

(g) limited line credit insurance; or

(h) any other line of insurance permitted under Title 33.

(3) The license must state the name and address of the licensee, personal identification number, date of issuance, general conditions relative to expiration or termination, kind of insurance covered, and other information that the commissioner considers necessary.

(4) The license of a partnership, corporation, or association must also state the name of each individual authorized to exercise the license powers.

(5) Each license remains in effect, unless it is suspended, revoked, or terminated or the license lapses.

(6) (a) A person shall inform the commissioner in writing ~~of a change of address~~ within 30 days of the ~~change~~:

(i) a change of address;

(ii) the final disposition taken against the insurance producer in any state or federal jurisdiction or by another governmental agency in this state of:

(A) any administrative action related to transacting insurance;

(B) any action taken against any type of securities license; and

(C) any criminal action, excluding traffic violations.

(b) As used in this subsection (6), "final disposition" includes but is not limited to a settlement agreement, consent order, plea agreement, sentence and judgment, or order."

**Section 7.** Section 33-17-232, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-17-232. Rights of insurance producer following termination of appointment.** (1) Following termination of ~~any such an~~ agency appointment ~~as to~~ for property, casualty, title, or surety insurance and subject to the terms of ~~any an~~ agreement between the insurance producer and the insurer, the insurance producer may continue to service and receive from the insurer commissions or other compensation relative to business written by ~~him~~ the insurance producer for the insurer during the existence of the appointment.

(2) This section does not apply ~~as~~ to:

(a) insurance producers of direct writing insurers; or

(b) insurance producers or insurers between whom the relationship of employer and employee exists."

**Section 8.** Section 33-17-511, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-17-511. Consideration for services only on written memorandum.** A person licensed as an insurance consultant under this part may not receive a fee for examining, appraising, reviewing, or evaluating an insurance policy, a bond, an annuity, a pension or profit-sharing contract, plan, or program or for making recommendations or giving advice with regard to any of the above unless the compensation is based upon a written memorandum that includes the insurance consultant's Montana insurance license number ~~and~~ is signed by the party to be charged, ~~and specifying or clearly defining~~ specifies or clearly defines services to be provided and the amount or extent of the compensation. An insurance consultant shall retain a copy of every memorandum or contract for not less than 3 years after those services have been fully performed."

**Section 9.** Section 33-17-1103, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-17-1103. Accepting and paying commissions, fees, or consideration --restriction.** (1) An insurer or insurance producer may not pay, directly or indirectly, a commission, service fee, brokerage fee, or other valuable consideration to a person for services as an insurance producer unless the person performing the service holds a valid license with regard to the kind or kinds of insurance for which the service was rendered at the time the service was performed. A person not properly licensed in accordance with this chapter at the time the person performs the service as an insurance producer may not accept a commission, service fee, brokerage fee, or other valuable consideration for the service. This section does not prevent payment or receipt of renewal or other deferred commissions to or by a person entitled to receive the payment under this section.

(2) An insurance producer may not directly or indirectly share the insurance producer's commissions or other compensation received or to be received by the insurance producer on account of a transaction under the insurance producer's license with any person not also licensed under this chapter as to the same kind or kinds of insurance involved in the transactions. This provision does not affect payment of the regular salaries due to employees of the licensee, the distribution in regular course of business of compensation and profits among members or stockholders if the licensee is a partnership or corporation, or use of funds for family or personal purposes.

(3) ~~This section does not apply to those transactions with surplus lines insurance producers that are lawful under~~ Surplus lines producers may share commissions with a property and casualty insurance producer pursuant to 33-2-306."

**Section 10.** Section 33-18-235, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-18-235. Rulemaking authority.** The commissioner ~~shall make~~ may adopt rules, under the Montana Administrative Procedure Act, necessary to implement 33-18-231 through 33-18-234."

**Section 11.** Section 33-19-105, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-19-105. Exemption based on federal standards for privacy of individually identifiable health information -- notice to commissioner required -- rules.** (1) The obligations imposed under this chapter do not apply to a licensee that is a covered entity under the provisions of federal regulations that are part of the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA), 45 CFR, parts 160 and 164, standards for privacy of individually identifiable health information or security standards for the protection of electronic health information as to any use or disclosure of personal information that is covered under the HIPAA



privacy and security regulations, except for the following provisions:

(a) A notice of insurance information practices described as a notice of privacy practices for protected health information under HIPAA privacy regulations must be delivered annually, as provided for in 33-19-202(1).

(b) To the extent that an insurer collects, discloses, or uses personal information that is not covered under the HIPAA notice of privacy practices, a separate Montana specific notice must be delivered pursuant to the provisions of 33-19-202.

(c) A disclosure authorization remains valid for a period that does not exceed 24 months, as provided for in 33-19-206(2).

(d) The reasons for an adverse underwriting decision must be specified, as provided for in 33-19-303.

(e) Disclosure of underwriting information is required, as provided for in 33-19-308.

(2) The commissioner may adopt rules regarding the exceptions from the exemption provisions described in subsection (1), including additional exceptions that embody substantive provisions of this chapter but would not be preempted by HIPAA privacy regulations.

(3) If a licensee considers itself exempt from a provision of this chapter for the reason provided in subsection (1), the licensee shall give written notice to the commissioner of that exemption and a brief statement describing why the licensee is a HIPAA-covered entity.

(4) A licensee may claim an exemption only for those lines of business that are subject to HIPAA privacy regulations. All other lines of business are subject to this chapter.

(5) A ~~third-party administrator~~ business associate, as defined in the HIPAA privacy regulations, 45 CFR 160.103, that is a party to a valid business associate agreement required by HIPAA privacy regulations is exempt from the provisions of this chapter, but only as to the scope of that particular agreement. Any activity of the ~~third-party administrator~~ business associate that falls outside of the scope of that agreement is subject to the provisions of this chapter.

(6) The commissioner retains the authority to conduct complete market conduct examinations of the licensee as to the privacy policies and practices that are subject to state privacy laws.

(7) Beginning July 1, ~~2007~~ 2009:

(a) if a licensee is subject to and in compliance with a federal regulation that is part of the federal health insurance portability and accountability privacy and security regulations, 45 CFR, parts 160 and 164, and the federal regulation with which the licensee complies is inconsistent with a provision of this chapter and not less protective of consumer privacy, the licensee is exempt from compliance with the inconsistent provision of this chapter;

(b) if a licensee considers itself exempt from a provision of this chapter for the reason provided in subsection (7)(a), the licensee shall give written notice to the commissioner of that exemption; unless the requirements of this subsection (7) are preempted by HIPAA privacy regulations. The notice must include a statement of the reason for the claimed exemption."

**Section 12.** Section 33-20-1303, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-20-1303. License requirements.** (1) A person may not act as or purport to be a viatical settlement provider unless licensed as a viatical settlement provider under this part.

(2) (a) Except as provided in subsection (2)(b) and (2)(c), ~~a person~~ an individual may not broker, solicit, or negotiate viatical settlement contracts between a viator and one or more viatical settlement providers or otherwise act on behalf of a viator without first having obtained a license as a viatical settlement broker from the commissioner. An applicant for a viatical settlement broker's license shall:

(i) attend required viatical settlement broker training and pass a viatical settlement broker examination designated by the commissioner by rule; and

(ii) pay a fee for an original viatical settlement broker's license pursuant to 33-2-708. The fees for license renewal and lapsed license reinstatement for a viatical settlement broker's license are as provided in 33-2-708.

(b) A resident or nonresident insurance producer must be considered to meet the licensing requirements of a viatical settlement broker and must be permitted to operate as a viatical settlement broker if the insurance producer is licensed as an insurance producer with a life insurance line of authority in this state or in the insurance producer's home state and has been licensed for at least 1 year. In addition:

(i) not later than 30 days from the first day of operating as a viatical settlement broker, the insurance producer shall notify the commissioner, on a form or in a manner prescribed by the commissioner, that the insurance producer is acting as a viatical settlement broker and shall pay a fee pursuant to 33-2-708(1)(b)(viii). The notification must include an acknowledgment by the insurance producer that the insurance producer will operate as a viatical settlement broker in accordance with this part.

(ii) regardless of the manner in which the insurance producer is compensated, the insurance producer must be considered to represent only the viator and owes a fiduciary duty to the viator to act according to the viator's instructions and in the best interests of the viator.

(c) If requested by the commissioner, a life insurance producer acting as a viatical settlement broker under this subsection (2) who has previously complied with subsection (2)(b)(i) shall report to the commissioner when renewing a resident or nonresident life insurance producer's license regarding the life insurance producer's

intent to continue to act as a viatical settlement broker. The statement regarding an intent to continue acting as a viatical settlement broker must be made on the life insurance producer's license renewal form. ~~A person~~ An individual who makes a statement pursuant to this subsection (2)(c) may not be charged an additional fee.

(d) The provisions of subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b) do not prohibit ~~a person~~ an individual licensed as an attorney, certified public accountant, or certified financial planner who is accredited by a nationally recognized accreditation agency, who is retained to represent the viator, and whose compensation is not paid directly or indirectly by the viatical settlement provider from negotiating viatical settlement contracts without having to obtain a license as a viatical settlement broker.

(3) Regardless of the manner in which a viatical settlement broker or insurance producer is compensated, the viatical settlement broker or insurance producer must be considered to represent only the viator and the viatical settlement broker or insurance producer owes a fiduciary duty to the viator to act according to the viator's instructions and in the best interests of the viator.

(4) ~~(a) In order to~~ To obtain a license to transact business as a viatical settlement provider or as a viatical settlement broker, if required to obtain a viatical settlement broker's license under the provisions of subsection (2)(a), an applicant shall apply for the license in a form approved by the commissioner and shall pay the fee required for the application.

(b) The commissioner may request biographical, organizational, locational, financial, employment, and other information on the application form that the commissioner determines to be relevant to the evaluation of applications and to the granting of the license. The commissioner may require a statement of the business plan or plan of operation of the applicant. The commissioner shall require an applicant for a viatical settlement provider license to file with the application for the commissioner's approval a copy of the viatical settlement contract that the applicant intends to use in business under the license.

(c) If an applicant is a corporation, the corporation must be:

- (i) incorporated or organized under the laws of this state; or
- (ii) a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state.

(d) If the applicant is a partnership, the partnership must be organized under the laws of this state.

(5) (a) An individual licensed as a viatical settlement broker must meet the continuing education requirements in 33-17-1203.

(b) The hours of continuing education required under subsection ~~(4)(a)~~ (5)(a) must be in the subjects of life insurance, viaticals, or ethics.

(c) For an individual licensed as a viatical settlement broker, the 24-month period for meeting the

continuing education requirements must correlate with the broker's license renewal period.

(d) The viatical settlement broker's license of an individual who fails to comply with this continuing education requirement and who has not been granted an extension of time to comply in accordance with ~~33-17-1203(3)~~ 33-17-1203(2) must be terminated and promptly surrendered to the commissioner."

**Section 13.** Section 33-20-1315, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-20-1315. Rules -- standards -- bond.** The commissioner may, in accordance with the provisions of 33-1-313, adopt rules for the purpose of carrying out this part. In addition, the commissioner:

(1) may establish standards for evaluating reasonableness of payments under viatical settlement contracts for insured ~~persons~~ individuals who are terminally ill or chronically ill. The authority includes but is not limited to regulation of discount rates used to determine the amount paid in exchange for assignment, transfer, sale, devise, or bequest of a benefit under a life insurance policy. For the purpose of the standards, the commissioner shall consider payments made in regional and national viatical settlement markets to the extent that this information is available, as well as model standards developed by the national association of insurance commissioners. When the insured is not terminally ill or chronically ill, the commissioner may not establish standards for evaluating the reasonableness of payments, except that a viatical settlement provider shall pay an amount greater than the greater of the cash surrender value or the accelerated death benefit then available.

(2) shall require a bond or other mechanism for financial accountability of viatical settlement providers and viatical settlement brokers; and

(3) shall adopt rules to establish:

(a) trade practice standards for the purpose of regulating advertising and solicitation of viatical settlement contracts;

(b) fees that are commensurate with fees charged pursuant to 33-2-708; and

(c) the continuing education program provided for in ~~33-20-1303(4)~~ 33-20-1303(5)."

**Section 14.** Section 33-22-513, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-22-513. Limitation of eligibility on conversion.** ~~A person~~ An individual who purchases a policy of insurance under 33-22-508 ceases to be eligible for a conversion policy if the ~~person~~ individual insured by the policy:

(1) ~~becomes eligible for medicare part A and part B, pursuant to Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 1395;~~

~~(2)~~(1) fails to pay the premium on the policy purchased under 33-22-508; or  
~~(3)~~(2) enrolls under another major medical disability insurance policy or plan, except that the ~~person~~  
individual may maintain the conversion policy during any waiting period established under any new disability  
 insurance policy or plan that the insured ~~person~~ individual purchases."

**Section 15.** Section 33-22-1517, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-22-1517. Limitations on eligibility.** An individual who purchases a policy of insurance pursuant to 33-22-1516 is no longer eligible for insurance under an association plan or association portability plan and is subject to cancellation of enrollment if the individual:

(1) fails to pay the premium for the policy of insurance purchased pursuant to 33-22-1516;  
 (2) changes residence from Montana to another state;  
 (3) exceeds the lifetime maximum benefit provided in the plan; or  
 (4) enrolls under another disability insurance policy or plan for health service benefits or because of the individual's age becomes eligible for medicare under Title XVIII, part A or B, of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 1395. However, the individual may maintain enrollment in the association plan or the association portability plan during a waiting period applicable to preexisting conditions under the other policy or plan. If the individual maintains the association plan or the association portability plan during the waiting period, the association plan or the association portability plan may coordinate the benefits with the individual's new policy or plan and the benefits of the association plan or the association portability plan are considered secondary to the benefits available under the individual's new policy or plan."

**Section 16.** Section 33-22-2001, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-22-2001. Establishment of small business health insurance pool -- intent.** (1) There is established ~~a nonprofit legal~~ an entity known as the small business health insurance pool, with participating membership consisting of all employer members of the purchasing pool.

(2) The small business health insurance pool is created as a voluntary purchasing pool pursuant to the provisions of 33-22-1815 through 33-22-1817.

(3) Subject to the conditions in 53-6-1201, the purchasing pool shall make group health plan coverage available effective January 1, 2006.

(4) It is the intent of the legislature that the board:

(a) establish criteria that will allow the greatest number of employees possible to be eligible for premium

assistance payments by not permitting eligibility for premium assistance payments under this part to employees who continue ~~to maintain enrollment in another~~ other comprehensive health insurance coverage through a spouse, parent, or other person; and

(b) allow eligible small employers to determine the length of the waiting period that will apply to their employees as long as the waiting period:

(i) is not more than 12 months; and

(ii) applies to all ~~eligible~~ employees within that small group in the same manner.

(5) The legislative auditor shall conduct or have conducted, at least once each biennium covering the prior 2 fiscal years, a financial compliance audit of the board and the purchasing pool. The cost of the audit must be paid for by the purchasing pool as a direct cost not subject to the cap on administrative expenses."

**Section 17.** Section 33-22-2002, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-22-2002. Small business health insurance pool -- definitions.** As used in this part, the following definitions apply:

(1) "Board" means the board of directors of the small business health insurance pool as provided for in 33-22-2003.

(2) "Dependent" has the meaning provided in 33-22-1803.

~~(3) "Eligible employee" has the meaning provided in 33-22-1803.~~

~~(4)~~(3) (a) "Eligible small employer" means an employer who is sponsoring or will sponsor a group health plan and who employed at least two but not more than nine employees during the preceding calendar year and who employs at least two but not more than nine employees on the first day of the plan year.

(b) The term includes small employers who obtain group health plan coverage through a qualified association health plan.

(4) "Employee" means an eligible employee as defined in 33-22-1803.

(5) "Group health plan" has the meaning provided in 33-22-140.

(6) "Premium" means the amount of money that a health insurance issuer charges to provide coverage under a group health plan.

(7) "Premium assistance payment" means a payment provided for in 33-22-2006 on behalf of ~~eligible~~ employees who qualify to be applied on a monthly basis to premiums paid for group health plan coverage through the purchasing pool or through qualified association health plans.

(8) "Premium incentive payment" means a payment provided for in 33-22-2007(1)(b) to eligible small

employers who qualify under 33-22-2007 to be applied to premiums paid on a monthly basis for group health plan coverage obtained through the purchasing pool or through qualified association health plans.

(9) "Purchasing pool" means the small business health insurance pool.

(10) "Qualified association health plan" means a plan established by an association whose members consist of employers who sponsor group health plans for their employees and purchase that coverage through an association that qualifies as a bona fide association, as defined in 33-22-1803, or nonbona fide, as provided for in administrative rule. A qualified association health plan is subject to applicable employer group health insurance law and must receive approval from the commissioner to operate as a qualified association health plan for the purposes of this part.

(11) "Related employers" means persons having a relationship as described in section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 267.

(12) "Tax credit" means a refundable tax credit as provided for in 33-22-2008.

(13) "Tax year" means the taxpayer's tax year for federal income tax purposes."

**Section 18.** Section 33-22-2004, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-22-2004. Powers and duties of board.** (1) The board shall:

(a) establish an operating plan that includes but is not limited to administrative and accounting procedures for the operation of the purchasing pool and a schedule for premium incentive and premium assistance payments and that complies with the powers and duties provided for in this section;

(b) require employers and employees to reapply for premium incentive payments or premium assistance payments on an annual basis;

(c) upon reapplication, give priority to employers and their employees who are already receiving the premium incentive payments and premium assistance payments;

(d) upon reapplication, allow employers to retain eligibility to receive premium incentive payments and premium assistance payments on behalf of their ~~eligible~~ employees if the number of their employees goes over the maximum number, not to exceed nine employees, established by the commissioner in administrative rule;

(e) renew purchasing pool group health plan coverage for all employer groups, even if the employer group no longer receives or is eligible for a premium incentive payment;

(f) adopt a premium incentive payment amount that is the same for all registered eligible small employers who join the purchasing pool or obtain qualified association health plan coverage;

(g) adopt premium assistance payment amounts that, in combination with the premium incentive

payments, are consistent with the amounts provided for in 33-22-2006 and 33-22-2008 or with the assistance of the department of public health and human services, adopt a premium assistance payment schedule that is equitably proportional to the income or wage level for eligible employees;

(h) establish criteria for determining which employees will be eligible for a premium assistance payment and the amount that the employees will receive from among those eligible small employer groups that have registered with the commissioner pursuant to 33-22-2008 and applied for coverage under the purchasing pool group health plan or qualified association health plan. However, to the extent that federal funds are used to make some premium assistance payments, criteria for those payments must be consistent with any waiver requirements determined by the department of public health and human services pursuant to 53-2-216. Eligibility for employees is not limited to the waiver eligibility groups.

(i) make appropriate changes to eligibility or other elements in the operating plan as needed to reach the goal of expending 90% of the funding dedicated to premium incentive payments and premium assistance payments during the current biennium;

(j) limit the total amount of premium incentive payments and premium assistance payments paid to the amount of available state, federal, and private funding;

(k) approve no more than six fully insured group health plans with different benefit levels that will be offered to employers participating in the purchasing pool;

(l) prepare appropriate specifications and bid forms and solicit bids from health insurance issuers authorized to do business in this state;

(m) contract with no more than three health insurance issuers to underwrite the group health plans that will be offered through the purchasing pool;

(n) request that the department of public health and human services seek a federal waiver for medicaid matching funds for premium assistance payments based on the department's analysis, as provided in 53-2-216, if it is in the best interests of the purchasing pool;

(o) comply with the participation requirements provided for in 33-22-1811;

(p) meet at least four times annually; and

(q) within 2 years after the purchasing pool is established and considered stable by the board, examine the possibility of offering an opportunity for individual sole proprietors without employees to purchase insurance from the purchasing pool without premium incentive payments, premium assistance payments, or tax credits.

(2) The board may:

(a) borrow money;



- (b) enter into contracts with insurers, administrators, or other persons;
- (c) hire employees to perform the administrative tasks of the purchasing pool;
- (d) assess its members for costs associated with administration of the purchasing pool and request that the commissioner transfer funds or request that the department of public health and human services transfer funds from the special revenue account, as provided in 53-6-1201, for that purpose;
- (e) set contribution levels for employers;
- (f) request that funds be transferred from the funds appropriated for premium incentive payments and premium assistance payments to the general fund to offset tax credits if the number of eligible small employers seeking premium incentive payments and employees receiving premium assistance payments is insufficient to exhaust at least 90% of the appropriated funds for the premium incentive and assistance payments during a biennium;
- (g) seek other federal, state, and private funding sources;
- (h) accept all small employer groups who apply for coverage under the small business health insurance pool group health plan even if they are not eligible for any tax credit or premium incentive payment and have not been registered by the commissioner pursuant to 33-22-2008;
- (i) receive from the commissioner's office or the department of public health and human services premium incentive payments on behalf of eligible small employers and premium assistance payments on behalf of eligible employees, collect the employer or employee premiums from the employer or employees, and make premium payments to insurers on behalf of the eligible small employers and employees;
- (j) request the commissioner to direct more than 30% of the available funding for premium incentives and premium assistance payments to qualified association health plan coverage instead of purchasing pool coverage; and
- (k) pay appropriate commissions to licensed insurance producers who market purchasing pool coverage."

**Section 19.** Section 33-25-212, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-25-212. Rates filed with commissioner.** (1) Every A title insurer shall file with the commissioner a complete schedule of rates to be charged by it for title insurance as to property located in this state. The rates ~~shall~~ must be all-inclusive of the total charge for ~~such~~ insurance as specified in the policy and ~~shall~~ must be accompanied by supporting data.

(2) ~~No such A rate shall~~ may not be excessive, inadequate, or unreasonably discriminatory.

(3) ~~No~~ A title insurer ~~shall~~ may not quote or charge any rate for ~~such~~ title insurance other than the applicable rate previously filed by it with the commissioner."

**Section 20.** Section 33-25-214, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-25-214. Underwriting standards -- record retention.** (1) A title insurer may not issue a title insurance policy unless it, its title insurance producer, or an approved attorney has conducted a reasonable search and examination of the title and made a determination of insurability of title in accordance with sound underwriting practices. The title insurer or title insurance producer shall preserve and retain in its files evidence of the examination of title and determination of insurability. The title insurer or title insurance producer may keep original evidence or may establish in the regular course of business a system of recording, copying, or reproducing evidence by any process that accurately and legibly reproduces, or forms a durable medium for reproducing, the contents of the original.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to:

- (a) a title insurer assuming liability through a contract of reinsurance; or
- (b) a title insurer acting as coinsurer if one of the other coinsuring title insurers has complied with subsection (1).

(3) Except as allowed by rules adopted by the commissioner, a title insurer or title insurance producer may not knowingly issue ~~an owner's~~ any title insurance ~~policy~~ product or commitment to insure unless all outstanding enforceable recorded liens or other interests against the property title to be insured are shown.

(4) An insurer issuing a policy in violation of this section is estopped, as a matter of law, to deny the validity of the policy as to any claim or demand of the insured arising under the policy."

**Section 21.** Section 33-30-1015, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-30-1015. Limitation of eligibility on conversion.** A person who purchases a policy of insurance under 33-30-1007 ceases to be eligible for a conversion policy if the person insured by the policy:

~~(1) becomes eligible for medicare part A and part B, pursuant to Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 1395;~~

~~(2)~~(1) fails to pay the premium on the policy purchased under 33-30-1007; or

~~(3)~~(2) enrolls under another major medical disability insurance policy or plan, except that the person may maintain the conversion policy during any waiting period established under any new disability insurance policy or plan that the insured person purchases."

**Section 22.** Section 33-31-111, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-31-111. (Temporary) Statutory construction and relationship to other laws.** (1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the insurance or health service corporation laws do not apply to a health maintenance organization authorized to transact business under this chapter. This provision does not apply to an insurer or health service corporation licensed and regulated pursuant to the insurance or health service corporation laws of this state except with respect to its health maintenance organization activities authorized and regulated pursuant to this chapter.

(2) Solicitation of enrollees by a health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority or its representatives is not a violation of any law relating to solicitation or advertising by health professionals.

(3) A health maintenance organization authorized under this chapter is not practicing medicine and is exempt from Title 37, chapter 3, relating to the practice of medicine.

(4) This chapter does not exempt a health maintenance organization from the applicable certificate of need requirements under Title 50, chapter 5, parts 1 and 3.

(5) This section does not exempt a health maintenance organization from the prohibition of pecuniary interest under 33-3-308 or the material transaction disclosure requirements under 33-3-701 through 33-3-704. A health maintenance organization must be considered an insurer for the purposes of 33-3-308 and 33-3-701 through 33-3-704.

(6) This section does not exempt a health maintenance organization from:

- (a) prohibitions against interference with certain communications as provided under chapter 1, part 8;
- (b) the provisions of Title 33, chapter 22, part 19;
- (c) the requirements of 33-22-134 and 33-22-135;
- (d) network adequacy and quality assurance requirements provided under chapter 36, except as provided in 33-22-262; or

(e) the requirements of Title 33, chapter 18, part 9.

(7) Except as provided in 33-22-262, Title 33, chapter 1, parts 12 and 13, Title 33, chapter 2, part 19, 33-2-1114, 33-2-1211, 33-2-1212, 33-3-422, 33-3-431, 33-15-308, Title 33, chapter 17, Title 33, chapter 19, 33-22-107, 33-22-129, 33-22-131, 33-22-136, 33-22-141, 33-22-142, 33-22-244, 33-22-246, 33-22-247, 33-22-514, 33-22-521, 33-22-523, 33-22-524, 33-22-526, and 33-22-706 apply to health maintenance organizations. (Terminates June 30, 2009--sec. 14, Ch. 325, L. 2003.)

**33-31-111. (Effective July 1, 2009) Statutory construction and relationship to other laws.** (1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the insurance or health service corporation laws do not apply to a health

maintenance organization authorized to transact business under this chapter. This provision does not apply to an insurer or health service corporation licensed and regulated pursuant to the insurance or health service corporation laws of this state except with respect to its health maintenance organization activities authorized and regulated pursuant to this chapter.

(2) Solicitation of enrollees by a health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority or its representatives is not a violation of any law relating to solicitation or advertising by health professionals.

(3) A health maintenance organization authorized under this chapter is not practicing medicine and is exempt from Title 37, chapter 3, relating to the practice of medicine.

(4) This chapter does not exempt a health maintenance organization from the applicable certificate of need requirements under Title 50, chapter 5, parts 1 and 3.

(5) This section does not exempt a health maintenance organization from the prohibition of pecuniary interest under 33-3-308 or the material transaction disclosure requirements under 33-3-701 through 33-3-704. A health maintenance organization must be considered an insurer for the purposes of 33-3-308 and 33-3-701 through 33-3-704.

(6) This section does not exempt a health maintenance organization from:

- (a) prohibitions against interference with certain communications as provided under chapter 1, part 8;
- (b) the provisions of Title 33, chapter 22, part 19;
- (c) the requirements of 33-22-134 and 33-22-135;
- (d) network adequacy and quality assurance requirements provided under chapter 36; or
- (e) the requirements of Title 33, chapter 18, part 9.

(7) Title 33, chapter 1, parts 12 and 13, Title 33, chapter 2, part 19, 33-2-1114, 33-2-1211, 33-2-1212, 33-3-422, 33-3-431, 33-15-308, Title 33, chapter 17, Title 33, chapter 19, 33-22-107, 33-22-129, 33-22-131, 33-22-136, 33-22-141, 33-22-142, 33-22-244, 33-22-246, 33-22-247, 33-22-514, 33-22-521, 33-22-523, 33-22-524, 33-22-526, and 33-22-706 apply to health maintenance organizations."

**Section 23.** Section 33-31-311, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-31-311. Insurance producer license required ~~--application, issuance, renewal, fees--penalty.~~**

(†) An individual, partnership, or corporation may not act as or represent to the public that the individual, partnership, or corporation is an insurance producer ~~of~~ for a health maintenance organization unless the individual, partnership, or corporation is:

(~~a~~)(1) licensed as a disability insurance producer<sup>(1)</sup> by the commissioner pursuant to Title 33, chapter 17,

parts 1, 2, ~~and 4, and 10 through 12, of this title~~ or licensed as an insurance producer as provided in 33-30-311; and

~~(b)(2)~~ appointed or authorized by the health maintenance organization or other health insurance issuer to sell, solicit, or negotiate health care service agreements on its behalf.

~~(2) Application, appointment, and qualification for a health maintenance organization insurance producer license, fees applicable to and the issuance of a health maintenance organization insurance producer license, and renewal of a health maintenance organization insurance producer license must be in accordance with the provisions of chapter 17 that apply to a disability insurance producer.~~

~~———(3) An individual, partnership, or corporation that holds a disability insurance producer license on October 1, 1987, need not requalify by an examination to be licensed as a health maintenance organization insurance producer.~~

~~———(4) The commissioner may, in accordance with 33-1-317, 33-17-411, and chapter 17, part 10, suspend, revoke, refuse to issue or renew a health maintenance organization insurance producer license or impose a fine upon the licensee."~~

**Section 24.** Section 33-35-103, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-35-103. Definitions.** As used in this chapter, unless ~~a contrary intent appears~~ the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply:

(1) "Allowable benefit" means a benefit relating to medical, surgical, or hospital care in the event of sickness, accident, disability, or any combination of sickness, accident, or disability.

(2) (a) "Bona fide association" means an association of employers that has been in existence for a period of not less than 5 years prior to sponsoring a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement, during which time the association has engaged in substantial activities relating to the common interests of member employers, and that continues to engage in substantial activities in addition to sponsoring an arrangement.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (2)(a), an association that was formed and began sponsoring an arrangement prior to October 1, 1995, is not subject to the requirement that the association be in existence for 5 years prior to sponsoring an arrangement.

(3) "Claims liability" means the total of all incurred and unpaid claims for allowable benefits under a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement that are not reimbursed or reimbursable by excess of loss insurance, subrogation, or other sources.

(4) (a) "Multiple employer welfare arrangement" means a multiple employer welfare arrangement as

defined by 29 U.S.C. 1002.

(b) The term does not include an arrangement, plan, program, or interlocal agreement of or between political subdivisions of this state, including school districts, as provided in 33-1-102.

(5) "Reserves" means the excess of the assets of a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement minus the liabilities of the arrangement. The liabilities of a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement include the claims liability of the arrangement.

(6) "Self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement" or "arrangement" means a multiple employer welfare arrangement that does not provide for payment of benefits under the arrangement solely through a policy or policies of insurance issued by one or more insurance companies ~~licensed~~ with a certificate of authority under this title."

**Section 25.** Section 33-35-306, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-35-306. Application of insurance code to arrangements.** (1) In addition to this chapter, self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangements are subject to the following provisions:

(a) Title 33, chapter 1, part 4, but the examination of a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement is limited to those matters to which the arrangement is subject to regulation under this chapter;

(b) Title 33, chapter 1, part 7;

(c) 33-3-308;

(d) Title 33, chapter 18, except 33-18-242;

(e) Title 33, chapter 19;

(f) 33-22-107, 33-22-131, 33-22-134, ~~and 33-22-135, 33-22-141, and 33-22-142;~~ and

(g) 33-22-525 and 33-22-526.

(2) Except as provided in this chapter, other provisions of Title 33 do not apply to a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement that has been issued a certificate of authority that has not been revoked."

**Section 26.** Section 33-38-105, MCA, is amended to read:

**"33-38-105. Sale of medical care discount card by unregistered supplier prohibited -- requirements for registration -- list of authorized enrollers required -- exceptions.** (1) A medical care discount card supplier may not market, promote, sell, or distribute a medical care discount card in this state unless the supplier holds a certificate of registration as a supplier issued by the commissioner.

(2) An application to the commissioner for a certificate of registration must be accompanied by a

nonrefundable application fee of \$100. The commissioner shall issue the certificate unless the commissioner determines that the medical care discount card supplier or an officer or manager is not financially responsible, does not have adequate expertise or experience to operate a medical care discount card business, or is not of good character or that the supplier or its affiliates or a business formerly owned or managed by the supplier or an officer or manager of the supplier has had a previous application for a certificate of registration denied, revoked, suspended, or terminated for cause or is under investigation for or has been found in violation of a statute or regulation in ~~another~~ any jurisdiction within the previous 5 years.

(3) A medical care discount card supplier shall renew its certificate of registration annually by December 31. The certificate is renewed upon payment by the supplier of a nonrefundable renewal fee of \$100 and expires on the anniversary of its issuance if the renewal fee is not paid before that date. Once issued or renewed, the certificate continues in effect for 1 year unless suspended, revoked, or terminated. The commissioner shall deposit the fees required by this section with the state treasurer, to be credited to the general fund.

(4) A certificate of registration may be suspended or revoked if, after notice and hearing, the commissioner finds that the medical care discount card supplier has violated a provision of this part, that the supplier is not financially responsible or competent, or that the supplier or an affiliate or business formerly owned or managed by the supplier has had a certificate of registration denied or suspended for cause or has been found in violation of a statute or regulation in another jurisdiction.

(5) A medical care discount card supplier that violates the provisions of subsection (1) is subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$5,000 or more than \$25,000 for each violation. Each day of violation is considered to be a separate violation.

(6) A medical care discount card supplier that is a health insurance issuer is not required to obtain a certificate of registration in accordance with this section, except that affiliates, as defined in 33-2-1101, that are selling medical care discount cards in Montana shall obtain a certificate of registration.

(7) An administrator that is authorized to do business in this state and that provides medical care discount cards to Montana residents who are members of self-funded group health plans administered by that administrator is not required to obtain a certificate of registration pursuant to this section.

(8) ~~A person acting as a medical care discount card supplier on October 1, 2005, shall file a certificate of registration and a list of its authorized enrollers with the commissioner by that date.~~ A person commencing business as a medical care discount card supplier ~~after October 1, 2005,~~ shall file a certificate of registration and its list of authorized enrollers with the commissioner at least 30 days before commencing business as a supplier. After the initial filing of a list of its enrollers with the commissioner, a supplier shall file an updated list annually

by December 31.

(9) This section does not excuse a medical care discount card supplier that is also an insurer from full compliance with the Montana Insurance Code."

**Section 27.** Section 50-4-703, MCA, is amended to read:

**"50-4-703. Rulemaking authority.** The commissioner and the attorney general ~~shall~~ may adopt rules to carry out this part, including rules that:

- (1) specify the form and content of the written notice, required documents, and supplemental information;
- (2) develop procedures under which proprietary business information and trade secrets are protected from public disclosure for the purposes of 50-4-708 to the extent allowed by law; and
- (3) establish hearing and appeal procedures."

NEW SECTION. **Section 28. Repealer.** Sections 33-17-506 and 33-17-507, MCA, are repealed.

NEW SECTION. **Section 29. Effective date.** [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

NEW SECTION. **Section 30. Retroactive applicability.** (1) [Section 17] applies retroactively, within the meaning of 1-2-109, to notices of registration issued on or after July 1, 2005.

(2) For purposes of receiving a tax credit, [this act] and Chapter 595, Laws of 2005, apply retroactively, within the meaning of 1-2-109, to eligible premiums paid after December 31, 2005, by eligible small employers registered under 33-22-208.

- END -