1	SENATE BILL NO. 273
2	INTRODUCED BY S. STEWART-PEREGOY
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING MONTANA'S ANTIQUITIES LAWS; PROVIDING A
5	DEFINITION OF "TRIBAL TRADITIONAL CULTURAL PROPERTY"; REQUIRING STATE AGENCIES TO
6	CONSULT WITH INDIAN TRIBES ABOUT ACTIONS POTENTIALLY AFFECTING TRIBAL TRADITIONAL
7	CULTURAL PROPERTY; CREATING PROVISIONS FOR APPEAL; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 22-3-421,
8	22-3-424, 22-3-430, 22-3-433, AND 22-3-434, MCA."
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10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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12	Section 1. Section 22-3-421, MCA, is amended to read:
13	"22-3-421. Definitions. As used in this part, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following
14	definitions apply:
15	(1) "Affected property owner" means a person or entity whose real property will be physically affected
16	by the activity of an applicant or whose real property is proposed for incorporation into a historic district proposed
17	as eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.
18	(2) "Antiquities permit" means the permit granted for excavation, removal, or restoration of heritage
19	properties or paleontological remains provided for in 22-3-432.
20	(3) "Applicant" means a person who applies to a governmental entity, including a federal, state, or local
21	governmental entity, for a permit, license, or lease on property owned by the governmental entity.
22	(4) "Consultation" means a reasonable and good faith effort to seek, discuss, and consider the views
23	of others and, when feasible, come to agreement with others, including:
24	(a) tribal historic preservation officers who have been approved by the national park service; or
25	(b) authorities designated by a tribe in accordance with a consultation protocol or memorandum of
26	understanding with a tribe.
27	(4)(5) "Heritage property" means any district, site, building, structure, or object located upon or beneath
28	the earth or under water that is significant in American history, architecture, archaeology, or culture.
29	(5)(6) "Historic preservation office" means the office within the Montana historical society provided for
30	in 2-15-1512.

1 (6)(7) "Historic preservation officer" means the officer provided for in 2-15-1512.

(7)(8) "Paleontological remains" means fossilized plants and animals of a geological nature found upon or beneath the earth or under water which are rare and critical to scientific research.

- (8)(9) "Preservation review board" means the board provided for in 2-15-1512.
- 5 (9)(10) "Register" means the National Register of Historic Places, the official list of the nation's heritage 6 properties worthy of preservation because of national, state, or local significance.
 - (10)(11) "Registered property" means any heritage property listed in the register.
- 8 (11)(12) "State agency" means any executive agency of the state of Montana.
 - (13) "Tribal traditional cultural property" means property within an Indian tribe's historic range or ancestral homeland that is significant to the tribe because of its association with cultural practices or traditional knowledge and beliefs or that is of other religious and cultural importance, including sacred sites based on tribal history, cultural patrimony and heritage, and continuing cultural identity."

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- **Section 2.** Section 22-3-424, MCA, is amended to read:
- 15 **"22-3-424. Duties of state agencies.** State agencies, including the Montana university system, shall:
 - (1) in consultation with the historical society adopt rules for the identification and preservation of heritage properties and paleontological remains on lands owned by the state to avoid, whenever feasible, state actions or state assisted or licensed actions that substantially alter heritage properties or paleontological remains on lands owned by the state or, in the absence of such rules, act in compliance with rules adopted under 22-3-423;
 - (2) identify and develop, in consultation with the historic preservation officer, methods and procedures to ensure that the identification and protection of heritage properties and paleontological remains on lands owned by the state are given appropriate consideration in state agency decisionmaking;
 - (3) consult with Indian tribes as early as possible about the potential for tribal traditional cultural property to be substantially affected by state actions or state-assisted or state-licensed actions and about any related concerns;
 - (3)(4) deposit in the historic preservation office all inventory reports, including maps, photographs, and site forms, of heritage properties and paleontological remains; and
 - (4)(5) pursuant to 22-3-422(6), provide to the preservation review board on the first Tuesday in February of every even-numbered year the following information:
 - (a) a list of the heritage properties managed by the agencies as those properties have been identified



- 1 pursuant to this section;
- 2 (b) the status and condition of each heritage property;
- (c) the stewardship efforts in which the agencies have engaged to maintain each heritage property and
 the cost of those activities;
 - (d) a prioritized list of the maintenance needs for the properties; and
 - (e) a record of the agencies' compliance with subsections (1) and (2)."

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- **Section 3.** Section 22-3-430, MCA, is amended to read:
- **"22-3-430. Avoidance and mitigation of impacts.** (1) Avoidance of impacts to heritage property or paleontological remains <u>or tribal traditional cultural property</u> is preferred. Avoidance may not be construed to constitute neglect of the property or anticipatory demolition.
- (2) If it is not feasible to avoid impacts to heritage property or paleontological remains, a mitigation plan must be developed by the agency, in consultation with the applicant, to minimize adverse effects to the property or remains. Mitigation must be directed at the characteristics of the property that make it eligible for listing in the register. If requested by the agency, the historic preservation officer shall identify suggested mitigation actions in writing at the time that the historic preservation officer submits a proposed finding under 22-3-429.
- (3) If it is not feasible to avoid impacts to tribal traditional cultural property, a mitigation plan must be developed by the agency in consultation with the tribe whose property is affected. If requested by the agency or the tribe, the historic preservation officer shall identify suggested mitigation actions in writing."

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- Section 4. Section 22-3-433, MCA, is amended to read:
- **"22-3-433. Environmental review process.** (1) Each state agency responsible for the preparation of an environmental impact statement in accordance with the Montana Environmental Policy Act shall, as a part of its evaluation and study process, consult with and obtain the comments of:
- (a) the historic preservation officer concerning the identification and location of heritage properties and paleontological remains on lands owned by the state that may be adversely impacted by the proposed action; and
- (b) Indian tribes concerning the identification and location of tribal traditional cultural property that may be adversely impacted by the proposed action.
 - (2) However, where When the grant of an interest in state land requires the preparation of an



environmental impact statement under the Montana Environmental Policy Act, the environmental impact statement shall <u>must</u> be limited to an evaluation of the heritage properties and paleontological remains located in, on, under, and within only the affected state land <u>or tribal traditional cultural property</u>.

(2)(3) When heritage properties and paleontological remains are located and identified as described in subsection (1), the responsible state agency, in consultation with the historic preservation officer and the preservation review board, shall include as part of its environmental impact statement a plan for the avoidance or mitigation of damage to heritage properties and paleontological remains to the greatest extent practicable. Whenever necessary or appropriate, the state agency may require an applicant for a lease, permit, license, or other approval for use of land owned by the state to develop an avoidance or mitigation plan in consultation with the historic preservation officer and the preservation review board."

Section 5. Section 22-3-434, MCA, is amended to read:

"22-3-434. Denial of applications. State agencies may deny or approve with conditions any application for an easement, lease, permit, contract, license, or certificate in order to protect heritage properties and paleontological remains or tribal traditional cultural property that cannot be properly mitigated; provided that this section is limited only to heritage properties and paleontological remains which or tribal traditional cultural property that have been located as a part of the environmental impact statement reviews review process as described in 22-3-433."

- NEW SECTION. Section 6. Appeal. (1) The head of a state agency violating a provision of 22-3-424, 22-3-430, or 22-3-433 shall explain in writing to the tribe whose tribal traditional cultural property is affected, to the state office of the director of Indian affairs, and to the office of the governor the circumstances of the agency's violation and describe the agency's systematic efforts toward a solution.
- (2) A tribe seeking remedy may appeal an agency finding in any court of competent jurisdiction in the county where the tribal traditional cultural property is located.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 7. Consultation protocol or memorandum of understanding. State agencies are encouraged to develop a consultation protocol or memorandum of understanding with Indian tribes that specifies the proper authority and procedure for consultation on state actions or state-assisted or state-licensed actions that might impact tribal traditional cultural property.

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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 8. Notification to tribal governments.** The secretary of state shall send a copy of [this act] to each tribal government located on the seven Montana reservations and to the Little Shell Chippewa tribe.

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NEW SECTION. Section 9. Codification instruction. [Sections 6 and 7] are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 22, chapter 3, part 4, and the provisions of Title 22, chapter 3, part 4, apply to [sections 6 and 7].

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