1	HOUSE BILL NO. 222
2	INTRODUCED BY M. MILLER
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ALLOWING THE ELIGIBILITY OF CANDIDATES TO BE
5	INVESTIGATED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLITICAL PRACTICES; PROVIDING FOR REMOVAL OF AN
6	INELIGIBLE CANDIDATE FROM THE BALLOT; RESTRICTING PARTIES FROM REPLACING INELIGIBLE
7	CANDIDATES IN THE GENERAL ELECTION; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 13-10-201, 13-10-327, 13-37-111,
8	AND 13-37-126, MCA."
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10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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12	Section 1. Section 13-10-201, MCA, is amended to read:
13	"13-10-201. Declaration for nomination term limitations. (1) Each candidate in the primary election,
14	except nonpartisan candidates filing under the provisions of Title 13, chapter 14, shall file a declaration for
15	nomination with the secretary of state or election administrator. Except for a candidate who files under 13-38-201,
16	a candidate may not file for more than one public office. Each candidate for governor shall file a joint declaration
17	for nomination with a candidate for lieutenant governor.
18	(2) A declaration for nomination must be filed in the office of:
19	(a) the secretary of state for placement of a name on the ballot for the presidential preference primary,
20	a congressional office, a state or district office to be voted for in more than one county, a member of the
21	legislature, or a judge of the district court;
22	(b) the election administrator for a county, municipal, precinct, or district office (other than a member of
23	the legislature or judge of the district court) to be voted for in only one county.
24	(3) Each candidate shall sign the declaration and send with it the required filing fee or, in the case of an
25	indigent candidate, send with it the documents required by 13-10-203. Unless filed electronically with the
26	$secretary \ of \ state, the \ declaration \ for \ nomination \ must \ be \ acknowledged \ by \ an \ of ficer \ empowered \ to \ acknowledged \ by \ an \ of ficer \ empowered \ to \ acknowledged \ by \ an \ of ficer \ empowered \ to \ acknowledged \ for \ f$
27	signatures or by the officer of the office at which the filing is made.
28	(4) The declaration, when filed, is conclusive evidence that the elector is a candidate for nomination by
29	the elector's party. For a partisan election, an elector may not file a declaration for more than one party's

nomination.

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(5) (a) The declaration for nomination must be in the form and contain the information prescribed by the secretary of state.

- (b) A person seeking nomination to the legislature shall provide the secretary of state with a street address, legal description, or road designation to indicate the person's place of residence. If a candidate for the legislature changes residence, the candidate shall, within 15 days after the change, notify the secretary of state on a form prescribed by the secretary of state.
- (c) The secretary of state and election administrator shall furnish declaration for nomination forms to individuals requesting them.
- (6) (a) Except as provided in 13-10-211 and subsection (6)(b) of this section, a candidate's declaration for nomination must be filed no sooner than 135 days before the election in which the office first appears on the ballot and no later than 5 p.m., 75 days before the date of the primary election.
- (b) For an election held pursuant to 13-1-104(1)(a) or 13-1-107(1) or for a political subdivision that holds an election on the date of either of those elections, a candidate's declaration for nomination must be filed no sooner than 145 days before the election in which the office first appears on the ballot and no later than 5 p.m., 85 days before the date of the primary election.
- (7) A declaration for nomination form may be sent by facsimile transmission if a facsimile facility is available for use by the election administrator or by the secretary of state, delivered in person, or mailed to the election administrator or to the secretary of state.
- (8) For the purposes of implementing Article IV, section 8, of the Montana constitution, the secretary of state shall apply the following conditions:
- (a) A term of office for an official serving in the office or a candidate seeking the office is considered to begin on January 1 of the term for which the official is elected or for which the candidate seeks election and end on December 31 of the term for which the official is elected or for which the candidate seeks election.
 - (b) A year is considered to start on January 1 and end on the following December 31.
- 25 (c) "Current term", as used in Article IV, section 8, of the Montana constitution, has the meaning provided 26 in 2-16-214.
 - (9) A candidate shall certify on the declaration in a form prescribed by the secretary of state that:
- 28 (a) the candidate is eligible for the office;
- (b) if the candidate is found ineligible for the office, the secretary of state shall remove the candidate's
 name from the ballot; and



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(c) in a general election, the party may not replace a candidate determined to be ineligible."

- Section 2. Section 13-10-327, MCA, is amended to read:
- "13-10-327. Vacancy after primary and prior to general election. (1) Except as provided in 13-10-328 for a vacancy in the candidacy of either governor or lieutenant governor caused by the death of a candidate <u>and except as provided in 13-37-126</u>, if a party candidate dies or withdraws after the primary and before the general election, the affected political party shall appoint someone to replace the candidate in one of the following ways:
- (a) For offices to be filled by the state at large, the state central committee shall make the appointment as provided by the rules of the party.
- (b) For offices to be filled in districts including more than one county, a committee appointed by the county central committees of all counties in the district shall make the appointment. Procedures for the appointment of the committee and making the appointment must be provided in party rules.
- (c) For offices to be filled in counties, municipalities, or districts wholly within a county, the appointment must be made under rules adopted by the county central committee.
- (2) Except as provided in this section, appointments to fill vacancies must be made no later than 76 days before the election. A candidate may not officially withdraw 85 days or less before a general election. However, if a candidate for partisan office dies less than 85 days before the general election, the affected political party shall appoint a candidate within 5 days after being notified of the vacancy. One of the procedures provided in 13-12-204 must be used to place the name of the appointee on the ballot if necessary.
- (3) The appointing committee shall send a certificate to the officer with whom a declaration for nomination for the office would be filed, with the information required on a declaration for nomination and the name of the candidate for whom the appointee is to be substituted. The appointee shall send a signed and acknowledged acceptance of the appointment and the filing fee for the office.
- (4) The officer receiving the certificate of appointment, accompanied by a statement of acceptance and the filing fee, shall certify the name of the appointee for the ballot."

- **Section 3.** Section 13-37-111, MCA, is amended to read:
- "13-37-111. Investigative powers and duties -- recusal. (1) Except as provided in 13-35-240, the commissioner is responsible for investigating all of the alleged violations of the election laws contained in chapter 35 of this title or this chapter and in conjunction with the county attorneys is responsible for enforcing these



1 election laws.

2 (2) The commissioner may:

(a) investigate all statements filed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 35 of this title or this chapter and shall investigate alleged failures to file any statement or the alleged falsification of any statement filed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 35 of this title or this chapter or the alleged ineligibility of the candidate. Upon the submission of a written complaint by any individual, the commissioner shall investigate any other alleged violation of the provisions of chapter 35 of this title, this chapter, or any rule adopted pursuant to chapter 35 of this title or this chapter.

- (b) inspect any records, accounts, or books that must be kept pursuant to the provisions of chapter 35 of this title or this chapter that are held by any political committee or candidate, as long as the inspection is made during reasonable office hours; and
- (c) administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, bank account statements of a political committee or candidate, or other records that are relevant or material for the purpose of conducting any investigation pursuant to the provisions of chapter 35 of this title or this chapter.
- (3) If the commissioner determines that considering a matter would give rise to the appearance of impropriety or a conflict of interest, the commissioner is recused from participating in the matter.
- (4) (a) If the commissioner is recused pursuant to this section, the commissioner shall appoint a deputy, subject to subsection (4)(b).
 - (b) The deputy:
 - (i) may not be an employee of the office of the commissioner;
 - (ii) must have the same qualifications as specified for the commissioner in 13-37-107;
- (iii) with respect to only the specific matter from which the commissioner is recused, has the same authority, duties, and responsibilities as the commissioner would have absent the recusal; and
- (iv) may not exercise any powers of the office that are not specifically related to the matter for which the deputy is appointed.
- (5) The appointment of the deputy is effectuated by a contract between the commissioner and the deputy. The contract must specify the deputy's term of appointment, which must be temporary, the matter assigned to the deputy, the date on which the matter assigned must be concluded by the deputy, and any other items relevant to the deputy's appointment, powers, or duties."



Section 4. Section 13-37-126, MCA, is amended to read:

"13-37-126. Names not to appear on ballot. (1) (a) The name of a candidate may not appear on the official ballot for an election if the candidate or a treasurer for a candidate fails to file any statement or report as required by this chapter.

(2)(b) A vacancy on an official ballot under this section subsection (1)(a) may be filled in the manner provided by law, but not by the name of the same candidate.

(3)(c) (a)(i) In carrying out the mandate of this section, the commissioner shall, by a written statement, notify the secretary of state or the election administrator that a candidate or a candidate's treasurer has not complied with the provisions of this chapter, as described in subsection (1)(a), and that a candidate's name may not appear on the official ballot.

(b)(ii) The commissioner shall provide the notification:

(i)(A) within 8 calendar days after the close of the certification deadline provided in 13-10-208(1) for primary elections held pursuant to 13-1-107(1); or

(ii)(B) by the earliest date specified under 13-10-208(2) for the county election administrator to certify the ballot for primary elections held pursuant to 13-1-107(2) or (3); and

(iii)(C) by no later than 7 days before the ballot certification deadline provided in 13-12-201 for general elections.

- (2) (a) A person who does not meet the requirements of the office for which the person has filed a petition for nomination must be found ineligible to be a candidate for that office, and the person's name may not appear on the general election ballot.
- (b) Except for a candidate for lieutenant governor or governor, a party may not replace an ineligible candidate on a general election ballot.
- (c) (i) In carrying out the mandate of this section, the commissioner shall, after an investigation commenced by a complaint to the commissioner's office, notify the secretary of state or the election administrator in writing if a candidate has been declared ineligible as described in subsection (2)(a).
- (ii) If the candidate has been found ineligible, the commissioner shall additionally notify the secretary of state or the election administrator in writing that:
- (A) the candidate's name may not appear on the official general election ballot if the candidate's ineligibility is determined by an investigation completed no later than 7 days before the ballot certification deadline



1 provided in 13-12-201 for general elections;

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(B) votes for the candidate may not be counted if the candidate's ineligibility is determined by an investigation completed after the deadline stated in subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A) but before the date of the general election in which the candidate appears; or

(C) the election of a candidate is invalid if the investigation is completed on or after the date of the general election in which the candidate appears. If another candidate received votes in the election, the certification of the candidate receiving the next highest number of votes must commence as if the ineligible candidate's name did not appear on the ballot. If no other candidate received votes in the election, the vacancy must be treated as if no election occurred."

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