63rd Legislature

	Legislative Services - ' Division	1 - Authorized Print Version - SB 106	
30	selling electricity to small customers at retail rates in	the state of Montana and that is not a public utility or	
29	(5) (a) "Competitive electricity supplier" means any person, corporation, or governmental entity that is		
28	(b) is owned by a public utility and has less than or equal to 25 megawatts in total nameplate capacity		
27	that is less than or equal to 25 megawatts in total calculated nameplate capacity; or		
26	(a) is interconnected on the utility side of the me	eter in which local owners have a controlling interest and	
25	(4) "Community renewable energy project" me	eans an eligible renewable resource that:	
24	and equity to both projects.		
23	considered to be under common ownership simply because the same entity provided debt or equity or both debt		
22	between two community renewable energy projects. Two community renewable energy projects may not be		
21	controlling interest in more than one community renewable energy project even if the ownership shares differ		
20	(3) "Common ownership" means the same or	substantially similar persons or entities that maintain a	
19	customers.		
18	and load at all times to meet transmission system operating criteria and to provide reliable electric service to		
17	(2) "Balancing authority" means a transmission	system control operator who balances electricity supply	
16	protection, spinning reserves and nonspinning reserves, and reactive power.		
15	services include energy losses, energy imbalances, scheduling and dispatching, load following, system		
14	power other than simple generation, transmission, or distribution. Ancillary services related to transmissior		
13	(1) "Ancillary services" means services or tariff	f provisions related to generation and delivery of electric	
12	definitions apply:		
11	"69-3-2003. Definitions. As used in this par	t, unless the context requires otherwise, the following	
10	Section 1. Section 69-3-2003, MCA, is amend	ded to read:	
9			
8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:		
7			
6	AMENDING SECTION 69-3-2003, MCA; AND PROVID	DING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."	
5	RESOURCE" FOR THE PURPOSES OF ADMINISTE	ERING THE RENEWABLE PORTFOLIO STANDARD;	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVIS	ING THE DEFINITION OF "ELIGIBLE RENEWABLE	
3			
2	INTRODUCED B	Y G. JERGESON	
1	SENATE BI	ILL NO. 106	

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SB0106.02

1 cooperative. 2 (b) The term does not include governmental entities selling electricity produced only by facilities 3 generating less than 250 kilowatts that were in operation prior to 1990. 4 (6) "Compliance year" means each calendar year beginning January 1 and ending December 31, starting 5 in 2008, for which compliance with this part must be demonstrated. 6 (7) "Cooperative utility" means: 7 (a) a utility gualifying as an electric cooperative pursuant to Title 35, chapter 18; or 8 (b) an existing municipal electric utility as of May 2, 1997. 9 (8) "Dispatch ability" means the ability of either a balancing authority or the owner of an electric 10 generating resource to rapidly start, stop, increase, or decrease electricity production from that generating 11 resource in order to respond to the balancing authority's need to match supply resources to loads on the 12 transmission system. 13 (9) "Electric generating resource" means any plant or equipment used to generate electricity by any 14 means. 15 (10) "Eligible renewable resource" means a facility either located within Montana or delivering electricity from another state into Montana that commences commercial operation after January 1, 2005, and that produces 16 17 electricity from one or more of the following sources: 18 (a) wind; 19 (b) solar; 20 (c) geothermal; 21 (d) water power, in the case of a hydroelectric project that: 22 (i) does not require a new appropriation, diversion, or impoundment of water and that has a nameplate 23 rating of 10 megawatts or less; or 24 (ii) is installed at an existing reservoir or on an existing irrigation system that does not have hydroelectric 25 generation as of April 16, 2009, and has a nameplate capacity of 15 megawatts or less; 26 (e) landfill or farm-based methane gas; 27 (f) gas produced during the treatment of wastewater; 28 (g) low-emission, nontoxic biomass based on dedicated energy crops, animal wastes, or solid organic 29 fuels from wood, forest, or field residues, except that the term does not include wood pieces that have been 30 treated with chemical preservatives such as creosote, pentachlorophenol, or copper-chroma-arsenic; Legislative - 2 -

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1	(h) hydrogen derived from any of the sources in this subsection (10) for use in fuel cells; AND
2	(i) flywheel storage as defined in 15-6-157(4)(d):
3	(j) hydroelectric pumped storage as defined in 15-6-157(4)(e);
4	<u>(k) batteries;</u>
5	(i)(I)(I) the renewable energy fraction from the sources identified in subsections (10)(a) through (10)(j)
6	(10)(m) of electricity production from a multiple-fuel process with fossil fuels; and
7	(j)(m) compressed air derived from any of the sources in this subsection (10) that is forced into an
8	underground storage reservoir and later released, heated, and passed through a turbine generator:
9	(I) THE SOURCES IDENTIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (10) OF ELECTRICITY PRODUCTION FROM A MULTIPLE-FUEL
10	PROCESS WITH FOSSIL FUELS;
11	(II) FLYWHEEL STORAGE AS DEFINED IN 15-6-157(4)(D);
12	(III) HYDROELECTRIC PUMPED STORAGE AS DEFINED IN 15-6-157(4)(E);
13	(IV) BATTERIES; AND
14	(V) COMPRESSED AIR DERIVED FROM ANY OF THE SOURCES IN THIS SUBSECTION (10) THAT IS FORCED INTO AN
15	UNDERGROUND STORAGE RESERVOIR AND LATER RELEASED, HEATED, AND PASSED THROUGH A TURBINE GENERATOR.
16	(11) "Local owners" means:
17	(a) Montana residents;
18	(b) general partnerships of which all partners are Montana residents;
19	(c) business entities organized under the laws of Montana that:
20	(i) have less than \$50 million of gross revenue;
21	(ii) have less than \$100 million of assets; and
22	(iii) have at least 50% of the equity interests, income interests, and voting interests owned by Montana
23	residents;
24	(d) Montana nonprofit organizations;
25	(e) Montana-based tribal councils;
26	(f) Montana political subdivisions or local governments;
27	(g) Montana-based cooperatives other than cooperative utilities; or
28	(h) any combination of the individuals or entities listed in subsections (11)(a) through (11)(g).
29	(12) "Nonspinning reserve" means offline generation that can be ramped up to capacity and synchronized
30	to the grid within 10 minutes and that is needed to maintain system frequency stability during emergency



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1	conditions, unforeseen load swings, and generation disruptions.
2	(13) "Public utility" means any electric utility regulated by the commission pursuant to Title 69, chapter
3	3, on January 1, 2005, including the public utility's successors or assignees.
4	(14) "Renewable energy credit" means a tradable certificate of proof of 1 megawatt hour of electricity
5	generated by an eligible renewable resource that is tracked and verified by the commission and includes all of
6	the environmental attributes associated with that 1 megawatt-hour unit of electricity production.
7	(15) "Renewable energy fraction" means the proportion of electricity output directly
8	ATTRIBUTABLE TO ELECTRICITY AND ASSOCIATED RENEWABLE ENERGY CREDITS PRODUCED BY ONE OF THE SOURCES
9	IDENTIFIED IN SUBSECTION (10).
10	(15)(16) "Seasonality" means the degree to which an electric generating resource is capable of producing
11	electricity in each of the seasons of the year.
12	(16)(17) "Small customer" means a retail customer that has an individual load with an average monthly
13	demand of less than 5,000 kilowatts.
14	(17)(18) "Spinning reserve" means the online reserve capacity that is synchronized to the grid system
15	and immediately responsive to frequency control and that is needed to maintain system frequency stability during
16	emergency conditions, unforeseen load swings, and generation disruptions.
17	(18)(19) "Total calculated nameplate capacity" means the calculation of total nameplate capacity of the
18	community renewable energy project and other eligible renewable resources that are:
19	(a) located within 5 miles of the project;
20	(b) constructed within the same 12-month period; and
21	(c) under common ownership."
22	
23	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.
24	- END -

