1	HOUSE BILL NO. 140
2	INTRODUCED BY J. WELBORN
3	BY REQUEST OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY COUNCIL
4	

5 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING LAWS RELATED TO HUNTING AND FISHING 6 LICENSES; REQUIRING AN ADDITIONAL BUDGET REVIEW AND REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE; 7 CREATING A BASE HUNTING LICENSE; REORGANIZING AND RECODIFYING CERTAIN LICENSE STATUTES: CLARIFYING THE PRICE OF A CLASS B-12 NONRESIDENT ANTLERLESS ELK B TAG 8 9 LICENSE; INCREASING FISHING LICENSE FEES; ELIMINATING FREE LICENSES FOR CERTAIN YOUTH, 10 SENIOR, DISABLED, AND NONRESIDENT HUNTERS AND ANGLERS AND STANDARDIZING DISCOUNTED 11 LICENSE PRICES; CAPPING CLARIFYING THE FEES FOR CLASS B-10 NONRESIDENT BIG GAME 12 COMBINATION LICENSES AND CLASS B-11 NONRESIDENT DEER COMBINATION LICENSES; EQUALIZING LICENSES AVAILABLE TO AND FEES FOR NONRESIDENT RELATIVES OF RESIDENTS AND 13 14 NONRESIDENTS WHO HUNT WITH A RESIDENT SPONSOR OR FAMILY MEMBER; INCREASING THE 15 CLASS B-14 NONRESIDENT COLLEGE STUDENT BIG GAME COMBINATION LICENSE FEE; INCREASING 16 NONRESIDENT MOOSE, MOUNTAIN GOAT, MOUNTAIN SHEEP, AND BISON LICENSE FEES; INCREASING 17 THE AGE AT WHICH SENIORS ARE ELIGIBLE FOR DISCOUNTED LICENSES; AUTHORIZING FREE 18 FISHING FOR ALL YOUTH UNDER AGE 12; REDUCING LICENSE AGE BRACKETS FOR YOUTH; REVISING 19 DISTRIBUTION OF HUNTING LICENSE REVENUE FOR HUNTING ACCESS PROGRAMS; CREATING AN APPRENTICE HUNTING CERTIFICATE FOR YOUTH BETWEEN 10 AND 18 YEARS OF AGE AND PROVIDING 20 21 QUALIFYING CONDITIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 61-8-369, 87-1-270, 87-1-290, 87-2-104, 87-2-105, 22 87-2-202, 87-2-301, 87-2-302, 87-2-304, 87-2-306, 87-2-307, 87-2-403, 87-2-404, 87-2-505, 87-2-506, 87-2-510, 87-2-511, 87-2-514, 87-2-520, 87-2-522, 87-2-525, 87-2-526, 87-2-701, 87-2-706, 87-2-711, 87-2-801, 87-2-803, 23 24 87-2-805, 87-6-301, 87-6-403, AND 87-6-405, AND 87-6-921, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 87-2-515 AND 25 87-2-809, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES."

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27 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

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29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 1. Review of budget -- report to legislature. In addition to the requirements
 30 of Title 17, chapter 7, part 1, every 4 years the department shall review its expenditures and revenue to determine



the need for making license revenue recommendations to the legislature. The department shall report the findings 1 2 of its review to the legislature in the next regular session. The first report is due January 1, 2019. 3 4 NEW SECTION. Section 2. Base hunting license prerequisite for other hunting licenses -- fee. 5 (1) To be eligible to apply for a hunting license or Class A-2 special bow and arrow license a person must first 6 obtain a base hunting license as provided in this section. The base hunting license must be purchased once each 7 license year. 8 (2) Resident base hunting licenses may be purchased for a fee of \$10, of which \$2 is a hunting access 9 enhancement fee that must be used by the department to fund programs established in 87-1-265 through 10 87-1-267. 11 (3) Nonresident base hunting licenses may be purchased for a fee of \$15, of which \$10 is a hunting 12 access enhancement fee that must be used by the department to fund programs established in 87-1-265 through 13 87-1-267. 14 15 Section 3. Section 61-8-369, MCA, is amended to read: 16 "61-8-369. Shooting from or across road or highway right-of-way. Except as provided in 87-2-803(4) 17 87-2-803(5), a person may not shoot a firearm from or across the right-of-way of a highway." 18 19 Section 4. Section 87-1-270, MCA, is amended to read: 20 "87-1-270. (Temporary) Allocation of license fees to hunting access enhancement program. (1) 21 Except as provided in 87-2-805(1)(b)(ii) 87-2-514 AND 87-2-805(3), the amount of the department shall use \$55 22 from the sale of each Class B-1 nonresident upland game bird license and \$25 from the sale of each Class B-2 23 3-day nonresident upland game bird license must be used by the department to encourage public access to 24 private lands for hunting purposes in accordance with 87-1-265 through 87-1-267. 25 (2) The resident department shall use the hunting access enhancement fee in 87-2-202(3)(c) and the 26 nonresident hunting access enhancement fee in 87-2-202(3)(d) must be used by the department fees collected 27 pursuant to [section 2] to encourage public access to private and public lands for hunting purposes in accordance 28 with 87-1-265 through 87-1-267. (Terminates June 30, 2019--sec. 6, Ch. 204, L. 2013.) 29 87-1-270. (Effective July 1, 2019) Allocation of license fees to hunting access enhancement 30 program. (1) Except as provided in 87-2-805(1)(b)(ii) 87-2-514 AND 87-2-805(3), the amount of the department

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<u>shall use</u> \$55 from the sale of each Class B-1 nonresident upland game bird license must be used by the
 department to encourage public access to private lands for hunting purposes in accordance with 87-1-265
 through 87-1-267.

4 (2) The resident <u>department shall use the</u> hunting access enhancement fee in 87-2-202(3)(c) and the
5 nonresident hunting access enhancement fee in 87-2-202(3)(d) must be used by the department fees collected
6 pursuant to [section 2] to encourage public access to private and public lands for hunting purposes in accordance
7 with 87-1-265 through 87-1-267."

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Section 5. Section 87-1-290, MCA, is amended to read:

**"87-1-290. Hunting access account.** (1) There is a hunting access account in the state special revenue
 fund. Funds deposited in this account may must be used only for the purpose of funding any hunting access
 program established by law or by the department through administrative rule.

13 (2) The following funds must be deposited in the account:

(a) 25% 28.5% of the fee for Class B-10 nonresident big game combination licenses pursuant to
87-2-505(1)(c) and 25% 28.5% of the fee for Class B-11 nonresident deer combination licenses pursuant to
87-2-510(1)(b);

(b) 25% 28.5% of the fee for hunting licenses issued to nonresident relatives of a resident pursuant to
87-2-514; and

(c) the hunting access enhancement fees assessed <u>collected</u> pursuant to <del>87-2-202(3)(c) and (3)(d)</del>
 [section 2].

20 [Section

(3) Any interest or income earned on the account must be deposited in the account."

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23 Section 6. Section 87-2-104, MCA, is amended to read:

**"87-2-104. Number of licenses, permits, or tags allowed -- fees.** (1) The department may prescribe
rules and regulations for the issuance or sale of a replacement license, permit, or tag if the original license,
permit, or tag is lost, stolen, or destroyed upon payment of a fee not to exceed \$5.

27 (2) When authorized by the commission for game management purposes, the department may:

28 (a) issue more than one Class A-3 resident deer A, Class A-4 resident deer B, Class B-7 nonresident

29 deer A, Class B-8 nonresident deer B, Class E-1 resident wolf, Class E-2 nonresident wolf, or special antelope

30 license to an applicant; and

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1 (b) issue a special antlerless moose license, a special cow or calf bison license, or one or more special 2 adult ewe mountain sheep licenses to an applicant.

3 (3) For all of the game management licenses issued under subsection (2), the commission shall 4 determine the hunting districts or portions of hunting districts for which the licenses are to be issued, the number 5 of licenses to be issued, and all terms and conditions for the use of the licenses.

6 (4) When authorized by the commission for game management purposes, the department may issue 7 Class A-9 resident antlerless elk B tag licenses and Class B-12 nonresident antlerless elk B tag licenses entitling 8 the holder to take an antierless elk. Unless otherwise reduced pursuant to subsection (5), the fee for a Class B-12 9 license is <del>\$273</del> \$270. The commission shall determine the hunting districts or portions of hunting districts for 10 which Class A-9 and Class B-12 licenses are to be issued, the number of licenses to be issued, and all terms and 11 conditions for the use of the licenses.

12 (5) The fee for a resident or nonresident license of any class issued under subsection (2) or (4) may be 13 reduced annually by the department."

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### SECTION 7. SECTION 87-2-105, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

16 "87-2-105. Safety instruction required. (1) Except for a youth who qualifies for a license pursuant to 17 87-2-805(4) or who has been issued an apprentice hunting certificate pursuant to [section 38], a hunting license 18 may not be issued to a person who is born after January 1, 1985, unless the person authorized to issue the 19 license determines proof of completion of:

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(a) a Montana hunter safety and education course established in subsection (4) or (6);

21 (b) a hunter safety course in any other state or province; or

22 (c) a Montana hunter safety and education course that qualifies the person for a provisional certificate 23 as provided in 87-2-126.

24 (2) A hunting license may not be issued to a member of the regular armed forces of the United States 25 or to a member of the armed forces of a foreign government attached to the armed forces of the United States 26 who is assigned to active duty in Montana and who is otherwise considered a resident under 87-2-102(1) or to 27 a member's dependents, as defined in 15-30-2115, who reside in the member's Montana household, unless the 28 person authorized to issue the license determines proof of completion of a hunter safety course approved by the 29 department or a hunter safety course in any state or province.

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(3) A bow and arrow license may not be issued to a resident or nonresident unless the person authorized

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to issue the license receives an archery license issued for a prior hunting season or determines proof of completion of a bowhunter education course from the national bowhunter education foundation or any other bowhunter education program approved by the department. Neither the department nor the license agent is required to provide records of past archery license purchases. As part of the department's bow and arrow licensing procedures, the department shall notify the public regarding bowhunter education requirements.

6 (4) The department shall provide for a hunter safety and education course that includes instruction in 7 the safe handling of firearms and for that purpose may cooperate with any reputable organization having as one 8 of its objectives the promotion of hunter safety and education. The department may designate as an instructor 9 any person it finds to be competent to give instructions in hunter safety and education, including the handling of 10 firearms. A person appointed shall give the course of instruction and shall issue a certificate of completion from 11 Montana's hunter safety and education course to a person successfully completing the course.

12 (5) The department shall provide for a course of instruction from the national bowhunter education 13 foundation or any other bowhunter education program approved by the department and for that purpose may 14 cooperate with any reputable organization having as one of its objectives the promotion of safety in the handling 15 of bow hunting tackle. The department may designate as an instructor any person it finds to be competent to give 16 bowhunter education instruction. A person appointed shall give the course of instruction and shall issue a 17 certificate of completion to <del>any</del> <u>a</u> person successfully completing the course.

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(6) The department may develop an adult hunter safety and education course.

(7) The department may adopt rules regarding how a person authorized to issue a license determines
 proof of completion of a required course."

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**Section 8.** Section 87-2-202, MCA, is amended to read:

23 "87-2-202. Application -- fee -- expiration. (1) Except as provided in 87-2-803(12) [section 31(2) 32(2) 24 33(2) 37(2)], a wildlife conservation license must be sold upon written application. The application must contain 25 the applicant's name, age, [last four digits of the applicant's social security number,] occupation, street address 26 of permanent residence, mailing address, gualifying length of time as a resident in the state of Montana, and 27 status as a citizen of the United States or as an alien and must be signed by the applicant. The applicant shall 28 present a valid Montana driver's license, a Montana driver's examiner's identification card, a tribal identification 29 card, or other identification specified by the department to substantiate the required information when applying 30 for a wildlife conservation license. It is the applicant's burden to provide documentation establishing the

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applicant's identity and qualifications to purchase a wildlife conservation license or to receive a free wildlife 1 2 conservation license pursuant to 87-2-803(12) [section 31(2) 32(2) 33(2) 37(2)].

3 (2) Hunting, fishing, or trapping licenses issued in a form determined by the department must be 4 recorded according to rules that the department may prescribe.

5 (3) (a) Resident wildlife conservation licenses may be purchased for a fee of \$8, of which 25 cents is a 6 search and rescue surcharge.

7 (b) Nonresident wildlife conservation licenses may be purchased for a fee of \$10, of which 25 cents is 8 a search and rescue surcharge.

9 (c) In addition to the fee in subsection (3)(a), the first time in any license year that a resident uses the 10 wildlife conservation license as a prerequisite to purchase a hunting license, an additional hunting access 11 enhancement fee of \$2 is assessed. The additional fee may be used by the department only to encourage 12 enhanced hunting access through the hunter management and hunting access enhancement programs 13 established in 87-1-265 through 87-1-267. The wildlife conservation license must be marked appropriately when 14 the hunting access enhancement fee is paid. The resident hunting access enhancement fee is chargeable only 15 once during any license year.

16 (d) In addition to the fee in subsection (3)(b), the first time in any license year that a nonresident uses 17 the wildlife conservation license as a prerequisite to purchase a hunting license, an additional hunting access 18 enhancement fee of \$10 is assessed. The additional fee may be used by the department only to encourage 19 enhanced hunting access through the hunter management and hunting access enhancement programs 20 established in 87-1-265 through 87-1-267. The wildlife conservation license must be marked appropriately when 21 the hunting access enhancement fee is paid. The nonresident hunting access enhancement fee is chargeable 22 only once during any license year.

23 (4) Licenses issued are void after the last day of February next succeeding their issuance.

24 [<del>(5)</del>(4) The department shall keep the applicant's social security number confidential, except that the 25 number may be provided to the department of public health and human services for use in administering Title 26 IV-D of the Social Security Act.]

27 (6)(5) The department shall delete the applicant's social security number in any electronic database [5 28 years after the date that application is made for the most recent license]. (Bracketed language terminates or is 29 amended on occurrence of contingency--sec. 3, Ch. 321, L. 2001. The \$2 wildlife conservation license fee 30 increases in subsections (3)(a) and (3)(b) enacted by Ch. 596, L. 2003, are void on occurrence of

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1	contingencysec. 8, Ch. 596, L. 2003.)"
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3	Section 9. Section 87-2-301, MCA, is amended to read:
4	"87-2-301. Class Aresident fishing license. A resident, as defined by 87-2-102, upon payment of a
5	fee of \$18 \$21, is entitled to receive a Class A license that authorizes the holder of the license to fish with hook
6	and line or rod as prescribed by rules of the department."
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8	Section 10. Section 87-2-302, MCA, is amended to read:
9	"87-2-302. Class Bnonresident fishing license. Any person not a resident, as defined in 87-2-102,
10	upon payment of the sum of $60$ $860$ to any agent of the department authorized to issue fishing and hunting
11	licenses, is entitled to a Class B license that entitles the holder to fish with hook and line as authorized by the
12	rules and regulations of the department."
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14	Section 11. Section 87-2-304, MCA, is amended to read:
15	"87-2-304. Class B-4two-day nonresident fishing license. Any person not a resident, as defined
16	in 87-2-102, who is a holder of a valid wildlife conservation license, upon payment of the sum of $\frac{15}{22}$ to any
17	agent of the department authorized to issue fishing and hunting licenses, is entitled to a 2-day nonresident fishing
18	license that authorizes the holder to fish with hook and line, as prescribed by rules and regulations of the
19	department, for 2 calendar days as indicated on the license."
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21	Section 12. Section 87-2-306, MCA, is amended to read:
22	<b>"87-2-306.</b> Paddlefish tags. <del>(1)</del> The department may issue paddlefish tags to <del>persons listed in</del>
23	subsection (2) holders of valid Class A, Class A-8, Class B, Class B-4, and Class B-5 fishing licenses for a fee
24	of \$6.50 for residents and \$15 for nonresidents. Each tag authorizes the holder to fish with hook and line for
25	paddlefish as prescribed by rules of the department.
26	(2) The following persons may obtain paddlefish tags pursuant to this section:
27	(a) holders of valid Class A, Class A-8, Class B, Class B-4, and Class B-5 fishing licenses;
28	(b) residents under 15 years of age with a valid wildlife conservation license; and
29	(c) residents 62 years of age or older with a valid wildlife conservation license."
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1 Section 13. Section 87-2-307, MCA, is amended to read: 2 "87-2-307. Class B-5--10-day nonresident fishing license. Any person not a resident, as defined in 3 87-2-102, who is a holder of a valid wildlife conservation license, upon payment of the sum of \$43.50 \$56 to any 4 agent of the department authorized to issue fishing and hunting licenses, is entitled to a 10-day nonresident 5 fishing license that authorizes the holder to fish with hook and line, as prescribed by rules and regulations of the department, for 10 consecutive days as indicated on the license." 6 7 8 Section 14. Section 87-2-403, MCA, is amended to read: 9 "87-2-403. Wild turkey tags and fee. (1) The department may issue wild turkey tags to the holder of 10 a valid Class A-1 or nonresident wildlife conservation license or as set out in subsection (3). Each tag entitles the 11 holder to hunt one wild turkey and possess the carcass of the turkey, during times and places that the 12 commission authorizes an open season on wild turkey. 13 (2) The fee for a wild turkey tag is \$6.50 for a resident and \$115 for a nonresident, except that a 14 nonresident holder of a valid Class B-1, Class B-10, or Class B-11 license may purchase a wild turkey tag for \$55 15 one-half of the nonresident fee. Turkey tags must be issued either by a drawing system or in unlimited number 16 as authorized by department rules. 17 (3) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), a person who is 62 years of age or older as provided in 18 87-2-801, certified as disabled under 87-2-803, or a resident minor as described in 87-2-805 may purchase a wild 19 turkey tag upon presentation of that person's wildlife conservation license." 20 21 SECTION 15. SECTION 87-2-404, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ: 22 "87-2-404. Three-day nonresident captive-reared bird hunting stamp. A Except as otherwise 23 provided, a person who is 12 years of age or older or who will turn 12 years old before or during the season for 24 which the license is issued and who is not a resident, as defined in 87-2-102, may, upon payment of a fee of \$20, 25 receive a 3-day nonresident shooting preserve bird hunting stamp that authorizes a holder who is 12 years of age 26 or older to hunt game specified under 87-4-522 on a shooting preserve licensed under 87-4-501 for 3 consecutive 27 calendar days as indicated on the license." 28 29 Section 16. Section 87-2-505, MCA, is amended to read:

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"87-2-505. Class B-10--nonresident big game combination license. (1) (a) Except as otherwise



provided in this chapter, a person who is not a resident, as defined in 87-2-102, but who is 12 years of age or older or who will turn 12 years old before or during the season for which the license is issued may, upon payment of the fee of \$897 \$981 plus the nonresident hunting access enhancement fee in 87-2-202(3)(d) and subject to the limitations prescribed by law and department regulation, apply to the fish, wildlife, and parks office, Helena, Montana, to purchase a B-10 nonresident big game combination license that entitles a holder who is 12 years of age or older to all the privileges of Class B, Class B-1, and Class B-7 licenses and an elk tag. This license includes the nonresident conservation license as prescribed in 87-2-202.

8 (b)(2) Not more than 17,000 Class B-10 licenses may be sold in any 1 license year.

9 (c)(3) Of the fee paid for the purchase of a Class B-10 nonresident big game combination license
 10 pursuant to subsection (1)(a), 25% 28.5% must be deposited in the account established in 87-1-290.

11 (d)(4) The Except as provided in subsection (5), the THE cost of the Class B-10 nonresident big game 12 combination license must be adjusted annually based on any change to the consumer price index from the 13 previous year. The consumer price index to be used for calculations is the consumer price index for all urban 14 consumers (CPI-U). THE ADJUSTED COST MUST BE ROUNDED DOWN TO THE NEAREST EVEN-NUMBERED AMOUNT.

15 (5) The combined cost of the Class B-10 nonresident big game combination license, the nonresident base
 hunting license, and any applicable drawing fees may not exceed \$999.

17 (2) A person who is not a resident, as defined in 87-2-102, who is unsuccessful in the Class B-10 big
 18 game combination license drawing may pay a fee of \$25 to participate in a preference system for deer and elk
 19 permits established by the commission."

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Section 17. Section 87-2-506, MCA, is amended to read:

87-2-506. Restrictions on hunting licenses. (1) The department may prescribe by rule the number of hunting licenses to be issued. Any license sold may be restricted to a specific administrative region, hunting district, or other designated area and may specify the species, age, and sex to be taken and the time period for which the license is valid.

(2) When the number of valid resident applications for big game licenses or permits of a single class or
type exceeds the number of licenses or permits the department desires to issue in an administrative region,
hunting district, or other designated area, then the number of big game licenses or permits issued to nonresident
license or permitholders in the region, district, or area may not exceed 10% of the total issued.

30 (3) Disabled veterans who meet the qualifying criteria provided in <del>87-2-803(5)</del> [section <del>31(1) 32(1) 33(1)</del>

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<u>37(1)</u>] must be provided a total of 50 Class A-3 deer A tags, 50 Class A-4 deer B tags, 50 Class B-7 deer A tags,
50 Class B-8 deer B tags, and 50 special antelope licenses annually, which may be used within the administrative
region, hunting district, or other designated area of the disabled veteran's choice, except in a region, district, or
area where the number of licenses are less than the number of applicants, in which case qualifying disabled
veterans are eligible for no more than 10% of the total licenses for that region, district, or area."

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Section 18. Section 87-2-510, MCA, is amended to read:

8 "87-2-510. Class B-11--nonresident deer combination license. (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided 9 in this chapter, a person who is not a resident, as defined in 87-2-102, but who is 12 years of age or older or who 10 will turn 12 years old before or during the season for which the license is issued may, upon payment of a fee of 11 \$527 \$577 plus the nonresident hunting access enhancement fee in 87-2-202(3)(d) and subject to the limitations 12 prescribed by law and department regulation, apply to the fish, wildlife, and parks office, Helena, Montana, to 13 purchase a Class B-11 nonresident deer combination license that entitles a holder who is 12 years of age or older 14 to all the privileges of the Class B, Class B-1, and Class B-7 licenses. This license includes the nonresident 15 wildlife conservation license as prescribed in 87-2-202.

(b) Of the fee paid for the purchase of a Class B-11 nonresident deer combination license pursuant to
 subsection (1)(a), 25% 28.5% must be deposited in the account established in 87-1-290.

18 (c) The Except as provided in subsection (1)(d), the THE cost of the Class B-11 nonresident deer 19 combination license must be adjusted annually based on any change to the consumer price index from the 20 previous year. The consumer price index to be used for calculations is the consumer price index for all urban 21 consumers (CPI-U). THE ADJUSTED COST MUST BE ROUNDED DOWN TO THE NEAREST EVEN-NUMBERED AMOUNT.

22 (d) The combined cost of the Class B-11 nonresident deer combination license, the nonresident base
 23 hunting license, and any applicable drawing fees may not exceed \$625.

24 (2) Not more than 4,600 unreserved Class B-11 licenses may be sold in any 1 license year.

(3) A person who is not a resident, as defined in 87-2-102, who is unsuccessful in the Class B-11 deer
 combination license drawing may pay a fee of \$25 to participate in a preference system for deer and elk permits
 established by the commission."

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### 29 SECTION 19. SECTION 87-2-511, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

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"87-2-511. Sale and use of Class B-10, Class B-11, and Class B-13 licenses. (1) The department



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shall offer the Class B-10 and Class B-11 licenses for sale on March 15, with 2,000 of the authorized Class B-11
 licenses reserved for applicants indicating their intent to hunt with a resident sponsor on land owned by that
 sponsor, as provided in subsections (2) and (3).

4 (2) Each application for a resident-sponsored license under subsection (1) must contain a written 5 affirmation by the applicant that the applicant intends to hunt with a resident sponsor and must indicate the name 6 of the resident sponsor with whom the applicant intends to hunt. In addition, the application must be accompanied 7 by a certificate that is signed by a resident sponsor and that affirms that the resident sponsor will:

(a) direct the applicant's hunting and advise the applicant of game and trespass laws of the state;

9 (b) submit to the department, in a manner prescribed by the department, complete records of who hunted
10 with the resident sponsor, where they hunted, and what game was taken; and

(c) accept no monetary consideration for enabling the nonresident applicant to obtain a license or for
 providing any services or assistance to the nonresident applicant, except as provided in Title 37, chapter 47, and
 this title.

14 (3) The certificate signed by the resident sponsor pursuant to subsection (2) must also affirm that the 15 sponsor is a landowner and that the applicant under the certificate will hunt only on land owned by the sponsor. 16 If there is a sufficient number of licenses set forth in subsection (1), the department shall issue a license to one 17 applicant sponsored by each resident landowner who owns 640 or more contiguous acres. If enough licenses 18 remain for a second applicant for each resident landowner sponsor, the department shall issue a license to the 19 second applicant sponsored by each resident landowner. The department shall conduct a drawing for any 20 remaining resident-sponsored licenses. If there is not a sufficient number of licenses set forth in subsection (1) 21 to allow each resident landowner who owns 640 contiguous acres to sponsor one applicant, the department shall 22 conduct a drawing for the resident-sponsored licenses. However, a resident sponsor of a Class B-11 license may 23 submit no more than 15 certificates of sponsorship in any license year.

(4) A nonresident who hunts under the authority of a resident landowner-sponsored license shall conduct
 all deer hunting on the deeded lands of the sponsoring landowner.

(5) All Class B-10 and Class B-11 licenses that are not reserved under subsection (1) must be issued
by a drawing among all applicants for the respective unreserved licenses.

(6) (a) An applicant who applies for a Class B-10 license and an applicable special elk permit but who
is not successful in a drawing for the special elk permit may choose to retain only the Class B-7 portion of the
Class B-10 license. The department shall sell the Class B-7 portion as a Class B-11 license for the fee set in

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87-2-510. The provisions of this subsection (6)(a) do not affect the limits established in 87-2-510(2). The 1 2 remaining elk tag portion of the Class B-10 license must be sold by the department as an elk-only combination 3 license for a fee that is \$150 less than that set for a Class B-10 license in 87-2-505 of \$831. 4 (b) Subject to the statutory quota provided in 87-2-505, if the department determines all available elk-only 5 combination licenses have sold by December 1 in any license year, the cost of the elk-only combination license must be adjusted for the subsequent license year based on any change to the consumer price index from the 6 7 previous year. The consumer price index to be used for calculations is the consumer price index for all urban 8 consumers (CPI-U). The adjusted cost must be rounded down to the nearest even-numbered amount and applies 9 to subsequent license years, unless the conditions of this subsection are met. 10 (b)(c) The department may retain 10% of the Class B-10 license fee if an applicant chooses to buy only 11 a portion of the Class B-10 license pursuant to subsection (6)(a) after the Class B-10 license has been issued 12 to the applicant. 13 (c)(d) The revenue collected pursuant to this subsection (6) must be deposited in the state special 14 revenue account to the credit of the department and may not be allocated pursuant to other statutory 15 requirements generally applicable to Class B-10 or Class B-11 licenses. 16 (7) Subject to 87-2-522(2), at the time of application, an applicant for a Class B-13 license shall provide 17 the name and automated licensing system number of the adult immediate family member who will accompany 18 the youth." 19 20 Section 20. Section 87-2-514. MCA, is amended to read: 21 "87-2-514. Nonresident relative of resident allowed to purchase nonresident licenses at reduced 22 **cost** -- **definitions.** (1) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions apply: 23 (a) "Nonresident relative of a resident" means a person born in Montana who is the natural or adoptive 24 child, sibling, or parent of a resident but is not a resident. 25 (b) "Resident" means a resident as defined in 87-2-102. 26 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a nonresident relative of a resident who meets the 27 qualifications of subsection (5) may purchase the following at one-half the cost: 28 (a) a Class B nonresident fishing license; 29 (b) a Class B-1 nonresident upland game bird license; 30 (c) a Class B-10 nonresident big game combination license; and

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1 (c)(d) a Class B-7 nonresident deer A tag; and B-11 nonresident deer combination license. 2 (d) a Class B-15 nonresident elk license as provided in 87-2-515. 3 (3) This section does not allow a nonresident relative of a resident to purchase nonresident combination 4 licenses at a reduced price. 5 (4)(3) The fee for a nonresident license purchased pursuant to subsection (2) is four times the amount 6 charged for an equivalent resident license. The nonresident relative of a resident shall also purchase a 7 nonresident wildlife conservation license as prescribed in 87-2-202 and pay the nonresident hunting access 8 enhancement fee in 87-2-202(3)(d) a nonresident base hunting license as prescribed in [section 2] if the 9 nonresident relative of a resident purchases a hunting license. 10 (4) Class B-10 and Class B-11 licenses sold pursuant to subsection (2) are not included in the limit on 11 the number of available Class B-10 and Class B-11 licenses issued pursuant to 87-2-505 and 87-2-510. 12 (5) To qualify for a license pursuant to subsection (2), a nonresident relative of a resident shall apply at 13 any department regional office or at the department's state office in Helena and present proof of the following: 14 (a) a birth certificate verifying the applicant's birth in Montana or documentation that the applicant was 15 born to parents who were residents at the time of birth; 16 (b) evidence that the person previously held a Montana resident hunting or fishing license or has passed 17 a hunter safety course in Montana pursuant to 87-2-105; and 18 (c) proof that the applicant is a nonresident relative of a resident. 19 (6) OF THE FEE PAID FOR A HUNTING LICENSE PURCHASED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2), 28.5% MUST BE 20 DEPOSITED IN THE ACCOUNT ESTABLISHED IN 87-1-290." 21 22 SECTION 21. SECTION 87-2-520, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ: 23 "87-2-520. Supplemental game damage license -- terms and conditions. (1) If at any time the 24 department determines, in conjunction with a landowner or a designated lessee acting as an agent for a 25 landowner, that game animals on the property are causing a level of damage to crops or other vegetation that 26 merits removal of a specific number of game animals or that the taking of a specific number of game animals is 27 advisable for game management purposes, the department may issue nontransferable resident and nonresident 28 supplemental game damage hunting licenses for game management purposes on the property. 29 (2) Supplemental game damage hunting licenses may be issued only for antlerless animals and may 30 be issued only for use on lands eligible for game damage assistance pursuant to 87-1-225. A landowner may not

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1 charge a fee to a hunter using a license obtained pursuant to this section.

2 (3) Supplemental game damage licenses may be issued to hunters as an alternative to issuing a kill 3 permit to a landowner.

4 (4) (a) In a hunting district with unlimited license guotas, a landowner may designate the resident 5 supplemental game damage license recipient upon approval of issuance, including a recipient who has obtained 6 an apprentice hunting certificate pursuant to [section 38].

- 7 (b) In a hunting district with limited permit quotas, a landowner may designate up to 75% of the resident 8 supplemental game damage license recipients, with the remainder of the licenses offered to hunters in a manner 9 prescribed by the department.
- 10 (5) If additional supplemental game damage licenses are available, the department may issue those 11 licenses to resident and nonresident hunters.
- 12 (6) A licensee shall pay the regular license price or an adjusted price set by the commission for any 13 supplemental game management license issued pursuant to subsection (1). Issuance of a supplemental game 14 damage license authorizes the licensee to hunt, take, and possess the game animal designated on the license. 15 All hunting under a supplemental game damage license must be conducted on the property designated on the 16 license and in accordance with department regulations."
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Section 22. Section 87-2-522, MCA, is amended to read:

19 "87-2-522. Class B-13--nonresident youth big game combination license. (1) Except as otherwise 20 provided in this chapter, a person who is not a resident, as defined in 87-2-102, and who is 12 years of age or 21 older or will turn 12 years old before or during the season for which the license is issued and who is under 18 22 years of age may, upon payment of a fee of one-half of the cost of a regularly priced Class B-10 nonresident big 23 game combination license, plus the nonresident hunting access enhancement fee in 87-2-202(3)(d), and subject 24 to the limitations prescribed by law and department regulation, apply to the fish, wildlife, and parks office in 25 Helena, Montana, to purchase a Class B-13 nonresident youth big game combination license.

26 (2) The holder of a Class B-13 license is entitled to all the privileges of a Class B license, a Class B-1 27 license, a Class B-7 license, an elk tag, and a nonresident wildlife conservation license. When using a Class B-13 28 license, the holder must be accompanied by an adult immediate family member who is the holder of a valid Class 29 B-7, Class B-10, or Class B-11, or Class B-15 license or who is the holder of a valid resident deer or elk tag. As 30 used in this subsection, an adult immediate family member means an applicant's natural or adoptive parent,



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1 grandparent, brother, or sister who is 18 years of age or older. 2 (3) Class B-13 licenses are not included in the limit on the number of available Class B-10 nonresident 3 big game combination licenses issued pursuant to 87-2-505. 4 (4) The holder of a valid Class B-13 license may apply for a Class B-12 nonresident elk B tag license 5 when authorized by the commission pursuant to 87-2-104. The fee for a Class B-12 license is \$270. The license 6 entitles the holder to hunt in the hunting district or portion of a hunting district and under the terms and conditions 7 specified by the commission." 8 9 Section 23. Section 87-2-525, MCA, is amended to read: 10 "87-2-525. Class B-14--nonresident college student big game combination license. (1) A student 11 who is not a resident, as defined in 87-2-102, may purchase a Class B-14 nonresident college student big game 12 combination license for the same price as a Class AAA combination sports license one-half of the cost of a Class 13 B-10 nonresident big game combination license if that student: 14 (a) is currently enrolled as a full-time student at a postsecondary educational institution in Montana, with 15 12 credits or more being considered full-time; or 16 (b) (i) has a natural or adoptive parent who currently is a Montana resident, as defined in 87-2-102: 17 (ii) has a high school diploma from a Montana public, private, or home school or can provide certified 18 verification that the applicant has passed the general educational development test in Montana; and 19 (iii) is currently enrolled as a full-time student at a postsecondary educational institution in another state. 20 (2) The holder of a Class B-14 license is entitled to all the privileges of a Class B license, a Class B-1 21 license, a Class B-7 license, an elk tag, and a nonresident wildlife conservation license. 22 (3) Application for a Class B-14 nonresident college student big game combination license may be made 23 after the second Monday in September at any department regional office or at the department headquarters in 24 Helena. To qualify, the applicant shall present a valid student identification card and verification of current full-time 25 enrollment at a postsecondary educational institution as required by the department." 26 27 Section 24. Section 87-2-526, MCA, is amended to read: 28 "87-2-526. License for nonresident to hunt with resident sponsor or family member -- use of 29 license revenue. (1) In addition to the nonresident licenses provided for in 87-2-505 and 87-2-510, the The 30 department may offer for sale 500 B-10 nonresident big game combination licenses and 500 B-11 nonresident Legislative Services - 15 -Authorized Print Version - HB 140 Division

deer combination licenses. The licenses may that must be used only as provided in this section and as authorized
by department rules. Sale of licenses pursuant to this section may does not affect the license quotas established
in 87-2-505 and 87-2-510. The price of licenses sold under this subsection must be the same as nonresident big
game combination licenses and nonresident deer combination licenses offered by general drawing pursuant to
is one-half of the fee set for the equivalent license in 87-2-505 and 87-2-510.

6 (2) A license authorized in subsection (1) may be used only by an adult nonresident family member of 7 a resident who sponsors the license application and who meets the qualifications of subsection (3). The 8 nonresident family member must have completed a Montana hunter safety and education course or have 9 previously purchased a resident hunting license. A nonresident family member who receives a license pursuant 10 to subsection (1) must be accompanied in the field by a sponsor or family member who meets the qualifications 11 of subsection (3).

(3) To qualify as a sponsor or family member who will accompany a nonresident licensed under subsection (1), a person must be a resident, as defined in 87-2-102, who is 18 years old or older and possesses a current resident hunting license and who is related to the nonresident within the second degree of kinship by blood or marriage. The second degree of kinship includes a mother, father, brother, sister, son, daughter, spouse, grandparent, grandchild, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, father-in-law, mother-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepbrother, stepsister, stepson, and stepdaughter. The sponsor shall list on the license application the names of family members who are eligible to hunt with the nonresident hunter.

(4) If the department receives more applications for licenses than the number that are available under
subsection (1), the department shall conduct a drawing for the licenses. Applicants who are unsuccessful in the
drawing must be entered in the general drawing for a nonresident license provided under 87-2-505 or 87-2-510,
as applicable.

(5) All money received from the sale of licenses under subsection (1) must be deposited in a separate
 account and must be used by the department to acquire public hunting access to inaccessible public land, which
 may include obtaining hunting access through private land to inaccessible public land."

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Section 25. Section 87-2-701, MCA, is amended to read:

**"87-2-701. Special licenses.** (1) An applicant who is 12 years of age or older or who will turn 12 years
old before or during the season for which the license is issued and is the holder of a resident wildlife conservation
license or a nonresident wildlife conservation license may apply for a special license that, in the judgment of the



1 department, is to be issued and shall pay the following fees: 2 (a) moose--resident, \$125; nonresident, \$750 \$1,250;

- 3 (b) mountain goat--resident, \$125; nonresident, \$750 \$1,250;
- 4 (c) mountain sheep--resident, \$125; nonresident, \$750 \$1,250;
- 5 (d) antelope--resident, \$14; nonresident, \$200;
- 6 (e) grizzly bear--resident, \$150; nonresident, \$1,000;
- 7 (f) black bear--nonresident, \$350;
- 8 (g) wild buffalo or bison--resident, \$125; nonresident, \$750 \$1,250.

9 (2) If a holder of a valid special grizzly bear license who is 12 years of age or older kills a grizzly bear,

10 the person shall purchase a trophy license for a fee of \$50 within 10 days after the date of the kill. The trophy 11 license authorizes the holder to possess and transport the trophy.

12 (3) Except as provided in 87-5-302 for special grizzly bear licenses, special licenses must be issued in 13 a manner prescribed by the department."

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Section 26. Section 87-2-706, MCA, is amended to read:

16 "87-2-706. Drawing for special antelope licenses -- licenses for those with life-threatening illness. 17 (1) In the event that the number of valid applications for special antelope licenses for a hunting district exceeds 18 the quota set by the department for the district, the licenses must be awarded by a drawing. The department shall 19 provide for those persons making valid application for special antelope licenses a method of selecting first, 20 second, and third choice hunting districts for any drawing held pursuant to this section.

21 (2) The department shall reserve for applicants who are nonambulatory and have a permanent physical 22 disability, as determined by the department, up to 25 of the total special antelope licenses authorized for sale in 23 the state, excepting those licenses issued pursuant to  $\frac{87-2-803(5)}{5}$  [section  $\frac{31(1)}{32(1)}\frac{32(1)}{33(1)}$  37(1)], for use in 24 the district designated by the commission. If the number of valid disabled applicants exceeds the number of 25 licenses available, the department may hold a drawing in which all applicants have an equal chance of being 26 selected.

27 (3) (a) The department may issue a special antelope license to a resident or nonresident who has been 28 diagnosed with a life-threatening illness unless the person qualifies for a license pursuant to 87-2-805. As used 29 in this subsection (3), "life-threatening illness" means any progressive, degenerative, or malignant disease or 30 condition that results in a significant threat, likelihood, or certainty that the person's life expectancy will not extend



more than 1 year from the date of the request for the license unless the course of the disease is interrupted or
abated.

3 (b) To qualify for the license, the department must receive documentation that the person has been
4 diagnosed with a life-threatening illness from a licensed physician.

5

(c) The license may be issued on a one-time basis for one hunting season.

6 (d) In exercising hunting privileges, the person shall conduct all hunting within the terms and conditions7 of the license issued.

8 (e) The department may issue up to 25 licenses pursuant to this subsection (3) annually. These licenses 9 do not count against any quota set by the department. Licenses issued pursuant to this subsection (3) do not 10 count against the number of special antelope licenses reserved for people with permanent disabilities as provided 11 in subsection (2).

12

(4) The department may promulgate rules that are necessary to implement this section."

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# SECTION 27. SECTION 87-2-711, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

15 "87-2-711. Class AAA--combination sports license. (1) A Except as otherwise provided in this
 16 <u>chapter, a</u> resident, as defined by 87-2-102, who is 12 years of age or older or who will turn 12 years old before
 17 or during the season for which the license is issued is entitled to:

18 (a) a combination sports license that permits a holder who is 12 years of age or older to exercise all 19 rights granted to holders of Class A, A-1, A-3, and A-5 licenses and resident conservation licenses as prescribed 20 in 87-2-202 upon payment of the sum of \$70, plus the resident hunting access enhancement fee provided for in 21 87-2-202(3)(c), or, if the resident is a service member eligible for a combination sports license pursuant to 22 87-2-803(12), upon payment of the resident hunting access enhancement fee provided for in 87-2-202(3)(c); or 23 (b) a combination sports license that permits a holder who is 12 years of age or older to exercise all 24 rights granted in subsection (1)(a) and the additional rights granted to holders of a Class A-6 license upon 25 payment of the sum of \$85, plus the resident hunting access enhancement fee provided for in 87-2-202(3)(c).

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Section 28. Section 87-2-711, MCA, is amended to read:

29 "87-2-711. Class AAA--combination sports license. (1) A EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS
 30 <u>CHAPTER, A</u> resident, as defined by 87-2-102, who is 12 years of age or older or who will turn 12 years old before



(2) The department may furnish each holder of a combination sports license an appropriate decal."

1 or during the season for which the license is issued is entitled to:

(a) a combination sports license that permits a holder who is 12 years of age or older to exercise all
rights granted to holders of Class A, A-1, A-3, and A-5 licenses and resident conservation licenses as prescribed
in 87-2-202 upon payment of the sum of \$70, plus the resident hunting access enhancement fee provided for in
87-2-202(3)(c); or, if the resident is a service member eligible for a combination sports license pursuant to
87-2-803(12) [section 31(2) 32(2) 33(2) 37(2)], upon payment of the resident hunting access enhancement base
hunting license fee provided for in 87-2-202(3)(c) [section 2]; or

- 8 (b) a combination sports license that permits a holder who is 12 years of age or older to exercise all
  9 rights granted in subsection (1)(a) and the additional rights granted to holders of a Class A-6 license tag upon
  10 payment of the sum of \$85, plus the resident hunting access enhancement fee provided for in 87-2-202(3)(c).
- 11 (2) The department may furnish each holder of a combination sports license an appropriate decal."
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13

Section 29. Section 87-2-801, MCA, is amended to read:

14 "87-2-801. Residents Licenses for residents over 62 67 62 years of age -- resident or nonresident
 15 legion of valor members -- purple heart awardees. (1) A resident, as defined in 87-2-102, who is 62 67 62
 16 years of age or older is entitled to fish and hunt game birds, not including wild turkeys, with a conservation license
 17 issued by the department. The form of the license must be prescribed by the department.

18 (2) A resident who is 62 years of age or older is also entitled to purchase a Class A-3 deer A tag for \$10

19 and a Class A-5 elk tag for \$12. or who will turn 67 years old before or during the season for which the license

20 is issued may purchase the following for one-half the cost:

- 21 (1) a Class A fishing license;
- 22 (2) a Class A-1 upland game bird license;
- 23 (3) a Class A-3 deer A tag;
- 24 (4) a Class A-5 elk tag;

## 25 (5) a Class AAA combination sports license that does not include a Class A-6 black bear tag.

26 (3) Regardless of age, a resident, as defined in 87-2-102, or a nonresident who is a legion of valor

- 27 member is entitled to fish with a conservation license issued by the department.
- 28 (4) Regardless of age, a resident, as defined in 87-2-102, who has been awarded a purple heart for
- 29 service in the armed forces of the United States is entitled to fish and hunt game birds, not including wild turkeys,

30 with a conservation license issued by the department.

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1	(5) Regardless of age, a nonresident who has been awarded a purple heart for service in the armed
2	forces of the United States is entitled to fish and hunt game birds, not including wild turkeys, with a conservation
3	license issued by the department during expeditions arranged for the nonresident by a nonprofit organization that
4	uses fishing and hunting as part of the rehabilitation of disabled veterans.
5	(6) The department's general license account must be reimbursed by a quarterly transfer of funds from
6	the general fund to the general license account for license costs associated with the fishing and game bird
7	hunting privileges granted pursuant to subsections (4) and (5) during the preceding calendar quarter.
8	Reimbursement costs must be designated as license revenue."
9	
10	Section 30. Section 87-2-803, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"87-2-803. Persons <u>Licenses for persons</u> with disabilities service members definitions. (1)
12	Persons with disabilities are entitled to fish and to hunt game birds, not including turkeys, with only a conservation
13	license if they who are residents of Montana not residing in an institution and are certified as disabled as
14	prescribed by departmental rule may purchase the following for one-half the cost:
15	(a) a Class A fishing license;
16	(b) a Class A-1 upland game bird license;
17	(c) a Class A-3 deer A tag:
18	(d) a Class A-5 elk tag.
19	(2) A person who has purchased a conservation license and a resident fishing license, or game bird
20	license, deer tag, or elk tag for a particular license year and who is subsequently certified as disabled is entitled
21	to a refund for one-half of the cost of the fishing license, or game bird license, deer tag, or elk tag previously
22	purchased for that license year.
23	(3) A person who is certified as disabled pursuant to subsection (3) (4) and who was issued a permit to
24	hunt from a vehicle for license year 2014 or a subsequent license year is automatically entitled to a permit to hunt
25	from a vehicle for subsequent license years if the criteria for obtaining a permit does do not change.
26	(2) A resident of Montana who is certified as disabled by the department and who is not residing in an
27	institution may purchase a Class A-3 deer A tag for \$6.50 and a Class A-5 elk tag for \$8. A person who has
28	purchased a conservation license and a resident deer license or resident elk license for a particular license year
29	and who is subsequently certified as disabled is entitled to a refund for the deer license or elk license previously
30	purchased and reissuance of the license for that license year at the rate established in this subsection.
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(3)(4) A person may be certified as disabled by the department and issued a permit to hunt from a
 vehicle, on a form prescribed by the department, if the person meets the requirements of subsection (9).

3 (4)(5) (a) A person with a disability carrying a permit to hunt from a vehicle, referred to in this subsection
 4 (4) (5) as a permitholder, may hunt by shooting a firearm from:

5 (i) the shoulder, berm, or barrow pit right-of-way of a public highway, as defined in 61-1-101, except a
6 state or federal highway;

(ii) within a self-propelled or drawn vehicle that is parked on a shoulder, berm, or barrow pit right-of-way
in a manner that will not impede traffic or endanger motorists or that is parked in an area, not a public highway,
where hunting is permitted; or

(iii) an off-highway vehicle or snowmobile, as defined in 61-1-101, in any area where hunting is permitted
 and that is open to motorized use, unless otherwise prohibited by law, as long as the off-highway vehicle or
 snowmobile is marked as described in subsection (4)(d) (5)(d) of this section.

(b) This subsection (4) (5) does not allow a permitholder to shoot across the roadway of any public
 highway or to hunt on private property without permission of the landowner.

(c) A permitholder must have a companion to assist in immediately dressing any killed game animal. The
 companion may also assist the permitholder by hunting a game animal that has been wounded by the
 permitholder when the permitholder is unable to pursue and kill the wounded game animal.

(d) Any vehicle from which a permitholder is hunting must be conspicuously marked with an
orange-colored international symbol of persons with disabilities on the front, rear, and each side of the vehicle,
or as prescribed by the department.

(5) A veteran or a disabled member of the armed forces who meets the qualifications in subsection (9)
 as a result of a combat-connected injury may apply at a fish, wildlife, and parks office for a regular Class A-3 deer
 A tag, a Class A-4 deer B tag, a Class B-7 deer A tag, a Class B-8 deer B tag, and a special antelope license at
 one-half the license fee. Fifty licenses of each license type must be made available annually. Licenses issued
 to veterans or disabled members of the armed forces under this part do not count against the number of special
 antelope licenses reserved for people with permanent disabilities, as provided in 87-2-706.

(6) (a) A resident of Montana who is certified by the department as experiencing blindness, as defined
in 53-7-301, may be issued a lifetime fishing license for the blind upon payment of a one-time fee of \$10. The
license is valid for the lifetime of the blind individual and allows the licensee to fish as authorized by department
rule. An applicant for a license under this subsection need not obtain a <u>A</u> wildlife conservation license as <u>is not</u>

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1 a prerequisite to licensure <u>under this subsection (6)(a)</u>.

(b) A person who is certified by the department as experiencing blindness, as defined in 53-7-301, may
be issued regular resident deer and elk licenses, in the manner provided in subsection (2) (1) of this section, and
must be accompanied by a companion, as provided in subsection (4)(c) (5)(c) of this section.

5 (7) The department shall adopt rules to establish the qualifications that a person must meet to be a 6 companion and may adopt rules to establish when a companion can be a designated shooter for a disabled 7 person.

8 (8) As used in this section, "disabled person", "person with a disability", or "disabled" means or refers
9 to a person experiencing a condition medically determined to be permanent and substantial and resulting in
10 significant impairment of the person's functional ability.

(9) (a) A person qualifies for a permit to hunt from a vehicle if the person is certified by a licensed
 physician, a licensed chiropractor, a licensed physician assistant, or an advanced practice registered nurse to
 be nonambulatory, to have substantially impaired mobility, or to have a documented genetic condition that limits
 the person's ability to walk or carry significant weight for long distances.

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(b) For the purposes of this subsection (9), the following definitions apply:

(i) "Advanced practice registered nurse" means a registered professional nurse who has completed
 educational requirements related to the nurse's specific practice role, as specified by the board of nursing
 pursuant to 37-8-202, in addition to completing basic nursing education.

(ii) "Chiropractor" means a person who has a valid license to practice chiropractic in this state pursuant
to Title 37, chapter 12, part 3.

(iii) "Documented genetic condition" means a diagnosis derived from genetic testing and confirmed bya licensed physician.

(iv) "Nonambulatory" means permanently, physically reliant on a wheelchair or a similar compensatory
 appliance or device for mobility.

(v) "Physician" means a person who holds a degree as a doctor of medicine or doctor of osteopathy and
who has a valid license to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine in this state.

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(vi) "Physician assistant" has the meaning provided in 37-20-401.

(vii) "Substantially impaired mobility" means virtual inability to move on foot due to permanent physical
reliance on crutches, canes, prosthetic appliances, or similar compensatory appliances or devices.

30 (10) Certification under subsection (9) must be on a form provided by the department.

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(11) The department or a person who disagrees with a determination of disability or eligibility for a permit to hunt from a vehicle may request a review by the board of medical examiners pursuant to 37-3-203.

3 (12) (a) A Montana resident who is a member of the Montana national guard or the federal reserve as 4 provided in 10 U.S.C. 10101 or who was otherwise engaged in active duty and who participated in a contingency 5 operation as provided in 10 U.S.C. 101(a)(13) that required the member to serve at least 2 months outside of the 6 state, upon request and upon presentation of the documentation described in subsection (12)(b), must be issued 7 a free resident wildlife conservation license or a Class AAA resident combination sports license, which may not 8 include a bear license, upon payment of the resident hunting access enhancement fee provided for in 9 87-2-202(3)(c), in the license year that the member returns from military service or in the year following the 10 member's return, based on the member's election, and in any of the 4 years after the member's election. A 11 member who participated in a contingency operation after September 11, 2001, that required the member to 12 serve at least 2 months outside of the state may make an election in 2007 or in the year following the member's 13 return, based on the member's election, and in any of the 4 years after the member's election and be entitled to 14 a free resident wildlife conservation license or a free Class AAA resident combination sports license in the year 15 of election and in any of the 4 years after the member's election.

(b) To be eligible for the free resident wildlife conservation license or free Class AAA resident combination sports license provided for in subsection (12)(a), an applicant shall, in addition to the written application and proof of residency required in 87-2-202(1), provide to any regional department office or to the department headquarters in Helena, by mail or in person, the member's DD form 214 verifying the member's release or discharge from active duty. The applicant is responsible for providing documentation showing that the applicant participated in a contingency operation as provided in 10 U.S.C. 101(a)(13).

(c) A Montana resident who meets the service qualifications of subsection (12)(a) and the documentation
 required in subsection (12)(b) is entitled to a free Class A resident fishing license in the license year that the
 member returns from military service or in the year following the member's return, based on the member's
 election, and in any of the 4 years after the member's election.

(d) The department's general license account must be reimbursed by a quarterly transfer of funds from
 the general fund to the general license account for costs associated with the free licenses granted pursuant to
 this subsection (12) during the preceding calendar quarter. Reimbursement costs must be designated as license

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29 revenue.

30 (13) A member of the armed forces who forfeited a license or permit issued through a drawing as a result

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1	of deployment outside of the continental United States in support of a contingency operation as provided in 10
2	U.S.C. 101(a)(13) is guaranteed the same license or permit, without additional fee, upon application in the year
3	of the member's return from deployment or in the first year that the license or permit is made available after the
4	member's return."
5	
6	Section 31. Section 87-2-805, MCA, is amended to read:
7	"87-2-805. Persons Licenses for persons under 18 years of age youth combination sports
8	license youth with life-threatening illness under 18 years of age. (1) (a) Resident minors who are:
9	(i) 12 years of age or older and under 15 years of age may fish and may hunt upland game and migratory
10	game birds during the open season with only a conservation license;
11	(ii) 15 years of age may hunt migratory game birds with only a conservation license; and
12	(iii) under 12 years of age may fish without a license.
13	(b) A nonresident minor:
14	(i) under 15 years of age may not fish in or on any Montana waters without first having obtained a Class
15	B, B-4, or B-5 fishing license unless the nonresident minor is in the company of an adult in possession of a valid
16	Montana fishing license. The limit of fish for the nonresident minor and the accompanying adult combined may
17	not exceed the limit for one adult as established by law or by rule of the department.
18	(ii)(1) Resident and nonresident minors under 12 years of age may fish without a license.
19	(2) Resident minors who are 12 years of age or older and under 18 years of age may purchase the
20	following for one-half the cost:
21	(a) a Class A fishing license:
22	(b) a Class A-1 upland game bird license;
23	(c) a migratory game bird license;
24	(d) a Class A-3 deer A tag;
25	(e) a Class A-5 elk tag;
26	(f) a Class AAA combination sports license that does not include a Class A-6 black bear tag. This
27	subsection (2)(f) does not prohibit a resident minor from purchasing any individual licenses for which the minor
28	may be eligible under this chapter if the minor does not purchase a Class AAA license under this subsection
29	(2)(f). A resident minor who lawfully purchases a Class AAA license pursuant to this subsection (2)(f) at 17 years
30	of age, but who reaches 18 years of age during that license year, may legally use the license during that license



1	<u>year.</u>
2	(3) A nonresident minor who is 12 years of age or older and under 16 18 years of age may hunt upland
3	game and migratory game birds during the open season with the purchase of a Class B-1 nonresident upland
4	game bird license for a cost of \$35 purchase an upland game bird license and a migratory game bird license for
5	one-half of the nonresident fee. Of that the fee paid for the upland game bird license, \$17 must be deposited
6	pursuant to 87-1-270 and \$7 must be deposited pursuant to 87-1-246.
7	(2) A resident, as defined by 87-2-102, who is 12 years of age or older and under 15 years of age may
8	purchase a Class A-3 deer A tag for \$6.50 and a Class A-5 elk tag for \$8.
9	(3) (a) A resident who is 12 years of age or older and under 18 years of age may purchase a youth
10	combination sports license for \$25. A resident who is 12 years of age or older and under 18 years of age and who
11	applies for any hunting license for the first time is entitled to receive a youth combination sports license free of
12	<del>charge.</del>
13	(b) The youth combination sports license includes:
14	(i) a conservation license;
15	——————————————————————————————————————
16	(iii) an upland game bird license;
17	(iv) an elk license; and
18	(v) a deer license.
19	(c) A resident who is 15 years of age or older and under 18 years of age may purchase a Class A fishing
20	license for \$8.
21	(d) A resident who is 15 years of age or older and under 18 years of age may purchase a Class A-1
22	upland game bird license for \$3.
23	(e) A person who lawfully purchases or is granted a free youth combination sports license at 17 years
24	of age, but who reaches 18 years of age during that license year, may legally use the license during that license
25	year. A person who hunts or fishes using a youth combination sports license purchased or granted free after the
26	person reaches 18 years of age is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to any of the following penalties
27	by the sentencing court:
28	(i) revocation of the person's hunting and fishing privileges for at least 5 years, revocation of the person's
29	hunting and fishing privileges for more than 5 years, or revocation of the person's hunting and fishing privileges
30	for life; and
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- (ii) a monetary fine of not less than \$500 and not more than \$5,000 in addition to the fine imposed on a
   person under this chapter for the specific hunting or fishing violation.
- (f) This section does not prohibit a resident minor from purchasing any individual licenses for which the
   minor may be eligible under this chapter if the minor does not purchase the youth combination sports license.
- 5 (4) (a) The department may issue a free resident or nonresident big game combination license, as applicable, or a free resident or nonresident antelope license and wildlife conservation license, as applicable, to 6 7 a resident or nonresident youth under 18 years of age who has been diagnosed with a life-threatening illness. 8 In order for a youth to qualify for the free license, the department must receive documentation that the youth has 9 been diagnosed with a life-threatening illness from a licensed physician. The free license may be issued to a 10 youth on a one-time basis for only one hunting season. As used in this subsection, "life-threatening illness" means 11 any progressive, degenerative, or malignant disease or condition that results in a significant threat, likelihood, 12 or certainty that the child's life expectancy will not extend past the child's 19th birthday unless the course of the 13 disease is interrupted or abated.
- (b) In exercising hunting privileges, the youth must be in the company of accompanied by an adult in
  possession of a valid Montana hunting license or of a licensed Montana outfitter and conduct all hunting within
  the terms and conditions of the license issued.
- (c) The department may waive hunter safety and education and bowhunter education requirements in
  87-2-105 for a qualified youth under this subsection (4) and, in appropriate circumstances, may also allow the
  qualified youth to hunt from a vehicle in the manner described in 87-2-803.
- 20 (d) The department may limit the number of licenses issued pursuant to this subsection (4) to a total of21 25 annually.
- (5) Prior to reaching 12 years of age, minors <u>a minor</u> who will reach 12 years of age by January 16 of
   a license year may hunt any game species after August 15 of that license year as long as the minor obtains the
   necessary license pursuant to this chapter."
- 25

26

Section 32. Section 87-6-301, MCA, is amended to read:

- 27 "87-6-301. Hunting, fishing, or trapping without license. (1) Except as provided in 87-2-311 and
  28 subsection (2) of this section, a person may not:
- (a) hunt or trap or attempt to hunt or trap any game animal, game bird, or fur-bearing animal or fish for
  any fish within this state or possess within this state any game animal, game bird, fur-bearing animal, game fish,

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1 or parts of those animals or birds except as provided by law or as provided by the department;

(b) hunt or trap or attempt to hunt or trap any game animal, game bird, or fur-bearing animal or fish for
any fish, except at the places and during the periods and in the manner established by law or as prescribed by
the department;

5 (c) hunt or trap or attempt to hunt or trap any game animal, game bird, or fur-bearing animal or fish for 6 any fish within this state or possess, sell, purchase, ship, or reship any imported or other fur-bearing animal or 7 parts of fur-bearing animals without first having obtained a proper and valid license or permit from the department 8 to do so;

9 (d) trap or attempt to trap predatory animals or nongame wildlife without a license, as prescribed in
10 87-2-603, if that person is not a resident; or

(e) hunt migratory game birds without first having obtained a valid migratory game bird license from the
 department if the person is 16 years of age or older.

(2) The provisions of this section do not require a person who accompanies a licensed disabled hunter,
as authorized under 87-2-803(4), to be licensed in order to kill or attempt to kill a game animal that has been
wounded by a disabled hunter when the disabled hunter is unable to pursue and kill the wounded game animal.
However, the person must meet the qualifications for a license in the person's state of residence.

(3) A person convicted of a violation of this section shall be fined not less than \$50 or more than \$1,000
or be imprisoned in the county detention center for not more than 6 months, or both. In addition, the person, upon
conviction or forfeiture of bond or bail, may be subject to forfeiture of any current hunting, fishing, or trapping
license issued by this state and the privilege to hunt, fish, or trap in this state or to use state lands, as defined in
77-1-101, for recreational purposes for a period of time set by the court.

(4) A person convicted of hunting without a license may be subject to the additional penalties providedin 87-6-901 and 87-6-902.

(5) A violation of this section may also result in an order to pay restitution pursuant to 87-6-905 through
87-6-907."

26

27

Section 33. Section 87-6-403, MCA, is amended to read:

**"87-6-403. Unlawful hunting from public highway.** (1) Except as provided in 87-2-803(4), a person
may not hunt or attempt to hunt any game animal or game bird on, from, or across any public highway or the
shoulder, berm, or barrow pit right-of-way of any public highway, as defined in 61-1-101, in the state.

- 27 -



(2) A person convicted of a violation of this section shall be fined not less than \$50 or more than \$1,000
or be imprisoned in the county detention center for not more than 6 months, or both. In addition, the person, upon
conviction or forfeiture of bond or bail, may be subject to forfeiture of any current hunting, fishing, or trapping
license issued by this state and the privilege to hunt, fish, or trap in this state or to use state lands, as defined in
77-1-101, for recreational purposes for a period of time set by the court.

6 (3) A violation of this section may also result in an order to pay restitution pursuant to 87-6-905 through
7 87-6-907."

8

9

Section 34. Section 87-6-405, MCA, is amended to read:

**"87-6-405. Unlawful use of vehicle while hunting.** (1) Except as provided in 87-2-803<del>(4)</del>, a person
 may not:

(a) hunt or attempt to hunt any game animal or game bird from any self-propelled or drawn vehicle; or
 (b) use a self-propelled vehicle to intentionally concentrate, drive, rally, stir up, or harass wildlife, except
 predators of this state. This subsection (1)(b) does not apply to landowners and their authorized agents engaged
 in the immediate protection of that landowner's property.

16

(2) Except as provided in 87-2-803<del>(4)</del>, a person may not, while hunting a game animal or bird:

(a) drive or attempt to drive, run or attempt to run, molest or attempt to molest, flush or attempt to flush,
or harass or attempt to harass a game animal or game bird with the use or aid of a motor-driven vehicle;

(b) use a motor-driven vehicle other than on an established road or trail unless the person has reduced a big game animal to possession and cannot easily retrieve the big game animal. In that case, a motor-driven vehicle may be used to retrieve the big game animal, except in areas where more restrictive regulations apply or where the landowner has not granted permission. After the retrieval, the motor-driven vehicle must be returned to an established road or trail by the shortest possible route. For purposes of safety and allowing normal travel, a motor-driven vehicle may be parked on the roadside or directly adjacent to a road or trail.

(c) drive through any retired cropland, brush area, slough area, timber area, open prairie, or unharvested
 or harvested cropland, except upon an established road or trail, unless written permission has been given by the
 landowner and is in possession of the hunter.

(3) The restrictions in subsection (2) on motor-driven vehicle use off an established road or trail apply
 only to hunting on state or private land and not to hunting on federal land unless the federal agency specifically
 requests or approves state enforcement.



(4) A person convicted of a violation of this section shall be fined not less than \$50 or more than \$1,000
or be imprisoned in the county detention center for not more than 6 months, or both. In addition, the person, upon
conviction or forfeiture of bond or bail, may be subject to forfeiture of any current hunting, fishing, or trapping
license issued by this state and the privilege to hunt, fish, or trap in this state or to use state lands, as defined in
77-1-101, for recreational purposes for a period of time set by the court.

6 (5) A violation of this section may also result in an order to pay restitution pursuant to 87-6-905 through
7 87-6-907."

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- 9

## SECTION 35. SECTION 87-6-921, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

"87-6-921. Revocation of exception. If a person is convicted of a violation of the fish and game laws
 or regulations of Montana, the privilege conferred by 87-2-801 through 87-2-803 and [sections 32 and 33 36 AND
 <u>37]</u> must be revoked for not less than 6 months."

13

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 36. Licenses for legion of valor members -- purple heart awardees. (1) A
 resident, as defined in 87-2-102, or a nonresident who is a legion of valor member is entitled to fish with a wildlife
 conservation license issued by the department.

(2) A resident, as defined in 87-2-102, awarded a purple heart for service in the armed forces of the
United States is entitled to fish and hunt game birds, not including wild turkeys, with a wildlife conservation license
issued by the department.

(3) A nonresident awarded a purple heart for service in the armed forces of the United States is entitled
to fish and hunt game birds, not including wild turkeys, with a wildlife conservation license issued by the
department during expeditions arranged for the nonresident by a nonprofit organization that uses fishing and
hunting as part of the rehabilitation of disabled veterans.

(4) The department's general license account must be reimbursed by a quarterly transfer of funds from
the general fund to the general license account for license costs associated with the fishing and game bird
hunting privileges granted pursuant to subsections (2) and (3) during the preceding calendar quarter.
Reimbursement costs must be designated as license revenue.

28

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 37. Licenses for service members. (1) A veteran or a disabled member of 30 the armed forces who meets the qualifications in 87-2-803(9) as a result of a combat-connected injury may apply



at a fish, wildlife, and parks office for a regular Class A-3 deer A tag, a Class A-4 deer B tag, a Class B-7 deer
A tag, a Class B-8 deer B tag, and a special antelope license made available under 87-2-506(3) for one-half of
the license fee. Licenses issued to veterans or disabled members of the armed forces under this part do not count
against the number of special antelope licenses reserved for people with permanent disabilities, as provided in
87-2-706.

6 (2) (a) A Montana resident who is a member of the Montana national guard or the federal reserve as 7 provided in 10 U.S.C. 10101 or who was otherwise engaged in active duty and who participated in a contingency 8 operation as provided in 10 U.S.C. 101(a)(13) that required the member to serve at least 2 months outside of the 9 state, upon request and upon presentation of the documentation described in subsection (2)(b), must be issued 10 a free resident wildlife conservation license or a Class AAA resident combination sports license, which may not 11 include a Class A-6 black bear tag, upon payment of the resident base hunting license fee in [section 2], in the 12 license year that the member returns from military service or in the year following the member's return, based on 13 the member's election, and in any of the 4 years after the member's election.

(b) To be eligible for the free resident wildlife conservation license or free Class AAA resident combination sports license provided for in subsection (2)(a), an applicant shall, in addition to the written application and proof of residency required in 87-2-202(1), provide to any regional department office or to the department headquarters in Helena, by mail or in person, the member's DD form 214 verifying the member's release or discharge from active duty. The applicant is responsible for providing documentation showing that the applicant participated in a contingency operation as provided in 10 U.S.C. 101(a)(13).

(c) A Montana resident who meets the service qualifications of subsection (2)(a) and provides the
 documentation required in subsection (2)(b) is entitled to a free Class A resident fishing license in the license year
 that the member returns from military service or in the year following the member's return, based on the member's
 election, and in any of the 4 years after the member's election.

(d) The department's general license account must be reimbursed by a quarterly transfer of funds from
 the general fund to the general license account for costs associated with the free licenses granted pursuant to
 this subsection (2) during the preceding calendar quarter. Reimbursement costs must be designated as license
 revenue.

(3) A member of the armed forces who forfeited a license or permit issued through a drawing as a result
 of deployment outside of the continental United States in support of a contingency operation as provided in 10
 U.S.C. 101(a)(13) is guaranteed the same license or permit, without additional fee, upon application in the year



of the member's return from deployment or in the first year that the license or permit is made available after the
member's return.

3

#### 4 NEW SECTION. Section 38. Apprentice hunting certificate. (1) A person who is 10 years of age 5 OR OLDER AND UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE WHO HAS NOT COMPLETED A HUNTER SAFETY AND EDUCATION COURSE 6 PURSUANT TO 87-2-105 IS ELIGIBLE TO APPLY FOR AN APPRENTICE HUNTING CERTIFICATE THAT ENTITLES THE HOLDER 7 TO OBTAIN AND USE HUNTING LICENSES AND PERMITS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS TITLE AND THE PROVISIONS OF THIS 8 SECTION. A PERSON MAY OBTAIN AN APPRENTICE HUNTING CERTIFICATE FOR NO MORE THAN 2 LICENSE YEARS BEFORE 9 THE PERSON MUST COMPLETE A MONTANA HUNTER SAFETY AND EDUCATION COURSE PURSUANT TO 87-2-105. 10 (2) A PERSON WHO OBTAINS AN APPRENTICE HUNTING CERTIFICATE MUST BE IN THE COMPANY OF A MENTOR 11 WHEN HUNTING AND SHALL CONDUCT ALL HUNTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SECTION AND WITHIN THE TERMS AND 12 CONDITIONS OF THE LICENSE OR PERMIT ISSUED. 13 (3) TO QUALIFY AS A MENTOR WHO WILL ACCOMPANY AN APPRENTICE HUNTER, A PERSON MUST: 14 (A) BE AT LEAST 21 YEARS OF AGE; 15 (B) BE RELATED TO THE APPRENTICE HUNTER BY BLOOD, ADOPTION, OR MARRIAGE, BE THE LEGAL GUARDIAN OF 16 THE APPRENTICE HUNTER, OR BE A PERSON DESIGNATED BY A PARENT OR LEGAL GUARDIAN AS BEING CAPABLE AND 17 QUALIFIED TO ASSIST THE APPRENTICE HUNTER; 18 (C) HAVE COMPLETED A HUNTER SAFETY AND EDUCATION COURSE PURSUANT TO 87-2-105; 19 (D) HAVE A CURRENT MONTANA HUNTING LICENSE; 20 (E) HAVE AGREED TO ACCOMPANY AND SUPERVISE THE APPRENTICE HUNTER AND REMAIN WITHIN SIGHT OF AND 21 DIRECT VOICE CONTACT WITH THE APPRENTICE HUNTER AT ALL TIMES WHILE IN THE FIELD; AND 22 (F) CONFIRM THAT THE APPRENTICE HUNTER POSSESSES THE PHYSICAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL CAPACITY TO 23 SAFELY AND ETHICALLY ENGAGE IN HUNTING ACTIVITIES. 24 (4) SUBJECT TO THE CONDITIONS OF THIS SECTION, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ISSUE AN APPRENTICE HUNTING 25 CERTIFICATE UPON PAYMENT OF A FEE OF \$5. THIS FEE MUST BE DEPOSITED IN THE STATE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND 26 ACCOUNT TO THE CREDIT OF THE DEPARTMENT FOR HUNTER EDUCATION PURPOSES. 27 (5) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ISSUE AN APPRENTICE HUNTING CERTIFICATE THAT ALLOWS AN APPRENTICE HUNTER 28 TO BE ACCOMPANIED BY MULTIPLE MENTORS. 29 (6) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (7), A PERSON WHO OBTAINS AN APPRENTICE HUNTING CERTIFICATE 30 MAY PURCHASE ANY UNLIMITED HUNTING LICENSE OR PERMIT BY ANY APPLICABLE DEADLINE FOR THE FEE ESTABLISHED



1	PURSUANT TO THIS CHAPTER, INCLUDING:
2	(A) A REDUCED COST LICENSE FOR WHICH THE APPLICANT QUALIFIES. AN APPRENTICE HUNTER WHO IS UNDER
3	12 YEARS OF AGE IS ELIGIBLE TO OBTAIN THE UNLIMITED REDUCED COST LICENSES AVAILABLE TO A PERSON WHO IS 12
4	YEARS OF AGE.
5	(B) A WILD TURKEY TAG IF IT IS ISSUED IN AN UNLIMITED NUMBER.
6	(7) A PERSON WHO OBTAINS AN APPRENTICE HUNTING CERTIFICATE IS NOT ELIGIBLE:
7	(A) TO OBTAIN A CLASS A-2 SPECIAL BOW AND ARROW LICENSE WITHOUT HAVING COMPLETED A BOWHUNTER
8	EDUCATION COURSE;
9	(B) TO OBTAIN A CLASS D-3 RESIDENT HOUND TRAINING LICENSE;
10	(C) TO PARTICIPATE IN A DRAWING WITH A LIMITED QUOTA;
11	(D) TO OBTAIN A MOUNTAIN SHEEP LICENSE IN ANY AREA WHERE THE LICENSES ARE ISSUED IN UNLIMITED
12	NUMBERS; OR
13	(E) TO OBTAIN AN ELK LICENSE IF THE APPRENTICE HUNTER IS UNDER 15 YEARS OF AGE.
14	(8) AN APPRENTICE HUNTER WHO VIOLATES THE TERMS OF THIS SECTION OR A MENTOR WHO VIOLATES THE
15	TERMS OF THIS SECTION WHILE ACCOMPANYING AN APPRENTICE HUNTER IS SUBJECT TO THE LOSS OF PRIVILEGES
16	GRANTED BY THIS SECTION FOR UP TO ONE FULL LICENSE SEASON.
17	
18	NEW SECTION. Section 39. Unlawful use of discounted combination sports license by youth. A
19	person who hunts or fishes using a youth combination sports license purchased after the person reaches 18
20	years of age is guilty of a misdemeanor and is subject to any of the following penalties imposed by the court:
21	(1) revocation of the person's hunting and fishing privileges for at least 5 years, revocation of the
22	person's hunting and fishing privileges for more than 5 years, or revocation of the person's hunting and fishing
23	privileges for life; and
24	(2) a fine of not less than $$500$ and not more than $$5,000$ in addition to the fine imposed on a person for
25	the specific hunting or fishing violation.
26	
27	NEW SECTION. Section 40. Repealer. The following sections of the Montana Code Annotated are
28	repealed:
29	87-2-515. Class B-15 nonresident elk license.
30	87-2-809. Resident senior combination license.

1 2 NEW SECTION. Section 41. Codification instruction. (1) [Section 1] is intended to be codified as 3 an integral part of Title 87, chapter 1, part 6, and the provisions of Title 87, chapter 1, part 6, apply to [section 1]. 4 (2) [Section 2] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 87, chapter 2, part 1, and the 5 provisions of Title 87, chapter 2, part 1, apply to [section 2]. 6 (3) [Sections 30 and 31 31 AND 32 32 AND 33 36, 37, AND 38] are intended to be codified as an integral 7 part of Title 87, chapter 2, part 8, and the provisions of Title 87, chapter 2, part 8, apply to [sections 30 and 31 8 31 AND 32 32 AND 33 36, 37, AND 38]. 9 (4) [Section 32 33 34 39] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 87, chapter 6, part 3, and 10 the provisions of Title 87, chapter 6, part 3, apply to [section 32 33 34 39]. 11 12 NEW SECTION. Section 42. Effective dates. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) SUBSECTIONS 13 (2) AND (3), [this act] is effective March 1, 2016. 14 (2) [Section 1] and this section are IS effective July 1, 2015. 15 (3) [SECTIONS 7, 15, 21, 27, AND 38] AND THIS SECTION ARE EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND APPROVAL. 16 - END -

