64th Legislature HB0168.02

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 168
2	INTRODUCED BY S. FITZPATRICK, CLARK, FISCUS, GLIMM, HERTZ, D. JONES, LANG, LAVIN,
3	PINOCCI, REGIER, SCHREINER, SCHWADERER, WHITE
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5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE APPLICABILITY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF
6	NATURAL RESOURCES AND CONSERVATION'S DEFINITION OF "COMBINED APPROPRIATION" FOR
7	WATER RIGHT PERMIT EXCEPTIONS IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES AND PROVIDING RETROACTIVE
8	APPLICABILITY; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
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10	WHEREAS, the Legislature, consistent with its constitutional duties, adopted the Montana Water Use Act
11	in 1973, which recognizes existing water rights and provides for the orderly administration of new water right
12	permits while protecting senior water right users; and
13	WHEREAS, the Legislature recognizes that a permit to appropriate water is not necessary in all
14	circumstances and has created certain exceptions to the permit requirement; and
15	WHEREAS, the Legislature has provided that a permit is not required for an appropriation that is 35
16	gallons a minute or less and does not exceed 10 acre-feet a year unless the appropriation is determined to be
17	a combined appropriation; and
18	WHEREAS, since 1993 the Department of Natural Resources and Conservation has defined the term
19	combined appropriation "COMBINED APPROPRIATION" as an appropriation of water from the same source aquifer
20	by two or more ground water developments that are physically manifold into the same system; and
21	WHEREAS, water users in the state have relied upon the department's definition of combined
22	appropriation for more than 20 years; and
23	WHEREAS, in ON October 17, 2014, the MONTANA First Judicial District Court IN CLARK FORK COALITION
24	V. TUBBS, CAUSE No. BDV-2010-874, invalidated the Department's combined appropriation definition as being
25	inconsistent with the Water Use Act; and
26	WHEREAS, SUBSTANTIAL FINANCIAL INVESTMENT WAS MADE BY PERSONS ON THE BASIS OF THE 1993
27	DEFINITION OF "COMBINED APPROPRIATION" PRIOR TO THE DISTRICT COURT'S OCTOBER 17, 2014, ORDER; AND
28	WHEREAS, THE DISTRICT COURT ORDERED THAT THE DEPARTMENT'S RULE DEFINING "COMBINED
29	APPROPRIATION", IN EFFECT FROM 1987 TO 1993, BE REINSTATED; AND
30	WHEREAS, it is the intent of the Legislature to ensure that the Department's 1993 definition of combined

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1 appropriation applies to all projects, developments, or subdivisions in existence or for which an application for

2 review was pending on or before the District Court's October 17, 2014, ruling.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

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NEW SECTION. Section 1. Wells exempt from permitting -- definition of combined appropriation -- retroactive applicability. For purposes of implementing the provisions of 85-2-306, the department of natural resources and conservation's definition of combined appropriation as an appropriation of water from the same source aquifer by two or more ground water developments that are physically manifold into the same system applies retroactively to any project, development, or subdivision in existence on or before October 17, 2014, and to any pending project, development, or subdivision for which an THE application for review was submitted AND REQUIRED FEES WERE RECEIVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH 76-4-125 OR BY THE LOCAL REVIEWING AUTHORITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH 76-3-604(1)(A) on or before October 17, 2014.

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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 2. Effective date.** [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

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