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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 193
2	INTRODUCED BY D. SALOMON
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING THE PROCESSES FOR APPEALING COUNTY ZONING
5	DECISIONS; PROVIDING THAT A DECISION OF A BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT MAY BE APPEALED TO A
6	BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS AND A DECISION BY A BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
7	MAY BE APPEALED TO COURT OF RECORD; AMENDING SECTIONS 76-2-226, 76-2-227, AND 76-2-228,
8	MCA."
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10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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12	Section 1. Section 76-2-226, MCA, is amended to read:
13	"76-2-226. Appeals to board of adjustment. (1) Appeals to the board of adjustment may be taken by
14	a any person or persons, jointly or severally, aggrieved by a decision of the administrative officer or by an officer,
15	department, board, or bureau of the county affected by any decision of the administrative officer. The appeal must
16	be taken within a reasonable time, as provided by the rules of the board, by filing with the officer from whom the
17	appeal is taken and with the board of adjustment a notice of appeal specifying the grounds of the appeal.
18	(2) The officer from whom the appeal is taken shall transmit to the board in a timely manner all papers
19	constituting the record upon which the action appealed was taken.
20	(3) An appeal stays all proceedings in furtherance of the action appealed from unless the officer from
21	whom the appeal is taken certifies to the board of adjustment after the notice of appeal has been filed with the
22	officer that by reason of facts stated in the certificate a stay would, in the officer's opinion, cause imminent peril
23	to life or property. In that case, proceedings may not be stayed except by a restraining order, which may be
24	granted by the board of adjustment or by a court of record on application, on notice to the officer from whom the
25	appeal is taken, and on due cause shown.
26	(4) The board of adjustment shall fix a reasonable time for the hearing of the appeal, give public notice
27	of the hearing as well as due notice to the parties in interest, and decide the appeal within a reasonable time.
28	(5) At the hearing, a party may appear in person or by the party's attorney."
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30	Section 2. Section 76-2-227, MCA, is amended to read:

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"76-2-227. Appeals — from board of adjustment to county commissioners — county commissioners to court of record. (1) Any person or persons, jointly or severally, aggrieved by a decision of the board of adjustment or a taxpayer or an officer, department, board, or bureau of the county affected by the decision of the board of adjustment may appeal that decision to the board of county commissioners. The board of county commissioners shall hold a hearing de novo. The petition of appeal must be presented to the board of county commissioners within 30 days after the filing of the decision by the board of adjustment.

(2) Any person or persons, jointly or severally, aggrieved by a decision of the board of county commissioners filed after the hearing required in subsection (1) may present to a court of record a petition, duly verified, setting forth that the decision is illegal, in whole or in part, and specifying the grounds of the illegality. The petition must be presented to the court within 30 days after the filing of the decision in the office of the board of county commissioners.

(2)(3) Upon presentation of a petition, the court may allow a writ of certiorari directed to the board of adjustment county commissioners to review the decision of the board of adjustment county commissioners and shall prescribe in the writ the time within which a return must be made and served upon the relator's attorney, which may not be less than 10 days and may be extended by the court. The allowance of the writ may not stay proceedings upon the decision appealed from, but the court may, upon application, on notice to the board of county commissioners, and on due cause shown, grant a restraining order. The board of adjustment county commissioners may not be required to return the original papers acted upon by it, but it is sufficient to return certified or sworn copies of the original papers or of portions of the original papers that may be called for by the writ. The return must concisely set forth other facts that may be pertinent and material to show the grounds of the decision appealed from and must be verified.

(3)(4) If, upon the hearing, it appears to the court that testimony is necessary for the proper disposition of the matter, the court may take evidence or appoint a referee to take evidence as it may direct and report the evidence to the court with the referee's findings of fact and conclusions of law, which constitute a part of the proceedings upon which the determination of the court must be made.

(4)(5) The court may reverse or affirm, wholly or partly, or may modify the decision brought up for review."

**Section 3.** Section 76-2-228, MCA, is amended to read:

"76-2-228. Awarding of costs upon appeal from board decision. Costs shall may not be allowed



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1 against the board of county commissioners unless it shall appear appears to the court that it acted with gross

2 negligence, in bad faith, or with malice in making the decision appealed from."

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