1	HOUSE BILL NO. 578
2	INTRODUCED BY E. BUTTREY
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ALLOWING ELIGIBLE SURPLUS LINES INSURERS TO PROVIDE
5	EXCESS COVERAGE FOR CERTAIN TYPES OF DISABILITY INSURANCE; DEFINING "DISABILITY
6	INSURANCE" FOR SURPLUS LINES; AMENDING SECTIONS 33-2-301 AND 33-2-307, MCA; AND
7	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
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9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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11	Section 1. Section 33-2-301, MCA, is amended to read:
12	"33-2-301. Short title purpose definitions. (1) This part constitutes and may be referred to as "The
13	Surplus Lines Insurance Law".
14	(2) The purpose of this part is to:
15	(a) protect persons seeking insurance in this state;
16	(b) permit surplus lines insurance to be placed with reputable and financially sound unauthorized insurers
17	and to be exported from this state pursuant to this part;
18	(c) establish a system of regulation that will permit orderly access to surplus lines insurance in this state
19	and encourage authorized insurers to provide new and innovative types of insurance to consumers in this state;
20	and
21	(d) protect revenues of this state.
22	(3) As used in this part, the following definitions apply:
23	(a) "Affiliated" means that a person directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common
24	control with the insured.
25	(b) "Affiliated group" means any group of persons that are affiliated.
26	(c) "Approved risk list" means the list approved by the commissioner of the kinds of insurance presumed
27	unobtainable from authorized insurers when Montana is the home state of the insured.
28	(d) "Authorized insurer" means an insurer authorized pursuant to 33-2-101 to transact insurance in this
29	state.
30	(e) (i) "Business entity" means a corporation, a limited liability company, an association, a partnership,
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30	(iv) if a group policyholder pays 100% of the premium from its own funds, the home state of the gro	up
29	insurance contract; or	
28	member of the affiliated group that has the largest percentage of premium attributed to it under the surplus lin	es
27	insurance contract, the home state as determined under subsection <del>(3)(j)(i)</del> ( <u>3)(k)(i)</u> or <del>(3)(j)(ii)</del> ( <u>3)(k)(ii)</u> for t	he
26	(iii) if more than one insured from an affiliated group are named insureds on a single surplus lin	es
25	contract;	
24	state with the greatest allocated percentage of the insured's taxable premium for that surplus lines insuran	ce
23	(ii) if 100% of the insured risk is located outside the state referred to in subsection <del>(3)(j)(i)</del> ( <u>3)(k)(i)</u> , t	he
22	the individual's principal residence;	
21	(i) the state in which the insured maintains its principal place of business or, in the case of an individu	al,
20	(j)(k) "Home state" means, with respect to an insured:	
19	(i)(j) "Export" means to place surplus lines insurance with an unauthorized insurer.	
18	(h)(i) "Exempt commercial purchaser" has the meaning provided in 33-2-318.	
17	insurance under 33-2-307.	
16	(g)(h) "Eligible surplus lines insurer" means an unauthorized insurer that is eligible to issue surplus lin	es
15	(ii) The term does not mean health insurance intended for paying health care providers.	
14	for loans or contracts.	
13	(B) if a principal is disabled or incapacitated, for a business entity to cover liability or provide assuran	ce
12	occupations for which the individual has proven to be qualified; or	
11	individual's ability to pursue employment in professional sports, the entertainment industry, or high-ri	
10	(A) for an individual to use for income assistance after a disabling accident or illness or the loss of t	he
9	excess coverage that is either unavailable from or limited by an authorized insurer:	<u>cs</u>
7 8	entity. (g) (i) "Disability insurance" for surplus lines insurance is a component of casualty insurance that provid	60
6 7	(ii) the person controls in any manner the election of a majority of the directors or trustees of a busine	SS
5	the power to vote 25% or more of any class of voting securities of a business entity; or	
4	(i) the person directly or indirectly or acting through one or more other persons owns, controls, or h	as
3	(f) "Control", including the terms "controlled by" and "under common control with", means that:	
2	(ii) The term does not include an individual.	
1	a limited liability partnership, or other legal entity.	

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policyholder as determined under subsection (3)(j)(i) (3)(k)(i) or, if a group policyholder does not pay 100% of the
 premiums from its own funds, the home state of the group member as determined under subsection (3)(j)(i)
 (3)(k)(i).
 (k)(1) "Independently procured insurance" means surplus lines insurance procured directly by an insured
 from an eligible surplus lines insurer.

6 (<u>+)(m)</u> "Multistate risk" means a risk covered by an unauthorized insurer with insured exposures in more
7 than one state.

8 (m)(n) "Natural disaster multiperil insurance" means any bundled flood, earthquake, and landslide
 9 insurance that may be sold as surplus lines insurance.

(n)(o) "Principal place of business" means the state where the insured business maintains its
 headquarters and where the insured's high-level officers direct, control, and coordinate the business activities
 of the insured.

(o)(p) "Principal residence" means the state where an individual insured resides for the greatest number
 of days during a calendar year or, if the insured's principal residence is located outside of any state, the state to
 which the greatest percentage of the insured's taxable premium for that insurance contract is located.

(p)(q) "Producing insurance producer" means a Montana-licensed property and casualty insurance
 producer dealing directly with a person seeking insurance.

18 (q)(r) "Qualified risk manager" has the meaning provided in 33-2-319.

(r)(s) "Single-state risk" means a risk covered by an unauthorized insurer with exposures in only one
 state.

(s)(t) "State" means any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto
 Rico, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, the Virgin Islands, and American Samoa.

(t)(u) (i) "Surplus lines insurance" means any property or casualty insurance permitted in a state to be
 placed directly or through a surplus lines insurance producer with an unauthorized insurer eligible to accept the
 insurance. The term includes independently procured insurance.

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(ii) The term does not include the kinds of insurance exempted under 33-2-317.

(u)(v) "Surplus lines insurance producer" means an individual or business entity licensed under 33-2-305
 to place surplus lines insurance on risks resident, located, or to be performed in this state with unauthorized
 insurers eligible to accept the insurance.

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(v)(w) "Unauthorized insurer" means, with respect to a state, an insurer not authorized to transact the

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1	business of insurance in the state. The term includes an insurance exchange authorized under the laws of
2	another state. The term does not include a risk retention group, as that term is defined in the Liability Risk
3	Retention Act of 1986, 15 U.S.C. 3901(a)(4)."
4	
5	Section 2. Section 33-2-307, MCA, is amended to read:
6	"33-2-307. Requirements for eligible surplus lines insurers list of eligible surplus lines insurers.
7	(1) If an unauthorized insurer is domiciled in any state, a surplus lines insurance producer may not place
8	insurance with that unauthorized insurer unless, at the time of placement, the unauthorized insurer:
9	(a) is authorized to issue the same kind of property or casualty insurance in its domiciliary jurisdiction;
10	and
11	(b) maintains capital and surplus or its equivalent under the laws of its state of domicile, which equals
12	the greater of:
13	(i) the minimum capital and surplus requirements of 33-2-109 and 33-2-110; or
14	(ii) \$15 million. An insurer possessing less than \$15 million capital and surplus may satisfy the
15	requirements of this subsection upon an affirmative finding of acceptability by the commissioner. The
16	commissioner's finding must be based <del>upon such</del> <u>on</u> factors <del>as</del> <u>that include:</u>
17	(A) the quality of management, capital, and surplus of a parent company;
18	(B) company underwriting profit and investment income trends;
19	(C) market availability; and
20	(D) company record and reputation within the industry.
21	(2) The commissioner may not make an affirmative finding of acceptability when the surplus lines
22	insurer's capital and surplus is less than \$4.5 million.
23	(2)(3) If an unauthorized insurer is an alien insurer, a surplus lines insurance producer may not place
24	insurance with that unauthorized insurer unless, at the time of placement, the unauthorized insurer appears on
25	the national association of insurance commissioners' Non-Admitted Insurers Quarterly Listing.
26	(3)(4) A list of eligible surplus lines insurers must be published at least semiannually by the
27	commissioner and must contain a range of risks that are covered, including disability insurance as defined in
28	33-2-301. This subsection does not require the commissioner to place or maintain the name of any unauthorized
29	insurer on the list of eligible surplus lines insurers. An action may not lie against the commissioner or an
30	employee of the commissioner for anything said in issuing the list of eligible surplus lines insurers referred to in
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1	this subsection.
2	(4)(5) As used in this section, the following definitions apply:
3	(a) "Capital", as used in the financial requirements of this section, means funds invested in for stocks
4	or other evidences of ownership.
5	(b) "Surplus", as used in the financial requirements of this section, means funds over and above liabilities
6	and capital of the insurer for the protection of policyholders."
7	
8	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 2019.
9	- END -

