HOUSE BILL NO. 715

2	INTRODUCED BY L. JONES, N. BALLANCE		
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING LAWS RELATED TO THE BUDGET STABILIZATION		
5	RESERVE FUND; REVISING PERCENTAGES FOR REDUCTIONS IN SPENDING; PROVIDING FOR A 7-		
6	FINANCIAL MODERNIZATION AND RISK ANALYSIS STUDY TO BE COMPLETED BY A JOINT COMMITTE		
7	OF THE REVENUE AND TRANSPORTATION INTERIM AND LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTE		
8	COMMITTEE AND PUBLIC OTHER MEMBERS; DIRECTING THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE TO		
9	CONDUCT A STUDY ON LONG-TERM BUDGET STABILIZATION; SETTING PARAMETERS FOR TH		
10	STUDIES; PROVIDING FOR A TRANSFER OF FUNDS INTO THE BUDGET STABILIZATION RESERVE FUND		
11	PROVIDING FUND TRANSFERS; PROVIDING FOR APPROPRIATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 5-12-205		
12	2 <u>10-3-312,</u> 17-7-130, AND 17-7-140, MCA; PROVIDING FOR CONTINGENT VOIDNESS; AND PROVIDING		
13	B EFFECTIVE DATES AND A TERMINATION DATE."		
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:		
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17	SECTION 1. SECTION 5-12-205, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:		
18	"5-12-205. Powers and duties of committee. The committee:		
19	(1) may organize, adopt rules to govern its proceedings, form subcommittees, and meet as often as		
20	necessary, upon the call of the presiding officer, to advise and consult with the legislative fiscal analyst;		
21	(2) may employ and, in accordance with the rules for classification and pay adopted by the legislative		
22	council, set the salary of the legislative fiscal analyst. The legislative fiscal analyst shall serve at the pleasure of		
23	and be responsible for providing services to the committee.		
24	(3) may exercise the investigatory powers of a standing committee under chapter 5, part 1, of this title;		
25	(4) shall monitor the information technology policies of the department of administration with specific		
26	attention to:		
27	(a) identification of information technology issues likely to require future legislative attention; and		
28	(b) the evaluation of proposed information technology policy changes and the fiscal implications of the		
29	proposed changes and shall provide written responses to the department of administration communicating the		
30	committee's positions and concerns on proposed policy changes;		

(5) may accumulate, compile, analyze, and provide information relevant to existing or proposed legislation on how information technology can be used to impact the welfare of the state;

- (6) may prepare legislation to implement any proposed changes involving information technology; and
- (7) shall, before each regular and special legislative session involving budgetary matters, prepare recommendations to the house appropriations committee and the senate finance and claims committee on the application of certain budget issues. At a minimum, the recommendations must include procedures for the consistent application during each session of inflation factors, the allocation of fixed costs, and the personal services budget. The committee may also make recommendations on other issues of major concern in the budgeting process, such as estimating the cost of implementing particular programs based upon present law: and
- (8) may, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2019, appoint up to six ad hoc nonvoting committee member from the house of representative. These members may participate in meetings, but may not vote."

SECTION 2. SECTION 10-3-312, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

"10-3-312. Maximum expenditure by governor -- appropriation. (1) Whenever a disaster or an emergency, including an energy emergency as defined in 90-4-302 or an invasive species emergency declared under 80-7-1013, is declared by the governor, there is statutorily appropriated to the office of the governor, as provided in 17-7-502, and, subject to subsection (2), the governor is authorized to expend from the general fund an amount not to exceed \$16 million in any biennium, minus any amount appropriated pursuant to 10-3-310 in the same biennium. The statutory appropriation in this subsection may be used by any state agency designated by the governor.

- (2) In the event of the recovery of money expended under this section, the spending authority must be reinstated to a level reflecting the recovery.
- (3) If a disaster is declared by the president of the United States, there is statutorily appropriated to the office of the governor, as provided in 17-7-502, and the governor is authorized to expend from the general fund an amount not to exceed \$500,000 during the biennium to meet the state's share of the individuals and households grant programs as provided in 42 U.S.C. 5174. The statutory appropriation in this subsection may be used by any state agency designated by the governor.
- (4) At Except as provided in subsection (5), at the end of each biennium, an amount equal to the unexpended and unencumbered balance of the \$16 million statutory appropriation in subsection (1), minus any



amount appropriated pursuant to 10-3-310 in the same biennium, must be transferred by the state treasurer from the state general fund to the fire suppression account provided for in 76-13-150.

(5) For the biennium ending June 30, 2019, the state treasurer shall transfer the amount calculated pursuant to subsection (4) from the state general fund into the budget stabilization reserve fund established in 17-7-130."

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- **Section 3.** Section 17-7-130, MCA, is amended to read:
- 8 "17-7-130. Budget stabilization reserve fund -- rules for deposits and transfers -- purpose. (1)
 9 There is an account in the state special revenue fund established by 17-2-102 known as the budget stabilization
 10 reserve fund.
- 11 (2) The purpose of the budget stabilization reserve fund is:
 - (a) to mitigate budget reductions when there is a revenue shortfall; and
- 13 (b) when there are funds in excess of the operating reserve level, to:
 - (i) pay down the debt service on bonds for capital projects previously authorized by the legislature if allowed without penalty by the terms of the bond issuance;
 - (ii) delay, forego, or reduce the amount of an issuance of bonds authorized by the legislature; and
- 17 (iii) allow the funds to remain in the account.
 - (3) By August 1 of each year, the department of administration shall certify to the legislative fiscal analyst and the budget director the following:
 - (a) the unaudited, unassigned ending fund balance of the general fund for the prior fiscal year; and
 - (b) the amount of unaudited general fund revenue and transfers into the general fund received in the prior fiscal year recorded when that fiscal year's statewide accounting, budgeting, and human resource system records are closed. General fund revenue and transfers into the general fund are those recorded in the statewide accounting, budgeting, and human resource system using generally accepted accounting principles in accordance with 17-1-102.
 - (4) For the fiscal years beginning July 1, 2016, through July 1, 2020, if actual general fund revenue exceeds the revenue estimate established pursuant to 5-5-227 for that fiscal year, excess revenue over the amount of revenue that exceeds the revenue estimate by \$15 million is allocated as follows:
 - (a) 50% remains in the general fund; and
 - (b) 50% is transferred into the budget stabilization reserve fund on or before August 15 of the following



1 fiscal year.

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- 2 (5) Starting in the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021, the state treasurer shall transfer, by August 15 of 3 the following fiscal year:
- 4 (a) if there is not an operating reserve differential, from the general fund to the budget stabilization
 5 reserve fund an amount equal to 50% of the excess revenue for the fiscal year;
- 6 (b) if there is an operating reserve differential for the fiscal year, from the general fund to the budget
 7 stabilization reserve fund an amount equal to 50% of the excess revenue for the fiscal year less the operating
 8 reserve differential; and
 - (c) if the ending fund balance of the general fund for the prior year is less than 6.8% of the amount of all general fund appropriations in the second year of the biennium, from the budget stabilization reserve fund to the general fund up to one-half of the amount in the budget stabilization reserve fund in excess of the amount of 2% of all general fund appropriations in the second year of the biennium in the subsequent fiscal year.
 - (6) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
 - (a) "Adjusted revenue" means general fund revenue for the prior fiscal year plus the growth amount.
 - (b) "Excess revenue" means the amount of general fund revenue, including transfers in, for the most recently completed fiscal year minus adjusted revenue.
 - (c) "Growth amount" means general fund revenue for the prior fiscal year multiplied by the growth rate.
 - (d) "Growth rate" means the average compound rate of growth of general fund revenue for the most recently completed 6 fiscal years.
 - (e) "Operating reserve differential" means a nonnegative difference from 8.3% of all general fund appropriations in the second year of the biennium minus the sum of the ending fund balance for the prior year and 50% of excess revenue of the prior year."

Section 4. Section 17-7-140, MCA, is amended to read:

- "17-7-140. Reduction in spending. (1) (a) As the chief budget officer of the state, the governor shall ensure that the expenditure of appropriations does not exceed available revenue. Except as provided in subsection (2), in the event of a projected general fund budget deficit, the governor, taking into account the criteria provided in subsection (1)(c), shall direct agencies to reduce spending in an amount that ensures that the projected ending general fund balance for the biennium will be at least:
 - (i) 6% 4% of the general fund appropriations for the second fiscal year of the biennium prior to October



1 of the year preceding a legislative session;

- (ii) 3% of the general fund appropriations for the second fiscal year of the biennium in October of the year
 preceding a legislative session;
 - (iii) 2% of the general fund appropriations for the second fiscal year of the biennium in January of the year in which a legislative session is convened; and
 - (iv) 1% of the general fund appropriations for the second fiscal year of the biennium in March of the year in which a legislative session is convened.
 - (b) An agency may not be required to reduce general fund spending for any program, as defined in each general appropriations act, by more than 10% during a biennium. Starting January 1, 2021, a governor may NOT REDUCE TOTAL AGENCY SPENDING IN THE BIENNIUM BY MORE THAN 4% OF THE SECOND YEAR APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE AGENCY. Departments or agencies headed by elected officials or the board of regents may not be required to reduce general fund spending by a percentage greater than the percentage of general fund spending reductions required for the total WEIGHTED AVERAGE of all other executive branch agencies. The legislature may exempt from a reduction an appropriation item within a program or may direct that the appropriation item may not be reduced by more than 10%.
 - (c) The governor shall direct agencies to manage their budgets in order to reduce general fund expenditures. Prior to directing agencies to reduce spending as provided in subsection (1)(a), the governor shall direct each agency to analyze the nature of each program that receives a general fund appropriation to determine whether the program is mandatory or permissive and to analyze the impact of the proposed reduction in spending on the purpose of the program. An agency shall submit its analysis to the office of budget and program planning and shall at the same time provide a copy of the analysis to the legislative fiscal analyst. The report must be submitted in an electronic format. The office of budget and program planning shall review each agency's analysis, and the budget director shall submit to the governor a copy of the office of budget and program planning's recommendations for reductions in spending. The budget director shall provide a copy of the recommendations to the legislative fiscal analyst at the time that the recommendations are submitted to the governor and shall provide the legislative fiscal analyst with any proposed changes to the recommendations. The recommendations must be provided in an electronic format. The legislative finance committee shall meet within 20 days of the date that the proposed changes to the recommendations for reductions in spending are provided to the legislative fiscal analyst. The legislative fiscal analyst shall provide a copy of the legislative fiscal analyst's review of the proposed reductions in spending to the budget director at least 5 days before the meeting of the legislative

1 finance committee. The committee may make recommendations concerning the proposed reductions in spending.

- 2 The governor shall consider each agency's analysis and the recommendations of the office of budget and
- 3 program planning and the legislative finance committee in determining the agency's reduction in spending.
- 4 Reductions in spending must be designed to have the least adverse impact on the provision of services
- 5 determined to be most integral to the discharge of the agency's statutory responsibilities.
 - (2) Reductions in spending for the following may not be directed by the governor:
- 7 (a) payment of interest and principal on state debt;
- 8 (b) the legislative branch;
- 9 (c) the judicial branch;

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- 10 (d) the school BASE funding program, including special education;
- 11 (e) salaries of elected officials during their terms of office; and
- 12 (f) the Montana school for the deaf and blind.
 - (3) (a) As used in this section, "projected general fund budget deficit" means an amount, certified by the budget director to the governor, by which the projected ending general fund balance for the biennium is less than:
 - (i) 5% 4% of the general fund appropriations for the second fiscal year of the biennium prior to October of the year preceding a legislative session;
 - (ii) 1.875% in October of the year preceding a legislative session;
- 18 (iii) 1.25% in January of the year in which a legislative session is convened; and
- 19 (iv) 0.625% in March of the year in which a legislative session is convened.
 - (b) In determining the amount of the projected general fund budget deficit, the budget director shall take into account revenue, established levels of appropriation, anticipated supplemental appropriations for school equalization aid and the cost of the state's wildland fire suppression activities exceeding the amount statutorily appropriated in 10-3-312, and anticipated reversions.
 - (4) If the budget director determines that an amount of actual or projected receipts will result in an amount less than the amount projected to be received in the revenue estimate established pursuant to 5-5-227, the budget director shall notify the revenue and transportation interim committee of the estimated amount. Within 20 days of notification, the revenue and transportation interim committee shall provide the budget director with any recommendations concerning the amount. The budget director shall consider any recommendations of the revenue and transportation interim committee prior to certifying a projected general fund budget deficit to the governor.



(5) If the budget director certifies a projected general fund budget deficit, the governor may authorize transfers to the general fund from certain accounts as set forth in subsections (6), and (7), and (8).

(6) If the balance of the budget stabilization reserve fund is more than 2% of all general fund appropriations in the second year of the biennium, the governor may authorize transfers from the budget stabilization reserve fund prior to making reductions in spending. The total amount of transfers under this subsection may not exceed an amount equal to 1% of all general fund appropriations in the second year of the biennium prior to reductions in spending.

(6) BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2021, THE GOVERNOR MAY AUTHORIZE TRANSFERS FROM THE BUDGET STABILIZATION RESERVE FUND PRIOR TO MAKING REDUCTIONS IN SPENDING. A TRANSFER UNDER THIS SUBSECTION MAY NOT CAUSE THE FUND BALANCE OF THE BUDGET STABILIZATION RESERVE FUND TO BE LESS THAN 1% OF ALL GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATIONS IN THE SECOND YEAR OF THE BIENNIUM.

(6)(7) The governor may authorize transfers from the budget stabilization reserve fund provided for in 17-7-130. The governor may authorize \$2 of transfers from the fund for each \$1 of reductions in spending.

(7)(8) If the budget director certifies a projected general fund budget deficit, the governor may authorize transfers to the general fund from the fire suppression account established in 76-13-150. The amount of funds available for a transfer from this account is up to the sum of the fund balance of the account, plus expected current year revenue, minus the sum of 1% of the general fund appropriations for the second fiscal year of the biennium, plus estimated expenditures from the account for the fiscal year. The governor may authorize \$1 of transfers from the fire suppression account established in 76-13-150 for each \$1 of reductions in spending."

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Legislative tax FINANCIAL modernization AND RISK ANALYSIS study. (1)

A joint committee of members of the legislative finance committee and the revenue and transportation interim committee and appointed members of the public shall study the long-term future budget needs and revenue collections NEEDS with changing economics and demographics.

- (2) The study must be conducted by a bipartisan joint committee consisting of the following:
- (a) six members of the legislative finance committee, with three members appointed by the chair and three members appointed by the vice chair; AND
- (b) six members of the revenue and transportation interim committee, with three members appointed by the chair and three members appointed by the vice chair; and

(c)(B) four members of the public with one TWO appointed by each THE chair and vice chair of the two



committees COMMITTEE.

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(3) The legislative fiscal division will provide administrative duties for the joint committee in coordination with the legislative services division. The legislative fiscal division will provide fiscal support and the legislative services division will provide policy research and legal support.

(3) THE LEGISLATIVE FISCAL DIVISION SHALL PROVIDE ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF SUPPORT AND FISCAL ANALYSIS.

THE LEGISLATIVE SERVICES DIVISION MAY PROVIDE RESEARCH AND LEGAL SUPPORT AT THE REQUEST OF THE COMMITTEE.

- (4) Subject to direction provided by the joint committee, the study shall include but is not limited to:
- 8 (a) identifying structural REVENUE challenges, including but not limited to consideration of:
- 9 (i) a tax structure weighted toward a reliance on natural resources, which is declining;
- 10 (ii) a tax structure not fully capturing the tourist economy, increasing consumer preference for services
- 11 over goods, and the growing e-commerce economy;
- 12 (iii) revenue being highly dependent on individual income taxes, which can be volatile;
- 13 (iv)(III) Montana's aging population, which may result in slowing individual income tax growth, even as
- 14 demand for services increases;
- 15 (v) flat fees that do not address inflation;
- 16 (vi)(IV) tobacco taxes based on declining consumption; and
- 17 (vii)(v) individual income tax implications with an increasingly mobile workforce; WITH ECONOMIC,
- 18 <u>DEMOGRAPHIC, AND GEOGRAPHICAL VARIABILITY CONSIDER</u>ATIONS;
- 19 (b) exploring revenue sufficiency for long-term potential expenditures, including but not limited to the
- 20 following:
- 21 (i) increasing health care costs and, consumption, AND FUNDING;
- 22 (ii) K-12 inflationary increases;
- 23 (iii) higher education;
- 24 (iv) pensions;
- 25 (v) state infrastructure; and
- 26 (vi) natural resource revenue funded programs; and
- 27 (VII) LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPENDING INCLUDING INFRASTRUCTURE; AND
- (c) proposing potential solutions and possible legislation for consideration by the 2021 legislature.
- 29 including options regarding:
- 30 (i) limiting expenditures to available revenue;



1	(ii) adjusting tax rates;		
2	(iii) broadening the tax base; or		
3	(iv) expanding or revising tax structure to better reflect Montana's economy.		
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5	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Long term budget stabilization study. (1) The legislative finance		
6	committee shall direct a study of fiscal and economic policy practices of other states CONDITIONS.		
7	(2) Subject to direction provided by the legislative finance committee the study may include but is no		
8	limited to research and evaluation of state practices related to the following topics:		
9	(a) budget stress tests, including pension stress testing, revenue volatility, revenue trends, expenditur		
10	trends, and expenditure volatility;		
11	(B) LOCAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES AND FUNDING;		
12	(b)(C) financial sustainabilty of revenue sources supporting NATURAL RESOURCE PROGRAMS, EDUCATION		
13	PROGRAMS, AND medicaid and the children's health insurance program; and		
14	(c) (<u>D)</u> personal services budgeting practices.		
15	(3) The legislative fiscal division shall complete the study and report the results of the study to the		
16	legislative finance committee for consideration and possible legislation to be introduced in the 2021 legislative		
17	session.		
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19	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Appropriations. (1) There is appropriated \$15,000 \$10,000 for		
20	the biennium beginning July 1, 2019, to the legislative fiscal division from the general fund for the purposes of		
21	the study as set forth in [section 3] [SECTION 5] FOR INTERIM ACTIVITIES.		
22	(2) There is appropriated \$100 for the biennium beginning July 1, 2019, to the legislative fiscal division		
23	from the general fund for the purposes of the study as set forth in [section 4] [SECTION 6].		
24	(3) IF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL APPROVES AND REQUESTS THE APPOINTMENT OF ADDITIONAL MEMBERS TO THE		
25	INTERIM COMMITTEES PURSUANT TO 5-5-211, FOR THE BIENNIUM BEGINNING JULY 1, 2019, THERE IS APPROPRIATE		
26	\$65,000 FROM THE GENERAL FUND TO THE LEGISLATIVE SERVICES DIVISION.		
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28	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Fund transfers. (1) By August 15, 2019, the state treasurer shall		
29	TRANSFER THE FOLLOWING AMOUNTS TO THE GENERAL FUND:		
30	(A) \$250,000 FROM THE STATE SPECIAL REVENUE ACCOUNT ESTABLISHED IN 17-6-603; AND		

1	(B) \$500,000 FROM THE STATE SPECIAL REVENUE ACCOUNT ESTABLISHED IN 50-46-345.	
2	(2) By August 15, 2020, the state treasurer shall transfer the following amounts to the general	
3	<u>FUND:</u>	
4	(A) \$250,000 FROM THE STATE SPECIAL REVENUE ACCOUNT ESTABLISHED IN 17-6-603; AND	
5	(B) \$500,000 FROM THE STATE SPECIAL REVENUE ACCOUNT ESTABLISHED IN 50-46-345.	
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7	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Appropriations to executive agencies allocations. (1) The	
8	APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SECTION MUST BE ALLOCATED TO AGENCIES BY THE BUDGET DIRECTOR. THE	
9	BUDGET DIRECTOR SHALL MAKE THE PRELIMINARY ALLOCATIONS OF THE APPROPRIATIONS IN THE STATEWID	
10	ACCOUNTING, BUDGETING, AND HUMAN RESOURCE SYSTEM BY AUGUST 15, 2019. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION	
11	(2), THE ALLOCATED APPROPRIATIONS ARE CONSIDERED PART OF THE HOUSE BILL NO. 2 BASE BUDGET FOR TH	
12	PURPOSES OF TITLE 17, CHAPTER 7.	
13	(2) PRIOR TO ESTABLISHING THE APPROPRIATIONS IN THE STATEWIDE ACCOUNTING, BUDGETING, AND HUMAN	
14	RESOURCE SYSTEM, THE LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ANALYST AND THE BUDGET DIRECTOR SHALL AGREE IN WRITING WHICH	
15	ALLOCATED APPROPRIATIONS ARE NOT CONSIDERED PART OF THE BASE BUDGET FOR THE 67TH LEGISLATURE. THE	
16	INDIVIDUAL APPROPRIATIONS ESTABLISHED IN THE STATEWIDE ACCOUNTING, BUDGETING, AND HUMAN RESOURCE SYSTE	
17	MUST BE IDENTIFIABLE TO THE SOURCE OF THE APPROPRIATION BY SUBCLASS.	
18	(3) In the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, the following sums are appropriated to the	
19	GOVERNOR'S OFFICE FOR ALLOCATION BY THE BUDGET DIRECTOR:	
20	(A) \$660,000 IN GENERAL FUND;	
21	(B) \$6,880,000 IN STATE SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS;	
22	(C) \$40,000 in Federal Special Revenue funds; and	
23	(D) \$820,000 IN PROPRIETARY FUNDS.	
24	(4) In the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, the following sums are appropriated to the	
25	GOVERNOR'S OFFICE FOR ALLOCATION BY THE BUDGET DIRECTOR:	
26	(A) \$730,000 IN GENERAL FUND;	
27	(B) \$5,900,000 IN STATE SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS;	
28	(C) \$40,000 IN FEDERAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS; AND	
29	(D) \$720,000 IN PROPRIETARY FUNDS.	
30	(5) (A) IN FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1, 2019, THE BUDGET DIRECTOR MAY ALLOCATE A TOTAL OF 13.50 NEV	

1	PERMANENT FTES TO EXECUTIVE AGENCIES.		
2	(B) IN FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1, 2020, THE BUDGET DIRECTOR MAY ALLOCATE A TOTAL OF 15.50 NEW		
3	PERMANENT FTES TO EXECUTIVE AGENCIES.		
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5	NEW SECTION. Section 10. Appropriations to department of justice allocations. (1) Th		
6	APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SECTION ARE ALLOCATED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE. THE DEPARTMENT		
7	SHALL MAKE THE PRELIMINARY ALLOCATIONS OF THE APPROPRIATIONS AMONG PROGRAMS BY AUGUST 15, 2019. EXCEP		
8	AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2), THE ALLOCATED APPROPRIATIONS ARE CONSIDERED PART OF THE HOUSE BILL NO. 2		
9	BASE BUDGET FOR THE PURPOSES OF TITLE 17, CHAPTER 7.		
10	(2) PRIOR TO ESTABLISHING THE APPROPRIATIONS IN THE STATEWIDE ACCOUNTING, BUDGETING, AND HUMAN		
11	RESOURCE SYSTEM, THE LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ANALYST AND THE BUDGET DIRECTOR SHALL AGREE IN WRITING WHICH		
12	2 ALLOCATED APPROPRIATIONS ARE NOT CONSIDERED PART OF THE BASE BUDGET FOR THE 67TH LEGISLATURE. THE		
13	3 INDIVIDUAL APPROPRIATIONS ESTABLISHED IN THE STATEWIDE ACCOUNTING, BUDGETING, AND HUMAN RESOURCE SYSTEM		
14	MUST BE IDENTIFIABLE TO THE SOURCE OF THE APPROPRIATION BY SUBCLASS.		
15	(3) In the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, the following sums are appropriated to the		
16	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:		
17	(A) \$230,000 IN GENERAL FUND; AND		
18	(B) \$1,460,000 IN STATE SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS.		
19	(4) In the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, the following sums are appropriated to the		
20	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:		
21	(A) \$220,000 IN GENERAL FUND; AND		
22	(B) \$1,460,000 IN STATE SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS.		
23	(5) (a) In each fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, the department of justice may allocate a total		
24	OF 6.25 NEW PERMANENT FTES TO THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.		
25	(B) IN EACH FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1, 2020, THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE MAY ALLOCATE A TOTAL OF		
26	12.25 NEW PERMANENT FTES TO THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.		
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28	NEW SECTION. Section 11. Appropriations to office of public instruction allocations. (1) The		
29	APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SECTION ARE ALLOCATED TO THE OFFICE OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION. THE OFFICE		
30	OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION SHALL MAKE THE PRELIMINARY ALLOCATIONS OF THE APPROPRIATIONS AMONG PROGRAMS BY		
	[Legislative		

1 AUGUST 15, 2019. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2), THE ALLOCATED APPROPRIATIONS ARE CONSIDERED PART 2 OF THE HOUSE BILL NO. 2 BUDGET FOR THE PURPOSES OF TITLE 17, CHAPTER 7. 3 (2) In the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, \$30,000 is appropriated one time from the general 4 FUND TO THE OFFICE OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION. 5 6 NEW SECTION. Section 12. Appropriations to state auditor's office -- allocations. (1) The 7 APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SECTION ARE ALLOCATED TO THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE. THE STATE 8 AUDITOR'S OFFICE SHALL MAKE THE PRELIMINARY ALLOCATIONS OF THE APPROPRIATIONS AMONG PROGRAMS BY AUGUST 9 15, 2019. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2), THE ALLOCATED APPROPRIATIONS ARE CONSIDERED PART OF THE 10 HOUSE BILL NO. 2 BASE BUDGET FOR THE PURPOSES OF TITLE 17, CHAPTER 7. 11 (2) PRIOR TO ESTABLISHING THE APPROPRIATIONS IN THE STATEWIDE ACCOUNTING, BUDGETING, AND HUMAN 12 RESOURCE SYSTEM, THE LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ANALYST AND THE BUDGET DIRECTOR SHALL AGREE IN WRITING WHICH 13 ALLOCATED APPROPRIATIONS ARE NOT CONSIDERED PART OF THE BASE BUDGET FOR THE 67TH LEGISLATURE. THE 14 INDIVIDUAL APPROPRIATIONS ESTABLISHED IN THE STATEWIDE ACCOUNTING, BUDGETING, AND HUMAN RESOURCE SYSTEM 15 MUST BE IDENTIFIABLE TO THE SOURCE OF THE APPROPRIATION BY SUBCLASS. 16 (3) In the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, the following sums are appropriated to the state 17 AUDITOR'S OFFICE: 18 (A) \$10,100,000 IN STATE SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS; AND 19 (B) \$34,100,000 IN FEDERAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS. 20 (4) In the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, the following sums are appropriated to the state 21 AUDITOR'S OFFICE: 22 (A) \$10,000,000 IN STATE SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS; AND 23 (B) \$34,100,000 IN FEDERAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS. 24 (5) IN EACH FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1, 2019, AND JULY 1, 2020, THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE MAY 25 ALLOCATE A TOTAL OF 0.50 NEW PERMANENT FTES TO THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE. 26 NEW SECTION. Section 13. Appropriations to public service commission -- allocations --27 28 COORDINATION. (1) THE APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SECTION ARE ALLOCATED TO THE PUBLIC SERVICE 29 COMMISSION. THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION SHALL MAKE THE PRELIMINARY ALLOCATIONS OF THE APPROPRIATIONS 30 AMONG PROGRAMS BY AUGUST 15, 2019. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2), THE ALLOCATED APPROPRIATIONS

1 ARE CONSIDERED PART OF THE HOUSE BILL NO. 2 BASE BUDGET FOR THE PURPOSES OF TITLE 17, CHAPTER 7. 2 (2) PRIOR TO ESTABLISHING THE APPROPRIATIONS IN THE STATEWIDE ACCOUNTING, BUDGETING, AND HUMAN 3 RESOURCE SYSTEM, THE LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ANALYST AND THE BUDGET DIRECTOR SHALL AGREE IN WRITING WHICH 4 ALLOCATED APPROPRIATIONS ARE NOT CONSIDERED PART OF THE BASE BUDGET FOR THE 67TH LEGISLATURE. THE 5 INDIVIDUAL APPROPRIATIONS ESTABLISHED IN THE STATEWIDE ACCOUNTING, BUDGETING, AND HUMAN RESOURCE SYSTEM 6 MUST BE IDENTIFIABLE TO THE SOURCE OF THE APPROPRIATION BY SUBCLASS. 7 (3) IF HOUSE BILL NO. 597 IS PASSED AND APPROVED, IN THE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1, 2019, \$290,000 8 IN STATE SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ARE APPROPRIATED TO THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION. 9 (4) IF HOUSE BILL NO. 597 IS PASSED AND APPROVED, IN THE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1, 2020, \$270,000 10 IN STATE SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ARE APPROPRIATED TO THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION. 11 12 COORDINATION SECTION. Section 14. Coordination instruction. If BOTH [THIS ACT] AND HOUSE BILL 13 No. 636 are passed and approved, then for the biennium beginning July 1, 2019, there is appropriated to 14 DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE FUNDS UP TO \$2,000,000 FROM THE GENERAL FUND TO MAKE PAYMENTS TO A LOCAL 15 GOVERNING BODY PURSUANT TO 15-1-402(6)(D) FOR THE PURPOSE OF COMPLYING WITH HOUSE BILL NO. 636, AND THE 16 DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE MAY REQUEST A SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATION IF THE APPROPRIATION IS NOT SUFFICIENT 17 TO MAKE ALL PAYMENTS IN THE BIENNIUM. 18 COORDINATION SECTION. Section 15. Coordination instruction. If [THIS ACT] AND HOUSE BILL NO. 19 20 749 ARE PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN [SECTION 2(1) OF HOUSE BILL NO. 749] MUST READ: 21 "NEW SECTION. Section 2. Appropriations. (1) There is appropriated \$519,815 from a state special 22 revenue account to the credit of the department of justice for the biennium beginning July 1, 2019, for the purpose 23 of establishing a two-person human trafficking enforcement team consisting of two agents from the division of 24 criminal investigation." 25 26 COORDINATION SECTION. Section 16. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. IF BOTH [THIS ACT] AND SENATE BILL 27 No. 330 are passed and approved, the legislature intends that the department of justice be authorized 28 TO ENTER INTO CONTRACTS, LOAN AGREEMENTS, OR OTHER FORMS OF INDEBTEDNESS PURSUANT TO 17-5-2001, NOT 29 TO EXCEED \$1,311,573 AND PAYABLE OVER A TERM NOT TO EXCEED 10 YEARS, FOR FINANCING THE COST OF 30 IMPLEMENTING THE PROVISIONS OF SENATE BILL NO. 330. LOANS ARE PAYABLE FROM THE STATE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

PROVIDED FOR IN [SECTION 15 OF SENATE BILL NO. 330].

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COORDINATION SECTION. Section 17. Coordination instruction. If both [this act] and House Bill No. 553 are passed and approved, then the section in [this act] amending 17-7-130 is void and 17-7-130 must be amended to read:

- "17-7-130. Budget stabilization reserve fund -- rules for deposits and transfers -- purpose. (1) There is an account in the state special revenue fund established by 17-2-102 known as the budget stabilization reserve fund.
 - (2) The purpose of the budget stabilization reserve fund is:
- 10 (a) to mitigate budget reductions when there is a revenue shortfall; and
- (b) when there are funds in excess of the operating reserve level, to:
 - (i) pay down the debt service on bonds for capital projects previously authorized by the legislature if allowed without penalty by the terms of the bond issuance; AND
 - (ii) delay, forego, or reduce the amount of an issuance of bonds authorized by the legislature; and.
- 15 (iii) allow the funds to remain in the account.
 - (3) By August 1 of each year, the department of administration shall certify to the legislative fiscal analyst and the budget director the following:
 - (a) the unaudited, unassigned ending fund balance of the general fund for the prior fiscal year; and
 - (b) the amount of unaudited general fund revenue and transfers into the general fund received in the prior fiscal year recorded when that fiscal year's statewide accounting, budgeting, and human resource system records are closed. General fund revenue and transfers into the general fund are those recorded in the statewide accounting, budgeting, and human resource system using generally accepted accounting principles in accordance with 17-1-102.
 - (4) For the fiscal years beginning July 1, 2016, through July 1, 2020, if actual general fund revenue exceeds the revenue estimate established pursuant to 5-5-227 for that fiscal year, excess revenue over the amount of revenue that exceeds the revenue estimate by \$15 million is allocated as follows:
 - (a) 50% remains in the general fund; and
- 28 (b) 50% is transferred into the budget stabilization reserve fund on or before August 15 of the following 29 fiscal year.
 - (5) Starting in the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021, the state treasurer shall transfer, by August 15 of



1	the following fiscal year :	
2	(a) if there is not an operating reserve differential, from the general fund to the budget stabilization	
3	reserve fund an amount equal to 50% of the excess revenue for the fiscal year;	
4	(b) if there is an operating reserve differential for the fiscal year, from the general fund to the budg	
5	stabilization reserve fund an amount equal to 50% of the excess revenue for the fiscal year less the operation	
6	reserve differential; and	
7	(c) if the ending fund balance of the general fund for the prior year is less than 6.8% of the amount of	
8	all general fund appropriations in the second year of the biennium, from the budget stabilization reserve fund	
9	the general fund up to one-half of the amount in the budget stabilization reserve fund in excess of the amount of	
10	2% of all general fund appropriations in the second year of the biennium in the subsequent fiscal year.	
11	(6) After a transfer is made pursuant to subsection (4) or (5), if the balance of the fund exceeds an	
12	amount equal to 4.5% of all general fund appropriations in the second year of the biennium in the subsequent	
13	fiscal year, any funds in excess of that amount must be transferred to the account established in [section 4 of	
14	House Bill No. 553] by August 16 of each fiscal year.	
15	$\frac{(6)}{(7)}$ For the purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:	
16	(a) "Adjusted revenue" means general fund revenue for the prior fiscal year plus the growth amount.	
17	(b) "Excess revenue" means the amount of general fund revenue, including transfers in, for the most	
18	recently completed fiscal year minus adjusted revenue.	
19	(c) "Growth amount" means general fund revenue for the prior fiscal year multiplied by the growth rate.	
20	(d) "Growth rate" means the average compound rate of growth of general fund revenue for the most	
21	recently completed 6 fiscal years.	
22	(e) "Operating reserve differential" means a nonnegative difference from 8.3% of all general fund	
23	appropriations in the second year of the biennium minus the sum of the ending fund balance for the prior year	
24	and 50% of excess revenue of the prior year."	
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26	COORDINATION SECTION. Section 18. Coordination instruction. If BOTH [HOUSE BILL NO. 175] AND	
27	[THIS ACT] ARE PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN [SECTION 4(4) OF HOUSE BILL NO. 175] MUST READ:	
28	"(4) The following money is appropriated for the biennium beginning July 1, 2019, to the office of budget	
29	and program planning from the designated state fund, to be distributed to agencies when personnel vacancies	
30	do not occur or leave payout costs exceed agency resources:	

1	General Fund	\$2,000,000	
2	State Special Revenue	\$700,000	
3	Federal Special Revenue	\$250,000	
4	Proprietary Funds	\$50,000"	
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6	NEW SECTION. Section 19. Co	ontingent voidness. (1) If [this act] is passed and approved and does	
7	not contain an appropriation for the study set forth in [section 3], [section 3 of this act] [SECTION 5], [SECTION 5 OF		
8	THIS ACT] is void.		
9	(2) If [this act] is passed and approved and does not contain an appropriation for the study set forth i		
10	[section 4], [section 4 of this act] [SECTION 6], [SECTION 6 OF THIS ACT] is void.		
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12	NEW SECTION. Section 20. E	ffective dates. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), [this act] is	
13	effective July 1, 2019.		
14	(2) [Section 3] [Sections 2 AND 5] and this section are effective May 1, 2019.		
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16	NEW SECTION. Section 21. Ter	rmination. [This act] terminates (1) [SECTIONS 3 AND 4] [SECTIONS 5 AND	
17	6] TERMINATE December 1, 2020.		
18	(2) [Section 2] TERMINATES AUGL	<u>UST 15, 2019.</u>	
19		- END -	

