1	HOUSE BILL NO. 732
2	INTRODUCED BY D. HARVEY, C. SCHREINER
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REQUIRING STATE REIMBURSEMENT OF WORKERS"
5	COMPENSATION PREMIUMS FOR CERTAIN WORK-BASED LEARNING OPPORTUNITIES UNDER CERTAIN
6	CONDITIONS; PROVIDING RULEMAKING AUTHORITY; PROVIDING FOR PAYMENT OUT OF THE
7	WORKERS' COMPENSATION ADMINISTRATION FUND; PROVIDING AN APPROPRIATION FROM THE
8	EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACCOUNT FOR ADMINISTRATION; AMENDING SECTIONS 39-51-409 AND
9	39-71-201, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND A TERMINATION DATE."
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11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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13	NEW SECTION. Section 1. State to reimburse certain premium costs for learning programs
14	rulemaking. (1) (a) Subject to subsection (1)(b), the department of labor and industry shall reimburse a private
15	employer who has hired a student enrolled in a high-quality work-based learning opportunity for the added costs
16	of the employer's workers' compensation premium because of employing that student.
17	(b) The reimbursement is subject to available funds and an affirmation by the employer or another
18	indication that the employer adheres to safe working conditions. The department may use funds in the workers'
19	compensation administration fund provided for in 39-71-201 to reimburse the premiums under subsection (1)(a).
20	(2) The rules must provide the parameters of the program, the application process, and other
21	components necessary to determine premium payments. The rules must describe the attributes of qualified
22	high-quality work-based learning opportunities and provide for a declaration made under penalty of perjury by
23	the employer of the student that the requested reimbursement is only for the increased premium costs due to the
24	student employment.
25	(3) This section does not apply to a private secondary or postsecondary institution that employs students
26	in work-study programs.
27	(4) For the purposes of this section, a "high-quality work-based learning opportunity":
28	(a) is a term-limited educational program registered with the department; and
29	(b) uses on-the-job training to develop marketable skills.
30	(5) The department may adopt rules to implement this section.

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- 2 **Section 2.** Section 39-51-409, MCA, is amended to read:
- 3 "39-51-409. Employment security account. (1) There is an account in the state special revenue fund
 4 called the employment security account.
 - (2) Money deposited in the employment security account may be appropriated to the department for payment of:
 - (a) unemployment insurance benefits;
 - (b) expenses incurred in the administration of the unemployment insurance program;
- 9 (c) expenses incurred in collecting money deposited in the account;
- (d) expenses incurred for the employment offices established in 39-51-307, including expenses for
 providing services to the business community;
- (e) expenses incurred for the apprenticeship and training program and for the administration of [section
 1];
 - (f) expenses for displaced homemaker programs provided for under 39-7-305;
- (g) expenses for department research and analysis functions that provide employment, wage, andeconomic data:
 - (h) expenses for department functions pertaining to wage and hour laws, prevailing wages, and collective bargaining; and
 - (i) principal, interest, and redemption premium on employment security revenue bonds authorized in section 5, Chapter 435, Laws of 2009.
 - (3) Except as provided in sections 6 and 12, Chapter 435, Laws of 2009, the department may transfer funds from the employment security account to the unemployment insurance fund account provided for in 39-51-402 upon receiving approval from the budget director that the transfer will not decrease the money in the account below the level appropriated by the legislature to provide for the employment services programs identified in subsection (2).
 - (4) The department may transfer appropriation authority in employment services programs between the federal special revenue and the state special revenue fund types."
- Section 3. Section 39-71-201, MCA, is amended to read:
 - "39-71-201. Workers' compensation administration fund. (1) A workers' compensation administration



1 fund is established out of which are to be paid upon lawful appropriation all costs of administering the Workers'

- 2 Compensation Act, with the exception of the certification of independent contractors provided for in Title 39,
- 3 chapter 71, part 4, the subsequent injury fund provided for in 39-71-907, and the uninsured employers' fund
- 4 provided for in 39-71-503. The department may use the workers' compensation administration fund to reimburse
- 5 premiums for high-quality work-based learning programs, as provided in [section 1]. The department shall collect
- 6 and deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the workers' compensation administration fund:
- 7 (a) all fees and penalties provided in 39-71-107, 39-71-205, 39-71-223, 39-71-304, 39-71-307,
- 8 39-71-315, 39-71-316, 39-71-401(6), 39-71-2204, 39-71-2205, and 39-71-2337; and
- (b) all fees paid by an assessment on paid losses, plus administrative fines and interest provided by thissection.
 - (2) For the purposes of this section, paid losses include the following benefits paid during the preceding calendar year for injuries covered by the Workers' Compensation Act without regard to the application of any deductible whether the employer or the insurer pays the losses:
 - (a) total compensation benefits paid; and
 - (b) except for medical benefits in excess of \$200,000 for each occurrence that are exempt from assessment, total medical benefits paid for medical treatment rendered to an injured worker, including hospital treatment and prescription drugs.
 - (3) Each plan No. 1 employer, plan No. 2 insurer subject to the provisions of this section, and plan No. 3, the state fund, shall file annually on March 1 in the form and containing the information required by the department a report of paid losses pursuant to subsection (2).
 - (4) Each employer enrolled under compensation plan No. 1, compensation plan No. 2, or compensation plan No. 3, the state fund, shall pay its proportionate share determined by the paid losses in the preceding calendar year of all costs of administering and regulating the Workers' Compensation Act, with the exception of the certification of independent contractors provided for in Title 39, chapter 71, part 4, the subsequent injury fund provided for in 39-71-907, and the uninsured employers' fund provided for in 39-71-503. In addition, compensation plan No. 3, the state fund, shall pay a proportionate share of these costs based upon paid losses for claims arising before July 1, 1990.
 - (5) (a) Each employer enrolled under compensation plan No. 1 shall pay an assessment to fund administrative and regulatory costs. The assessment may be up to 4% of the paid losses paid in the preceding calendar year by or on behalf of the plan No. 1 employer. Any entity, other than the department, that assumes

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the obligations of an employer enrolled under compensation plan No. 1 is considered to be the employer for the purposes of this section.

- (b) An employer formerly enrolled under compensation plan No. 1 shall pay an assessment to fund administrative and regulatory costs. The assessment may be up to 4% of the paid losses paid in the preceding calendar year by or on behalf of the employer for claims arising out of the time when the employer was enrolled under compensation plan No. 1.
- (c) By April 30 of each year, the department shall notify employers described in subsections (5)(a) and (5)(b) of the percentage of the assessment that comprises the compensation plan No. 1 proportionate share of administrative and regulatory costs. The assessment provided for by this subsection (5) must be paid by the employer in:
 - (i) one installment due on July 1; or

- (ii) two equal installments due on July 1 and December 31 of each year.
- (d) If an employer fails to timely pay to the department the assessment under this section, the department may impose on the employer an administrative fine of \$500 plus interest on the delinquent amount at the annual interest rate of 12%. Administrative fines and interest must be deposited in the workers' compensation administration fund and may be used to pay the reimbursement of premiums required under [section 1].
- (6) (a) Compensation plan No. 3, the state fund, shall pay an assessment to fund administrative and regulatory costs attributable to claims arising before July 1, 1990. The assessment may be up to 4% of the paid losses paid in the preceding calendar year for claims arising before July 1, 1990. As required by 39-71-2352, the state fund may not pass along to insured employers the cost of the assessment for administrative and regulatory costs that is attributable to claims arising before July 1, 1990.
 - (b) The assessment must be paid in:
 - (i) one installment due on July 1; or
 - (ii) two equal installments due on July 1 and December 31 of each year.
- (c) If the state fund fails to timely pay to the department the assessment under this section, the department may impose on the state fund an administrative fine of \$500 plus interest on the delinquent amount at the annual interest rate of 12%. Administrative fines and interest must be deposited in the workers' compensation administration fund.
 - (7) (a) Each employer insured under compensation plan No. 2 or plan No. 3, the state fund, shall pay



a premium surcharge to fund administrative and regulatory costs. The premium surcharge must be collected by each plan No. 2 insurer and by plan No. 3, the state fund, from each employer that it insures. The premium surcharge must be stated as a separate cost on an insured employer's policy or on a separate document submitted to the insured employer and must be identified as "workers' compensation regulatory assessment surcharge". The premium surcharge must be excluded from the definition of premiums for all purposes, including computation of insurance producers' commissions or premium taxes. However, an insurer may cancel a workers' compensation policy for nonpayment of the premium surcharge. When collected, assessments may not constitute an element of loss for the purpose of establishing rates for workers' compensation insurance but, for the purpose of collection, must be treated as a separate cost imposed upon insured employers.

- (b) The amount to be funded by the premium surcharge may be up to 4% of the paid losses paid in the preceding calendar year by or on behalf of all plan No. 2 insurers and may be up to 4% of paid losses for claims arising on or after July 1, 1990, for plan No. 3, the state fund, plus or minus any adjustments as provided by subsection (7)(f). The amount to be funded must be divided by the total premium paid by all employers enrolled under compensation plan No. 2 or plan No. 3 during the preceding calendar year. A single premium surcharge rate, applicable to all employers enrolled in compensation plan No. 2 or plan No. 3, must be calculated annually by the department by not later than April 30. The resulting rate, expressed as a percentage, is levied against the premium paid by each employer enrolled under compensation plan No. 2 or plan No. 3 in the next fiscal year.
- (c) On or before April 30 of each year, the department, in consultation with the advisory organization designated pursuant to 33-16-1023, shall notify plan No. 2 insurers and plan No. 3, the state fund, of the premium surcharge percentage to be effective for policies written or renewed annually on and after July 1 of that year.
- (d) The premium surcharge must be paid whenever the employer pays a premium to the insurer. Each insurer shall collect the premium surcharge levied against every employer that it insures. Each insurer shall pay to the department all money collected as a premium surcharge within 20 days of the end of the calendar quarter in which the money was collected. If an insurer fails to timely pay to the department the premium surcharge collected under this section, the department may impose on the insurer an administrative fine of \$500 plus interest on the delinquent amount at the annual interest rate of 12%. Administrative fines and interest must be deposited in the workers' compensation administration fund and may be used to pay the reimbursement of premiums required under [section 1].
- (e) If an employer fails to remit to an insurer the total amount due for the premium and premium surcharge, the amount received by the insurer must be applied to the premium surcharge first and the remaining



1 amount applied to the premium due.

- (f) The amount actually collected as a premium surcharge in a given year must be compared to the assessment on the paid losses paid in the preceding year. Any excess amount collected must be deducted from the amount to be collected as a premium surcharge in the following year. The amount collected that is less than the assessed amount must be added to the amount to be collected as a premium surcharge in the following year.
- (8) By July 1, an insurer under compensation plan No. 2 that paid benefits in the preceding calendar year but that will not collect any premium for coverage in the following fiscal year shall pay an assessment of up to 4% of paid losses paid in the preceding calendar year. The department shall determine and notify the insurer by April 30 of each year of the amount that is due by July 1.
- (9) An employer that makes a first-time application for permission to enroll under compensation plan No. 1 shall pay an assessment of \$500 within 15 days of being granted permission by the department to enroll under compensation plan No. 1.
- (10) The department shall deposit all funds received pursuant to this section in the state treasury, as provided in this section.
- (11) The administration fund must be debited with expenses incurred by the department in the general administration of the provisions of this chapter, including the salaries of its members, officers, and employees and the travel expenses of the members, officers, and employees, as provided for in 2-18-501 through 2-18-503, incurred while on the business of the department either within or without the state. Reimbursement of premiums required under [section 1] by the workers' compensation administration fund also is a debit on the fund.
- (12) Disbursements from the administration fund must be made after being approved by the department upon claim for disbursement.
- (13) The department may assess and collect the workers' compensation regulatory assessment surcharge from uninsured employers, as defined in 39-71-501, that fail to properly comply with the coverage requirements of the Workers' Compensation Act. Any amounts collected by the department pursuant to this subsection must be deposited in the workers' compensation administration fund."

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 4. Appropriation.** There is appropriated \$15,000 from the employment security account provided for in 39-51-409 to the department of labor and industry for use in administering the program in [section 1].



1	NEW SECTION. Section 5. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an
2	integral part of Title 39, and the provisions of Title 39 apply to [section 1].
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4	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 2019.
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6	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Termination. [This act] terminates June 30, 2023.
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