

1 _____ BILL NO. _____

2 INTRODUCED BY _____
3 (Primary Sponsor)

4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING SPECIAL LIEN LAWS; ALLOWING A
5 NONPOSSESSORY SPECIAL LIEN ON IMPLEMENTS OF HUSBANDRY, CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT,
6 WHEELED OFF-ROAD VEHICLES, AND MOTORIZED LAWN CARE AND LANDSCAPING EQUIPMENT;
7 PROVIDING FOR ENFORCEMENT OF NONPOSSESSORY SPECIAL LIENS; AND AMENDING SECTIONS
8 71-3-1201 AND 71-3-1203, MCA."

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10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

11
12 **Section 1.** Section 71-3-1201, MCA, is amended to read:

13 **"71-3-1201. Liens for service -- towing and storage lien -- extension of lien to certain personal**
14 **property contained in motor vehicle that is subject to lien -- nonpossessory special liens.** (1) If there is
15 an express or implied contract for collecting, processing, packaging, or storing embryos or semen from
16 livestock, a reproductive technology business to whom embryos or semen is entrusted and who still has
17 possession has a lien upon the embryos or semen for the amount due for collecting, processing, packaging, or
18 storing the embryos or semen and may retain possession of the embryos or semen until the sum due is paid.

19 (2) (a) A person who, while lawfully in possession of an article of personal property, renders any
20 service to the owner or lawful claimant of the article by labor or skill employed for the making, repairing,
21 protection, improvement, safekeeping, carriage, towing, or storage of the article or tows or stores the article as
22 directed under authority of law has a special lien on the article. ~~The~~ Except as provided in subsection (2)(c), the
23 lien is dependent on possession and is for the compensation, if any, that is due to the person from the owner or
24 lawful claimant for the service and for material, if any, furnished in connection with the service. If the service is
25 towing or storage, the lien is for the reasonable cost of the towing or storage.

26 (b) Any personal property that is in a motor vehicle that is subject to a lien as provided in subsection
27 (2)(a) is also subject to the lien, except for the following:

28 (i) food items;

- 1 (ii) perishable goods;
- 2 (iii) prescription items;
- 3 (iv) operators' licenses and other identifying documents;
- 4 (v) cash, credit cards, debit cards, checks, or checkbooks;
- 5 (vi) personal records, legal records, and business records;
- 6 (vii) child safety items; and
- 7 (viii) wallets, purses, bags, or other containers that contain the items listed in subsections (2)(b)(iv)
- 8 through (2)(b)(vi).

9 (c) A special lien is not dependent on possession if the person asserting the lien gives the owner or
 10 the owner's agent, or attaches to the article, a document identifying the article and its owner, the services
 11 performed, the cost of those services, the cost to the owner of any parts, accessories, or equipment installed,
 12 and the signature and contact information of the person asserting the nonpossessory special lien. A
 13 nonpossessory special lien may be asserted on:

- 14 (i) implements of husbandry as defined in 61-1-101;
- 15 (ii) construction equipment as defined in 61-10-102;
- 16 (iii) wheeled off-road vehicles of every kind; and
- 17 (iv) motorized lawncare and landscaping equipment."

18
 19 **Section 2.** Section 71-3-1203, MCA, is amended to read:

20 **"71-3-1203. Enforcement of lien -- sale.** If payment for work, labor, or services performed or feed or
 21 material furnished is not made within 30 days after the performance of the work, labor, or services or furnishing
 22 of the feed or material, the lienor under the provisions of this part may enforce the lien in the following manner:

- 23 (1) The lienor may file a lien enforcement action in the district court of the county in which the:
 - 24 (a) contract between the lienor and the owner of the property was entered into;
 - 25 (b) owner resided at the time the lien enforcement action commenced; or
 - 26 (c) property is located.

27 (2) When a claim is made under this section for a lien other than a nonpossessory special lien, an
 28 affidavit must be made by the lienor claiming the property or by someone on the lienor's behalf, stating:

1 (a) the facts that the lienor performed a service for the property owner entitling the lienor to a lien on
2 the owner's property pursuant to 71-3-1201;

3 (b) that the service described in subsection (2)(a) was performed at the written or verbal request of
4 the owner or owner's agent;

5 (c) a particular property upon which the lien is claimed; and

6 (d) an itemized list of the charges that are due and unpaid under the lien.

7 (3) When a claim is made under this section for a nonpossessory special lien, the lienor shall submit
8 to the court:

9 (a) a copy of the document required by 71-3-1201(2)(c); and

10 (b) a statement of the charges that are due and unpaid under the lien.

11 ~~(3)(4)~~ (a) If satisfactory, the court shall order the owner of the property to show cause why the
12 property should not be sold pursuant to the procedures in this section. The order must include the date and
13 time for a hearing. The hearing may not be held more than 20 working days after the date of the issuance of the
14 order.

15 (b) The court order provided for in subsection ~~(3)(a)~~ (4)(a) must be served pursuant to the Montana
16 Rules of Civil Procedure on the owner at least 5 days before the hearing date.

17 ~~(4)(5)~~ The lienor shall deliver to the sheriff of the county in which the property is located a copy of the
18 court's lien enforcement judgment.

19 ~~(5)(6)~~ Upon receipt of the court's lien enforcement judgment, the sheriff shall advertise and sell at
20 public auction as much of the property covered by the lien as will satisfy the lien.

21 ~~(6)(7)~~ The sale must be advertised, conducted, and held in the same manner as prescribed in 25-13-
22 701(1)(b).

23 ~~(7)(8)~~ The owner of the property may request a hearing in district court to contest any matter
24 regarding the sale of the property.

25 ~~(8)(9)~~ The sheriff shall apply the proceeds of the sale to the discharge of the lien and the cost of the
26 proceedings in selling the property and enforcing the lien, and the remainder, if any, or a part that is required to
27 discharge the claims, must be turned over by the sheriff to the holders, in the order of their precedence, of the
28 chattel mortgages or other lien claimants of record against the property, and the balance of the proceeds must

1 be turned over to the owner of the property."

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