67th Legislature LC 0626

1	BILL NO
2	INTRODUCED BY
3	(Primary Sponsor)
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING LAWS PERTAINING TO CANDIDATE
5	REPORTING AND DISCLOSURE; REQUIRING THE COMMISSIONER OF POLITICAL PRACTICES TO
6	REVIEW A BUSINESS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BEFORE FILING AND TO EXTEND CERTAIN
7	CANDIDATE DISCLOSURE FILING DEADLINES UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES; DISQUALIFYING A
8	CANDIDATE FROM THE BALLOT UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES; PROHIBITING PARTIES FROM
9	REPLACING DISQUALIFIED PARTISAN CANDIDATES ON THE BALLOT UNDER CERTAIN
10	CIRCUMSTANCES; REQUIRING CERTAIN NOTICE PROVISIONS WHEN A CANDIDATE DECLARES OR
11	PETITIONS FOR A POSITION; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 2-2-106, 13-10-201, 13-10-204, 13-10-211, 13-
12	10-326, 13-10-327, 13-10-501, 13-37-124, AND 13-37-126, MCA."
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14	WHEREAS, the holding of public office is a public trust; and
15	WHEREAS, candidate compliance with the business disclosure and campaign finance disclosure
16	requirements constitutes a commitment to upholding transparency and the public trust; and
17	WHEREAS, the refusal to fully and timely file business disclosure and campaign finance disclosures
18	constitutes violations of the very public trust that a candidate seeks to protect by becoming an elected official.
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20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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22	Section 1. Section 2-2-106, MCA, is amended to read:
23	"2-2-106. Disclosure. (1) (a) Prior to December 15 of each even-numbered year, each state officer,
24	holdover senator, supreme court justice, and district court judge shall file with the commissioner of political
25	practices a business disclosure statement on a form provided by the commissioner. An individual filing pursuant
26	to subsection (1)(b) or (1)(c) is not required to file under this subsection (1)(a) during the same period.
27	(b) Each candidate for a statewide or a state office elected from a district shall, within 5-days of
28	the time that the candidate files for office, file-electronically transmit a completed business disclosure statement



- 1 - LC 626

67th Legislature LC 0626

with to the commissioner of political practices on a form provided by the commissioner. However, the commissioner, in the commissioner's discretion, may grant a waiver to the requirement that the business disclosure statement be filed electronically.

- (c) An individual appointed to office who would be required to file under subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) is required to file the business disclosure statement at the earlier of the time of submission of the person's name for confirmation or the assumption of the office.
  - (2) Except as provided in subsection (4) (5), the statement must provide the following information:
- 8 (a) the name, address, and type of business of the individual;
  - (b) each present or past employing entity from which benefits, including retirement benefits, are currently received by the individual;
  - (c) each business, firm, corporation, partnership, and other business or professional entity or trust in which the individual holds an interest;
  - (d) each entity not listed under subsections (2)(a) through (2)(c) in which the individual is an officer or director, regardless of whether or not the entity is organized for profit; and
  - (e) all real property, other than a personal residence, in which the individual holds an interest. Real property may be described by general description.
  - (3) (a) Within 10 days of receiving the business disclosure statement from a candidate required to file a business disclosure statement under subsection (1)(b), but no later than 3 days after the deadline for the candidate to file for office, the commissioner shall accept or reject the business disclosure statement for filing.

    The commissioner may not evaluate the substantive merit of the responses under this review, but the commissioner shall reject the business disclosure statement if it is unresponsive to the requirements of subsection (2). If the commissioner rejects the filing, the commissioner shall promptly inform the candidate of the rejection and give the candidate 1 day to correct the rejected filing.
  - (b) If the candidate does not submit a business disclosure statement sufficient for acceptance by the commissioner by the deadline in subsection (1)(b) or, if a filing was rejected, by the deadline provided pursuant to subsection (3)(a), the candidate is disqualified from appearing on the official ballot. If the candidate is disqualified under this section, the commissioner shall prepare the notification provided for in 13-37-126 that the candidate's name may not appear on the official ballot.



- 2 - LC 626

67th Legislature LC 0626

(3)(4) An individual may not assume or continue to exercise the powers and duties of the office to
which that individual has been elected or appointed until the statement has been filed as provided in subsection
(1).

- (4)(5) An individual required to file a business disclosure statement may certify that the information required by subsection (2) has not changed from the most recent statement filed by the individual. The commissioner shall provide a certification form.
- (5)(6) The commissioner of political practices shall make the business disclosure statements and certification forms available to any individual upon request."

- **Section 2.** Section 13-10-201, MCA, is amended to read:
- "13-10-201. Declaration for nomination -- term limitations. (1) Each candidate in the primary election, except nonpartisan candidates filing under the provisions of Title 13, chapter 14, shall file a declaration for nomination with the secretary of state or election administrator. Except for a candidate under 13-38-201(4) or a candidate covered under 7-1-205, a candidate may not file for more than one public office. Each candidate for governor shall file a joint declaration for nomination with a candidate for lieutenant governor.
  - (2) A declaration for nomination must be filed in the office of:
- (a) the secretary of state for placement of a name on the ballot for the presidential preference primary, a congressional office, a state or district office to be voted for in more than one county, a member of the legislature, or a judge of the district court; or
- (b) the election administrator for a county, municipal, precinct, or district office (other than a member of the legislature or a judge of the district court) to be voted for in only one county.
- (3) Each candidate shall sign the declaration and send with it the required filing fee or, in the case of an indigent candidate, send with it the documents required by 13-10-203. Unless filed electronically with the secretary of state, the declaration for nomination must be acknowledged by an officer empowered to acknowledge signatures or by the officer of the office at which the filing is made.
- (4) The declaration for nomination must include an oath of the candidate that includes wording substantially as follows: "I hereby affirm that I possess, or will possess within constitutional and statutory deadlines, the qualifications prescribed by the Montana constitution and the laws of the United States and the



- 3 - LC 626

67th Legislature LC 0626

state of Montana." The candidate affirmation included in this oath is presumed to be valid unless proven otherwise in a court of law.

- (5) The declaration, when filed, is conclusive evidence that the elector is a candidate for nomination by the elector's party. For a partisan election, an elector may not file a declaration for more than one party's nomination.
- (6) (a) The declaration for nomination must be in the form and contain the information prescribed by the secretary of state.
- (b) A person seeking nomination to the legislature shall provide the secretary of state with a street address, legal description, or road designation to indicate the person's place of residence. If a candidate for the legislature changes residence, the candidate shall, within 15 days after the change, notify the secretary of state on a form prescribed by the secretary of state.
- (c) The secretary of state and election administrator shall furnish declaration for nomination forms to individuals requesting them.
- (7) Except as provided in 13-10-211, a candidate's declaration for nomination must be filed no sooner than 145 days before the election in which the office first appears on the ballot and no later than 5 p.m., 85 days before the date of the primary election.
- (8) A properly completed and signed declaration for nomination form may be sent by facsimile transmission, electronically mailed, delivered in person, or mailed to the election administrator or to the secretary of state.
- (9) For the purposes of implementing Article IV, section 8, of the Montana constitution, the secretary of state shall apply the following conditions:
- (a) A term of office for an official serving in the office or a candidate seeking the office is considered to begin on January 1 of the term for which the official is elected or for which the candidate seeks election and to end on December 31 of the term for which the official is elected or for which the candidate seeks election.
  - (b) A year is considered to start on January 1 and to end on the following December 31.
- 26 (c) "Current term", as used in Article IV, section 8, of the Montana constitution, has the meaning 27 provided in 2-16-214.
  - (10) A declaration for nomination must prominently display a statement substantially as follows:



- 4 - LC 626

67th Legislature LC 0626

1	"A candidate is subject to removal from the ballot and fines for failure to file a required campaign								
2	finance disclosure report pursuant to [section 10] and 13-37-126 and the business disclosure statement, if								
3	applicable, pursuant to 2-2-106.""								
4									
5	Section 3. Section 13-10-204, MCA, is amended to read:								
6	"13-10-204. Write-in nominations. (1) An individual nominated by having the individual's name								
7	written in and counted as provided in 13-15-206(5) or otherwise placed on the primary ballot and desiring to								
8	8 accept the nomination may not have the individual's name appear on the general election ballot unless the								
9	individual:								
10	(a) received at least 5% of the total votes cast for the successful candidate for the same office at the								
11	last general election;								
12	(b) files with the secretary of state or election administrator, no later than 10 days after the official								
13	canvass, a written declaration indicating acceptance of the nomination; and								
14	(c) complies with the provisions of 13-37-126.								
15	(2) A write-in candidate who was exempt from filing a declaration of intent under 13-10-211 shall, at								
16	the time of filing the declaration of acceptance, pay the filing fee specified in 13-10-202 or, if indigent, file the								
17	appropriate documents described in 13-10-203.								
18	(3) The written declaration in subsection (1)(b) must prominently display a statement substantially as								
19	follows:								
20	"A candidate is subject to removal from the ballot and fines for failure to file a required campaign								
21	finance disclosure report pursuant to [section 10] and 13-37-126 and the business disclosure statement, if								
22	applicable, pursuant to 2-2-106.""								
23									
24	Section 4. Section 13-10-211, MCA, is amended to read:								
25	"13-10-211. Declaration of intent for write-in candidates. (1) Except as provided in subsection (7)								
26	a person seeking to become a write-in candidate for an office in any election shall file a declaration of intent.								
27	Except for a candidate under 13-38-201(4) or a candidate covered under 7-1-205, a candidate may not file for								

more than one public office. The declaration of intent must be filed with the secretary of state or election



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- 5 - LC 626

67th Legislature LC 0626

1 administrator, depending on where a declaration of nomination for the desired office is required to be filed

- 2 under 13-10-201, or with the school district clerk for a school district office. When a county election
- 3 administrator is conducting the election for a school district, the school district clerk or school district office that
- 4 receives the declaration of intent shall notify the county election administrator of the filing. Except as provided in
- 5 13-1-403, 13-1-503, 20-3-305(3)(b), and subsection (2) of this section, the declaration must be filed no later
- 6 than 5 p.m. on the 10th day before the earliest date established under 13-13-205 on which a ballot must be
- 7 available and must contain:

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- (a) the candidate's name, including:
- 9 (i) the candidate's first and last names;
- 10 (ii) the candidate's initials, if any, used instead of a first name, or first and middle name, and the 11 candidate's last name;
  - (iii) the candidate's nickname, if any, used instead of a first name, and the candidate's last name; and
- 13 (iv) a derivative or diminutive name, if any, used instead of a first name, and the candidate's last name;
- 14 (b) the candidate's mailing address;
- 15 (c) a statement declaring the candidate's intention to be a write-in candidate;
- 16 (d) the title of the office sought;
- 17 (e) the date of the election;
- 18 (f) the date of the declaration; and
- 19 (g) the candidate's signature; and
- 20 (h) a statement substantially as follows:
  - "A candidate is subject to removal from the ballot and fines for failure to file a required campaign finance disclosure report pursuant to [section 10] and 13-37-126 and the business disclosure statement, if
- 23 applicable, pursuant to 2-2-106."
  - (2) A declaration of intent may be filed after the deadline provided for in subsection (1) but no later than 5 p.m. on the day before the election if, after the deadline prescribed in subsection (1), a candidate for the office that the write-in candidate is seeking dies or is charged with a felony offense and if the election has not been canceled as provided by law.
- 28 (3) The secretary of state shall notify each election administrator of the names of write-in candidates



- 6 - LC 626

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67th Legislature LC 0626

who have filed a declaration of intent with the secretary of state. Each election administrator shall notify the election judges in the county or district of the names of write-in candidates who have filed a declaration of intent.

- (4) A properly completed and signed declaration of intent may be provided to the election administrator or secretary of state:
  - (a) by facsimile transmission;
- 7 (b) in person;
- 8 (c) by mail; or
- 9 (d) by electronic mail.
- 10 (5) A declaration is not valid until the filing fee required pursuant to 13-10-202 is received by the secretary of state or the election administrator.
- 12 (6) A write-in candidate who files a declaration of intent for a general election may not file with a
  13 partisan, nonpartisan, or independent designation.
  - (7) Except as provided in 13-38-201(4)(b), the requirements in subsection (1) do not apply if:
- 15 (a) an election is held;
- 16 (b) a person's name is written in on the ballot;
- 17 (c) the person is qualified for and seeks election to the office for which the person's name was written
  18 in; and
  - (d) no other candidate has filed a declaration or petition for nomination or a declaration of intent."
- 21 **Section 5.** Section 13-10-326, MCA, is amended to read:
  - "13-10-326. Vacancy prior to primary election. (1) If a candidate for nomination for a partisan office dies or withdraws before the candidate filing deadline established in 13-10-201(7), the affected political party may appoint someone to replace the candidate by the procedure provided in 13-10-327.
  - (2) Except as provided in subsection (3) (4), if a candidate for nomination for a partisan office dies after the candidate filing deadline established in 13-10-201(7), or is disqualified pursuant to 13-37-126(1)(a) from having the candidate's name appear on the primary election ballot, the affected political party shall appoint a candidate after the primary election as provided in 13-10-327 if a candidate for that office for that party was



- 7 - LC 626

67th Legislature LC 0626

1 not nominated at the primary election.

(3) If a candidate for nomination for a partisan office is disqualified from having the candidate's name appear on the primary election ballot pursuant to 13-37-126(1)(b), the affected political party may not appoint a replacement candidate unless the candidate is a candidate for governor or lieutenant governor.

(3)(4) A political party may not appoint a candidate for an office if no candidate for nomination by that party filed for the office before the primary election or if the deadline for certifying candidate names for the ballot pursuant to 13-10-208 has passed."

**Section 6.** Section 13-10-327, MCA, is amended to read:

"13-10-327. Vacancy after primary and prior to general election. (1) Except as provided in 13-10-328 for a vacancy in the candidacy of either governor or lieutenant governor caused by the death of a candidate or as provided in subsection (2)(a) of this section, if a party candidate dies or withdraws after the primary and before the general election, or if a candidate is disqualified pursuant to 13-37-126(1)(a) from having the candidate's name appear on a general election ballot, the affected political party shall appoint someone to replace the candidate in one of the following ways:

- (a) For offices to be filled by the state at large, the state central committee shall make the appointment as provided by the rules of the party.
- (b) For offices to be filled in districts including more than one county, a committee appointed by the county central committees of all counties in the district shall make the appointment. Procedures for the appointment of the committee and making the appointment must be provided in party rules.
- (c) For offices to be filled in counties, municipalities, or districts wholly within a county, the appointment must be made under rules adopted by the county central committee.
- (2) (a) If a candidate for election for a partisan office is disqualified from having the candidate's name appear on the general election ballot pursuant to 13-37-126(1)(b) or [section 10(1)(b)], the affected political party may not appoint a replacement candidate unless the candidate is a candidate for governor or lieutenant governor.
- (b) If the vacancy on the ballot created by a candidate disqualified under 13-37-126(1)(b) or [section 10(1)(b)] causes no candidate to be elected, the position must be filled by a new election or by appointment as



- 8 - LC 626

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67th Legislature LC 0626

may be provided by law regarding vacancies in the office	m	nav be	provided	bv la	w rec	ardina	vacancies	in	the	office	e.
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2 (2)(3) Except as provided in this section, appointments to fill vacancies must be made no later than 76

- days before the election. A candidate may not officially withdraw 85 days or less before a general election.
- 4 However, if a candidate for partisan office dies less than 85 days before the general election, the affected
- 5 political party shall appoint a candidate within 5 days after being notified of the vacancy. One of the procedures
- 6 provided in 13-12-204 must be used to place the name of the appointee on the ballot if necessary.
  - (3)(4) The appointing committee shall send a certificate to the officer with whom a declaration for nomination for the office would be filed, with the information required on a declaration for nomination and the name of the candidate for whom the appointee is to be substituted. The appointee shall send a signed and
  - (4)(5) The officer receiving the certificate of appointment, accompanied by a statement of acceptance and the filing fee, shall certify the name of the appointee for the ballot."

**Section 7.** Section 13-10-501, MCA, is amended to read:

acknowledged acceptance of the appointment and the filing fee for the office.

"13-10-501. Petition for nomination by independent candidates or political parties not eligible to participate in primary election. (1) Except as provided in 13-10-504, nominations for public office by an independent candidate or a political party that does not meet the requirements of 13-10-601 may be made by a petition for nomination.

- (2) The petition must contain the same information and, the oath of the candidate required for a declaration for nomination, and the statement required by 13-10-201(10).
- (3) If a petition is filed by a political party, it must contain the party name and, in five words or less, the principle that the body represents.
- (4) The form of the petition must be prescribed by the secretary of state, and the secretary of state shall furnish sample copies to the election administrators and on request to any individual.
  - (5) Each sheet of a petition must contain signatures of electors residing in only one county."
- 27 **Section 8.** Section 13-37-124, MCA, is amended to read:
- 28 "13-37-124. Consultation and cooperation with county attorney. (1) Except as provided in 13-35-



- 9 - LC 626

67th Legislature LC 0626

240 and [section 10], whenever the commissioner determines that there appears to be sufficient evidence to
justify a civil or criminal prosecution under chapter 35 of this title or this chapter, the commissioner shall notify
the county attorney of the county in which the alleged violation occurred and shall arrange to transmit to the
county attorney all information relevant to the alleged violation. If the county attorney fails to initiate the
appropriate civil or criminal action within 30 days after receiving notification of the alleged violation, the

- (2) A county attorney may, at any time prior to the expiration of the 30-day time period specified in subsection (1), waive the right to prosecute, and the waiver authorizes the commissioner to initiate the appropriate civil or criminal action.
- (3) The provisions of subsection (1) do not apply to a situation in which the alleged violation has been committed by the county attorney of a county. In this instance, the commissioner is authorized to directly prosecute any alleged violation of chapter 35 of this title or this chapter.
- (4) If a prosecution is undertaken by the commissioner, all court costs associated with the prosecution must be paid by the state of Montana, and all fines and forfeitures imposed pursuant to a prosecution by the commissioner, except those paid to or imposed by a justice's court, must be deposited in the state general fund."

Section 9. Section 13-37-126, MCA, is amended to read:

commissioner may then initiate the appropriate legal action.

- "13-37-126. Names not to appear on ballot. (1) The name of a candidate may not appear on the official ballot for an election if the candidate or a treasurer for a candidate fails to file:
  - (a) any statement or report as required by 2-2-106 or this chapter; or
- (b) the business disclosure statement as provided in 2-2-106 by the deadline specified in 2-2-106(1)(b) or, if a filing was rejected, by the deadline provided in 2-2-106(3)(b).
- (2) A vacancy on an official ballot under this section <u>that</u> may be filled <u>in the manner as otherwise</u> provided by law<del>, but</del> may not be filled by the same candidate.
- (3) (a) In carrying out the mandate of this section, the commissioner shall, by a written statement, notify the secretary of state and the election administrator conducting an election when a candidate or a candidate's treasurer has not complied with 2-2-106 or the provisions of this chapter, and that the candidate's



- 10 - LC 626

67th Legislature LC 0626

name may not appear on the official ballot, and, if the candidate was disqualified under subsection (1)(b) of this section or [section 10(1)(b)], whether the candidate's vacancy on the official ballot may be filled.

- (b) The commissioner shall provide the notification:
- (i) 2 calendar days before the certification deadline provided in 13-10-208 for statewide primary elections and 20-20-401 for school district elections; and
  - (ii) 7 days before the certification deadline provided in 13-12-201 for general elections."

- NEW SECTION. Section 10. Late candidate reports -- warning -- removal from ballot -- civil fine.

  (1) (a) (i) If a candidate fails to timely file a report required under 13-37-226(1)(b) in March, April, or June in the year of an election in which the candidate participates, within 5 days of the filing date, the commissioner shall promptly notify the candidate of the omission and that the candidate may make a written request to the commissioner for relief from the filing date deadline. Notification by the commissioner may be accomplished by written or electronic communication or by telephone. If the commissioner receives a written request from the candidate, the commissioner shall grant an extension until 20 days after the report's original filing deadline.
- (ii) An extension may not be granted for a report required under 13-37-226(1)(b) in May in the year of an election in which the candidate participates.
- (b) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, if the candidate twice fails to file a mandatory report required under 13-37-226(1)(b) in March, April, May, or June in the year of an election in which the candidate participates by the reporting deadline or, if an extension was granted, before the extension provided pursuant to subsection (1)(a), whichever is later, and the two unfiled reports are for consecutive reporting periods, the candidate is disqualified from appearing on the official general election ballot. If the candidate is disqualified under this section, the commissioner shall prepare the notification as provided in 13-37-126 so that the candidate's name may not appear on the official ballot.
- (c) Once a mandatory report is filed, the content of the report must be inspected as provided in 13-37-121. Nothing in this section prevents the commissioner from issuing an order of noncompliance pursuant to 13-37-121 concerning the failure to file a report or a report that does not conform to law.
- (2) (a) In addition to any other penalties established by law, if a candidate fails to timely file a report required under 13-37-226(1)(b) in August, September, October, or November in the year of an election in which



- 11 - LC 626

67th Legislature LC 0626

the candidate participates, the candidate is subject to a civil penalty of \$50 for each working day that the report is late until the report is filed or until the penalties reach a maximum of \$2,500 for each late report. A person against whom a civil penalty is imposed pursuant to this subsection (2) may request a hearing within 10 days of receiving a notice of imposition of a civil penalty. On receipt of a timely request, the commissioner shall grant an informal contested case hearing as provided in Title 2, chapter 4, part 6, before a hearing examiner. On the filing of a timely request for a hearing, the imposition of the daily civil penalty provided for in this section must be suspended until the commissioner issues a decision. At the hearing, the hearings examiner shall consider any factors or circumstances in mitigation and may reduce or waive the civil penalty.

(b) The penalty imposed in subsection (2)(a) is not subject to the procedural requirements contained in 13-37-124.

13-37-226(1)(b).

NEW SECTION. Section 11. Codification instruction. [Section 10] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 13, chapter 37, part 2, and the provisions of Title 13, chapter 37, part 2, apply to [section 10].

(3) Nothing in this section may be construed to apply to a report other than the reports required under

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- 12 - LC 626