Division

67th Legislature

1	-	BILL NO	
2	INTRODUCED BY		
3	(Primary Sponsor)	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ALLOWING CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS TO BE USED BY A		IONS TO BE USED BY A
5	CANDIDATE TO PAY FOR THE C	ANDIDATE'S CHILD-CARE EXPENSES WHILI	E ENGAGED IN CAMPAIGN
6	ACTIVITY; REQUIRING REPORTI	NG OF CHILD-CARE EXPENSES PAID WITH	CAMPAIGN
7	CONTRIBUTIONS; PROHIBITING CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS TO BE USED FOR CHILD CARE AFTER		FOR CHILD CARE AFTER
8	THE CANDIDATE FILES THE CANDIDATE'S CLOSING REPORT; AND AMENDING SECTION 13-1-101,		ING SECTION 13-1-101,
9	MCA."		
10			
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISL	ATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	
12			
13	NEW SECTION. Section 1	. Child-care expenses. (1) While a candidate	e is engaged in campaign
14	activity, a candidate may use contr	butions deposited in the candidate's primary ca	ampaign depository as
15	provided in 13-37-205 to pay the candidate's reasonable and necessary child-care expenses.		expenses.
16	(2) When a candidate exp	pends funds from the candidate's primary camp	aign depository as provided
17	in 13-37-205 to pay for the candida	te's child-care expenses, each expenditure mus	st be reported as provided in
18	Title 13, chapter 37, part 2.		
19	(3) After the candidate's of	closing campaign report provided for in 13-37-22	28 is filed, the candidate may
20	not expend surplus campaign fund	s for the candidate's child-care expenses as pro	ovided in 13-37-240(1).
21			
22	Section 2. Section 13-1-10	01, MCA, is amended to read:	
23	"13-1-101. Definitions. A	s used in this title, unless the context clearly inc	dicates otherwise, the
24	following definitions apply:		
25	(1) "Active elector" mean	s an elector whose name has not been placed o	on the inactive list due to
26	failure to respond to confirmation notices pursuant to 13-2-220 or 13-19-313.		
27	(2) "Active list" means a l	ist of active electors maintained pursuant to 13-	·2-220.
28	(3) "Anything of value" m	eans any goods that have a certain utility to the	recipient that is real and that
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1 is ordinarily not given away free but is purchased.

2 (4) "Application for voter registration" means a voter registration form prescribed by the secretary of
3 state that is completed and signed by an elector, is submitted to the election administrator, and contains voter
4 registration information subject to verification as provided by law.

5 (5) "Ballot" means a paper ballot counted manually or a paper ballot counted by a machine, such as
6 an optical scan system or other technology that automatically tabulates votes cast by processing the paper
7 ballots.

8 (6) (a) "Ballot issue" or "issue" means a proposal submitted to the people at an election for their
9 approval or rejection, including but not limited to an initiative, referendum, proposed constitutional amendment,
10 recall question, school levy question, bond issue question, or ballot question.

- (b) For the purposes of chapters 35 and 37, an issue becomes a "ballot issue" upon certification by
 the proper official that the legal procedure necessary for its qualification and placement on the ballot has been
 completed, except that a statewide issue becomes a "ballot issue" upon preparation and transmission by the
- secretary of state of the form of the petition or referral to the person who submitted the proposed issue.
- 15 (7) "Ballot issue committee" means a political committee specifically organized to support or oppose a
 ballot issue.
- 17 (8) "Candidate" means:
- (a) an individual who has filed a declaration or petition for nomination, acceptance of nomination, or
 appointment as a candidate for public office as required by law;

(b) for the purposes of chapter 35, 36, or 37, an individual who has solicited or received and retained
contributions, made expenditures, or given consent to an individual, organization, political party, or committee
to solicit or receive and retain contributions or make expenditures on the individual's behalf to secure
nomination or election to any office at any time, whether or not the office for which the individual will seek
nomination or election is known when the:

- 25 (i) solicitation is made;
- 26 (ii) contribution is received and retained; or
- 27 (iii) expenditure is made; or
- 28 (c) an officeholder who is the subject of a recall election.



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1	(9) (a) "Contribution" means:
2	(i) the receipt by a candidate or a political committee of an advance, gift, loan, conveyance, deposit,
3	payment, or distribution of money or anything of value to support or oppose a candidate or a ballot issue;
4	(ii) an expenditure, including an in-kind expenditure, that is made in coordination with a candidate or
5	ballot issue committee and is reportable by the candidate or ballot issue committee as a contribution;
6	(iii) the receipt by a political committee of funds transferred from another political committee; or
7	(iv) the payment by a person other than a candidate or political committee of compensation for the
8	personal services of another person that are rendered to a candidate or political committee.
9	(b) The term does not mean services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a
10	portion or all of their time on behalf of a candidate or political committee or meals and lodging provided by
11	individuals in their private residences for a candidate or other individual.
12	(c) This definition does not apply to Title 13, chapter 37, part 6.
13	(10) "Coordinated", including any variations of the term, means made in cooperation with, in
14	consultation with, at the request of, or with the express prior consent of a candidate or political committee or an
15	agent of a candidate or political committee.
16	(11) "De minimis act" means an action, contribution, or expenditure that is so small that it does not
17	trigger registration, reporting, disclaimer, or disclosure obligations under Title 13, chapter 35 or 37, or warrant
18	enforcement as a campaign practices violation under Title 13, chapter 37.
19	(12) "Election" means a general, special, or primary election held pursuant to the requirements of state
20	law, regardless of the time or purpose.
21	(13) (a) "Election administrator" means, except as provided in subsection (13)(b), the county clerk and
22	recorder or the individual designated by a county governing body to be responsible for all election
23	administration duties, except that with regard to school elections not administered by the county, the term
24	means the school district clerk.
25	(b) As used in chapter 2 regarding voter registration, the term means the county clerk and recorder or
26	the individual designated by a county governing body to be responsible for all election administration duties
27	even if the school election is administered by the school district clerk.
28	(14) (a) "Election communication" means the following forms of communication to support or oppose a



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1	candidate or ballot issue:	
2	(i) a paid advertisement broadcast over radio, television, cable, or satellite;	
3	(ii) paid placement of content on the internet or other electronic communication network;	
4	(iii) a paid advertisement published in a newspaper or periodical or on a billboard;	
5	(iv) a mailing; or	
6	(v) printed materials.	
7	(b) The term does not mean:	
8	(i) an activity or communication for the purpose of encouraging individuals to register to vote or to	
9	vote, if that activity or communication does not mention or depict a clearly identified candidate or ballot issue;	
10	(ii) a communication that does not support or oppose a candidate or ballot issue;	
11	(iii) a bona fide news story, commentary, blog, or editorial distributed through the facilities of any	
12	broadcasting station, newspaper, magazine, internet website, or other periodical publication of general	
13	circulation;	
14	(iv) a communication by any membership organization or corporation to its members, stockholders, or	
15	employees; or	
16	(v) a communication that the commissioner determines by rule is not an election communication.	
17	(15) "Election judge" means a person who is appointed pursuant to Title 13, chapter 4, part 1, to	
18	perform duties as specified by law.	
19	(16) (a) "Electioneering communication" means a paid communication that is publicly distributed by	
20	radio, television, cable, satellite, internet website, newspaper, periodical, billboard, mail, or any other	
21	distribution of printed materials, that is made within 60 days of the initiation of voting in an election, that does	
22	not support or oppose a candidate or ballot issue, that can be received by more than 100 recipients in the	
23	district voting on the candidate or ballot issue, and that:	
24	(i) refers to one or more clearly identified candidates in that election;	
25	(ii) depicts the name, image, likeness, or voice of one or more clearly identified candidates in that	
26	election; or	
27	(iii) refers to a political party, ballot issue, or other question submitted to the voters in that election.	
28	(b) The term does not mean:	



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1	(i) a bona fide news story, commentary, blog, or editorial distributed through the facilities of any		
2	broadcasting station, newspaper, magazine, internet website, or other periodical publication of general		
3	circulation unless the facilities are owned or controlled by a candidate or political committee;		
4	(ii) a communication by any membership organization or corporation to its members, stockholders, or		
5	employees;		
6	(iii) a commercial communication that depicts a candidate's name, image, likeness, or voice only in the		
7	candidate's capacity as owner, operator, or employee of a business that existed prior to the candidacy;		
8	(iv) a communication that constitutes a candidate debate or forum or that solely promotes a candidate		
9	debate or forum and is made by or on behalf of the person sponsoring the debate or forum; or		
10	(v) a communication that the commissioner determines by rule is not an electioneering		
11	communication.		
12	(17) "Elector" means an individual qualified to vote under state law.		
13	(18) (a) "Expenditure" means a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, promise, pledge, or		
14	gift of money or anything of value:		
15	(i) made by a candidate or political committee to support or oppose a candidate or a ballot issue; or		
16	(ii) made by a candidate while the candidate is engaging in campaign activity to pay child-care		
17	expenses as provided in [section 1]; or		
18	(iii)(iii) used or intended for use in making independent expenditures or in producing electioneering		
19	communications.		
20	(b) The term does not mean:		
21	(i) services, food, or lodging provided in a manner that they are not contributions under subsection		
22	(9);		
23	(ii) except as provided in subsection (18)(a)(ii), payments by a candidate for personal travel expenses,		
24	food, clothing, lodging, or personal necessities for the candidate and the candidate's family;		
25	(iii) the cost of any bona fide news story, commentary, blog, or editorial distributed through the facilities		
26	of any broadcasting station, newspaper, magazine, or other periodical publication of general circulation; or		
27	(iv) the cost of any communication by any membership organization or corporation to its members or		
28	stockholders or employees.		



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1 (c) This definition does not apply to Title 13, chapter 37, part 6. 2 (19) "Federal election" means an election in even-numbered years in which an elector may vote for 3 individuals for the office of president of the United States or for the United States congress. 4 (20) "General election" means an election that is held for offices that first appear on a primary election 5 ballot, unless the primary is canceled as authorized by law, and that is held on a date specified in 13-1-104. 6 (21) "Inactive elector" means an individual who failed to respond to confirmation notices and whose 7 name was placed on the inactive list pursuant to 13-2-220 or 13-19-313. 8 (22) "Inactive list" means a list of inactive electors maintained pursuant to 13-2-220 or 13-19-313. 9 (23) (a) "Incidental committee" means a political committee that is not specifically organized or 10 operating for the primary purpose of supporting or opposing candidates or ballot issues but that may 11 incidentally become a political committee by receiving a contribution or making an expenditure. 12 (b) For the purpose of this subsection (23), the primary purpose is determined by the commissioner 13 by rule and includes criteria such as the allocation of budget, staff, or members' activity or the statement of 14 purpose or goal of the person or individuals that form the committee. 15 (24) "Independent committee" means a political committee organized for the primary purpose of 16 receiving contributions and making expenditures that is not controlled either directly or indirectly by a candidate 17 and that does not coordinate with a candidate in conjunction with the making of expenditures except pursuant 18 to the limits set forth in 13-37-216(1). 19 (25) "Independent expenditure" means an expenditure for an election communication to support or 20 oppose a candidate or ballot issue made at any time that is not coordinated with a candidate or ballot issue 21 committee. 22 (26) "Individual" means a human being. 23 (27) "Legally registered elector" means an individual whose application for voter registration was 24 accepted, processed, and verified as provided by law. 25 (28) "Mail ballot election" means any election that is conducted under Title 13, chapter 19, by mailing 26 ballots to all active electors. 27 (29) "Person" means an individual, corporation, association, firm, partnership, cooperative, committee, 28 including a political committee, club, union, or other organization or group of individuals or a candidate as



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1	defined in subsection (8).	
2	(30) "Place of deposit" means a location designated by the election administrator pursuant to 13-19-	
3	307 for a mail ballot election conducted under Title 13, chapter 19.	
4	(31) (a) "Political committee" means a combination of two or more individuals or a person other than	
5	an individual who receives a contribution or makes an expenditure:	
6	(i) to support or oppose a candidate or a committee organized to support or oppose a candidate or a	
7	petition for nomination;	
8	(ii) to support or oppose a ballot issue or a committee organized to support or oppose a ballot issue; or	
9	(iii) to prepare or disseminate an election communication, an electioneering communication, or an	
10	independent expenditure.	
11	(b) Political committees include ballot issue committees, incidental committees, independent	
12	committees, and political party committees.	
13	(c) A candidate and the candidate's treasurer do not constitute a political committee.	
14	(d) A political committee is not formed when a combination of two or more individuals or a person	
15	other than an individual makes an election communication, an electioneering communication, or an	
16	independent expenditure of \$250 or less.	
17	(32) "Political party committee" means a political committee formed by a political party organization	
18	and includes all county and city central committees.	
19	(33) "Political party organization" means a political organization that:	
20	(a) was represented on the official ballot in either of the two most recent statewide general elections;	
21	or	
22	(b) has met the petition requirements provided in Title 13, chapter 10, part 5.	
23	(34) "Political subdivision" means a county, consolidated municipal-county government, municipality,	
24	special purpose district, or any other unit of government, except school districts, having authority to hold an	
25	election.	
26	(35) "Polling place election" means an election primarily conducted at polling places rather than by	
27	mail under the provisions of Title 13, chapter 19.	
28	(36) "Primary" or "primary election" means an election held on a date specified in 13-1-107 to nominate	



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1	candidates for offices filled at a general election.	
2	(37) "Provisional ballot" means a ballot cast by an elector whose identity or eligibility to vote has not	
3	been verified as provided by law.	
4	(38) "Provisionally registered elector" means an individual whose application for voter registration was	
5	accepted but whose identity or eligibility has not yet been verified as provided by law.	
6	(39) "Public office" means a state, county, municipal, school, or other district office that is filled by the	
7	people at an election.	
8	(40) "Random-sample audit" means an audit involving a manual count of ballots from designated races	
9	and ballot issues in precincts selected through a random process as provided in 13-17-503.	
10	(41) "Registrar" means the county election administrator and any regularly appointed deputy or	
11	assistant election administrator.	
12	(42) "Regular school election" means the school trustee election provided for in 20-20-105(1).	
13	(43) "School election" has the meaning provided in 20-1-101.	
14	(44) "School election filing officer" means the filing officer with whom the declarations for nomination	
15	for school district office were filed or with whom the school ballot issue was filed.	
16	(45) "School recount board" means the board authorized pursuant to 20-20-420 to perform recount	
17	duties in school elections.	
18	(46) "Signature envelope" means an envelope that contains a secrecy envelope and ballot and that is	
19	designed to:	
20	(a) allow election officials, upon examination of the outside of the envelope, to determine that the	
21	ballot is being submitted by someone who is in fact a qualified elector and who has not already voted; and	
22	(b) allow it to be used in the United States mail.	
23	(47) "Special election" means an election held on a day other than the day specified for a primary	
24	election, general election, or regular school election.	
25	(48) "Special purpose district" means an area with special boundaries created as authorized by law for	
26	a specialized and limited purpose.	
27	(49) "Statewide voter registration list" means the voter registration list established and maintained	
28	pursuant to 13-2-107 and 13-2-108.	



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28	- END -	
27	integral part of Title 13, chapter 37, part 2, and the provisions of Title 13, chapter 37, part 2, apply to [section 1].	
26	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an	
25		
24	automatically record, tabulate, or process the vote of an elector cast on a paper ballot."	
23	(54) "Voting system" or "system" means any machine, device, technology, or equipment used to	
22	accuracy and that may be manually counted.	
21	(d) produces a paper ballot that displays electors' choices so the elector can confirm the ballot's	
20	and	
19	(c) allows the voter to select and vote for candidates and issues and to verify and change selections;	
18	(b) communicates voting instructions and ballot information to a voter;	
17	(a) is accessible to electors with disabilities;	
16	(53) "Voter interface device" means a voting system that:	
15	(c) returned to a place of deposit.	
14	(b) received at the election administrator's office; or	
13	(a) deposited in the ballot box at a polling place;	
12	(52) "Voted ballot" means a ballot that is:	
11	13-15-206.	
10	(51) "Valid vote" means a vote that has been counted as valid or determined to be valid as provided in	
9	passage or defeat of the ballot issue or other question submitted to the voters in an election.	
8	nomination, election, or defeat of the candidate in an election, the election or defeat of the political party, or the	
7	(b) otherwise referring to or depicting one or more clearly identified candidates, political parties, or ballot issues in a manner that is susceptible of no reasonable interpretation other than as a call for the	
6	voters in an election; or (b) otherwise referring to or depicting one or more clearly identified candidates, political parties, or	
4 5	or defeat of one or more political parties, or the passage or defeat of one or more ballot issues submitted to	
2 3	(a) using express words, including but not limited to "vote", "oppose", "support", "elect", "defeat", or "reject", that call for the nomination, election, or defeat of one or more clearly identified candidates, the election	
1	(50) "Support or oppose", including any variations of the term, means:	
4	(EQ) "Quarant or encode" including any variations of the term, meaner	