

# Fiscal Note 2023 Biennium

Bill #	SB0243			resumption of domic atana National Guard			
Duimous Spongous	Bennett, Bryce		Status: As Introd	Juga d			
Primary Sponsor:	Beillett, Bryce		Status:   As Introd	luced			
☐Significant Local	Gov Impact	□Needs to be included	in HB 2 ⊠Tec	chnical Concerns			
☐ Included in the Ex	xecutive Budget	□Significant Long-Term Impacts □Dedicated Revenue Form Attached					
		FISCAL SU		4.			
		FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025		
		Difference	Difference	Difference	Difference		
Expenditures:			4				
General Fund		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		
Other		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		
Revenue:							
General Fund		\$0	. \$0	. \$0	. \$0		
Other		(\$78,503)	(\$80,858)	(\$85,016)	(\$88,416)		
Net Impact-Genera	al Fund Balance:	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		

<u>Description of fiscal impact:</u> SB 243 requires campuses to charge resident tuition for non-resident students enrolled in the Montana National Guard and attending the MUS at the graduate level, causing a decrease in tuition revenue.

### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### **Assumptions:**

- 1. The projection of Montana National Guard enrollment in MUS is based on actual enrollment from FY 2020 (139 students were enrolled in FY 2020).
- 2. Of this population, 32% are non-resident students, for a total of 45 students that would qualify for resident tuition rates versus non-resident tuition rates.
- 3. The MUS adopted policy 940.13 which provides undergraduate waivers for Montana National Guard members. As a result, a fiscal impact would only be incurred for non-residents enrolled in the Montana National Guard and attending the MUS at the graduate level.
- 4. On average 10% of the total MUS full-time equivalent enrollment is at the graduate level. Of the 45 non-resident students projected, approximately 4.5 students would now be charged resident tuition rather than non-resident tuition rates.

- 5. In FY 2021, the average non-resident graduate-level tuition rate in the MUS is equal to \$23,075. The average resident graduate-level tuition is \$6,138. The difference represents the fiscal impact for FY 2021 (\$23,075 -\$6,138 = \$16,937)
- 6. A 3% annual tuition rate increase is applied to estimate the impact in future years.

	Non-Resident Tuition Rate	Resident Tuition Rate	Fiscal Impact per FTE	4.5 FTE Each Year
FY21	23,075	6,138	16,937	76,217
FY22	23,767	6,322	17,445	78,503
FY23	24,480	6,512	17,968	80,858
FY24	25,215	6,322	18,893	85,016
FY25	25,971	6,323	19,648	88,416

7. This bill would impact tuition revenue.

Expenditures:	FY 2022 <u>Difference</u>	FY 2023 Difference	FY 2024 <u>Difference</u>	FY 2025 Difference					
Transfers	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0					
TOTAL Expenditures	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0					
Funding of Expenditures:									
General Fund (01)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0					
Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0					
TOTAL Funding of Exp.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0					
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Revenues:		x							
General Fund (01)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0					
Other	(\$78,503)	(\$80,858)	(\$85,016)	(\$88,416)					
<b>TOTAL Revenues</b>	(\$78,503)	(\$80,858)	(\$85,016)	(\$88,416)					
Net Impact to Fund Balance (Revenue minus Funding of Expenditures):									
General Fund (01)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0					
Other	(\$78,503)	(\$80,858)	(\$85,016)	(\$88,416)					

#### **Technical Notes:**

1. In Section 1(8) graduate should replace postgraduate or be included as one of the types of degrees.

## **Long-Term Impacts:**

1. Tuition decreases result in a decrease of current unrestricted funds, which could cause an increase to the state share percentage of current unrestricted funds in future biennia.