

Fiscal Note 2023 Biennium

Bill #	SB0362	ł	Title:	Generally revise the Residential Mobile Home Lot Rental Act	
Primary Sponsor:	Hoven, Brian		Status:	As Introduced	
☐Significant Local Gov Impact		□Needs to be included in HB 2		☐ Technical Concerns	
☐ Included in the Executive Budget		☐Significant Long-Term Impacts		☐ Dedicated Revenue Form Attached	

FISCAL SUMMARY

	FY 2022 <u>Difference</u>	FY 2023 Difference	FY 2024 Difference	FY 2025 <u>Difference</u>
Expenditures:	<u>Differ ence</u>	<u>Dinci chee</u>	<u>Dinerence</u>	<u>Differ ence</u>
General Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Proprietary	\$42,745	\$41,966	\$42,595	\$43,234
. * 1		100	G.	
Revenue:				
General Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Proprietary	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net Impact-General Fund Balance:	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

<u>Description of fiscal impact:</u> SB 362 revises the Montana Residential Mobile Home Act; provides a determination of an excessive rent increase; revises reasons for and the process of a lawful eviction or termination of a rental agreement; and provide rulemaking authority.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

Assumptions:

- 1. Based on very limited data from Department of Revenue there is estimated to be around 100 parks with 75 or more spaces.
- 2. Considering anything over 3% increase as substantial there could be many parks effected
- 3. Department of Commerce assumes a 10% rate of complaints resulting in 10 parks being review a year.
- 4. The process starts with receiving 10% of residents complaining, collection of data, review of data, presentation to the Board of Housing and final determination and closing of each case would take around 80 hours.
- 5. With a total of 800 hours compared to a full year of 2,080 hours is around 40% of a mid-level FTE plus overhead.

6. It is estimated that FTE costs including benefits of \$82,250 times 40% = \$32,902 plus associated operating expenses of \$9,843 would be a total of \$42,745 the first year as the program was established. Expenses in the second year would total \$42,160 with increases at 1.5% per year thereafter.

	FY 2022 <u>Difference</u>	FY 2023 <u>Difference</u>	FY 2024 <u>Difference</u>	FY 2025 <u>Difference</u>						
Fiscal Impact:				,						
FTE	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40						
Expenditures:										
Personal Services	\$32,902	\$33,373	\$33,874	\$34,382						
Operating Expenses	\$9,843	\$8,593	\$8,721	\$8,852						
TOTAL Expenditures	\$42,745	\$41,966	\$42,595	\$43,234						
Funding of Expenditures: Proprietary TOTAL Funding of Exp.	\$42,745 \$42,745	\$41,966 \$41,966	\$42,595 \$42,595	\$43,234 \$43,234						
Revenues: General Fund (01)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0						
Proprietary	\$0	\$0	\$0_	\$0						
TOTAL Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0						
Net Impact to Fund Balance (Revenue minus Funding of Expenditures): General Fund (01) \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0										
Proprietary	(\$42,745)	(\$41,966)	(\$42,595)	(\$43,234)						

Technical Notes:

1. Montana Board of Housing legal council would have to conduct an assessment of whether the role prescribed to the Board under SB 362 is within the purview of the Board and its enacting legislation under the Housing Act of 1975.