HOUSE BILL NO. 157
INTRODUCED BY R. MARSHALL, J. KASSMIER, D. HARVEY BY REQUEST OF THE ECONOMIC AFFAIRS INTERIM COMMITTEE

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING ALCOHOL LICENSING LAWS; ALLOWING A BREWERY OR WINERY TO SHARE A LOGATION WITH A BE LOCATED ADJACENT TO AN ON-PREMISES RETAIL LICENSE IF THE BREWERY MAINTAINS LICENSEES MAINTAIN ADEQUATE PHYSICAL SEPARATION; DEFINING ADEQUATE PHYSICAL SEPARATION; ALLOWING AN APPLICANT FOR AN ON-PREMISES ALCOHOL LICENSE TO HAVE A SPOUSE THATIS AFFILIATED HAS FINANCING FROM A MANUFACTURER OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES HAS AN OWNERSHIP INTEREST IN ONE OR MORE MANUFACTURER LICENSES; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-3-311 AND 16-4-401, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Control of brewery premises - portion of brewery building adjacent to licensed retailer.(1) A brewery may use part of a building that is also approved by the department as a licensed retaillocation if the brewery can maintain control of the premises through adequate physical soparation.
(2) (a) For purposes of this section, the term "adequate physical separation" means the brewery can be secured after business hours from unlawful ontry. The separation may include doors, gates, and windows that may be left open during business hours.
(b) The term does not require permanent floor-to-ceiling walls.

Section 1. Section 16-3-311, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-3-311. Suitable premises for licensed retail establishments. (1) A licensed retailer may use a part of a building as premises licensed for on-premises consumption of alcoholic beverages. The Except as provided in [section 11 SUBSECTION (3), the premises must be separated from the rest of the building by

Authorized Print Version - HB 157
permanent walls but may have inside access during lawful hours of operation to the rest of the building even if the businesses or uses in the other part of the building are unrelated to the operation of the premises in which the alcoholic beverages are served.
(2) A licensee whose premises did not meet the requirements of this section on September 24, 1992, shall meet the requirements when an alteration to the premises has been completed and the department has approved the alteration. An alteration is any structural change in a premises. A cosmetic change, such as painting, carpeting, or other interior decorating, is not considered an alteration under this section.
(3) AN ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION RETAILER MAY BE LOCATED ADJACENT TO A BREWERY OR WINERY IF THE LICENSEES ARE ABLE TO MAINTAIN CONTROL OF THEIR RESPECTIVE PREMISES THROUGH ADEQUATE PHYSICAL SEPARATION.
(4) (A) FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, "ADEQUATE PHYSICAL SEPARATION" MEANS:
(I) THE PREMISES OF THE RETAILER AND THE PREMISES OF THE BREWERY OR WINERY ARE SECURED AFTER BUSINESS HOURS FROM EACH OTHER AND FROM ANY OTHER BUSINESS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO PROHIBITING A CUSTOMER FROM ACCESSING A BREWERY SAMPLE ROOM AND PURCHASING ALCOHOL AFTER THE BREWERY TASTING ROOM HOURS OF OPERATION AS SPECIFIED IN 16-3-213(2)(B); AND
(II) THE SEPARATION MAY INCLUDE DOORS, GATES, OR WINDOWS THAT MAY BE LEFT OPEN DURING BUSINESS HOURS.
(B) THE TERM DOES NOT REQUIRE PERMANENT FLOOR-TO-CEILING WALLS."

Section 2. Section 16-4-401, MCA, is amended to read:
"16-4-401. License as privilege -- criteria for decision on application. (1) A license under this code is a privilege that the state may grant to an applicant and is not a right to which any applicant is entitled.
(2) Except as provided in 16-4-311 and subsection (6) of this section and subject to subsection (8), in the case of a license that permits on-premises consumption, the department shall find in every case in which it makes an order for the issuance of a new license or for the approval of the transfer of a license that:
(a) if the applicant is an individual:
(i) and the application is approved, the applicant will not possess an ownership interest in more than three establishments licensed under this chapter for all-beverages sales. However, resort retail all-beverages

Authorized Print Version - HB 157
licenses issued under 16-4-213 do not count toward this limit.
(ii) the applicant does not possess an ownership interest in an agency liquor store as defined in 16-1106;
(iii) the applicant or any member of the applicant's immediate family is without financing from or any affiliation to a manufacturer, importer, bottler, or distributor of alcoholic beverages, except that an applicant's spouse may possess an ownership interest in a manufacturer license ONE OR MORE MANUFACTURER LICENSES;
(iv) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; and
(v) the applicant is not under 19 years of age;
(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:
(i) each owner of $10 \%$ or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than $10 \%$ of the outstanding stock, the applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).
(ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);
(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a corporation who owns less than $10 \%$ of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of subsection (8) apply.
(iv) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;
(c) if the applicant is a privately held corporation:
(i) each owner of $10 \%$ or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than $10 \%$ of the outstanding stock, the applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a), and the owners of $51 \%$ of the outstanding stock must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a).

Authorized Print Version - HB 157
(ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);
(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(c)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a corporation who owns less than $10 \%$ of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of subsection (8) apply.
(iv) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;
(d) if the applicant is a general partnership, each partner must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a);
(e) if the applicant is a limited partnership or a limited liability partnership, each general partner and all limited partners whose ownership interest in the partnership equals or exceeds $10 \%$ must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a). If no single limited partner's interest equals or exceeds $10 \%$, then $51 \%$ of all limited partners must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a).
(f) if the applicant is a limited liability company, all managing members and those members whose ownership interest in the company equals or exceeds $10 \%$ must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a). If no single member's interest equals or exceeds $10 \%$, then $51 \%$ of all members must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a).
(3) In the case of a license that permits only off-premises consumption and subject to subsection (8), the department shall find in every case in which it makes an order for the issuance of a new license or for the approval of the transfer of a license that:
(a) if the applicant is an individual:
(i) and the application is approved, the applicant will not possess an ownership interest in more than three establishments licensed under this chapter for all-beverages sales;
(ii) the applicant does not possess an ownership interest in an agency liquor store as defined in 16-1106;
(iii) the applicant or any member of the applicant's immediate family is without financing from or any affiliation to a manufacturer, importer, bottler, or distributor of alcoholic beverages;
(iv) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a felony,

Authorized Print Version - HB 157
the applicant's rights have been restored;
(v) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; and
(vi) the applicant is not under 19 years of age;
(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:
(i) each owner of $10 \%$ or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual listed in subsection (3)(a). If no single owner owns more than $10 \%$ of the outstanding stock, the applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (3)(a).
(ii) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;
(c) if the applicant is a privately held corporation:
(i) each owner of $10 \%$ or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (3)(a). If no single owner owns more than $10 \%$ of the outstanding stock, the applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (3)(a), and the owners of $51 \%$ of the outstanding stock must meet the requirements of subsection (3)(a).
(ii) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;
(d) if the applicant is a general partnership, each partner must meet the requirements of subsection (3)(a);
(e) if the applicant is a limited partnership or a limited liability partnership, each general partner and all limited partners whose ownership interest in the partnership equals or exceeds $10 \%$ must meet the requirements of subsection $(3)(a)$. If no single limited partner's interest equals or exceeds $10 \%$, then $51 \%$ of all limited partners must meet the requirements of subsection (3)(a).
(f) if the applicant is a limited liability company, all managing members and those members whose ownership interest in the company equals or exceeds $10 \%$ must meet the requirements of subsection (3)(a). If no single member's interest equals or exceeds $10 \%$, then $51 \%$ of all members must meet the requirements of subsection (3)(a).

Authorized Print Version - HB 157
(4) Subject to 16-4-311, in the case of a license that permits the manufacture, importing, or wholesaling of an alcoholic beverage, the department shall find in every case in which it makes an order for the issuance of a new license or for the approval of the transfer of a license that:
(a) if the applicant is an individual:
(i) the applicant has no ownership interest in any establishment licensed under this chapter for retail alcoholic beverages sales;
(ii) the applicant does not possess an ownership interest in an agency liquor store as defined in 16-1106;
(iii) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a felony, the applicant's rights have been restored;
(iv) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance with all applicable laws of the state and local governments;
(v) the applicant is not under 19 years of age; and
(vi) an applicant for a wholesale license is not a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage or owned or controlled by a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage;
(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:
(i) each owner of $10 \%$ or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual listed in subsection (4)(a). If no single owner owns more than $10 \%$ of the outstanding stock, the applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (4)(a).
(ii) an applicant for a wholesale license is not a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage or owned or controlled by a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage; and
(iii) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;
(c) if the applicant is a privately held corporation:
(i) each owner of $10 \%$ or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (4)(a). If no single owner owns more than $10 \%$ of the outstanding stock, the applicant must designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements

Authorized Print Version - HB 157
for an individual applicant listed in subsection (4)(a) and the owners of $51 \%$ of the outstanding stock must meet the requirements of subsection (4)(a).
(ii) an applicant for a wholesale license is not a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage or owned or controlled by a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage; and
(iii) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;
(d) if the applicant is a general partnership, each partner must meet the requirements of subsection (4)(a);
(e) if the applicant is a limited partnership or a limited liability partnership, each general partner and all limited partners whose ownership interest in the partnership equals or exceeds $10 \%$ must meet the requirements of subsection $(4)(a)$. If no single limited partner's interest equals or exceeds $10 \%$, then $51 \%$ of all limited partners must meet the requirements of subsection (4)(a).
(f) if the applicant is a limited liability company, all managing members and those members whose ownership interest in the company equals or exceeds $10 \%$ must meet the requirements of subsection (4)(a). If no single member's interest equals or exceeds $10 \%$, then $51 \%$ of all members must meet the requirements of subsection (4)(a).
(5) In the case of a corporate applicant, the requirements of subsections (2)(b), (3)(b), and (4)(b) apply separately to each class of stock.
(6) The provisions of subsection (2) do not apply to an applicant for or holder of a license pursuant to 16-4-302.
(7) An applicant's source of funding must be from a suitable source. A lender or other source of money or credit may be found unsuitable if the source:
(a) is a person whose prior financial or other activities or criminal record:
(i) poses a threat to the public interest of the state;
(ii) poses a threat to the effective regulation and control of alcoholic beverages; or
(iii) creates a danger of illegal practices, methods, or activities in the conduct of the licensed business; or
(b) has been convicted of a felony offense within 5 years of the date of application or is on probation or parole or under deferred prosecution for committing a felony offense.

Authorized Print Version - HB 157
(8) (a) An individual applying for an all-beverages license or having any ownership interest in an entity applying for an all-beverages license may not, if the application were to be approved, own an interest in more than half the total number of allowable all-beverages licenses in any quota area described in 16-4-201.
(b) If two or more individuals through business or family relationship share in the profits or liabilities of all-beverages licenses, the aggregate number of licenses in which they share profits or liabilities may not exceed half the total number of allowable all-beverages licenses in the specific quota area in which the allbeverages licenses will be held."

NEW SECTION.Section 4. Codification instruction.[Section 1] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title-16,chapter 3, part 2, and the provisions of Title-16, chapter 3, part 2, apply to [section 1].

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

- END -

