

1 HOUSE BILL NO. 257

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9
10 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING LAWS RELATED TO PROHIBITING
11 ACTIONS THAT IMPEDE A PRIVATE BUSINESS'S ABILITY TO CONDUCT BUSINESS; PROHIBITING
12 CERTAIN TYPES OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT ORDINANCES AND RESOLUTIONS; PROHIBITING AN
13 EMERGENCY PLAN OR PROGRAM THAT RESTRICTS THE ABILITY OF A PRIVATE BUSINESS TO
14 CONDUCT BUSINESS; PROHIBITING A LOCAL BOARD OF HEALTH AND LOCAL HEALTH OFFICER
15 FROM CERTAIN ACTIONS THAT RESTRICT THE ABILITY OF A PRIVATE BUSINESS TO CONDUCT
16 BUSINESS; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-1-111, 7-1-2103, 7-1-4124, 7-5-103, 7-5-121, 7-5-4201, 10-3-301, 50-2-
17 116, 50-2-118, 50-2-123, AND 50-2-124, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND A
18 RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATE."

19
20 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

21
22 **Section 1.** Section 7-1-111, MCA, is amended to read:

23 **"7-1-111. (Subsection (21) effective October 1, 2021) Powers denied.** A local government unit with
24 self-government powers is prohibited from exercising the following:

25 (1) any power that applies to or affects any private or civil relationship, except as an incident to the
26 exercise of an independent self-government power;

27 (2) any power that applies to or affects the provisions of 7-33-4128 or Title 39, except that subject to
28 those provisions, it may exercise any power of a public employer with regard to its employees;

1 (3) any power that applies to or affects the public school system, except that a local unit may impose
2 an assessment reasonably related to the cost of any service or special benefit provided by the unit and shall
3 exercise any power that it is required by law to exercise regarding the public school system;

4 (4) any power that prohibits the grant or denial of a certificate of compliance or a certificate of public
5 convenience and necessity pursuant to Title 69, chapter 12;

6 (5) any power that establishes a rate or price otherwise determined by a state agency;

7 (6) any power that applies to or affects any determination of the department of environmental quality
8 with regard to any mining plan, permit, or contract;

9 (7) any power that applies to or affects any determination by the department of environmental quality
10 with regard to a certificate of compliance;

11 (8) any power that defines as an offense conduct made criminal by state statute, that defines an
12 offense as a felony, or that fixes the penalty or sentence for a misdemeanor in excess of a fine of \$500, 6
13 months' imprisonment, or both, except as specifically authorized by statute;

14 (9) any power that applies to or affects the right to keep or bear arms;

15 (10) any power that applies to or affects a public employee's pension or retirement rights as
16 established by state law, except that a local government may establish additional pension or retirement
17 systems;

18 (11) any power that applies to or affects the standards of professional or occupational competence
19 established pursuant to Title 37 as prerequisites to the carrying on of a profession or occupation;

20 (12) except as provided in 7-3-1105, 7-3-1222, or 7-31-4110, any power that applies to or affects Title
21 75, chapter 7, part 1, or Title 87;

22 (13) any power that applies to or affects landlords, as defined in 70-24-103, when that power is
23 intended to license landlords or to regulate their activities with regard to tenants beyond what is provided in Title
24 70, chapters 24 and 25. This subsection is not intended to restrict a local government's ability to require
25 landlords to comply with ordinances or provisions that are applicable to all other businesses or residences
26 within the local government's jurisdiction.

27 (14) subject to 7-32-4304, any power to enact ordinances prohibiting or penalizing vagrancy;

28 (15) subject to 80-10-110, any power to regulate the registration, packaging, labeling, sale, storage,

1 distribution, use, or application of commercial fertilizers or soil amendments, except that a local government
2 may enter into a cooperative agreement with the department of agriculture concerning the use and application
3 of commercial fertilizers or soil amendments. This subsection is not intended to prevent or restrict a local
4 government from adopting or implementing zoning regulations or fire codes governing the physical location or
5 siting of fertilizer manufacturing, storage, and sales facilities.

6 (16) subject to 80-5-136(10), any power to regulate the cultivation, harvesting, production, processing,
7 sale, storage, transportation, distribution, possession, use, and planting of agricultural seeds or vegetable
8 seeds as defined in 80-5-120. This subsection is not intended to prevent or restrict a local government from
9 adopting or implementing zoning regulations or building codes governing the physical location or siting of
10 agricultural or vegetable seed production, processing, storage, sales, marketing, transportation, or distribution
11 facilities.

12 (17) any power that prohibits the operation of a mobile amateur radio station from a motor vehicle,
13 including while the vehicle is in motion, that is operated by a person who holds an unrevoked and unexpired
14 official amateur radio station license and operator's license, "technician" or higher class, issued by the federal
15 communications commission of the United States;

16 (18) subject to 76-2-240 and 76-2-340, any power that prevents the erection of an amateur radio
17 antenna at heights and dimensions sufficient to accommodate amateur radio service communications by a
18 person who holds an unrevoked and unexpired official amateur radio station license and operator's license,
19 "technician" or higher class, issued by the federal communications commission of the United States;

20 (19) any power to require a fee and a permit for the movement of a vehicle, combination of vehicles,
21 load, object, or other thing of a size exceeding the maximum specified in 61-10-101 through 61-10-104 on a
22 highway that is under the jurisdiction of an entity other than the local government unit;

23 (20) any power to enact an ordinance governing the private use of an unmanned aerial vehicle in
24 relation to a wildfire;

25 (21) any power to prohibit completely adult-use providers, adult-use marijuana-infused products
26 providers, and adult-use dispensaries from being located within the jurisdiction of the local government except
27 as allowed in Title 16, chapter 12; or

28 (22) any power to enact an ordinance prohibited in 7-5-103 or a resolution prohibited in 7-5-121 and

1 any power to bring a retributive action against a private business owner as prohibited in 7-5-103(2)(d)(iv) and 7-
2 5-121(2)(c)(iv)."

3

4 **Section 2.** Section 7-1-2103, MCA, is amended to read:

5 **"7-1-2103. County powers.** A county has power to:

- 6 (1) except as provided in 7-5-103(2)(d)(iv) and 7-5-121(2)(c)(iv), sue and be sued;
- 7 (2) purchase and hold lands within its limits;
- 8 (3) make contracts and purchase and hold personal property that may be necessary to the exercise of
- 9 its powers;
- 10 (4) make orders for the disposition or use of its property that the interests of its inhabitants require;
- 11 (5) subject to 15-10-420, levy and collect taxes for public or governmental purposes, as described in
- 12 7-6-2527, under its exclusive jurisdiction unless prohibited by law."

13

14 **Section 3.** Section 7-1-4124, MCA, is amended to read:

15 **"7-1-4124. Powers.** A municipality with general powers has the power, subject to the provisions of

16 state law, to:

- 17 (1) enact ordinances and resolutions;
- 18 (2) except as provided in 7-5-103(2)(d)(iv) and 7-5-121(2)(c)(iv), sue and be sued;
- 19 (3) buy, sell, mortgage, rent, lease, hold, manage, or dispose of any interest in real or personal
- 20 property;
- 21 (4) contract with persons, corporations, or any other governmental entity;
- 22 (5) pay debts and expenses;
- 23 (6) borrow money;
- 24 (7) solicit and accept bequests, donations, or grants of money, property, services, or other
- 25 advantages and comply with any condition that is not contrary to the public interest;
- 26 (8) execute documents necessary to receive money, property, services, or other advantages from the
- 27 state government, the federal government, or any other source;
- 28 (9) make grants and loans of money, property, and services for public purposes;

- 1 (10) require the attendance of witnesses and production of documents relevant to matters being
 2 considered by the governing body;
- 3 (11) hire, direct, and discharge employees and appoint and remove members of boards;
- 4 (12) ratify any action of the municipality or its officers or employees that could have been approved in
 5 advance;
- 6 (13) have a corporate seal and flag;
- 7 (14) acquire by eminent domain, as provided in Title 70, chapter 30, any interest in property for a
 8 public use authorized by law;
- 9 (15) initiate a civil action to restrain or enjoin violation of an ordinance;
- 10 (16) enter private property, obtaining warrants when necessary, for the purpose of enforcing
 11 ordinances that affect the general welfare and public safety;
- 12 (17) conduct a census;
- 13 (18) conduct inventories of public property and preparatory studies;
- 14 (19) condemn and demolish hazardous structures;
- 15 (20) purchase insurance and establish self-insurance plans;
- 16 (21) impound animals and other private property creating a nuisance or obstructing a street or
 17 highway;
- 18 (22) establish quarantines;
- 19 (23) classify all violations of city ordinances as civil infractions, with civil penalties, as provided in 7-1-
 20 4150; and
- 21 (24) exercise powers not inconsistent with law necessary for effective administration of authorized
 22 services and functions."

23

24 **Section 4.** Section 7-5-103, MCA, is amended to read:

25 **"7-5-103. Ordinance requirements.** (1) All ordinances must be submitted in writing in the form
 26 prescribed by resolution of the governing body.

27 (2) An ordinance passed may not:

28 (a) contain more than one comprehensive subject, which must be clearly expressed in its title, except

1 ordinances for codification and revision of ordinances;

2 (b) compel a private business to deny a customer of the private business access to the premises or
3 access to goods or services;

4 (c) deny a customer of a private business the ability to access goods or services provided by the
5 private business; or

6 (d) include any of the following actions for noncompliance with a resolution or ordinance that includes
7 actions described in subsections (2)(b) and (2)(c):

8 (i) allow for the assessment of a fee or fine;

9 (ii) require the revocation of a license required for the operation of a private business;

10 (iii) find a private business owner guilty of a misdemeanor; or

11 (iv) bring any other retributive action against a private business owner, including but not limited to
12 criminal charges.

13 (3) THE PROHIBITION PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2)(C) DOES NOT APPLY TO PERSONS CONFIRMED TO HAVE A
14 COMMUNICABLE DISEASE AND WHO ARE CURRENTLY UNDER A PUBLIC QUARANTINE ORDER.

15 ~~(3)~~ (4) The prohibitions provided in subsections (2)(b) through (2)(d) do not apply to the adoption of
16 an ordinance allowed in 75-7-411.

17 ~~(3)~~ ~~(4)~~ (5) An ordinance must be read and adopted by a majority vote of members present at two
18 meetings of the governing body not less than 12 days apart. After the first adoption and reading, it must be
19 posted and copies must be made available to the public.

20 ~~(4)~~ ~~(5)~~ (6) After passage and approval, all ordinances must be signed by the presiding officer of the
21 governing body and filed with the official or employee designated by ordinance to keep the register of
22 ordinances.

23 (7) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, "PRIVATE BUSINESS" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL OR ENTITY THAT IS NOT
24 PRINCIPALLY A PART OF OR ASSOCIATED WITH A GOVERNMENT UNIT. THE TERM INCLUDES BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO A
25 NONPROFIT OR FOR-PROFIT ENTITY, A CORPORATION, A SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP, OR A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY."
26

27 **Section 5.** Section 7-5-121, MCA, is amended to read:

28 **"7-5-121. Resolution requirements.** (1) All resolutions ~~shall~~ must be submitted in the form

1 prescribed by resolution of the governing body.

2 (2) Resolutions may not:

3 (a) compel a private business to deny a customer of the private business access to the premises or
4 access to goods or services;

5 (b) deny a customer of a private business the ability to access goods or services provided by the
6 private business; or

7 (c) include any of the following actions for noncompliance with a resolution or ordinance that includes
8 actions described in subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b):

9 (i) allow for the assessment of a fee or fine;

10 (ii) require the revocation of a license required for the operation of a private business;

11 (iii) find a private business owner guilty of a misdemeanor; or

12 (iv) bring any other retributive action against a private business owner, including but not limited to
13 criminal charges.

14 (3) THE PROHIBITION PROVIDED FOR IN SUBSECTION (2)(B) DOES NOT APPLY TO PERSONS CONFIRMED TO
15 HAVE A COMMUNICABLE DISEASE AND WHO ARE CURRENTLY UNDER A PUBLIC QUARANTINE ORDER.

16 ~~(2)(3)~~ (4) Resolutions may be submitted and adopted at a single meeting of the governing body.

17 ~~(3)(4)~~ (5) After passage and approval, all resolutions ~~shall~~ must be entered into the minutes and
18 signed by the chairperson of the governing body.

19 (6) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, "PRIVATE BUSINESS" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL OR ENTITY THAT IS NOT
20 PRINCIPALLY A PART OF OR ASSOCIATED WITH A GOVERNMENT UNIT. THE TERM INCLUDES BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO A
21 NONPROFIT OR FOR-PROFIT ENTITY, A CORPORATION, A SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP, OR A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY."

22

23 **Section 6.** Section 7-5-4201, MCA, is amended to read:

24 **"7-5-4201. Municipal ordinances.** (1) The style of ordinances may be as follows: "Be it ordained by
25 the council of the city of.... (or town of....)", and all ordinances may be published or posted as prescribed by the
26 council.

27 (2) All ordinances, bylaws, and resolutions must be passed by the council and approved by the mayor
28 or the person acting in the mayor's stead and must be recorded in a book kept by the clerk, called "The

1 Ordinance Book", and numbered by numerical decimal system in the order in which they are passed or
2 codified.

3 (3) An ordinance may not:

4 (a) include a prohibited action provided in 7-5-103; or

5 (b) contain be passed containing more than one subject, which must be clearly expressed in its title,
6 except ordinances for the codification and revision of ordinances."

7

8 **Section 7.** Section 10-3-301, MCA, is amended to read:

9 **"10-3-301. State disaster and emergency plan.** (1) The state disaster and emergency plan and
10 program may provide for:

11 (a) prevention and minimization of injury and damage caused by disaster;

12 (b) prompt and efficient response to an incident, emergency, or disaster;

13 (c) emergency relief;

14 (d) identification of areas particularly vulnerable to disasters;

15 (e) recommendations for preventive and preparedness measures designed to eliminate or reduce
16 disasters or their impact;

17 (f) organization of personnel and chains of command;

18 (g) coordination of federal, state, and local disaster and emergency activities; and

19 (h) other necessary matters.

20 (2) The state disaster and emergency plan and program may not:

21 (a) compel a private business to deny a customer of the private business access to the premises or
22 access to goods or services; or

23 (b) deny a customer of a private business the ability to access goods or services provided by the
24 private business.

25 (3) THE PROHIBITION PROVIDED FOR IN SUBSECTION (2)(B) DOES NOT APPLY TO PERSONS CONFIRMED TO
26 HAVE A COMMUNICABLE DISEASE AND WHO ARE CURRENTLY UNDER A PUBLIC QUARANTINE ORDER.

27 ~~(2)(3)~~ (4) In preparing and maintaining the state disaster and emergency plan and program, the
28 division may seek the advice and assistance of local government, business, labor, industry, agriculture, civic

1 and volunteer organizations, and community leaders. In advising local and interjurisdictional agencies, the
2 division may encourage them to seek advice from these sources.

3 (5) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, "PRIVATE BUSINESS" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL OR ENTITY THAT IS NOT
4 PRINCIPALLY A PART OF OR ASSOCIATED WITH A GOVERNMENT UNIT. THE TERM INCLUDES BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO A
5 NONPROFIT OR FOR-PROFIT ENTITY, A CORPORATION, A SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP, OR A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY."
6

7 **Section 8.** Section 50-2-116, MCA, is amended to read:

8 **"50-2-116. Powers and duties of local boards of health.** (1) Except as provided in subsection (4),
9 ~~in~~ in order to carry out the purposes of the public health system, in collaboration with federal, state, and local
10 partners, each local board of health shall:

11 (a) appoint and fix the salary of a local health officer who is:

12 (i) a physician;

13 (ii) a person with a master's degree in public health; or

14 (iii) a person with equivalent education and experience, as determined by the department;

15 (b) elect a presiding officer and other necessary officers;

16 (c) employ qualified staff;

17 (d) adopt bylaws to govern meetings;

18 (e) hold regular meetings at least quarterly and hold special meetings as necessary;

19 (f) identify, assess, prevent, and ameliorate conditions of public health importance through:

20 (i) epidemiological tracking and investigation;

21 (ii) screening and testing;

22 (iii) isolation and quarantine measures;

23 (iv) diagnosis, treatment, and case management;

24 (v) abatement of public health nuisances;

25 (vi) inspections;

26 (vii) collecting and maintaining health information;

27 (viii) education and training of health professionals; or

28 (ix) other public health measures as allowed by law;

1 (g) protect the public from the introduction and spread of communicable disease or other conditions of
2 public health importance, including through actions to ensure the removal of filth or other contaminants that
3 might cause disease or adversely affect public health;

4 (h) supervise or make inspections for conditions of public health importance and issue written orders
5 for compliance or for correction, destruction, or removal of the conditions;

6 (i) bring and pursue actions and issue orders necessary to abate, restrain, or prosecute the violation
7 of public health laws, rules, and local regulations;

8 (j) identify to the department an administrative liaison for public health. The liaison must be the local
9 health officer in jurisdictions that employ a full-time local health officer. In jurisdictions that do not employ a full-
10 time local health officer, the liaison must be the highest ranking public health professional employed by the
11 jurisdiction.

12 (k) subject to the provisions of 50-2-130, adopt necessary regulations that are not less stringent than
13 state standards for the control and disposal of sewage from private and public buildings and facilities that are
14 not regulated by Title 75, chapter 6, or Title 76, chapter 4. The regulations must describe standards for granting
15 variances from the minimum requirements that are identical to standards promulgated by the board of
16 environmental review and must provide for appeal of variance decisions to the department as required by 75-5-
17 305. If the local board of health regulates or permits water well drilling, the regulations must prohibit the drilling
18 of a well if the well isolation zone, as defined in 76-4-102, encroaches onto adjacent private property without the
19 authorization of the private property owner.

20 (2) Local boards of health may:

21 (a) accept and spend funds received from a federal agency, the state, a school district, or other
22 persons or entities;

23 (b) adopt necessary fees to administer regulations for the control and disposal of sewage from private
24 and public buildings and facilities;

25 (c) adopt regulations that do not conflict with 50-50-126 or rules adopted by the department:

26 (i) for the control of communicable diseases;

27 (ii) for the removal of filth that might cause disease or adversely affect public health;

28 (iii) subject to the provisions of 50-2-130, for sanitation in public and private buildings and facilities that

1 affects public health and for the maintenance of sewage treatment systems that do not discharge effluent
 2 directly into state water and that are not required to have an operating permit as required by rules adopted
 3 under 75-5-401;

4 (iv) subject to the provisions of 50-2-130 and Title 50, chapter 48, for tattooing and body-piercing
 5 establishments and that are not less stringent than state standards for tattooing and body-piercing
 6 establishments;

7 (v) for the establishment of institutional controls that have been selected or approved by the:

8 (A) United States environmental protection agency as part of a remedy for a facility under the federal
 9 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq.; or

10 (B) department of environmental quality as part of a remedy for a facility under the Montana
 11 Comprehensive Environmental Cleanup and Responsibility Act, Title 75, chapter 10, part 7; and

12 (vi) to implement the public health laws; and

13 (d) promote cooperation and formal collaborative agreements between the local board of health and
 14 tribes, tribal organizations, and the Indian health service regarding public health planning, priority setting,
 15 information and data sharing, reporting, resource allocation, service delivery, jurisdiction, and other matters
 16 addressed in this title.

17 (3) A local board of health may provide, implement, facilitate, or encourage other public health
 18 services and functions as considered reasonable and necessary.

19 ~~(4) In the course of implementing the powers and duties provided in this section, a local health board~~

20 ~~A REGULATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A REGULATION ALLOWED IN SUBSECTION (2)(C)(I), (2)(C)(II), OR~~

21 ~~(2)(C)(VI), ADOPTED OR A DIRECTIVE OR ORDER IMPLEMENTED TO CARRY OUT THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PART THAT~~

22 ~~APPLIES TO THE ENTIRE JURISDICTIONAL AREA OF A TOWN, CITY, OR COUNTY UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE LOCAL~~

23 ~~HEALTH BOARD may not:~~

24 ~~(a) compel a private business to deny a customer of the private business access to the premises or~~
 25 ~~access to goods or services;~~

26 ~~(b) deny a customer of a private business the ability to access goods or services provided by the~~
 27 ~~private business; or~~

28 ~~(c) include any of the following actions for noncompliance of actions described in subsections (4)(a)~~

1 and (4)(b):

2 (i) require the assessment of a fee or fine;

3 (ii) require the revocation of a license required for the operation of a private business;

4 (iii) find a private business owner guilty of a misdemeanor; or

5 (iv) bring any other retributive action against a private business owner, including but not limited to an
6 action allowed under 50-2-123, a penalty allowed under 50-2-124, or any other criminal charge.

7 (5) THE PROHIBITION PROVIDED FOR IN SUBSECTION (4)(B) DOES NOT APPLY TO PERSONS CONFIRMED TO
8 HAVE A COMMUNICABLE DISEASE AND WHO ARE CURRENTLY UNDER A PUBLIC QUARANTINE ORDER.

9 (6) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, "PRIVATE BUSINESS" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL OR ENTITY THAT IS NOT
10 PRINCIPALLY A PART OF OR ASSOCIATED WITH A GOVERNMENT UNIT. THE TERM INCLUDES BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO A
11 NONPROFIT OR FOR-PROFIT ENTITY, A CORPORATION, A SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP, OR A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY."

12

13 **Section 9.** Section 50-2-118, MCA, is amended to read:

14 **"50-2-118. Powers and duties of local health officers.** (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), in
15 in order to carry out the purpose of the public health system, in collaboration with federal, state, and local
16 partners, local health officers or their authorized representatives shall:

17 (1)(a) make inspections for conditions of public health importance and issue written orders for
18 compliance or for correction, destruction, or removal of the condition;

19 (2)(b) take steps to limit contact between people in order to protect the public health from imminent
20 threats, including but not limited to ordering the closure of buildings or facilities where people congregate and
21 canceling events;

22 (3)(c) report communicable diseases to the department as required by rule;

23 (4)(d) establish and maintain quarantine and isolation measures as adopted by the local board of
24 health; and

25 (5)(e) pursue action with the appropriate court if this chapter or rules adopted by the local board or
26 department under this chapter are violated.

27 (2) In the course of implementing the powers and duties provided in this section, a local health
28 officer may not: ENFORCE A REGULATION, DIRECTIVE, OR ORDER OR ISSUE AN ORDER THAT IS IN VIOLATION OF 50-2-

1 116(4).

2 ~~(a) compel a private business to deny a customer of the private business access to the premises or~~
3 ~~access to goods or services;~~

4 ~~(b) deny a customer of a private business the ability to access goods or services provided by the~~
5 ~~private business; or~~

6 ~~(c) include any of the following actions for noncompliance of actions described in subsections (2)(a)~~
7 ~~and (2)(b):~~

8 ~~(i) require the assessment of a fee or fine;~~

9 ~~(ii) require the revocation of a license required for the operation of a private business;~~

10 ~~(iii) find a private business owner guilty of a misdemeanor; or~~

11 ~~(iv) bring any other retributive action against a private business owner, including but not limited to an~~
12 ~~action allowed under 50-2-123, a penalty allowed under 50-2-124, or any other criminal charge."~~

13

14 **Section 10.** Section 50-2-123, MCA, is amended to read:

15 **"50-2-123. Compliance order authorized.** (1) If a person refuses or neglects to comply with a written
16 order of a state or local health officer within a reasonable time specified in the order, the state or local health
17 officer may cause the order to be complied with and initiate an action to recover any expenses incurred from
18 the person who refused or neglected to comply with the order. The action to recover expenses shall must be
19 brought in the name of the city or county.

20 (2) An order of compliance or action allowed pursuant to subsection (1) may not be initiated for an
21 order that violates 50-2-116(4) or 50-2-118(2)."

22

23 **Section 11.** Section 50-2-124, MCA, is amended to read:

24 **"50-2-124. Penalties for violations.** (1) A person who does not comply with rules adopted by a local
25 board that are not in conflict with 50-2-116(4) or 50-2-118(2) is guilty of a misdemeanor. On conviction, the
26 person shall be fined not less than \$10 or more than \$200.

27 (2) Except as provided in 50-2-123 and subsection (1) of this section, a person who violates the
28 provisions of this chapter or rules adopted by the department under the provisions of this chapter is guilty of a

1 misdemeanor. On conviction, the person shall be fined not less than \$10 or more than \$500 or be imprisoned
2 for not more than 90 days, or both.

3 (3) Each day of violation constitutes a separate offense.

4 (4) Fines, except justice's court fines, must be paid to the county treasurer of the county in which the
5 violation occurs."

6
7 COORDINATION SECTION. SECTION 12. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. IF HOUSE BILL NO. 121 AND
8 [THIS ACT] ARE PASSED AND APPROVED AND IF BOTH CONTAIN A SECTION THAT AMENDS 50-2-116, THEN THE SECTIONS
9 AMENDING 50-2-116 ARE VOID AND 50-2-116 MUST BE AMENDED AS FOLLOWS:

10 **"50-2-116. Powers and duties of local boards of health.** (1) Except as provided in subsection (5),
11 ~~in~~ in order to carry out the purposes of the public health system, in collaboration with federal, state, and local
12 partners, each local board of health shall:

13 (a) ~~appoint and fix the salary~~ recommend to the governing body the appointment of a local health
14 officer who is:

15 (i) a physician;

16 (ii) a person with a master's degree in public health; or

17 (iii) a person with equivalent education and experience, as determined by the department;

18 (b) elect a presiding officer and other necessary officers;

19 ~~(c) employ qualified staff;~~

20 ~~(d)(c)~~ adopt bylaws to govern meetings;

21 ~~(e)(d)~~ hold regular meetings at least quarterly and hold special meetings as necessary;

22 ~~(f)(e)~~ identify, assess, prevent, and ameliorate conditions of public health importance through:

23 (i) epidemiological tracking and investigation;

24 (ii) screening and testing;

25 (iii) isolation and quarantine measures;

26 (iv) diagnosis, treatment, and case management;

27 (v) abatement of public health nuisances;

28 (vi) inspections;

- 1 (vii) collecting and maintaining health information;
- 2 (viii) education and training of health professionals; or
- 3 (ix) other public health measures as allowed by law;
- 4 ~~(g)~~(f) protect the public from the introduction and spread of communicable disease or other conditions
- 5 of public health importance, including through actions to ensure the removal of filth or other contaminants that
- 6 might cause disease or adversely affect public health;
- 7 ~~(h)~~(g) supervise or make inspections for conditions of public health importance and issue written
- 8 orders for compliance or for correction, destruction, or removal of the conditions;
- 9 ~~(i)~~(h) bring and pursue actions and issue orders necessary to abate, restrain, or prosecute the
- 10 violation of public health laws, rules, and local regulations;
- 11 ~~(j)~~(i) identify to the department an administrative liaison for public health. The liaison must be the local
- 12 health officer in jurisdictions that employ a full-time local health officer. In jurisdictions that do not employ a full-
- 13 time local health officer, the liaison must be the highest ranking public health professional employed by the
- 14 jurisdiction.
- 15 ~~(k)~~(j) subject to the provisions of 50-2-130, ~~adopt~~propose for adoption by the local governing body
- 16 necessary regulations that are not less stringent than state standards for the control and disposal of sewage
- 17 from private and public buildings and facilities that are not regulated by Title 75, chapter 6, or Title 76, chapter
- 18 4. The regulations must describe standards for granting variances from the minimum requirements that are
- 19 identical to standards promulgated by the board of environmental review and must provide for appeal of
- 20 variance decisions to the department as required by 75-5-305. If the local board of health regulates or permits
- 21 water well drilling, the regulations must prohibit the drilling of a well if the well isolation zone, as defined in 76-4-
- 22 102, encroaches onto adjacent private property without the authorization of the private property owner.
- 23 (2) Local boards of health may:
- 24 (a) accept and spend funds received from a federal agency, the state, a school district, or other
- 25 persons or entities;
- 26 (b) ~~adopt~~propose for adoption by the local governing body necessary fees to administer regulations
- 27 for the control and disposal of sewage from private and public buildings and facilities;
- 28 (c) ~~adopt~~propose for adoption by the local governing body regulations that do not conflict with 50-50-

1 126 or rules adopted by the department:

2 (i) for the control of communicable diseases;

3 (ii) for the removal of filth that might cause disease or adversely affect public health;

4 (iii) subject to the provisions of 50-2-130, for sanitation in public and private buildings and facilities that
5 affects public health and for the maintenance of sewage treatment systems that do not discharge effluent
6 directly into state water and that are not required to have an operating permit as required by rules adopted
7 under 75-5-401;

8 (iv) subject to the provisions of 50-2-130 and Title 50, chapter 48, for tattooing and body-piercing
9 establishments and that are not less stringent than state standards for tattooing and body-piercing
10 establishments;

11 (v) for the establishment of institutional controls that have been selected or approved by the:

12 (A) United States environmental protection agency as part of a remedy for a facility under the federal
13 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq.; or

14 (B) department of environmental quality as part of a remedy for a facility under the Montana
15 Comprehensive Environmental Cleanup and Responsibility Act, Title 75, chapter 10, part 7; and

16 (vi) to implement the public health laws;

17 (d) Adopt rules necessary to implement and enforce regulations adopted by the local governing body;

18 and

19 ~~(d)~~(e) promote cooperation and formal collaborative agreements between the local board of health
20 and tribes, tribal organizations, and the Indian health service regarding public health planning, priority setting,
21 information and data sharing, reporting, resource allocation, service delivery, jurisdiction, and other matters
22 addressed in this title.

23 (3) A local board of health may provide, implement, facilitate, or encourage other public health
24 services and functions as considered reasonable and necessary.

25 (4) A directive, mandate, or order issued by a local board of health in response to a declaration of
26 emergency and/or or disaster by the governor as allowed in 10-3-302 and 10-3-303 or by the principal
27 executive officer of a political subdivision as allowed in 10-3-402 and 10-3-403:

28 (a) remains in effect only during the declared state of emergency or disaster or until the governing

1 body holds a public meeting and allows public comment and the majority of the governing body moves to
 2 amend, rescind, or otherwise change the directive, mandate, or order; and

3 (b) may not interfere with or otherwise limit, modify, or abridge a person's physical attendance at or
 4 operation of a religious facility, church, synagogue, or other place of worship.

5 (5) A regulation, including but not limited to a regulation allowed in subsection (2)(c)(i), (2)(c)(ii), or
 6 (2)(c)(vi), adopted or a directive, mandate, or order implemented to carry out the provisions of this part that
 7 applies to the entire jurisdictional area of a town, city, or county under the jurisdiction of the local health board
 8 may not:

9 (a) compel a private business to deny a customer of the private business access to the premises or
 10 access to goods or services;

11 (b) deny a customer of a private business the ability to access goods or services provided by the
 12 private business; or

13 (c) include any of the following actions for noncompliance of actions described in subsections (4)(a)
 14 and (4)(b):

15 (i) require the assessment of a fee or fine;

16 (ii) require the revocation of a license required for the operation of a private business;

17 (iii) find a private business owner guilty of a misdemeanor; or

18 (iv) bring any other retributive action against a private business owner, including but not limited to an
 19 action allowed under 50-2-123, a penalty allowed under 50-2-124, or any other criminal charge.

20 (6) The prohibition provided for in subsection (5)(b) does not apply to persons confirmed to have a
 21 communicable disease and who are currently under a public isolation order.

22 (7) As used in this section, "private business" means an individual or entity that is not principally a part
 23 of or associated with a government unit. The term includes but is not limited to a nonprofit or for-profit entity, a
 24 corporation, a sole proprietorship, or a limited liability company."

25
 26 COORDINATION SECTION. SECTION 13. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. IF HOUSE BILL NO. 121 AND
 27 [THIS ACT] ARE PASSED AND APPROVED AND IF BOTH CONTAIN A SECTION THAT AMENDS 50-2-118, THEN THE SECTIONS
 28 AMENDING 50-2-118 ARE VOID AND 50-2-118 MUST BE AMENDED AS FOLLOWS:

1 **"50-2-118. Powers and duties of local health officers.** (1) Except as provided in subsection (3), in
 2 in order to carry out the purpose of the public health system, in collaboration with federal, state, and local
 3 partners, local health officers or their authorized representatives shall:

4 ~~(4)~~(a) make inspections for conditions of public health importance and issue written orders for
 5 compliance or for correction, destruction, or removal of the condition;

6 ~~(2)~~(b) take steps to limit contact between people in order to protect the public health from imminent
 7 threats, including but not limited to ordering the closure of buildings or facilities where people congregate and
 8 canceling events;

9 ~~(3)~~(c) report communicable diseases to the department as required by rule;

10 ~~(4)~~(d) establish and maintain quarantine and isolation measures as adopted by the local board of
 11 health; and

12 ~~(5)~~(e) pursue action with the appropriate court if this chapter or rules adopted by the local board or
 13 department under this chapter are violated.

14 (2) A directive, mandate, or order issued by a local health officer in response to a declaration of
 15 emergency and/or or disaster by the governor as allowed in 10-3-302 and 10-3-303 or by the principal
 16 executive officer of a political subdivision as allowed in 10-3-402 and 10-3-403:

17 (a) remains in effect only during the declared state of emergency or disaster or until the governing
 18 body holds a public meeting and allows public comment and the majority of the governing body moves to
 19 amend, rescind, or otherwise change the directive, mandate, or order; and

20 (b) may not interfere with or otherwise limit, modify, or abridge a person's physical attendance at or
 21 operation of a religious facility, church, synagogue, or other place of worship.

22 (3) A local health officer may not enforce a regulation, directive, mandate, or order or issue an order
 23 that is in violation of 50-2-116(5)."

24
 25 COORDINATION SECTION. SECTION 14. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. IF HOUSE BILL NO. 121 AND
 26 [THIS ACT] ARE PASSED AND APPROVED AND IF BOTH CONTAIN A SECTION THAT AMENDS 50-2-124, THEN THE SECTIONS
 27 AMENDING 50-2-124 ARE VOID AND 50-2-124 MUST BE AMENDED AS FOLLOWS:

28 **"50-2-124. Penalties for violations.** (1)(a) A person who does not comply with rules adopted by a

1 local board that are not in conflict with 50-2-116(5) or 50-2-118(3) is ~~guilty of a misdemeanor. On conviction, the~~
 2 ~~person shall be fined~~ subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10 or more than \$200.

3 (b) A business entity that does not comply with rules adopted by a local board is subject to a civil
 4 penalty of not more than \$250.

5 (2) Except as provided in 50-2-123 and subsection (1) of this section, a person who violates the
 6 provisions of this chapter or rules adopted by the department under the provisions of this chapter is guilty of a
 7 misdemeanor. On conviction, the person shall be fined not less than \$10 or more than \$500 or be imprisoned
 8 for not more than 90 days, or both.

9 (3) Each day of violation constitutes a separate offense.

10 (4) The local board or the county attorney of the county in which a violation described in subsection
 11 (1) occurred may petition a court of limited jurisdiction to impose the civil penalties allowed in subsection (1).
 12 Venue for an action to collect a civil penalty pursuant to subsection (1) is in the county in which the violation
 13 occurred or in a court of limited jurisdiction.

14 ~~(4)(5)~~ Fines, except justice's court fines, must be paid to the county treasurer of the county in which
 15 the violation occurs.

16 (6) (a) As used in this section, "business entity" means a corporation, association, partnership, limited
 17 liability partnership, limited liability company, sole proprietorship, or other legal entity recognized under state
 18 law.

19 (b) The term does not include an individual."
 20

21 COORDINATION SECTION. SECTION 15. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. IF HOUSE BILL NO. 121 AND
 22 [THIS ACT] ARE PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN THE SECTION AMENDING 50-2-123 IN [THIS ACT] IS VOID AND 50-2-123
 23 MUST BE AMENDED AS FOLLOWS:

24 **"50-2-123. Compliance order authorized.** (1) If a person refuses or neglects to comply with a written
 25 order of a state or local health officer within a reasonable time specified in the order, the state or local health
 26 officer may cause the order to be complied with and initiate an action to recover any expenses incurred from
 27 the person who refused or neglected to comply with the order. The action to recover expenses shall be brought
 28 in the name of the city or county.

1 (2) An order of compliance or action allowed pursuant to subsection (1) may not be initiated for an
2 order that violates 50-2-116(5) or 50-2-118(3)."

3

4 NEW SECTION. Section 16. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

5

6 NEW SECTION. SECTION 17. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. [THIS ACT] APPLIES RETROACTIVELY, WITHIN
7 THE MEANING OF 1-2-109, TO ORDINANCES, RESOLUTIONS, ORDERS, REGULATIONS, MANDATES, DIRECTIVES,
8 PROGRAMS, AND PLANS ENACTED OR ADOPTED ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2020.

9

- END -