1	SENATE BILL NO. 174
2	INTRODUCED BY G. HERTZ, M. BLASDEL, S. FITZPATRICK, T. GAUTHIER, S. BERGLEE, W. GALT, C.
3	KNUDSEN, K. ZOLNIKOV
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING LAWS RELATED TO THE REVIEW AND APPROVAL
6	OF A SUBDIVISION; PROVIDING ADDITIONAL <u>CLARIFICATION OF THE</u> CONDITIONS FOR SUBDIVISION
7	REGULATIONS APPROVAL; PROVIDING THAT THE CONDITIONS OF A CONDITIONALLY APPROVED
8	SUBDIVISION MUST BE CLEARLY DEFINED; AMENDING SECTIONS 76-3-501, 76-3-504, 76-3-604, AND
9	76-3-608, <u>AND 76-3-620, </u> MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN
10	APPLICABILITY PROVISION."
11	
12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
13	
14	Section 1. Section 76-3-501, MCA, is amended to read:
15	"76-3-501. Local subdivision regulations. (1) The governing body of every county, city, and town
16	shall adopt and provide for the enforcement and administration of subdivision regulations reasonably providing
17	for:
18	(1)(a) the orderly development of their jurisdictional areas;
19	(2)(b) the coordination of roads within subdivided land with other roads, both existing and planned;
20	(3)(c) the dedication of land for roadways and for public utility easements;
21	(4)(d) the improvement of roads;
22	(5)(e) the provision of adequate open spaces for travel, light, air, and recreation;
23	(6)(f) the provision of adequate transportation, water, and drainage;
24	(7)(g) subject to the provisions of 76-3-511, the regulation of sanitary facilities;
25	(8)(h) the avoidance or minimization of congestion; and
26	(9)(i) the avoidance of subdivisions that would involve unnecessary environmental degradation and
27	danger of injury to health, safety, or welfare by reason of natural hazard, including but not limited to fire and
28	wildland fire, or the lack of water, drainage, access, transportation, or other public services or that would



1 necessitate an excessive expenditure of public funds for the supply of the services.

- 2 (2) Conditions required for the approval of a subdivision must:
- 3 (a) be limited to a defined purpose or objective;
- 4 (b) identify a specific, documentable, and clearly defined purpose or objective related to the PRIMARY
- 5 criteria set forth in 7 6 3 -608(3) (a) THAT FORMS THE BASIS FOR THE CONDITION ;
- 6 (c) be narrowly tailored to achieve each defined purpose or objective; and
- 7 (d) use the least restrictive means to achieve the purpose or objective.
- 8 (3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), additional restrictions governing a subdivision
- 9 <u>must be set forth in the governing documents of the subdivision, which may include:</u>
- 10 <u>(a) homeowners' association formation documents;</u>
- 11 (b) covenants, conditions, and restrictions;
- 12 (c) architectural or design guidelines; and
- 13 (d) other homeowners' association rules.
- 14 (4) (3) Unless otherwise provided by law, the governing body and administrative personnel of a
- 15 <u>county, city, or town may not have review or approval authority of the governing documents OF THE SUBDIVISION,</u>
- 16 <u>or OF</u> amendments TO THE GOVERNING DOCUMENTS, unless the governing documents directly and materially
- 17 impact a condition of subdivision approval.
- 18 (4)(2) ANYTHING ANY ACTION THAT IS NOT SPECIFICALLY PROHIBITED IN THE CONDITIONS OF SUBDIVISION
- 19 APPROVAL IS SPECIFICALLY ALLOWED OR IS OTHERWISE SUBJECT TO ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS THAT MAY BE
- 20 PROVIDED IN THE GOVERNING DOCUMENTS OF THE SUBDIVISION AND APPLICABLE ZONING REGULATIONS.
- 21 (3) IF A LOCAL GOVERNMENT HAS HISTORICALLY INTERPRETED AND ENFORCED OR CHOSEN NOT TO ENFORCE
- 22 <u>A CONDITION OF SUBDIVISION APPROVAL TO THE BENEFIT OF A PARCEL OWNER, THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT MAY NOT</u>
- 23 UNDERTAKE A DIFFERENT INTERPRETATION OR ENFORCEMENT ACTION AGAINST A SIMILARLY SITUATED PARCEL OWNER
- 24 IN THE SAME SUBDIVISION."
- 25
- 26 Section 2. Section 76-3-504, MCA, is amended to read:
- 27 "76-3-504. Subdivision regulations -- contents. (1) The subdivision regulations adopted under this
 28 chapter must comply with the requirements provided for in 76-3-501 and, at a minimum:



1	(a)	list the materials that must be included in a subdivision application in order for the application to be
2	determined	to contain the required elements for the purposes of the review required in 76-3-604(1);
3	(b)	except as provided in 76-3-509, 76-3-609, or 76-3-616, require the subdivider to submit to the
4	governing b	ody an environmental assessment as prescribed in 76-3-603;
5	(C)	establish procedures consistent with this chapter for the submission and review of subdivision
6	applications	and amended applications;
7	(d)	prescribe the form and contents of preliminary plats and the documents to accompany final plats;
8	(e)	provide for the identification of areas that, because of natural or human-caused hazards, are
9	unsuitable f	or subdivision development. The regulations must prohibit subdivisions in these areas unless the
10	hazards car	be eliminated or overcome by approved construction techniques or other mitigation measures
11	authorized u	under 76-3-608(4) and (5). Approved construction techniques or other mitigation measures may not
12	include build	ding regulations as defined in 50-60-101 other than those identified by the department of labor and
13	industry as	provided in 50-60-901.
14	(f)	prohibit subdivisions for building purposes in areas located within the floodway of a flood of 100-
15	year freque	ncy, as defined by Title 76, chapter 5, or determined to be subject to flooding by the governing body;
16	(g)	prescribe standards for:
17	(i)	the design and arrangement of lots, streets, and roads;
18	(ii)	grading and drainage;
19	(iii)	subject to the provisions of 76-3-511, water supply and sewage and solid waste disposal that meet
20	the:	
21	(A)	regulations adopted by the department of environmental quality under 76-4-104 for subdivisions
22	that will crea	ate one or more parcels containing less than 20 acres; and
23	(B)	standards provided in 76-3-604 and 76-3-622 for subdivisions that will create one or more parcels
24	containing 2	20 acres or more and less than 160 acres; and
25	(iv)	the location and installation of public utilities;
26	(h)	provide procedures for the administration of the park and open-space requirements of this
27	chapter;	
28	(i)	provide for the review of subdivision applications by affected public utilities and those agencies of



Legislative Services

1 local, state, and federal government identified during the preapplication consultation conducted pursuant to 2 subsection (1)(q) or those having a substantial interest in a proposed subdivision. A public utility or agency 3 review may not delay the governing body's action on the application beyond the time limits specified in this 4 chapter, and the failure of any agency to complete a review of an application may not be a basis for rejection of 5 the application by the governing body. 6 (j) when a subdivision creates parcels with lot sizes averaging less than 5 acres, require the 7 subdivider to: 8 (i) reserve all or a portion of the appropriation water rights owned by the owner of the land to be 9 subdivided and transfer the water rights to a single entity for use by landowners within the subdivision who have a legal right to the water and reserve and sever any remaining surface water rights from the land; 10 11 (ii) if the land to be subdivided is subject to a contract or interest in a public or private entity formed to 12 provide the use of a water right on the subdivision lots, establish a landowner's water use agreement 13 administered through a single entity that specifies administration and the rights and responsibilities of 14 landowners within the subdivision who have a legal right and access to the water; or 15 (iii) reserve and sever all surface water rights from the land; 16 (k) (i) except as provided in subsection (1)(k)(ii), require the subdivider to establish ditch easements 17 in the subdivision that: 18 (A) are in locations of appropriate topographic characteristics and sufficient width to allow the physical 19 placement and unobstructed maintenance of open ditches or belowground pipelines for the delivery of water for 20 irrigation to persons and lands legally entitled to the water under an appropriated water right or permit of an 21 irrigation district or other private or public entity formed to provide for the use of the water right on the 22 subdivision lots; 23 (B) are a sufficient distance from the centerline of the ditch to allow for construction, repair, 24 maintenance, and inspection of the ditch; and 25 (C) prohibit the placement of structures or the planting of vegetation other than grass within the ditch 26 easement without the written permission of the ditch owner. 27 (ii) Establishment of easements pursuant to this subsection (1)(k) is not required if: (A) the average lot size is 1 acre or less and the subdivider provides for disclosure, in a manner 28

- 4 -

Authorized Print Version - SB 174

acceptable to the governing body, that adequately notifies potential buyers of lots that are classified as irrigated
 land and may continue to be assessed for irrigation water delivery even though the water may not be
 deliverable; or

(B) the water rights are removed or the process has been initiated to remove the water rights from the
subdivided land through an appropriate legal or administrative process and if the removal or intended removal
is denoted on the preliminary plat. If removal of water rights is not complete upon filing of the final plat, the
subdivider shall provide written notification to prospective buyers of the intent to remove the water right and
shall document that intent, when applicable, in agreements and legal documents for related sales transactions.
(I) require the subdivider, unless otherwise provided for under separate written agreement or filed

easement, to file and record ditch easements for unobstructed use and maintenance of existing water delivery
ditches, pipelines, and facilities in the subdivision that are necessary to convey water through the subdivision to
lands adjacent to or beyond the subdivision boundaries in quantities and in a manner that are consistent with
historic and legal rights;

(m) require the subdivider to describe, dimension, and show public utility easements in the
subdivision on the final plat in their true and correct location. The public utility easements must be of sufficient
width to allow the physical placement and unobstructed maintenance of public utility facilities for the provision of
public utility services within the subdivision.

(n) establish whether the governing body, its authorized agent or agency, or both will hold public
hearings;

(o) establish procedures describing how the governing body or its agent or agency will address
 information presented at the hearing or hearings held pursuant to 76-3-605 and 76-3-615;

(p) establish criteria that the governing body or reviewing authority will use to determine whether a
 proposed method of disposition using the exemptions provided in 76-3-201 or 76-3-207 is an attempt to evade
 the requirements of this chapter. The regulations must provide for an appeals process to the governing body if
 the reviewing authority is not the governing body.

26 (q) establish a preapplication process that:

(i) requires a subdivider to meet with the authorized agent or agency, other than the governing body,
that is designated by the governing body to review subdivision applications prior to the subdivider submitting



SB 174.3

1 the application;

2 (ii) requires, for informational purposes only, identification of the state laws, local regulations, and 3 growth policy provisions, if a growth policy has been adopted, that may apply to the subdivision review process: 4 (iii) requires a list to be made available to the subdivider of the public utilities, those agencies of local, 5 state, and federal government, and any other entities that may be contacted for comment on the subdivision 6 application and the timeframes that the public utilities, agencies, and other entities are given to respond. If, 7 during the review of the application, the agent or agency designated by the governing body contacts a public 8 utility, agency, or other entity that was not included on the list originally made available to the subdivider, the 9 agent or agency shall notify the subdivider of the contact and the timeframe for response. 10 (iv) requires that a preapplication meeting take place no more than 30 days from the date that the 11 authorized agent or agency receives a written request for a preapplication meeting from the subdivider; and 12 (v) establishes a time limit after a preapplication meeting by which an application must be submitted; 13 (r) require that the written decision required by 76-3-620 must be provided to the applicant within 30 14 working days following a decision by the governing body to approve, conditionally approve, or deny a 15 subdivision; 16 (s) establish criteria for reviewing an area, regardless of its size, that provides or will provide multiple 17 spaces for recreational camping vehicles or mobile homes. 18 (2) In order to accomplish the purposes described in 76-3-501, the subdivision regulations adopted 19 under 76-3-509 and this section may include provisions that are consistent with this section that promote cluster 20 development." 21 22 SECTION 3. SECTION 76-3-604, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ: 23 "76-3-604. Review of subdivision application -- review for required elements and sufficiency of 24 information. (1) (a) A subdivision application is considered to be received on the date of delivery to the 25 reviewing agent or agency and when accompanied by the review fee submitted as provided in 76-3-602. 26 (b) Within 5 working days of receipt of a subdivision application, the reviewing agent or agency shall

- determine whether the application contains all of the listed materials as required by 76-3-504(1)(a) and shall
- 28 notify the subdivider or, with the subdivider's written permission, the subdivider's agent of the reviewing agent's



or agency's determination. If the reviewing agent or agency determines that elements are missing from the
 application, the reviewing agent or agency shall identify those elements in the notification.

(2) (a) Within 15 working days after the reviewing agent or agency notifies the subdivider or the
subdivider's agent that the application contains all of the required elements as provided in subsection (1), the
reviewing agent or agency shall determine whether the application and required elements contain detailed,
supporting information that is sufficient to allow for the review of the proposed subdivision under the provisions
of this chapter and the local regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter and shall notify the subdivider or, with
the subdivider's written permission, the subdivider's agent of the reviewing agent's or agency's determination.

9 (b) If the reviewing agent or agency determines that information in the application is not sufficient to 10 allow for review of the proposed subdivision, the reviewing agent or agency shall identify the insufficient 11 information in its notification.

(c) A determination that an application contains sufficient information for review as provided in this
 subsection (2) does not ensure that the proposed subdivision will be approved or conditionally approved by the
 governing body and does not limit the ability of the reviewing agent or agency or the governing body to request
 additional information during the review process.

- 16 (3) The time limits provided in subsections (1) and (2) apply to each submittal of the application until:
- 17 (a) a determination is made that the application contains the required elements and sufficient
- 18 information; and
- 19

(b) the subdivider or the subdivider's agent is notified.

(4) After the reviewing agent or agency has notified the subdivider or the subdivider's agent that an
application contains sufficient information as provided in subsection (2), the governing body shall approve,
conditionally approve, or deny the proposed subdivision within 60 working days or 80 working days if the
proposed subdivision contains 50 or more lots, based on its determination of whether the application conforms
to the provisions of this chapter and to the local regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter, unless:

(a) the subdivider and the reviewing agent or agency agree to an extension or suspension of the
 review period, not to exceed 1 year; or

27

(b) a subsequent public hearing is scheduled and held as provided in 76-3-615.

28

(5) (a) If the governing body fails to comply with the time limits under subsection (4), the governing



1 body shall pay to the subdivider a financial penalty of \$50 per lot per month or a pro rata portion of a month, not 2 to exceed the total amount of the subdivision review fee collected by the governing body for the subdivision 3 application, until the governing body denies, approves, or conditionally approves the subdivision. 4 (b) The provisions of subsection (5)(a) do not apply if the review period is extended or suspended 5 pursuant to subsection (4). 6 (6) If the governing body denies or conditionally approves the proposed subdivision, it shall send the 7 subdivider a letter, with the appropriate signature, that complies with the provisions of 76-3-620. 8 (7) (a) The governing body shall collect public comment submitted at a hearing or hearings regarding 9 the information presented pursuant to 76-3-622 and shall make any comments submitted or a summary of the 10 comments submitted available to the subdivider within 30 days after conditional approval or approval of the 11 subdivision application and preliminary plat. 12 (b) The subdivider shall, as part of the subdivider's application for sanitation approval, forward the 13 comments or the summary provided by the governing body to the: 14 (i) reviewing authority provided for in Title 76, chapter 4, for subdivisions that will create one or more 15 parcels containing less than 20 acres; and 16 (ii) local health department or board of health for proposed subdivisions that will create one or more 17 parcels containing 20 acres or more and less than 160 acres. 18 (8) (a) For a proposed subdivision that will create one or more parcels containing less than 20 acres, 19 the governing body may require approval by the department of environmental guality as a condition of approval 20 of the final plat. 21 (b) For a proposed subdivision that will create one or more parcels containing 20 acres or more, the 22 governing body may condition approval of the final plat upon the subdivider demonstrating, pursuant to 76-3-23 622, that there is an adequate water source and at least one area for a septic system and a replacement 24 drainfield for each lot. 25 (9) (a) Review and approval, conditional approval, or denial of a proposed subdivision under this 26 chapter may occur only under those regulations in effect at the time a subdivision application is determined to 27 contain sufficient information for review as provided in subsection (2).

28

(b) If regulations change during the review periods provided in subsections (1) and (2), the



1	determination of whether the application contains the required elements and sufficient information must be
2	based on the new regulations.
3	(10) Unless otherwise provided by law, the governing body may review but does not have approval
4	authority of the governing documents of the subdivision or amendments to the governing documents unless the
5	governing documents directly and materially impact a condition of subdivision approval."
6	
7	Section 4. Section 76-3-608, MCA, is amended to read:
8	"76-3-608. Criteria for local government review. (1) The basis for the governing body's decision to
9	approve, conditionally approve, or deny a proposed subdivision is whether the subdivision application,
10	preliminary plat, applicable environmental assessment, public hearing, planning board recommendations, or
11	additional information demonstrates that development of the proposed subdivision meets the requirements of
12	this chapter. A governing body may not deny approval of a proposed subdivision based solely on the
13	subdivision's impacts on educational services or based solely on parcels within the subdivision having been
14	designated as wildland-urban interface parcels under 76-13-145.
15	(2) The governing body shall issue written findings of fact that weigh the criteria in subsection (3), as
16	applicable.
17	(3) A subdivision proposal must undergo review for the following primary criteria:
18	(a) except when the governing body has established an exemption pursuant to subsection (6) of this
19	section or except as provided in 76-3-509, 76-3-609(2) or (4), or 76-3-616, the specific, documentable, and
20	clearly defined impact on agriculture, agricultural water user facilities active agricultural production
21	AGRICULTURE, AGRICULTURAL WATER USER FACILITIES, local services, the natural environment, wildlife, wildlife
22	habitat, and public health and safety;
23	(b) compliance with:
24	(i) the survey requirements provided for in part 4 of this chapter;
25	(ii) the local subdivision regulations provided for in part 5 of this chapter; and
26	(iii) the local subdivision review procedure provided for in this part;
27	(c) the provision of easements within and to the proposed subdivision for the location and installation
28	of any planned utilities; and



- 1 (d) the provision of legal and physical access to each parcel within the proposed subdivision and the 2 required notation of that access on the applicable plat and any instrument of transfer concerning the parcel. 3 (4) The governing body may require the subdivider to design the proposed subdivision to reasonably 4 minimize potentially significant adverse impacts identified through the review required under subsection (3). 5 Pursuant to 76-3-501 76-3-620, The the governing body shall issue written findings to justify the reasonable 6 mitigation required under this subsection (4). 7 (5) (a) In reviewing a proposed subdivision under subsection (3) and when requiring mitigation under 8 subsection (4), a governing body may not unreasonably restrict a landowner's ability to develop land, but it is 9 recognized that in some instances the unmitigated impacts of a proposed development may be unacceptable 10 DEEMED UMMITIGABLE and will preclude approval of the subdivision. 11 (b) When requiring mitigation under subsection (4) and consistent with 76-3-501 76-3-620, a 12 governing body shall consult with the subdivider and shall give due weight and consideration to the expressed 13 preference of the subdivider. 14 (6) A governing body may conditionally approve or deny a proposed subdivision as a result of the 15 water and sanitation information provided pursuant to 76-3-622 or public comment received pursuant to 76-3-16 604 on the information provided pursuant to 76-3-622 only if the conditional approval or denial is based on 17 existing subdivision, zoning, or other regulations that the governing body has the authority to enforce. 18 (7) A governing body may not require as a condition of subdivision approval that a property owner 19 waive a right to protest the creation of a special improvement district or a rural improvement district for capital 20 improvement projects that does not identify the specific capital improvements for which protest is being waived. 21 A waiver of a right to protest may not be valid for a time period longer than 20 years after the date that the final 22 subdivision plat is filed with the county clerk and recorder. 23 (8) A governing body may not approve a proposed subdivision if any of the features and 24 improvements of the subdivision encroach onto adjoining private property in a manner that is not otherwise 25 provided for under chapter 4 or this chapter or if the well isolation zone of any proposed well to be drilled for the 26 proposed subdivision encroaches onto adjoining private property unless the owner of the private property authorizes the encroachment. For the purposes of this section, "well isolation zone" has the meaning provided 27
 - 28 in 76-4-102.



1 (9) If a federal or state governmental entity submits a written or oral comment or an opinion regarding 2 wildlife, wildlife habitat, or the natural environment relating to a subdivision application for the purpose of 3 assisting a governing body's review, the comment or opinion may be included in the governing body's written 4 statement under 76-3-620 only if the comment or opinion provides scientific information or a published study 5 that supports the comment or opinion. A governmental entity that is or has been involved in an effort to acquire 6 or assist others in acquiring an interest in the real property identified in the subdivision application shall disclose 7 that the entity has been involved in that effort prior to submitting a comment, an opinion, or information as 8 provided in this subsection.

9 (10) Findings of fact by the governing body concerning whether the development of the proposed
10 subdivision meets the requirements of this chapter must be based on the record as a whole. The governing
11 body's findings of fact must be sustained unless they are arbitrary, capricious, or unlawful."

- 12
- 13

SECTION 5. SECTION 76-3-620, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

"76-3-620. Review requirements -- written statement. (1) In addition to the requirements of 76-3604 and 76-3-609, following any decision by the governing body to deny or conditionally approve a proposed
subdivision, the governing body shall, in accordance with the time limit established in 76-3-504(1)(r), prepare a
written statement that:

18 (a) must be provided to the applicant;

19 (b) that-must be made available to the public, and that:

20 (1)(c) includes information regarding the appeal process for the denial or imposition of conditions;

21 (2)(d) identifies the regulations and statutes that are used in reaching the decision to deny or impose

22 conditions and explains how they apply to the <u>basis of the</u> decision to deny or impose conditions;

23 (3)(e) provides the facts and conclusions that the governing body relied upon in making its the

24 decision to deny or impose conditions and references documents, testimony, or other materials that form the

25 basis of the decision; and

26 (4)(f) provides identifies the conditions that apply to the preliminary plat approval and that must be

27 satisfied before the final plat may be approved.

28 (2) If the governing body conditionally approves the proposed subdivision, each condition required for



1	subdivision approval must identify a specific, documentable, and clearly defined purpose or objective related to
2	the primary criteria set forth in 76-3-608(3) that forms the basis for the condition."
3	
4	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.
5	
6	NEW SECTION. Section 5. Applicability. [This act] applies to all currently approved subdivisions
7	and future subdivision applications. If any existing conditions of subdivision approval are in conflict with [this
8	act], the homeowners'association or developer may petition the appropriate local governmental entity for
9	modifications to the conditions to reflect the changes set forth in [this act].
10	- END -

