SENATE BILL NO. 169


BY REQUEST OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: “AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING VOTER IDENTIFICATION LAWS; REVISING CERTAIN IDENTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR VOTER REGISTRATION, VOTING, AND PROVISIONAL VOTING; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 13-2-110, 13-13-114, AND 13-13-602, MCA.”

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 13-2-110, MCA, is amended to read:

“13-2-110. Application for voter registration -- sufficiency and verification of information -- identifiers assigned for voting purposes. (1) An individual may apply for voter registration in person or by mail, postage paid, by completing and signing the standard application form for voter registration provided for in 13-1-210 and providing the application to the election administrator in the county in which the elector resides.

(2) Each application for voter registration must be accepted and processed as provided in rules adopted under 13-2-109.
(3) Except as provided in subsection (4):

(a) an applicant for voter registration shall provide the applicant's:

(1) valid Montana driver's license number or state identification card; or
(2) valid military identification card;
(3) valid tribal photo identification card; or
(b) if the applicant does not have a Montana driver's license, the applicant shall provide the last four digits of the applicant's social security number.

(4) (a) If an applicant does not have a Montana driver's license or social security number identification or information in accordance with subsection (3), the applicant shall provide as an alternative form of identification:

(i) a current and valid photo identification, including but not limited to a school district or postsecondary education photo identification or a tribal photo identification, with the individual's name; or
(ii) a current utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check, or other government document that shows the individual's name and current address.

(b) The alternative form of identification must be:

(i) an original version presented to the election administrator if the applicant is applying in person; or
(ii) a copy of any of the required documents, which must be enclosed with the application, if the applicant is applying by mail.

(5) (a) If information provided on an application for voter registration is sufficient to be accepted and processed and is verified pursuant to rules adopted under 13-2-109, the election administrator shall register the elector as a legally registered elector.

(b) If information provided on an application for voter registration was sufficient to be accepted but the applicant failed to provide the information required in subsection (3) or (4) or if the information provided was incorrect or insufficient to verify the individual's identity or eligibility to vote, the election administrator shall register the applicant as a provisionally registered elector.

(6) Each applicant for voter registration must be notified of the elector's registration status pursuant to rules adopted under 13-2-109.

(7) The secretary of state shall assign to each elector whose application was accepted a unique
identification number for voting purposes and shall establish a statewide uniform method to allow the secretary
of state and local election officials to distinguish legally registered electors from provisionally registered
electors.

(8) The provisions of this section may not be interpreted to conflict with voter registration
accomplished under 13-2-221, 13-21-221, and 61-5-107 and as provided for in federal law."

Section 2. Section 13-13-114, MCA, is amended to read:

provisional voting. (1) (a) Before Except as provided in subsections (1)(b) and (1)(c), before an elector is
permitted to receive a ballot or vote, the elector shall present to an election judge a ONE OF THE FOLLOWING
FORMS OF current photo identification showing the elector's name. If the elector does not present photo
identification, including but not limited to: a valid Montana driver's license, or VALID state identification card,
valid military identification card, or valid tribal photo identification card.

(b) If an elector does not have identification in accordance with subsection (1)(a), the elector shall
provide a valid voter registration card issued in accordance with 13-2-207.

(c) If an elector does not have identification or information in accordance with subsection (1)(a) or
(1)(b), the elector shall provide as an alternative form of identification:

(i) a school district or postsecondary education photo identification, or a tribal photo identification, the
elector shall present a current utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, notice of confirmation of voter registration
issued pursuant to 13-2-207, government check, or other government document that shows the elector's name
and current address; and

(ii) current photo identification that shows the elector's name, including but not limited to a school
district or postsecondary education photo identification.

(d) An elector who provides the information listed in this subsection (1)(a) (1) may sign the precinct
register and must be provided with a regular ballot to vote.

(e) If the information provided in this subsection (1)(a) (1) differs from information in the precinct
register but an election judge determines that the information provided is sufficient to verify the voter's identity
and eligibility to vote pursuant to 13-2-512, the elector may sign the precinct register, complete a new
registration form to correct the elector's voter registration information, and vote.

(d)(f) An election judge shall write "registration form" beside the name of any elector submitting a form.

(2) If the information presented under subsection (1) is insufficient to verify the elector's identity and eligibility to vote or if the elector's name does not appear in the precinct register or appears in the register as provisionally registered and this provisional registration status cannot be resolved at the polling place, the elector may sign the precinct register and cast a provisional ballot as provided in 13-13-601.

(3) If the elector fails or refuses to sign the elector's name or if the elector is disabled and a fingerprint, an identifying mark, or a signature by a person authorized to sign for the elector pursuant to 13-1-116 is not provided, the elector may cast a provisional ballot as provided in 13-13-601.

Section 3. Section 13-13-602, MCA, is amended to read:

"13-13-602. Fail-safe and provisional voting by mail. (1) To ensure the election administrator has information sufficient to determine the elector's eligibility to vote, an elector voting by mail may enclose in the outer signature envelope, together with the voted ballot in the secrecy envelope, a copy of a current and valid photo identification with the elector's name. The photo identification may be but is not limited to FROM THE FOLLOWING LIST: a valid Montana driver's license, of VALID state identification card, valid military identification card, or valid tribal photo identification card. If the elector does not enclose a copy of A valid photo identification FROM THIS LIST, the elector may enclose: or

(a) a copy of a current utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, notice of confirmation of voter registration issued pursuant to 13-2-207, government check, or other government document that shows the elector's name and current address or other information necessary to determine the elector's eligibility to vote; and

(b) current photo identification that shows the elector's name, including but not limited to a school district or postsecondary education photo identification.

(2) The elector's ballot must be handled as a provisional ballot under 13-15-107 if:

(a) a provisionally registered elector voting by mail does not enclose with the ballot the information described in subsection (1); and

(b) the information provided under subsection (1) is invalid or insufficient to verify the elector's
eligibility; or

(c) the elector’s name does not appear on the precinct register.”

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Saving clause. [This act] does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before [the effective date of this act].

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications.

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